Given a string, **s**, consisting of alphabets and digits, find the frequency of each digit in the given string.

Input Format

The first line contains a string, **num** which is the given number.

Constraints

$1 \leq len(num) \leq 1000$

All the elements of num are made of English alphabets and digits.

Output Format

Print ten space-separated integers in a single line denoting the frequency of each digit from **0** to **9**.

Sample Input 0

a11472o5t6

Sample Output 0

0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0

Explanation 0

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char str[1000];
    scanf("%s",str);
    int hash[10]={0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,};
    int temp;
    for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++){
        temp=str[i]-'0';
        if(temp<=9 && temp>=0){
            hash[temp]++;
        }
    }
    for(int i=0; i<=9;i++){
        printf("%d ",hash[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	a11472o5t6	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	✓
✓	lw4n88j12n1	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	✓
✓	1v888861256338ar0ekk	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question 2

Correct

Today, Monk went for a walk in a garden. There are many trees in the garden and each tree has an English alphabet on it. While Monk was walking, he noticed that all trees with vowels on it are not in good state. He decided to take care of them. So, he asked you to tell him the

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int t;
    scanf("%d",&t);
    while(t--)
    {
        char str[100000];
        int count=0;
        scanf("%s",str);
        for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
        {
            char c=str[i];
            if((c=='a')|| (c=='e') || (c=='i') || (c=='o') || (c=='u') || (c=='A') || (c=='E') || (c=='I') || (c=='O
                count++;
        }
        printf("%d\n",count);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2	2	2	✓
	nBBZLaosnm	1	1	
	JHkIsnZtTL			
✓	2	2	2	✓
	nBBZLaosnm	1	1	
	JHkIsnZtTL			

Passed all tests! ✓

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char s[1000];
    scanf("%[^\n]s",s);
    for(int i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++)
    {
        if(s[i]!=' ')
        printf("%c",s[i]);
        else
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	This is C	This is C	This is C	✓
✓	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char str1[10],str2[10],t;
    int i=0,j=0;
    int count1=0,count2=0;
    scanf("%s",str1);
    scanf("%s",str2);
    while(str1[i]!='\0')
    {
        count1++;
        i++;
    }
    while(str2[j]!='\0')
    {
        count2++;
        j++;
    }
    printf("%d %d\n",count1,count2);
    printf("%s%s\n",str1,str2);
    t=str1[0];
    str1[0]=str2[0];
    str2[0]=t;
    printf("%s %s",str1,str2);
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	abcd ef	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	✓

Passed all tests! ✓