A binary number is a combination of 1s and 0s. Its nth least significant digit is the nth digit starting from the right starting with 1. Given a decimal number, convert it to binary and determine the value of the the 4th least significant digit.

Example

number = 23

- Convert the decimal number 23 to binary number: $23^{10} = 2^4 + 2^2 + 2^1 + 2^0 = (10111)_2$.

- The value of the 4th index from the right in the binary representation is 0.

Function Description

Complete the function fourthBit in the editor below.

fourthBit has the following parameter(s):

int number: a decimal integer

Returns:

int: an integer 0 or 1 matching the 4th least significant digit in the binary representation of number.

Constraints

$0 \le number < 2^{31}$

Input Format for Custom Testing

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```c
/*
 * Complete the 'fourthBit' function below.
 *
 * The function is expected to return an INTEGER.
 * The function accepts INTEGER number as parameter.
 */

int fourthBit(int number)
{
    int binary[32];
    int i=0;
    while(number > 0)
    {
        binary[i]=number%2;
        number/=2;
        i++;
    }
    if(i>=4)
    {
        return binary[3];
    }
    else
        return 0;
}
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	printf("%d", fourthBit(32))	0	0	✓
✓	printf("%d", fourthBit(77))	1	1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number) and then return the pth element of the list, sorted ascending. If there is no p^{th} element, return 0.

Example

n = 20

p = 3

The factors of 20 in ascending order are {1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20}. Using 1-based indexing, if p = 3, then 4 is returned. If p > 6, 0 would be returned.

Function Description

Complete the function pthFactor in the editor below.

pthFactor has the following parameter(s):

int n: the integer whose factors are to be found

int p: the index of the factor to be returned

Returns:

int: the long integer value of the pth integer factor of n or, if there is no factor at that index, then 0 is returned

Constraints

$1 \leq n \leq 10^{15}$

$1 \leq p \leq 10^9$

```c
/*
 * Complete the 'pthFactor' function below.
 *
 * The function is expected to return a LONG_INTEGER.
 * The function accepts following parameters:
 *   1. LONG_INTEGER n
 *   2. LONG_INTEGER p
 */

long pthFactor(long n, long p)
{
  int count=0;
  for(long i=1;i<=n;++i)
  {
      if(n%i==0)
      {
          count++;
          if(count==p)
          {
              return i;
          }
      }
  }
  return 0;
}
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	printf("%ld", pthFactor(10, 3))	5	5	✓
✓	printf("%ld", pthFactor(10, 5))	0	0	✓
✓	printf("%ld", pthFactor(1, 1))	1	1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓