Математика синтаксиса:

формализация закономерностей в языковых данных

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В прошлый раз

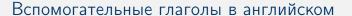
• Формализация в лингвистике

 (Формальные) языки и грамматики

• Лексические единицы

• Операция соединения (Merge)





Mary laughs

Mary laughs

Mary will laugh

Mary laughs

Mary will laugh

Mary is laughing Mary will be laughing

Mary laughs

Mary will laugh

Mary is laughing Mary will be laughing

Mary has laughed

Mary laughs

Mary will laugh

Mary is laughing Mary will be laughing

Mary has laughed

Mary has been laughing
Mary will have laughed
Mary will have been laughing

```
Mary laughs / laughed
Mary will / would laugh
Mary is / was laughing
Mary will / would be laughing
Mary has / had laughed
Mary has / had been laughing
Mary will / would have laughed
Mary will / would have been laughing
```

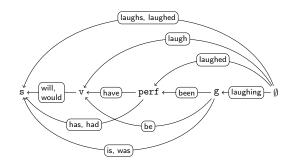
Фрагмент грамматики английского языка (I)

```
Mary :: np
will :: =v np= s
would :: =v np= s
has :: =perf np= s
had :: =perf np= s
have :: =perf v

is :: =g np= s
was :: =g np= s
be :: =g v
been :: =g perf
```

laughs :: np= s
laughed :: np= s
laugh :: v

laughed :: perf
laughing :: g



"Дом, который построил Джек"

This is the maiden all forlorn
That milked the cow with the crumpled horn
That tossed the dog that worried the cat
That killed the rat that ate the malt
That lay in the house that Jack built.

(английское народное стихотворение)

А это старушка, седая и строгая, Которая доит корову безрогую, Лягнувшую старого пса без хвоста, Который за шиворот треплет кота, Который пугает и ловит синицу, Которая часто ворует пшеницу, Которая в тёмном чулане хранится В доме, Который построил Джек. (перевод С. Маршака)

• This is...

• This is...

... the mouse

• This is...

... the mouse

... the cat that bit the mouse

- This is...
 - ... the mouse
 - ... the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the dog that caught the cat that bit the mouse

- This is...
 - ... the mouse
 - ... the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the dog that caught the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the frog that scared the dog that caught the cat that bit the mouse

- This is...
 - ... the mouse
 - ... the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the dog that caught the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the frog that scared the dog that caught the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the mouse that the cat bit

- This is...
 - ... the mouse
 - ... the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the dog that caught the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the frog that scared the dog that caught the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the mouse that the cat bit
 - ... the mouse that the cat that the dog caught bit

- This is...
 - ... the mouse
 - ... the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the dog that caught the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the frog that scared the dog that caught the cat that bit the mouse
 - ... the mouse that the cat bit
 - ... the mouse that the cat that the dog caught bit
 - ... the mouse that the cat that the dog that the frog scared caught bit

Синтаксические зависимости в английском



• Последовательные зависимости (serial dependencies)

Синтаксические зависимости в английском

the frog that scared the dog that caught the cat that bit the mouse

- Последовательные зависимости (serial dependencies)
- Абстрактный аналог: строки из последовательностей aa и bb в любом количестве $\{\epsilon, aa, bb, aaaa, aabb, bbaa, bbbb, aaaaaa, aaaabb, ...\}$

Язык последовательностей aa и bb

• Язык:

 $\{\epsilon, aa, bb, aaaa, aabb, bbaa, bbbb, aaaaaa, aaaabb, ...\}$

• Грамматика:

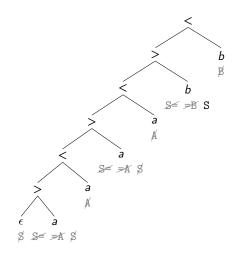
 $\epsilon :: S$

a :: S = A S

a :: A

b :: S = B S

b :: B



Синтаксические зависимости в английском



• Вложенные зависимости (nested dependencies)

Синтаксические зависимости в английском



- Вложенные зависимости (nested dependencies)
- Абстрактный аналог:
 палиндромы четной длины из а и b
 {\epsilon, aa, bb, aaaa, abba, baab, bbbb, aaaaaa, aabbaa, abbbba, ...}

Задача: язык палиндромов четной длины

- ullet Язык: $\{\epsilon, aa, bb, aaaa, abba, baab, bbbb, aaaaaa, aabbaa, ...}$
- Составьте набор лексических единиц, который:
 - Порождает все палиндромы четной длины из a и b (включая $\epsilon)$
 - Не порождает никаких других строк
- Какова длина получившейся грамматики в символах?
 - Каждое вхождение a или b-1 символ
 - Пустая строка 0 символов
 - Каждый разделитель :: 1 символ
 - Каждый синтаксический признак (S, A, =S, A=, ...) -1 символ