

# Customer Churn Analysis Report (2020–2025)

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# *Business Question*

Why was customer churn extremely high and active customer count very low from 2020 to 2024, and what caused the significant improvement in 2025 ?

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## *Introduction / Storytelling*

- Between 2020 and 2024, churn averaged 97% with very few active customers (dropping from 9 in 2020 to 3 in 2024) and almost no new acquisitions.
- In mid-2025, a sharp behavioral shift was observed. Customer churn dropped significantly from approximately 96% to 21%, while the number of active customers increased to 23, and average revenue per customer grew, despite a decline in total sales and revenue.
- This analysis explores the factors behind these trends and identifies actionable insights to sustain improvement.

# *1.Excel Analysis*

## *Data Preparation :*

- Data cleaning and handling of missing values
- Feature engineering :
  - Sales
  - Orders per Customer
  - Repeat Customer Flag
  - First / Last Order Date
  - Customer Lifetime
  - Customer Type
  - Days Since Last Order
  - Customer Activity

## *Pivot Table Analysis :*

- Customer sales and number of orders,
- New vs existing customers (active vs inactive)
- Total sales and customers per region
- Orders and customers by Online vs In-Store
- Product sales and total revenue per product
- Yearly sales (2020–2025)
- Total sales per category
- Shipping cost and orders per provider
- Payment methods (customers and sales: Online vs In-Store)
- Returned vs non–returned orders
- Repeat customer distribution

## *Repeat Customer Flag Distribution Insights :*

- Loyal customers (>4 orders): 17
- Regular customers (≤4 orders): 7,997
- One-time customers: 27,376

## *2. Python Analysis*

### *Data Cleaning :*

Performed data quality checks including duplicates, errors, missing values, and invalid data such as negative quantities and incorrect unit prices.

### *RFM Analysis :*

- **Recency:** Days since last purchase
- **Frequency:** Number of orders per customer
- **Monetary:** Total revenue per customer
- **RFM Segments:** Champions, Loyal, New, At Risk, Lost

### *Churn Classification :*

- **Active customers:** Recency  $< 90$  days
- **Churned customers:** Recency  $\geq 90$  days

### *Key Insights :*

- **Highest revenue comes from Lost segment**  $\Rightarrow$  customers who eventually churn generate most sales historically

### *Visualizations :*

- **Histograms:** Recency, Frequency, Monetary
- **Top 10 Customers by Monetary Value**
- **Pie chart:** Churn Flag Distribution
- **Bar charts:** Revenue by RFM Segment, Total Sales by Category

# *3. Power BI Analysis*

## *Calculated Columns:*

- Sales, Revenue, Net Revenue, Customer Sales, Customer Orders, First/Last Order Date, Days Since Last Order, Customer Lifetime, Customer Activity, New Customer
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## *Measures :*

- Total Sales, Total Revenue, Total Orders, Total Net Revenue, Returned Orders, Number of Customers, Lost Revenue, Churned Customers, Churn Rate, Active Customers, Avg Revenue per Customer
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## *Dashboards:*

- Customer Churn Trends Over Time
- Average Revenue per Customer by Year/Month
- Sales vs Revenue Trends
- Active vs Churned Customer Contribution to Revenue
- New Customer Acquisition Patterns

# *Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)*

*Note :* A portion of customer records contains missing CustomerID values. As a result, customer-level metrics such as active customers, churn rate, and average revenue per customer may be partially distorted, as multiple transactions may be attributed to a single unidentified customer.

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## *Customer Metrics:*

- Total Customers: 35K
  - Active Customers: 2K
  - Churned Customers: 33K
  - Customer Churn Rate: 95% (sharp decline observed in late 2025)
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## *Revenue Metrics :*

- Total Sales: 59.50M
  - Total Revenue: 44.63M
  - Net Revenue: 39.45M
  - Lost Revenue (Returned Orders): 39.66M
  - Average Revenue per Customer: 1.26K
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## *Customer Acquisition :*

- New Customers: ~1K
- Existing Customers: ~34K

# *Trend Analysis & Insights*

## *Core Customer Insights (2020–2025)*

### *1. Historically High Churn*

- From 2020 to 2024, customer churn remained extremely high (~97%).
- The business relied on a very small active customer base ( $\leq 9$  customers annually).
- Customer acquisition was almost non-existent during this period.

*Insight:* The business struggled with long-term customer retention and scalability

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### *2. Structural Shift in 2025*

- In 2025, total churn dropped significantly to 61%.
- Active customers increased sharply to 88.
- New customer acquisition resumed after years of stagnation.

*Insight:* 2025 marks a clear break from historical performance.

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### *3. Sudden Churn Improvement*

- *Customer churn decreased sharply from 96% (Jan–May) to 21% in June.*

*Insight :* The improvement occurred abruptly rather than gradually, indicating that a specific intervention or strategic action was introduced around June 2025.

## *4. Spike in Customer Activity & Acquisition*

- Active customers increased from 2–3 customers (Jan–May) to 23 customers in June.
- 14 out of 23 active customers were new.

### *Insight :*

This surge strongly suggests the introduction of one or more growth-driving initiatives, such as:

- Marketing or advertising campaigns
  - Product or service improvements
  - Pricing or positioning changes
  - Enhanced customer experience or onboarding process
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## *5. Customer ID Data Limitation*

- Presence of NULL values in customer IDs causes multiple transactions to be aggregated under a single customer.
- This affects the accuracy of:
  - Churn rate
  - Active customer counts
  - Revenue per customer

*Insight:* Customer-level metrics should be interpreted as directional rather than absolute



## Order Volume Change(2025)

- Total orders from January to May: 29 orders per month
- Orders in June: 26 orders

### Insight :

- The decrease in June orders reflects a shift from repeat purchases by a small customer base to first-time purchases across a broader set of customers.
  - Performance improvement in 2025 was driven by higher order quality rather than increased order quantity.
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## Revenue Insights : (Higher Value per Customer, Lower Overall Sales)

- Average revenue per customer increased in 2025.
- However, total sales and total revenue declined year-over-year.

**Insight :** The business is attracting fewer but higher-value customers, which has not yet compensated for lower overall volume.

## *Business Recommendations :*

- **Fix Customer Data** to ensure accurate churn, active, and revenue metrics.
  - **Maintain & strengthen** retention strategies introduced in 2025.
  - **Nurture new customers** into repeat, high-value customers; use early-stage incentives.
  - **Reward Loyal and Champion segments**; proactively monitor “At Risk” customers.
  - **Link marketing acquisition channels** to long-term customer behavior.
  - **Enhance overall customer experience** to sustain growth.
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## *Conclusion :*

- From 2020 to 2024, the business struggled with extremely high churn and a very limited active customer base, showing minimal growth.
- In 2025, particularly in June, a clear turning point occurred: churn decreased significantly, active customers and new customer acquisition surged. This demonstrates that strategic initiatives—across marketing, product/service improvements, pricing, and customer experience—were effective in expanding the customer base and improving engagement.
- Overall: The business now has a stronger foundation for customer retention and acquisition, and leveraging these insights will help achieve sustainable long-term performance.