

# MATH 170B HOMEWORK 5

## NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND OPTIMIZATION

**§1:** Derive the following two formulas for approximating the third derivative. Find their error terms. Which formula is more accurate?

$$f'''(x) \approx \frac{1}{h^3} [f(x+3h) - 3f(x+2h) + 3f(x+h) - f(x)]$$

$$f'''(x) \approx \frac{1}{2h^3} [f(x+2h) - 2f(x+h) + 2f(x-h) - f(x-2h)]$$

**§2:** Using Taylor series, derive the error term for the approximation

$$f'(x) \approx \frac{1}{2h} [-3f(x) + 4f(x+h) - f(x+2h)]$$

**§3:** Let  $a$  be a given  $n$ -vector and  $A_{n \times n}$  be given. Compute the gradient and Hessian of

$$f(x) = a^T x$$

**§4:** Show that the one-dimensional minimizer of a strongly convex function along the ray  $x_k + \alpha p_k$  is given by

$$\alpha_k = -\frac{\nabla f_k^T p_k}{p_k^T Q p_k}$$

where it is given that a strongly convex quadratic function has the form

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^T Q x + b^T x, \quad Q > 0$$

**§5:** Prove that

$$\|Bx\| \geq \|x\|/\|B^{-1}\|$$

for any non-singular matrix  $B$ . Use this fact to establish

$$\cos \theta_k = \frac{-\nabla f_k^T p_k}{\|\nabla f_k\| \|p_k\|} \geq \frac{1}{M}$$

for some constant  $M$ .