



Hive Assignment

Submission by:

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Steps for setting up

Step 1

Downloading the data from the public S3 bucket to EMR Cluster

Code

Step 2

Launch Hive

Code

hive

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-27-89 ~]$ hive
Logging initialized using configuration in file:/etc/hive/conf.dist/hive-log4j2.properties Async: false
hive>
```





Steps for setting up

Step 3

Creating the database, using it, creating an external table and loading data into the table



create database if not exists assignment;

use assignment;

create external table if not exists parking violations (summons number bigint, plate id varchar(255), registration state varchar(255), plate type varchar(255), issue date varchar(255), violation code bigint, vehicle body type varchar(255), vehicle make varchar(255), issuing agency varchar(255), street code1 bigint, street code2 bigint, street code3 bigint, vehicle expiration date bigint, violation location varchar(255), violation precinct bigint, issuer precinct bigint, issuer code bigint, issuer command varchar(255), issuer squad varchar(255), violation time varchar(255), time first observed varchar(255), violation county varchar(255), violation in front of or opposite varchar(255), house number varchar(255), street name varchar(255), intersecting street varchar(255), date first observed bigint, law section bigint, sub division varchar(255), violation legal code varchar(255), days parking in effect varchar(255), from hours in effect varchar(255), to hours in effect varchar(255), vehicle color varchar(255), unregistered vehicle varchar(255), vehicle year bigint, meter number varchar(255), feet from curb bigint, violation post code varchar(255), violation description varchar(255), no standing or stopping violation varchar(255), hydrant violation varchar(255), double parking violation varchar(255)) row format delimited fields terminated by ',' lines terminated by '\n' stored as textfile tblproperties("skip.header.line.count"="1");

load data local inpath '/home/hadoop/Parking_Violations_Issued_-_Fiscal_Year_2017.csv' into table
parking violations;





Steps for setting up

```
hive> create database if not exists assignment;

OK

Time taken: 0.698 seconds

hive> use assignment;

OK

Time taken: 0.029 seconds

hive> create external table if not exists parking_violations (summons_number bigint, plate_id varchar(255), registration_state varchar(255), plate_type varchar(255), issue_date varchar(255), violation_code bigint, vehicle body_type varchar(255), vehicle_make varchar(255), issuing_agency_varchar(255), street_codel bigint, street_code2 bigint, street_code2 bigint, vehicle_expir ation_date bigint, violation location varchar(255), violation precinct bigint, issuer_precinct bigint, issuer_code bigint, issuer_command_varchar(255), issuer_squad_varchar(255), violation time_varchar(255), time_first_observed_varchar(255), violation_county_varchar(255), violation_in_front_of_or_opposite_varchar(255), use_number_varchar(255), in_resecting_street_varchar(255), date_first_observed_bigint, law_section_bigint, sub_division_varchar(255), violation_legal_code_varchar(255), days_parking_in_effect_varchar(255), in_effect_varchar(255), vehicle_varchar(255), violation_post_code_varchar(255), violation_description_varchar(255), violation_post_code_varchar(255), violation_description_varchar(255), resecting_time_varchar(255), violation_varchar(255), violation_varchar(255),
```

Step 4

Creating separate table only for 2017 data

Code

create table if not exists parking_violations_2017 as select * from parking_violations where substr(issue date,7,4) = '2017';





Question No: 1.1

Find the total number of tickets for the year.

Answer

5431903 tickets in 2017

Code

SELECT COUNT(summons_number) FROM parking_violations_2017; SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT summons_number) FROM parking_violations_2017;

```
nive> SELECT COUNT(summons number) FROM parking violations 2017;
Query ID = hadoop 20221025\overline{0}40059 41b5b9f0-eba6-\overline{4}3c5-8710-e\overline{b}c8fd4cce7a
Potal jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1666667007666 0006)
Map 1 ...... container SUCCEEDED 10 10
teducer 2 ..... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0 0
Time taken: 27.183 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive> SELECT COUNT(distinct summons number) FROM parking violations 2017;
Query ID = hadoop 20221025040146 dc8198ad-2f85-456e-a53c-e9e393c22618
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1666667007666 0006)
      VERTICES MODE STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED
Tap 1 ...... container SUCCEEDED 10
Reducer 2 ..... container SUCCEEDED 1 1
Reducer 3 ..... container SUCCEEDED 1
Time taken: 40.543 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
```





Question No: 1.2

Find out the total number of states to which the cars with tickets belong.

Answer

65 distinct registration states

Code

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT registration_state) FROM parking_violations_2017; SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT registration_state) FROM parking_violations_2017 WHERE registration state IS NOT NULL;

```
ive> SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT registration state) FROM parking violations 2017;
Query ID = hadoop 20221025040319 d665a6e1-a3c2-4053-8e7e-af5298235cce
Fotal jobs = 1
 aunching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1666667007666 0006)
 ap 1 ...... container SUCCEEDED 10 10 0 0 educer 2 .... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0 educer 3 .... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0
 ime taken: 31.202 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive> SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT registration state) FROM parking violations 2017 where registration state IS NOT NULL;
Query ID = hadoop_20221025040428_771ced69-439d-44a5-b2d9-0754e5b7e9d7
 otal jobs = 1
 aunching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1666667007666 0006)
 educer 2 ..... container SUCCEEDED 1
 ime taken: 29.91 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
```





Question No: 1.2 - Optional

Exact list of states with counts

Code

SELECT registration_state, COUNT(registration_state) FROM parking_violations_2017 GROUP BY registration_state;

```
ive> SBLECT registration_state, COUNT(registration_state) FROM parking_violations_2017 GROUP BY registration_state;
very ID = hadoop_20221025040606_96af864b-af79-4640-b9d7-b304bf804eb0
atus: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1666667007666 0006)
        10806
7231
10083
2483
1582
505
57
27152
254
704
4119
475824
```

```
10394
        34367
Time taken: 29.974 seconds, Fetched: 65 row(s)
```





Question No: 1.3

Find out the number of such tickets which have no addresses.

Answer

1816816 tickets in the year 2017 doesn't have a full valid address

Code

SELECT COUNT(summons_number) FROM parking_violations_2017 WHERE street_code1 IS NULL OR street_code2 IS NULL OR street_code3 IS NULL OR street_code1=0 OR street_code2=0 OR street_code3=0;

```
hive> SELECT COUNT(summons_number) FROM parking_violations_2017 WHERE street_codel IS NULL OR street_code2 IS NULL OR street_code3 IS NULL OR street_code1=0 OR street_code2=0 OR street_code3=0;
Query ID = hadoop_20221025041050_d493d6b2-7d0d-4a39-853b-5c204235a19b
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1666667007666_0006)

VERTICES MODE STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING FENDING FAILED KILLED

Map 1 ....... container SUCCEEDED 10 10 0 0 0 0
Reducer 2 ..... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0 0 0 0
VERTICES: 02/02 [===========>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 28.42 s

OK
1816816
Time taken: 28.902 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
```





Steps before Part II – Aggregation tasks

Step 1

Creating a new table named parking_violations_2017_part2 which has cleansed, properly date formatted, required and feature-engineered attributes to solve the Part II questions

Logic

- 1. Selection of relevant attributes like summons_number, violation_code, violation_description, violation_time, issue_date
- 2. Tagging of violation time values which don't have 'A' or 'P', which have '+' or '.', which is blank or NULL as 'INVALID
- 3. Formating the violation_time values into 24-hour format based on various conditional checks
- 4. Converting issue_date and formatted violation time into timestamp datatype
- 5. Feature engineering violation_time_bucket by creating 6 buckets of time slots:
 - a. Morning Slot 06:00 AM to 10:00 AM
 - b. Mid Day Slot 10:00 AM to 02:00 PM
 - c. Afternoon Slot 02:00 PM to 06:00 PM
 - d. Evening Slot 06:00 PM to 10:00 PM
 - e. Night Slot 10:00 PM to 02:00 AM
 - f. Early Morning Slot 02:00 AM to 06:00 AM
- 6. Feature engineering issue_date_season extracting month from the formatted violation timestamp and using conditional checks to tag to the corresponding season:
 - a. Months of December (12), January (1) and February (2) as Winter
 - b. Months of March (3), April (4) and May (5) as Spring
 - c. Months of June (6), July (7) and August (8) as Summer
 - d. Months of September (9), October (10) and November (11) as Fall





Steps before Part II – Aggregation tasks

Code

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS parking violations 2017 part2 AS SELECT A.summons number, A.violation code, A.violation description, A.violation time, A.violation time formatted, from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date, '', A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm')) as violation timestamp formatted, CASE WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 6 AND 09 THEN 'Morning Slot - 06:00AM to 10:00AM' WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date, '', A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 10 AND 13 THEN 'Mid Day Slot - 10:00AM to 02:00PM' WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 14 AND 17 THEN 'Afternoon Slot - 02:00PM to 06:00PM' WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date, '', A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 18 AND 21 THEN 'Evening Slot - 06:00PM to 10:00PM' WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 22 AND 23 THEN 'Night Slot - 10:00PM to 02:00AM' WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date, '', A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 0 AND 1 THEN 'Night Slot - 10:00PM to 02:00AM' WHEN HOUR (from unixtime (unix timestamp (concat (A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 2 AND 5 THEN 'Early Morning Slot - 02:00AM to 06:00AM' END as violation time bucket, A.issue date, CASE WHEN MONTH (from unixtime (unix timestamp (concat (A.issue date, ' ', A. violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) IN (1,2,12) THEN 'Winter' WHEN MONTH(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) IN (3,4,5) THEN 'Spring' WHEN MONTH(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) IN (6,7,8) THEN 'Summer' WHEN MONTH (from unixtime (unix timestamp (concat (A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) IN (9,10,11) THEN 'Fall' ELSE 'INVALID' END AS issue date season FROM (SELECT summons number, violation code, violation description, violation time, CASE WHEN LENGTH (violation time) = 5 AND SUBSTR (violation time, 5,1) NOT IN ('A', 'P') THEN 'INVALID' WHEN violation time LIKE '%+%' THEN 'INVALID' WHEN violation time LIKE '%.%' THEN 'INVALID' WHEN CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)=0 THEN SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) | ":" | SUBSTRING(violation time, 3, 2) WHEN LENGTH(violation time)=4 AND CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)<13 THEN SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2)|| ":" || SUBSTRING (violation time, 3, 2) WHEN LENGTH (violation time) = 4 AND CAST (SUBSTRING (violation time, 0, 2) AS INT) > 12 THEN CAST((CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT) + 12) AS STRING(| ":" || SUBSTRING(violation time, 3, 2) WHEN CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)>12 AND CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)<24 THEN SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) | ":" | SUBSTRING(violation time, 3, 2) WHEN CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)>23 THEN 'INVALID' WHEN violation time IS NULL THEN 'INVALID' WHEN violation time = '' THEN 'INVALID' WHEN violation time LIKE '%A' THEN SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) | | ":" | | SUBSTRING(violation time, 3, 2) WHEN violation time LIKE '12%P' THEN SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) | | ":" | | SUBSTRING(violation time, 3, 2) ELSE CAST((CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT) + 12) AS STRING) | ":" | SUBSTRING (violation time, 3, 2) END AS violation time formatted, issue date FROM parking violations 2017) A;





Steps before Part II – Aggregation tasks

nive> CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS parking violations 2017 part2 AS SELECT A.summons number, A.violation code, A.violation description, A.violation time, A.violation time formatted, from unix time(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date, ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm')) as violation timestamp formatted, CASE WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue da te,'',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm')) BETWEEN 6 AND 09 THEN 'Morning Slot - 06:00AM to 10:00AM' WHEN HOUR (from unixtime (unix timestamp (concat (A.issue date, '',A.violation)) n time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 10 AND 13 THEN 'Mid Day Slot - 10:00AM to 02:00PM' WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted 'MM/dd/yvyv hh:mm'))) BeTWEEN 14 AND 17 THEN 'Afternoon Slot - 02:00PM to 06:00PM' WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date, ' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yvyv hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 18 AND 21 THEN 'Evening Slot - 06:00PM to 10:00PM when HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 18 AND 21 THEN 'Evening Slot - 06:00PM to 10:00PM to 10:00PM when HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) EN 22 AND 23 THEN 'Night Slot - 10:00PM to 02:00AM' WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 0 AND 1 THEN 'N ight Slot - 10:00PM to 02:00AM' WHEN HOUR(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) BETWEEN 2 AND 5 THEN 'Early Morning Slot -02:00AM to 06:00AM' END as violation time bucket, A.issue date, CASE WHEN MONTH(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) IN (1 ,2,12) THEN 'Winter' WHEN MONTH (from unixtime (unix timestamp (concat (A.issue date, ' ', A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) IN (3,4,5) THEN 'Spring' WHEN MONTH (from unixtime (uni x timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) IN (6,7,8) THEN 'Summer' WHEN MONTH(from unixtime(unix timestamp(concat(A.issue date,' ',A.violation time formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm')) ime formatted), 'MM/dd/yyyy hh:mm'))) IN (9,10,11) THEN 'Fall' ELSE 'INVALID' END AS issue date season FROM (SELECT summons number, violation code, violation description, violation time, Ca SE WHEN LENGTH (violation time) = 5 AND SUBSTR (violation time, 5, 1) NOT IN ('A', 'P') THEN 'INVALID' WHEN violation time LIKE '%+%' THEN 'INVALID' WHEN violation time LIKE '%-%' THEN 'INVALID' WHEN CAST (SUBSTRING (violation time, 0, 2) AS INT) = 0 THEN SUBSTRING (violation time, 0, 2) | | ":" | | SUBSTRING (violation time, 3, 2) WHEN LENGTH (violation time) = 4 AND CAST (SUBSTRING (violation time) = 4 AND CAST (SUBSTRING) (viola time, 0, 2) AS INT)<13 THEN SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) | | ":" || SUBSTRING(violation time, 3, 2) WHEN LENGTH(violation time) = 4 AND CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)>12 THEN AST((CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)+12) AS STRING)|| ":" || SUBSTRING(violation time, 3, 2) WHEN CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)>12 AND CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)<24 THEN SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) || ":" || SUBSTRING(violation time, 3, 2) WHEN CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)>23 THEN 'INVALID' WHEN violation time IS NULL THEN 'INVALID' WHEN violation time = '' THEN 'INVALID' WHEN violation time LIKE "%A' THEN SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2)|| ":" || SUBSTRING(violation time, 3, 2) WHEN violation time e LIKE '12%P' THEN SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2)|| ":" || SUBSTRING(violation time, 3, 2) ELSE CAST((CAST(SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)+ 12) AS STRING)|| ":" || SUBSTRING(violation time, 0, 2) AS INT)+ 12) AS STRING(VIOLATION TIME, 0, 2) ion time, 3, 2) END AS violation time formatted, issue date FROM parking violations 2017)A; Ouery ID = hadoop 20221027073953 8ed44327-f428-4bdc-94c4-58c9f1e422dfTotal jobs = 1 Launching Job 1 out of 1 Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1666845057966 0008)

Moving data to directory hdfs://ip-172-31-15-32.ec2.internal:8020/user/hive/warehouse/assignment.db/parking_violations_2017_part2

Time taken: 144.488 seconds



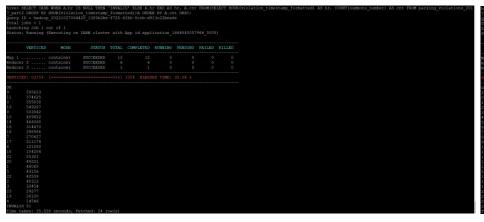


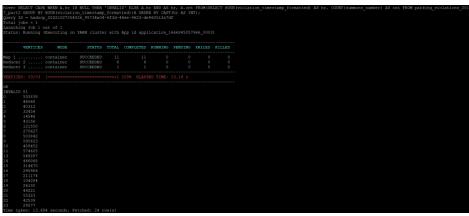
Question No: 2.1

Find out the frequency of parking violations across different times of the day.

Code

--ordered by frequency
SELECT CASE WHEN A.hr IS NULL THEN 'INVALID' ELSE A.hr END AS hr, A.cnt FROM(SELECT
HOUR(violation_timestamp_formatted) AS hr, COUNT(summons_number) AS cnt FROM
parking_violations_2017_part2 GROUP BY HOUR(violation_timestamp_formatted))A ORDER BY A.cnt
DESC;
--ordered by hour
SELECT CASE WHEN A.hr IS NULL THEN 'INVALID' ELSE A.hr END AS hr, A.cnt FROM(SELECT
HOUR(violation_timestamp_formatted) AS hr, COUNT(summons_number) AS cnt FROM
parking_violations_2017_part2 GROUP BY HOUR(violation_timestamp_formatted))A ORDER BY CAST(hr
AS INT);









Question No: 2.2

Divide 24 hours into six equal discrete bins of time. The intervals you choose are at your discretion. For each of these groups, find the 3 most commonly occurring violations.

Code

SELECT A.violation_time_bucket, A.violation_code, A.cnt FROM (SELECT violation_time_bucket, violation_code, COUNT(summons_number) as cnt, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY violation_time_bucket ORDER BY COUNT(summons_number) DESC) AS rnk FROM parking_violations_2017_part2 GROUP BY violation_time_bucket, violation_code) A WHERE A.RNK<4 ORDER BY A.violation_time_bucket, A.cnt DESC;

```
ORDER BY COUNT(summons number) DESC) AS rnk FROM parking violations 2017 part2 GROUP BY violation time bucket, violation code A WHERE A.RNK<4 ORDER BY A.violation time bucket, A.RNK;
FAILED: SemanticException [Error 10002]: Line 1:363 Invalid column reference 'RNK'
nive> SELECT A.violation time bucket, A.violation code, A.cnt FROM (SELECT violation time bucket, violation code, COUNT(summons number) as cnt, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY violation time bucket
 ORDER BY COUNT (summons number) DESC) AS rnk FROM parking violations 2017 part2 GROUP BY violation time bucket, violation code) A WHERE A.RNK<4 ORDER BY A.violation time bucket, A.cnt DESC
uery ID = hadoop 20221027065613 fd7b00c4-2bfb-4dcd-8d19-4f27531c759d
otal jobs = 1
aunching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1666845057966 0005)
                                 STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED
 fternoon Slot - 02:00PM to 06:00PM
fternoon Slot - 02:00PM to 06:00PM 14
Sarly Morning Slot - 02:00AM to 06:00AM 40
arly Morning Slot - 02:00AM to 06:00AM 21
arly Morning Slot - 02:00AM to 06:00AM 14
 vening Slot - 06:00PM to 10:00PM
vening Slot - 06:00PM to 10:00PM
vening Slot - 06:00PM to 10:00PM
Mid Day Slot - 10:00AM to 02:00PM
id Day Slot - 10:00AM to 02:00PM
id Day Slot - 10:00AM to 02:00PM
orning Slot - 06:00AM to 10:00AM
orning Slot - 06:00AM to 10:00AM
 orning Slot - 06:00AM to 10:00AM
 ight Slot - 10:00PM to 02:00AM 36
 ight Slot - 10:00PM to 02:00AM 21
 ight Slot - 10:00PM to 02:00AM 38
ime taken: 31.468 seconds, Fetched: 21 row(s)
```





Question No: 2.3

For the 3 most commonly occurring violation codes, find the most common times of day (in terms of the bins from the previous part).

Code

SELECT B.violation_code, B.violation_time_bucket, B.scnt FROM(SELECT violation_time_bucket, violation_code, COUNT(summons_number) as scnt, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY violation_code ORDER BY COUNT(summons_number) DESC) AS crnk FROM parking_violations_2017_part2 WHERE violation_code IN (SELECT A.violation_code FROM(SELECT violation_code, RANK() OVER(ORDER BY COUNT(summons_number) DESC) as rnk FROM parking_violations_2017_part2 GROUP BY violation_code)A WHERE A.rnk<4) GROUP BY violation time bucket, violation code)B WHERE B.crnk = 1 ORDER BY violation code;

hive> SELECT B.violation_code, B.violation_time_bucket, B.scnt FROM(SELECT violation_time_bucket, violation_code, COUNT(summons_number) as scnt, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY violation_code ORDE
R BY COUNT(summons_number) DESC) AS crnk FROM parking_violations_2017_part2 WHERE violation_code IN (SELECT A.violation_code FROM(SELECT violation_code, RANK() OVER(ORDER BY COUNT(summons_number) DESC) as rnk FROM parking_violations_2017_part2 GROUP BY violation_code)A WHERE A.rnk<4) GROUP BY violation_time_bucket, violation_code)B WHERE B.crnk = 1 ORDER BY violation_code;
Query ID = hadoop_20221027063227_05fda92f-c9e8-459b-a924-7aa44829eabd
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1666845057966 0005)

VERTICES	MODE	STATUS	TOTAL	COMPLETED	RUNNING	PENDING	FAILED	KILLED
Map 1	container	SUCCEEDED	12	12				
Map 5	container	SUCCEEDED	12	12				
Reducer 2	container	SUCCEEDED						
Reducer 3	container	SUCCEEDED		4				
Reducer 4	container	SUCCEEDED						
Reducer 6	container	SUCCEEDED						
Reducer 7	container	SUCCEEDED	4	4				
Reducer 8	container	SUCCEEDED						

VERTICES: 08/08 [=========>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 44.40 s

Morning Slot - 06:00AM to 10:00AM 43272
Mid Day Slot - 10:00AM to 02:00PM 29396
Afternoon Slot - 02:00PM to 06:00PM 19871
me taken: 45.303 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)





Question No: 2.4.1

First, divide the year into seasons, and find the frequencies of tickets for each season.

Code

SELECT issue_date_season, COUNT(summons_number) as cnt from parking_violations_2017_part2 WHERE issue_date_season<> 'INVALID' GROUP BY issue_date_season;

```
hive> SELECT issue date season, COUNT(summons number) as cnt from parking violations 2017 part2 WHERE issue date season<> 'INVALID' GROUP BY issue date season;
Query ID = hadoop 20221027161434 799aa62c-df0e-444a-b450-882fc304570b
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1666886443989 0001)
       VERTICES
                    MODE
                               STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED
                            SUCCEEDED
 ap 1 ..... container
educer 2 ..... container
                            SUCCEEDED
                    ======== TIME: 30.45 s
 ummer 852849
Spring 2873330
Winter 1704664
 ime taken: 31.198 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)
```





Question No: 2.4.2

Find the 3 most common violations for each of these seasons

Code

SELECT A.issue_date_season, A.violation_code, A.cnt FROM(SELECT issue_date_season, violation_code, COUNT(summons_number) as cnt, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY issue_date_season ORDER BY COUNT(summons_number) DESC) as rnk FROM parking_violations_2017_part2 WHERE issue date season <> 'INVALID' GROUP BY issue date season, violation code) A WHERE A.rnk<4;

```
ive> SELECT A.issue date season, A.violation code, A.cnt FROM(SELECT issue date season, violation code, COUNT(summons number) as cnt, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY issue date season ORDER BY CO
UNT (summons number) DESC) as rnk FROM parking violations 2017 part2 WHERE issue date season <> 'INVALID' GROUP BY issue date season, violation code) A WHERE A.rnk<4;
Query ID = hadoop_20221027082825 e4a4d9c8-d367-4cb9-b3b4-71cddb40fccd
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1666858262517 0001)
                                 STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED
 educer 2 ..... container
                                =======>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 31.33 s
Spring 21
               344834
 ummer 21
 ime taken: 32.145 seconds, Fetched: 12 row(s)
```