Midterm 2

Due Nov 4, 2021 at 11:59pm **Points** 102 **Questions** 34

Available Nov 3, 2021 at 11:59pm - Nov 18, 2021 at 11:59pm

Time Limit 75 Minutes

Instructions

Dear Class,

Midterm 2 is available from 00:00 am to 11:59 pm (24 hours) on Nov 4th central time. You may start anytime during this period, but you have only one attempt and 75 minutes to finish once started. There are 102 points available.

Good luck!

Your TAs

This quiz is no longer available as the course has been concluded.

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	42 minutes	102 out of 102

(!) Correct answers are hidden.

Score for this quiz: **102** out of 102 Submitted Nov 4, 2021 at 10:40am

This attempt took 42 minutes.

Question 1 3 / 3 pts

Use the following code for the questions
Fill in the blanks with the proper instructions to solve the equation (A - B)

+ (C - D) and store the result in the EAX register.
.DATA varA BYTE 5 varB BYTE 2 varC BYTE 10 varD BYTE 5 .CODE main PROC1 move EBX, 023456 INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP END main Which line of code should be in blank 1?
MOV EAX, 0
O MOV EAX, varA
MOV EBX, 0
MOV FDV year
MOV EBX, varB

Question 2	3 / 3 pts

Use the follo	owing code for the questions
Fill in the bla	anks with the proper instructions to solve the equation (A - B)
+ (C - D) an	d store the result in the EAX
register.	
•	
DATA	
.DATA	
varA BYTE	
varB BYTE	
varC BYTE	
varD BYTE	5
.CODE	
main PROC	
1	
move EBX,	0
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
INVOKE Ex	itProcess, 0
main ENDP	
END main	
Which line of	of code should be in blank 2?
MOV	'EBX, 0
MOV	EAX, varA
MOV	AL, varA
MOV	AX, varA
O MOV	EAX, 0

Question 3 3 / 3 pts

Use the following code for the questions Fill in the blanks with the proper instructions to solve the equation (A - B) + (C - D) and store the result in the EAX register.
.DATA varA BYTE 5 varB BYTE 2 varC BYTE 10 varD BYTE 5 .CODE main PROC1 move EBX, 023451NVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP END main Which line of code should be in blank 3?
O ADD EAX, varA
○ MOV EBX, varB
○ MOV BL, varB
SUB AL, varB
○ SUB EBX, varA

Question 4 3 / 3 pts

Use the following code for the questions Fill in the blanks with the proper instructions to solve the equation (A - B) + (C - D) and store the result in the EAX register.
.DATA varA BYTE 5 varB BYTE 2 varC BYTE 10 varD BYTE 5 .CODE main PROC1 move EBX, 023456_ INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP END main Which line of code should be in blank 4?
O MOV AH, varC
O ADD AL, varC
O ADD EBX, varB
○ MOV BH, varB
MOV BL, varC

Question 5 3 / 3 pts

Use the following code for the questions Fill in the blanks with the proper instructions to solve the equation (A - B) + (C - D) and store the result in the EAX register.
.DATA varA BYTE 5 varB BYTE 2 varC BYTE 10 varD BYTE 5 .CODE main PROC1 move EBX, 02345 INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP END main Which line of code should be in blank 5?
SUB BL, varD
SUB AL, varC
MOV EBX, varD
SUB BH, varC
MOV AH, varC

Incorrect Question 6 3 / 3 pts

Use the following code for the questions
Fill in the blanks with the proper instructions to solve the equation (A - B)
+ (C - D) and store the result in the EAX
register.
.DATA
varA BYTE 5
varB BYTE 2
varC BYTE 10
varD BYTE 5
.CODE
main PROC
1
move EBX, 0
2
3
4
5
6
INVOKE ExitProcess, 0
main ENDP
END main
Which line of code should be in blank 6?
SUB AL, varD
O ADD EAX, EBX
— ADD LAX, LBX
O ADD AH, varD
ADD AL, BL
Both B and D are correct.

N // ()	/ [/ \	
IVIUV	/ EAX	. EBA

Question 7 3 / 3 pts

The compiler automatically executes two steps behind a "for" loop: (1) ECX <- ECX -1; (2) to determine if ECX = 0. The following five lines of code are here to implement the two steps above. (Assume there are FIVE iterations)
main PROC examLoop:7; clear ECX with ZERO MOV ECX, 5; initialize ECX with 58; ECX <- ECX -19; to determine if ECX = 010; if not equal to 0, repeat four steps above INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP Which line of code should be in the line 7?
○ MOV 0, ECX
○ MOV CX, 0h
○ XOR ECX, ECX
○ SUB ECX, ECX
Both C and D are correct

Question 8 3 / 3 pts

The compiler automatically executes two steps behind a "for" loop:

(1) ECX <- ECX -1; (2) to determine if ECX = 0. The following five lines of code are here to implement the two steps above. (Assume there are FIVE iterations)

```
main PROC
examLoop:
___7__; clear ECX with ZERO
MOV ECX, 5; initialize ECX with 5
___8___; ECX <- ECX -1
 9___; to determine if ECX = 0
___10___; if not equal to 0, repeat four steps above
INVOKE ExitProcess, 0
main ENDP
Which line of code should be in the line 8?
   SUB ECX, -1
   MOV -1, ECX
   DEC ECX
   ADD ECX, 1
   Both A and C are correct
```

Question 9 3 / 3 pts

The compiler automatically executes two steps behind a "for" loop:

(1) ECX <- ECX -1; (2) to determine if ECX = 0. The following five lines of code are here to implement the two steps above. (Assume there are FIVE iterations)
main PROC examLoop:7; clear ECX with ZERO MOV ECX, 5; initialize ECX with 58; ECX <- ECX -19; to determine if ECX = 010; if not equal to 0, repeat four steps above INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP Which line of code should be in the line 9?
○ MOV ECX, 0
○ MOV CX, 0h
○ TEST ECX, ECX
○ CMP ECX, 0h
Both C and D are correct

Question 10 3 / 3 pts

The compiler automatically executes two steps behind a "for" loop:

(1) ECX <- ECX -1; (2) to determine if ECX = 0. The following five lines of code are here to implement the two steps above. (Assume there are FIVE iterations)

main PROC

examLoop:7; clear ECX with ZERO MOV ECX, 5; initialize ECX with 58; ECX <- ECX -19; to determine if ECX = 010; if not equal to 0, repeat four steps above INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP Which line of code should be in the line 10?
○ JZ examLoop
JNZ examLoop
○ JMP examLoop
All of the above
O None of the above

Use the following code for the next five questions. This program should place the sum of the numbers from 1 to n in the EAX register. E.g. if n is 5 then 15 (1+2+3+4+5) should be in EAX. .DATA n DWORD 5 .CODE main PROC ___1 ___2 ___3

5 INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP END main	
Which line of code should be in blank 1?	
MOV EAX, 0	
○ MOV ECX, 0	
O MOV CL, n	
O MOV AL, n	
O MOV ECX, 4	

Question 12	3 / 3 pts
Use the following code for the next five questions. This program should place the sum of the numbers from 1 to n register. E.g. if n is 5 then 15 (1+2+3+4+5) should be in EAX. .DATA n DWORD 5	in the EAX
.CODE main PROC12345 INVOKE ExitProcess, 0	
main ENDP END main	

Which line	of code should be in blank 2?
O MOV	/ EAX, 0
O MOV	/ ECX, 0
● MOV	/ ECX, n
O MOV	/ CX, n
O MOV	/ AX, n

3 / 3 pts **Question 13** Use the following code for the next five questions. This program should place the sum of the numbers from 1 to n in the EAX register. E.g. if n is 5 then 15 (1+2+3+4+5) should be in EAX. .DATA n DWORD 5 .CODE main PROC ___1___ _2___ ___3___ ___4___ INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP END main Which line of code should be in blank 3? ADD EAX, ECX

S:
ADD, EAX, 1
ADD EAX, n
ADD EAX, ECX + n

3 / 3 pts **Question 14** Use the following code for the next five questions. This program should place the sum of the numbers from 1 to n in the EAX register. E.g. if n is 5 then 15 (1+2+3+4+5) should be in EAX. .DATA n DWORD 5 .CODE main PROC ___1___ ___2__ ___3___ ___4___ 5 INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP **END** Which line of code should be in blank 4? ADD EAX, ECX S: ADD, EAX, 1

O ADD EAX, n			
O ADD EAX, ECX	+ n		

Question 15	3 / 3 pts

Use the following code for the next five questions.

This program should place the sum of the numbers from 1 to n in the EAX register. E.g. if n is 5 then 15

(1+2+3+4+5) should be in EAX.

.DATA

n DWORD 5

.CODE

main PROC

___1___

___2___

___3___

___4__ 5

INVOKE ExitProcess, 0

main ENDP

END main

Which line of code should be in blank 5?

- ADD EAX, ECX
- MOV ECX, 0
- O ADD EAX, 1 + n
- ADD EAX, n + 1

Question 16	3 / 3 pts
Question io	

What is the value of AL after each of the lines of code executes?
.DATA
val DWORD 1,2
.CODE
main PROC
MOV AL, TYPE val
MOV AL, SIZEOF val
NEG AL
INC AL
DEC AL
main ENDP
END main
What is the value of AL after the "MOV AL, TYPE val" line executes?
O 01
O 02
© 04
08
None of the above

Question 17 3 / 3 pts

What is the value of AL after each of the lines of code executes?
.DATA
val DWORD 1,2
.CODE
main PROC
MOV AL, TYPE val
MOV AL, SIZEOF val
NEG AL
INC AL
DEC AL
main ENDP
END main
What is the value of AL after the "MOV AL, SIZEOF val" line executes?
O 01
O 02
O 04
◎ 08
None of the above

3 / 3 pts **Question 18** What is the value of AL after each of the lines of code executes? .DATA val DWORD 1,2 .CODE main PROC MOV AL, TYPE val MOV AL, SIZEOF val **NEG AL** INC AL DEC AL main ENDP END main What is the value of AL after the "NEG AL" line executes? F8 O FF 04 08 None of the above

Question 19 3 / 3 pts

What is the value of AL after each of the lines of code executes?
.DATA
val DWORD 1,2
.CODE
main PROC
MOV AL, TYPE val
MOV AL, SIZEOF val
NEG AL
INC AL
DEC AL
main ENDP
END main
What is the value of AL after the "INC AL" line executes?
■ F9
○ FB
O 05
O9

Question 20 3 / 3 pts

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What is the value of AL after each of the lines of code executes?
.DATA
val DWORD 1,2
.CODE
main PROC
MOV AL, TYPE val
MOV AL, SIZEOF val
NEG AL
INC AL
DEC AL
main ENDP
END main
What is the value of AL after the "DEC AL" line executes?
What is the value of the arter and Beethe limb exception.
F8
○ FA
O 04
O 08

Question 21 3 / 3 pts

After the program completes the array "newValue" should be the reverse of "oldValue". E.g. if the values in "oldValue" are 1,2,3,4,5 then after the program completes the values in "newValue" should be 5,4,3,2,1. This program should be flexible enough to handle arrays with 2 to 100 elements.

newValue .CODE main PRO1 O:2 LOOP O3 N:4 LOOP N INVOKE main ENI END mai	ExitProcess, 0 DP
	OV ECX, OFFSET oldValue
	OV ECX, SIZEOF oldValue OV ECX, 4
	OV ECX, 4 OV ECX, 5
	OV ECX, LENGTHOF oldValue

After the program completes the array "newValue" should be the reverse of "oldValue". E.g. if the values in "oldValue" are 1,2,3,4,5 then after the program completes the values in "newValue" should be 5,4,3,2,1. This program should be flexible enough to handle arrays with 2 to 100 elements.

```
.DATA
oldValue DWORD 1,2,3,4,5
newValue DWORD LENGTHOF oldValue DUP(?)
.CODE
main PROC
___1__
O:
__2__
LOOP O
___3__
N:
___4__
LOOP N

INVOKE ExitProcess, 0
main ENDP
END main
```

MOV newValue[(ECX * 2) -2]

Which line of code should be in blank 2?

MOV newValue[(ECX * 2) -2], oldValue[(ECX * 2) - 2]

MOV newValue[ECX], oldValue[ECX]

PUSH oldValue[(ECX - 1)* 4]

Question 23 3 / 3 pts

After the program completes the array "newValue" should be the reverse of "oldValue". E.g. if the values in "oldValue" are 1,2,3,4,5 then after the program completes the values in "newValue" should be 5,4,3,2,1. This program should be flexible enough to handle arrays with 2 to 100 elements.

.DATA
oldValue DWORD 1,2,3,4,5
newValue DWORD LENGTHOF oldValue DUP(?)
.CODE
main PROC
___1__
O:
__2__
LOOP O
___3__
N:
__4__
LOOP N
INVOKE ExitProcess, 0

main ENDP
END main

Which line of code should be in blank 3?

- MOV ECX, OFFSET oldValue
- MOV ECX, SIZEOF oldValue
- MOV ECX, 4

MOV	ECX.	5
0	,	_

MOV ECX, LENGTHOF oldValue

Question 24 3 / 3 pts

After the program completes the array "newValue" should be the reverse of "oldValue". E.g. if the values in "oldValue" are 1,2,3,4,5 then after the program completes the values in "newValue" should be 5,4,3,2,1. This program should be flexible enough to handle arrays with 2 to 100 elements.

```
.DATA
oldValue DWORD 1,2,3,4,5
newValue DWORD LENGTHOF oldValue DUP(?)
.CODE
main PROC
___1__
O:
__2__
LOOP O
___3__
N:
__4__
LOOP N
```

INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP

END main

Which line of code should be in blank 4?

POP newValue[EC)

MOV oldValue[(ECX * 2) - 2], newValue[(ECX * 2) -2]

POP newValue[(ECX * 4) - 4]ADD newValue[ECX], oldValue[ECX]	MOV oldValue[ECX], newValue[ECX]	
ADD newValue[ECX], oldValue[ECX]	POP newValue[(ECX * 4) - 4]	
	ADD newValue[ECX], oldValue[ECX]	

3 / 3 pts **Question 25** What is the value of EAX after each of the lines of code executes? .DATA val SWORD 0AAFFh .CODE main PROC MOVSX EAX, val MOVZX EAX, val MOV AL, BYTE PTR [val] MOV AL, BYTE PTR [val + 1] INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP END main What is the value of EAX after the "MOVSX EAX, val" line executes? 0000FFAA 0000AAFF FFAA0000

3 / 3 pts **Question 26** What is the value of EAX after each of the lines of code executes? .DATA val SWORD 0AAFFh .CODE main PROC MOVSX EAX, val MOVZX EAX, val MOV AL, BYTE PTR [val] MOV AL, BYTE PTR [val + 1] INVOKE ExitProcess, 0 main ENDP END main What is the value of EAX after the "MOVZX EAX, val" line executes? 0000FFAA 0000AAFF FFAA0000 FFFFFAA

Question 27 3 / 3 pts

What is the value of EAX after each of the lines of code executes?

.DATA

val SWORD 0AAFFh

.CODE

main PROC

MOVSX EAX, val

MOVZX EAX, val

MOV AL, BYTE PTR [val]

MOV AL, BYTE PTR [val + 1]

INVOKE ExitProcess, 0

main ENDP

END main

What is the value of EAX after the "MOV AL, BYTE PTR [val]" line executes?

- 0000FFAA
- 0000AAFF
- FFAA0000
- FFFFFAA

What is the value of EAX after each of the lines of code executes? .DATA val SWORD 0AAFFh .CODE main PROC MOVSX EAX, val MOVZX EAX, val

INVOKE ExitProcess, 0

MOV AL, BYTE PTR [val]

MOV AL, BYTE PTR [val + 1]

main ENDP

END main

What is the value of EAX after the "MOV AL, BYTE PTR [val + 1]" line executes?

0000FFAA0000AAFFFFAA0000FFFFFAA

Question 29	3 / 3 pts
.DATA varB BYTE 65h,31h,02h,05h varW WORD 6543h,1202h varD DWORD 12345678h .CODE MOV AX, WORD PTR [varB+2] MOV BL, BYTE PTR varD MOV BL, BYTE PTR [varW+2] MOV AX, WORD PTR [varD+2] MOV AX, WORD PTR [varD+2] MOV EAX, DWORD PTR varW What is the value of AX after the " MOV AX, WORD PTR [var executes?	B+2]" line
© 0502h	
O 0205h	
○ 6531h	
○ 3165h	
None of the above	

Question 30 3 / 3 pts

.DATA varB BYTE 65h,31h,02h,05h varW WORD 6543h,1202h varD DWORD 12345678h .CODE MOV AX, WORD PTR [varB+2] MOV BL, BYTE PTR varD MOV BL, BYTE PTR [varW+2] MOV AX, WORD PTR [varD+2] MOV EAX, DWORD PTR varW What is the value of BL after the "MOV BL, BYTE PTR varD " line executes? 78h 56h 34h 12h None of the above

.DATA varB BYTE 65h,31h,02h,05h varW WORD 6543h,1202h varD DWORD 12345678h .CODE MOV AX, WORD PTR [varB+2] MOV BL, BYTE PTR varD

MOV BL, BYTE PTR [varW+2] MOV AX, WORD PTR [varD+2] MOV EAX, DWORD PTR varW		
What is the value of BL after the " MOV BL, BYTE PTR [varW+2]" line executes?		
02h		
○ 12h		
○ 1202h		
○ 43h		
○ 65h		

.DATA varB BYTE 65h,31h,02h,05h varW WORD 6543h,1202h varD DWORD 12345678h .CODE MOV AX, WORD PTR [varB+2] MOV BL, BYTE PTR varD MOV BL, BYTE PTR [varW+2] MOV AX, WORD PTR [varD+2] MOV EAX, DWORD PTR varW What is the value of AX after the "MOV AX, WORD PTR [varD+2]" line executes?

1234h

O 5	5678h
O 4	4321h
0 8	3756h
O 1	None of the above

3 / 3 pts **Question 33** .DATA varB BYTE 65h,31h,02h,05h varW WORD 6543h,1202h varD DWORD 12345678h .CODE MOV AX, WORD PTR [varB+2] MOV BL, BYTE PTR varD MOV BL, BYTE PTR [varW+2] MOV AX, WORD PTR [varD+2] MOV EAX, DWORD PTR varW What is the value of EAX after the "MOV EAX, DWORD PTR varW" line executes? 12026543h 00001202 65431202h 00006543 None of the above

Question 34	3 / 3 pts
What is the maximum value (in base 10) of a signed 5-bit numb	oer?
O 31	
O 32	
15	
O 18	
None of the above	

Quiz Score: 102 out of 102