

• POSSESSIONS/FAMILY MEMBERS

APOSTROPHE 'S

We use apostrophe ('s) to show that something belongs to someone or something.

This is Jennifer's dictionary.

Our English teacher's name is Harry.

What is your father's job?

Is that your teacher's car?

Are these Jack's books?

We can use apostrophe ('s) as in the exercises written below.

1.Singular Nouns: We add apostrophe ('s) before a singular noun.

Example: Alex's car \Rightarrow Alex's car is new.

Jane's father \Rightarrow Jane's father is young.

That boy's hair \Rightarrow That boy's hair is curly.

2.Plural Nouns: We add only ('s) before a plural noun.

Example: Those boys' sisters \Rightarrow Those boys' sisters are our classmates.

My friends' shoes \Rightarrow My friends' shoes are new.

Your daughters' school \Rightarrow Your daughters' school is in Ankara.

3.Exceptional Plural Nouns:

The following nouns are some of the exceptional plural ones ; men, women, children, mice, feet, teeth, geese, oxen, people, etc.

Example: The men's offices \Rightarrow The men's offices are in the city center.

These women's names \Rightarrow These women's names are Jessica and Marry.

My children's English \Rightarrow My children's English is not bad.

Important note 1: We add only ('s) before the singular noun even if it ends in -s

James's handwriting ~~not James'~~ handwriting \Rightarrow I like James' handwriting. He writes so well.

Important note 2: We add ('s) before the last name to show joint possession.

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This is John and Marria's villa ~~not John's and Marria's villa.~~

We are Henna and Joseph's guests this evening ~~not we are Henna's and Joseph's guests this evening~~

Joseph is Lucky and George's younger brother.

Important note 3: Sometimes we can use more than one possessive in the same sentence.

I am going to my **friend's father's office** now.

My best **friend's brother's name** is Rick.

Write the correct form of the possessives into the gaps using the noun in brackets. (apostrophe 's)

1. My.....car is in the garage. (brother)
2. This is book.(George)
3. Are these notebooks? (Alexis)
4. grandfather is very old.He is 85. (Peter)
5. I want to see headmaster.(Mandy)
6. bikes are downstairs.(children)
7. and parents are lawyers.(Robert-William)
8. My flat is not far from my house.(parents)
9. We want to visit father today because he is ill.(Alex and Mark)
10. Can you see hat.It is very stylish.(that man)

Each sentences has a grammar mistake. Find out the mistake and correct it!

1. Richard's and his sisters office is on the main street.

.....

- 2.Can you see Bill eyes.They are blue.

.....

- 3.Our neighbours's dogs are very noisy.They always bark.

.....

- 4.My childrens' bikes are under that tree.

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.....

 5. Mr. White's wife is our music teacher. She's a good teacher.

Order the words to make phrases.

1. My/motorbike/English teacher/'s

.....

2. tails/those/'s/mice

.....

.....

3. children/ball/new/'s

.....

.....

4. brother/'s/jacket/green

.....

.....

5. his /name/ brother/ elder/ 's

.....

.....

POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES

We use possessive adjectives to show possession or ownership of something. We use them to show that something belongs to us or someone else. The possessive adjectives are **my, your, his, her, its, our, your, their**

We use possessive adjectives before nouns.

my brother

your sister

his uncle, her husband, its kitten

our university

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your hands

their materials

My mother is a housewife

Your father is an accountant

His English is perfect

Her hair is black

Its tail isn't long. It is short

Our friends aren't from Spain. They are from Portugal.

Your friends are still on holiday

Their apartment building is very old

Subject Pronouns	Possessive Adjectives
I You	My Your
He She It	His Her Its (<i>not it's</i>)
We You They	Our Your Their

Subject pronoun	Verb or(modal+verb)	Possessive adjective	noun
I	want	my	money
You	need	your	family
He	needs	his	glasses to read
She	helps	her	mother everyday
It	wants	its	food
We	like	our	school
They	want	their	soup

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Complete the following letter with a personal pronoun (I,you,we,they,she,he,it) or possessive adjective. (my,your,his,her,its,our,your,their)

Fill in the blanks with a possessive adjective.

1. I have got two sisters. _____ names are Ivana and Emily.
2. Mr. Green is working in his garden. _____ garden is always beautiful.
3. Is this your pen? No,it isn't _____ pen.It is _____ pen.
4. Look at this lovely bird. _____ beak is very nice.
5. Susan and Lisa like _____ cats.
6. _____ English teacher is from Ireland but _____ husband is German.
7. Some students didn't do _____ homework.That's why, _____ teacher is very angry.
8. We are students in Fırat University. _____ university is fantastic.
9. She is very happy withpresent job.
10. I am busy right now. I am doinghomework.

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FAMILY MEMBERS



FEMALE

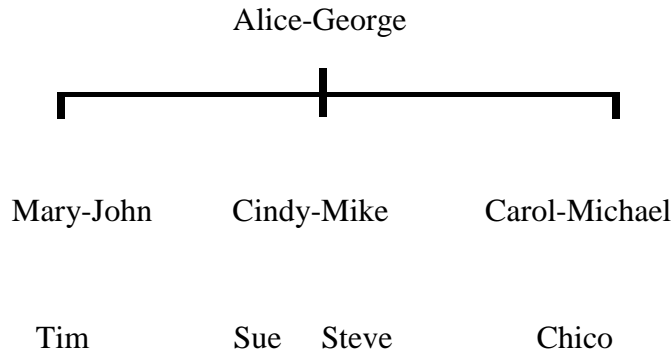
Mother
Wife
Sister
Daughter
Aunt
Niece
Grandmother
Granddaughter
Cousin
Mother-in-law
Sister-in-law
Daughter-in-law
Step-sister
Step-mother
Half- sister



MALE

Father
Husband
Brother
Son
Uncle
Nephew
Grandfather
Grandson
Cousin
Father-in-law
Brother-in-law
Son-in-law
Step-brother
Step-father
Half-brother

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- 1- Alice is George's wife.
- 2- Mary is Alice and George's daughter.
- 3- John is Alice's son-in-law.
- 4- Mike is Alice and George's son.
- 5- Carol is Alice and George's daughter.

According to the given sentences above, complete the blanks with the other family members:

- 1- Tim is Mary and John's
- 2- Steve is Tim's
- 3- is Chico's mother.
- 4- Cindy is Sue's
- 5- is Tim and Chico's uncle.
- 6- Alice is Sue's
- 7- George is Tim's
- 8- Michael is Alice and George's
- 9- is Alice and George's daughter-in-law.
- 10- Steve is George and Alice's
- 11- Sue is George and Alice's.....
- 12- Chico is Mary's
- 13- Sue is Carol's
- 14- Sue is Steve's
- 15- Steve is Sue's
- 16- Tim, Sue, Steve and Chico are
- 17- George is Mary, Mike and Carol's
- 18- is Tim's father.
- 19- George is Chico's
- 20- Cindy is Mike's.....

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HAVE GOT / HAS GOT

We use **have got** and **has got** to indicate possession to say that something belongs to someone. We use **have got** with I, we, you, they and **has got** with the third singular person she, he, it

Affirmative	Negative	Affirmative	Negative
I		She	
We		He	has got / hasn't got
You	have got / haven't got	It	
They			

Short forms	Interrogative
I've got	Have I got? Yes, you have/No, you haven't
You've got	Have you got? Yes, I have/ No, I haven't
She's got	Has she/he/it got? Yes, she/he/it has.
He's got	No, she/he/it hasn't.
It's got	Have we got? Yes, we have/ No, we haven't.
We've got	Have you got? Yes, we have/No, we haven't
You've got	Have they got? Yes, they have/ No, they haven't
They've got	

Important note: In short answers we never use “got”.

A: Have you got a dictionary?

B: Yes I have. No, I haven't. Not *Yes, I have got* or *no I haven't got*

I have got three children

You haven't got your books today.

We have got a new school building.

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They haven't got many friends.

She has got a baby.

Harry has got a motorbike but he hasn't got a car.

A: Has he got black eyes?

B: No, he hasn't. He has got brown eyes like his father.

A cat has got a long tail.

Petra: What have you got in your hand?

Lusha: I have got an eraser.

Answer the following questions using have got or has got.

1. Have you got any brothers or sisters?
.....
2. Has your university got any facilities for students?
.....
3. Have crocodiles got strong jaws?
.....
4. Why haven't you got your sport requisities today?
.....
5. How many wheels has a bicycle got?
.....

Complete the following sentences with have got/ haven't got, has got/ hasn't got.

1. Ia laptop but Ia tablet.
2. New born babiesteeth.
3. My father and motherfour children.
4. Alex and Susanmany English books. They
..... a few.
5. All birds.....wings but some of them can't fly.
6. Ia good idea about my holiday to Cyprus.
7. Patric is ill. Hea high temperature.
8. She doesn't feel well because she a headache.
9. Weanything in common.
10. Girls usuallylong hair but my daughter.....short hair.

READING**My Pet Lover Friends**

I have got sixteen friends in my classroom. Almost all them have got pets. Daniel has got a rabbit. "It is two years old" he says. Adam has got a canary. Joanna has got a cat. It is thirteen years old. "A domestic cat lives about fifteen years" says Joanna. Arda and Yusuf brothers have got a dog. It is the Anatolian Shepherd Dog. They obtained it when it was only one year old. Jun has got a turtle. Ira hasn't got pet at the moment. "I had one until last month but it passed away, unfortunately" she says. It was a parrot. Alice, Mya and Alison have got budgies. They always sing well.

Answer the following questions according to the text.

- 1) Who has got a rabbit?
.....
- 2) What kind of a dog have Arda and Yusuf brothers got?
.....
- 3) How old is Joanna's cat?
.....
- 4) 4) Has Daniel got a turtle?
.....
- 5) Whose pets sing well?
.....

WRITING: What have you got in your living room? Write at least five different objects using "have got" or "has got" in your sentences.