# Contribution of Channels

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### Agenda

- Introduction & Objective
- Brief Introduction to Attribution Models
- Dataset Overview & Preprocessing
- Exploratory Data Analysis
- Applied Attribution Model Approach
- Results & Key Findings

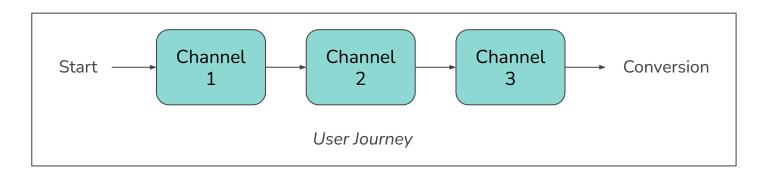
## Introduction & Objective

#### Challenge:

Bidders interact with multiple touchpoints before converting. But how do we know which channels are truly driving conversions?

#### Goal:

The goal of this task is to assess the value of each channel and evaluate the results of the attribution models.



### **Brief Introduction to Attribution Models**

#### 4 common attribution models have been selected:

- **First Touch**: Attributes a user's conversion entirely to the first channel they interacted with.
- Last Touch: Assigns full credit for a user's conversion to the last channel they engaged with.
- Linear Touch: Distributes credit equally across all channels involved in the user's journey.
- Markov Chains: Uses a probabilistic approach to model the user's journey and determine the impact of each channel.









## **Data Overview & Preprocessing**

#### **Dataset**

• Over 580K cookie records from 240K users, containing impression and conversion events across five channels: Paid Search, Facebook, Instagram, Online Video, and Online Display.

### **Data Cleaning & Quality Checks**

- Removed duplicate records and handled missing values.
- Verified that no users had multiple conversions incorrectly recorded.
- Checked for duplicate records at the same time instance for each user.
- Identified and excluded an extremely high conversion value (€10M) from a single Facebook user to prevent skewed analysis.

### **Exploratory Data Analysis**

### Key Metrics Per Channel at First Glance

- Conversion rates across all channels are quite similar (around 3%)
- Facebook has the highest number of interactions, conversions and conversion values.

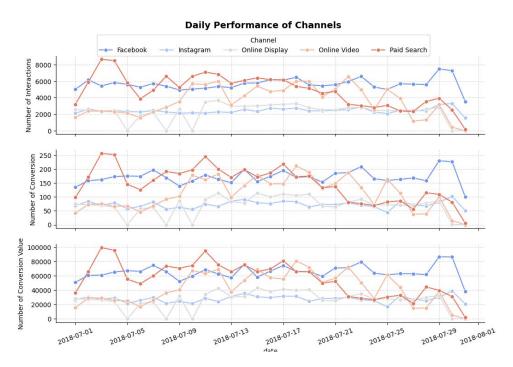
	interactions	num_unique_user	conversion	conversion_value	conv_rate	avg_conv_val	conv_channel_share	conv_value_channel_share
channel								
Facebook	175,068	88,125	5,301	€2,021,357	3.03%		30.1%	30.1%
Paid Search	150,666	88,840	4,547	€1,728,222	3.02%	€380.1	25.8%	25.7%
Online Video	110,879	40,962	3,408	€1,306,498	3.07%	€383.4	19.3%	19.4%
Instagram	75,096	49,466	2,244	€856,410	2.99%	€381.6	12.7%	12.7%
Online Display	70,883	42,604	2,139	€811,208	3.02%	€379.2	12.1%	12.1%
Total	582,592	240,108	17,639	€6,723,694	3.03%	€381.2	100.0%	100.0%



### **Exploratory Data Analysis**

#### **Daily Performance of Channels**

- Facebook and Instagram performance remained stable throughout the month.
- Paid Search traffic and conversions saw a significant decline.
- Online Video traffic peaked mid-month.





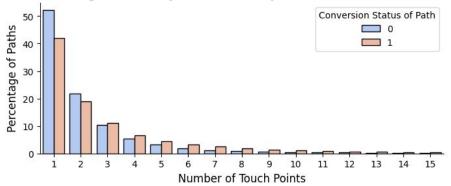
### **Exploratory Data Analysis**

#### **Paths**

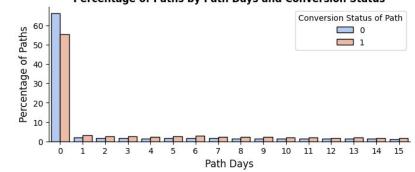
- Most paths consist of 1 touchpoint (52.3% for no conversion vs. 42% with conversion).
- Conversion rates increase with more touchpoints, rising from 3 touchpoints onward.

- The majority of paths occur within the same day (66% for no conversion vs. 55% with conversion).
- Conversion rates rise with the number of days in a path, starting from 2 days.

#### Percentage of Paths by Count of Touchpoints and Conversion Status



#### Percentage of Paths by Path Days and Conversion Status



### **Applied Attribution Model Approach**

- Each touch-point is represented in a path.
- The number of paths is equal to the number of unique users, as each user has a single conversion.
- The <u>'ChannelAttribution'</u> Python library is used to calculate each channel's contribution, balancing simplicity and effectiveness.
  - ChannelAttribution.heuristic\_models is used to get 'First-Touch', 'Last-Touch' and 'Linear-Touch'
  - ChannelAttribution.markov\_model is used to get 'Markov Chains'
- The necessary path data frame is created for the library.
- The results are then compared across each channel.

### Results & Key Findings

- Facebook remains the largest contributor (30%), maintaining consistent values across all models.
- **Instagram** gains significant importance **in the Markov Chain model**, rising to become the third most important channel. (20% in Markov Model, %13 in others)
- Paid Search and Online Video experience the greatest performance decline and Online
  Display has the least impact.
- The Markov Chain model highlights the significance of data-driven and probabilistic attribution models.

