

CENG211 – Programming Fundamentals
Homework #2

In this homework you are expected to implement a **“Climate Measurements Management Application”** in Java.

You should fulfill the concepts of:

- Inheritance
- Polymorphism
- ArrayLists

In this application, there are 4 types of **Climate Measurements**: **Temperature, wind speed, humidity, and radiation absorption per unit area**. Each measurement represents the average value for a certain month of a year. The main reason for this approach is that climate data should represent things for longer time frames.

All measurements belong to specific **locations**. These locations can be **cities and countries**.

The climate data of countries are used for calculating country-wide temperature statistics, while the data of cities are used for calculating other useful statistics with the 4 measurement types for their respective city.

There is also another calculation called the **“felt temperature”** value for cities using all 4 measurement types.

The country and city names are provided inside the attached *“countries and cities.csv”* file. Only the first element in each row are country names and the rest are city names.

You should create **country and city objects** based on this file. Each country and city should have the necessary **ArrayList** objects that consist of the measurement objects.

Each measurement object has its own unique measurement values. All of them should also have a **year and a month**.

- ClimateMeasurement: year, month
- Temperature: celciusMeasurement, fahrenheitMeasurement, kelvinMeasurement
- WindSpeed: metersPerSecond, kmPerHour
- Humidity: humidityPercentage
- RadiationAbsorbtion: radiationIntensity, unitAbsorbtionValue

All these measurements except year, month and radiationIntensity should be of type **double**. **“radiationIntensity”** is an **enum** class containing these three fixed values: **“low”, “medium”, “high”**.

Measurements inside their objects should be **randomly initialized according to the ranges** given below:

- 2020 <= year <= 2022
- January <= month <= December
- -40.0 <= celciusMeasurement <= 50.0
- fahrenheitMeasurement: This should be converted from celciusMeasurement.

- kelvinMeasurement: This should be converted from celciusMeasurement.
- 0.0 <= metersPerSecond <= 113.2
- kmPerHour: This should be converted from metersPerSecond.
- 0.0 <= humidityPercentage <= 100.0
- 5.0 <= unitAbsorbtionValue <= 20.0

Note that these ranges do not aim to replicate the real life. They have been made up for this homework.

Also, “unitAbsorbtionValue” is actually the radiation absorption on human skin per unit area. For the simplicity of the homework, we assume that we can directly use a monthly average value for all humans in a city.

Remember to **initialize measurements** of each type for every month from January 2020 to December 2022.

After initializing all these objects, your application should be able to **print out a simple menu** and acquire results to some queries.

You should create a **ClimateRecord** class that contains all countries and cities inside **ArrayList objects**. This class should also contain the necessary **getter functions** for the queries listed below. These getter functions should return appropriate ArrayList objects that have been filtered according to the queries.

Finally, you should create a class called **ClimateApp** that performs the necessary calculations for the queries while receiving appropriate ArrayList objects from the ClimateRecord class.

Queries:

1. Calculate **average temperature for a country** depending on the selected options. These options are type of the measurement value (Celsius, Fahrenheit, Kelvin) and year (2020, 2021, 2022).
2. Calculate **average temperature for a city** depending on the selected options. These options are type of the measurement value (Celsius, Fahrenheit, Kelvin) and year (2020, 2021, 2022).
3. Calculate **average wind speed for a city** depending on the selected options. These options are the unit of speed and month of the year. For example, find Izmir’s average wind speed in km/h in March of the given 3 years (2020, 2021, 2022).
4. Calculate **average humidity of a city across the 3-year period**. (no options other than the city name)
5. Find out how many times throughout a certain year radiationIntensity has been one of the three possible enum values. The options are the year (2020, 2021, 2022) and a specific intensity value (low, medium, high). For example, find how many times the intensity value has become medium in 2022 for Berlin.
6. Calculate the “felt temperature” value for a specific month of a specific year using the formula provided below. For example, calculate the felt temperature value of July 2021 for Paris.

Felt Temperature Formula:

$$FT = CT + 0.3 * H - 0.7 * (RA / (WS + 10))$$

FT: Felt temperature (in Celsius)

CT: City temperature (in Celsius)

H: Humidity (in [0, 1] interval)

WS: Wind speed (in meter/second)

RA: Radiation absorption (use unitAbsorbtionValue attribute)

Keep in mind that this formula is a heavily simplified version of the felt temperature formula and it does not reflect real life.

Example Output with Simple Menu:

- [1] Calculate average temperature for a country according to temperature unit and year.
- [2] Calculate average temperature for a city according to temperature unit and year.
- [3] Calculate average wind speed for a city according to speed unit and year.
- [4] Calculate average humidity of a city for every year.
- [5] Count how many times a year a specific radiation intensity value appears.
- [6] Calculate the "felt temperature" value for a specific month.
- [7] Exit the application.

Please select an option: 2

Enter the name of the city: London

- [1] Celsius [2] Fahrenheit [3] Kelvin

Please select the temperature unit: 5

Incorrect option input! Please reenter another option input: 3

- [1] 2020 [2] 2021 [3] 2022

Please select the year: 2

==> Average temperature of London in Kelvin in 2021: 320.5

- [1] Calculate average temperature for a country according to temperature unit and year.
- [2] Calculate average temperature for a city according to temperature unit and year.
- [3] Calculate average wind speed for a city according to speed unit and year.
- [4] Calculate average humidity of a city for every year.
- [5] Count how many times a year a specific radiation intensity value appears for a city.
- [6] Calculate the "felt temperature" value of a city for a specific month and year.
- [7] Exit the application.

Please select an option: 11

Incorrect option input! Please reenter another option input: 5

Enter the name of the city: Ankara

[1] Low [2] Medium [3] High

Please select a radiation intensity value: 1

[1] 2020 [2] 2021 [3] 2022

Please select the year: 3

==> Total count of low radiation intensity in Rome in 2022: 6

[1] Calculate average temperature for a country according to temperature unit and year.

[2] Calculate average temperature for a city according to temperature unit and year.

[3] Calculate average wind speed for a city according to speed unit and year.

[4] Calculate average humidity of a city for every year.

[5] Count how many times a year a specific radiation intensity value appears for a city.

[6] Calculate the "felt temperature" value of a city for a specific month and year.

[7] Exit the application.

Please select an option: 7

==> Closing the application...

Note that the outputs and results are provided randomly as simple examples. Also, you should **handle incorrect inputs** as shown above. Lastly, you can directly use the year options as shown above.

Important Notes:

1. You must use **List** / **ArrayList** interfaces in this homework.
2. You can use standard **java.io** packages to read files. Do NOT use other 3rd party libraries.
3. You should use **relative** paths (e.g., Files/sample.csv) instead of **absolute** paths (e.g., C:\\user\\eclipse-workspace\\MyProject\\Files\\sample.csv). Please be sure of it, otherwise there will be **no output** of your application and you certainly will **lose points**.
4. To support **Turkish characters**, you may need to change your project's text file encoding to UTF8: Right click on your project (in package explorer) → Properties → Text file encoding → Other → UTF8 → Apply.
5. You are expected to write clean, readable, and tester-friendly code. Please try to maximize reusability and prevent from redundancy in your methods.
6. To increase the readability of the code, you are expected to **comment** your code as much as possible.

Assignment Rules:

1. In this lecture's homework, there are no cheating allowed. If any cheating has been detected, they will be graded as 0 and there will be no further discussion on this.
2. You are expected to submit your homework in groups. Therefore, only one of you will be sufficient to submit your homework.
3. Make sure you export your homework as an Eclipse project. You can use other IDEs as well; however, you must test if it **can be executed** in Eclipse. It is a good idea to check your exported project in another group member's PC.
4. Submit your homework through Cloud-LMS.
5. Your exported Java Project should have the following naming format with your assigned group ID (which will be announced on MS Teams) as the given below:

G05_CENG211_HW2

Also, the zip folder that your project in should have the same name

G05_CENG211_HW2.zip

6. Please beware that if you do not follow the assignment rules for exporting and naming conventions, you will lose points.
7. Please be informed that your submissions may be anonymously used in software testing and maintenance research studies. Your names and student IDs will be replaced with non-identifying strings. If you do not want your submissions to be used in research studies, please inform the instructor (Dr. Tuglular) via e-mail.