

# Getting Started with Mockito

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# Overview



**A few words on unit testing**

**Demo application overview**

**Write a unit test without mocks**

**Install Mockito 2**

**Edit the unit test to use a mock**

**Unit testing and mocking in more detail**

**An overview of Test Doubles**



# Course Outline

**Getting started with  
Mockito**

Verifying that  
mocked methods  
behave accordingly

Using partial  
mocks and  
advanced  
mocking  
techniques

Configuring return values of  
mocked methods



Using Mockito's  
behavior-driven  
development  
support



# Suggested Prerequisites

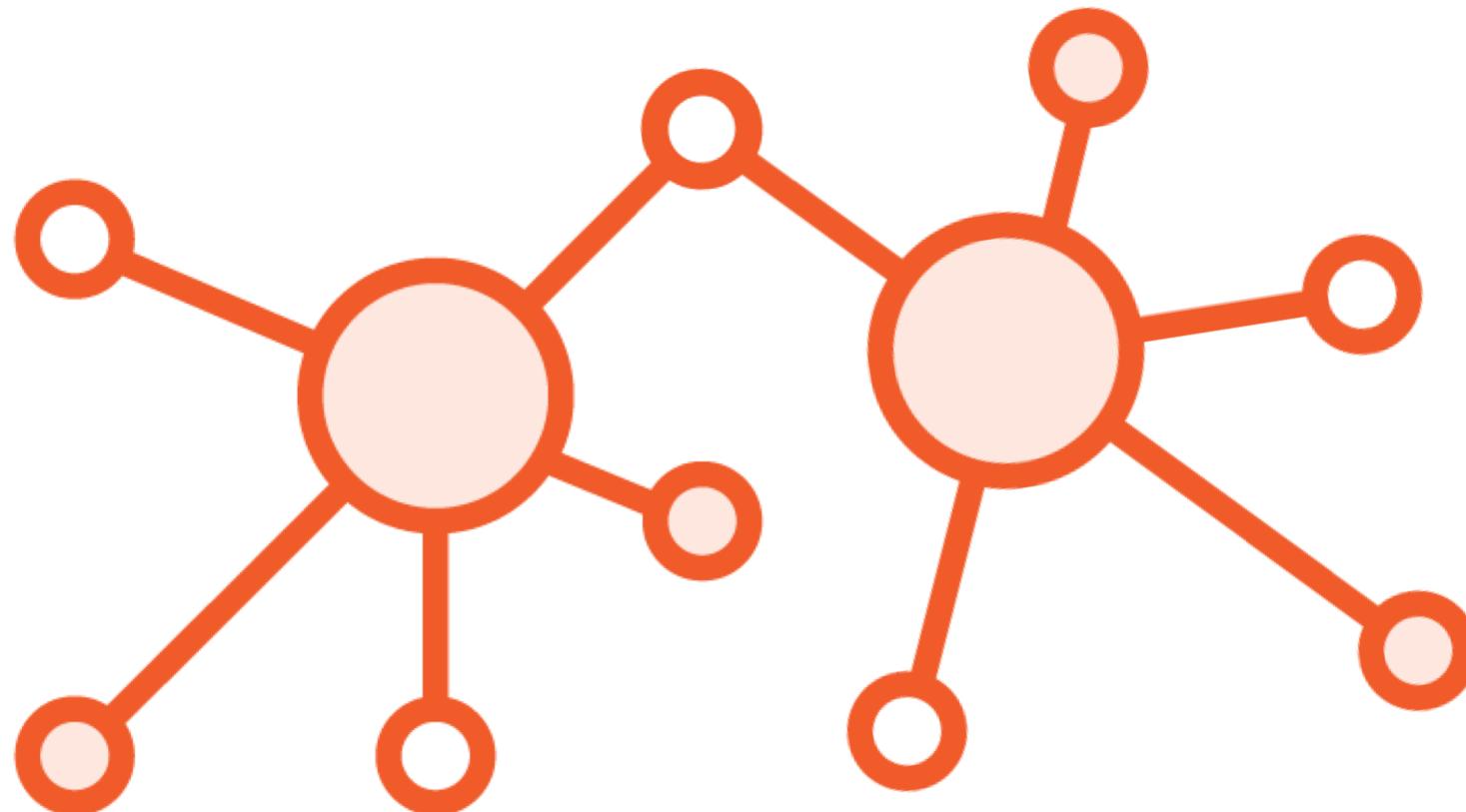
<http://bit.ly/psjunit>

or

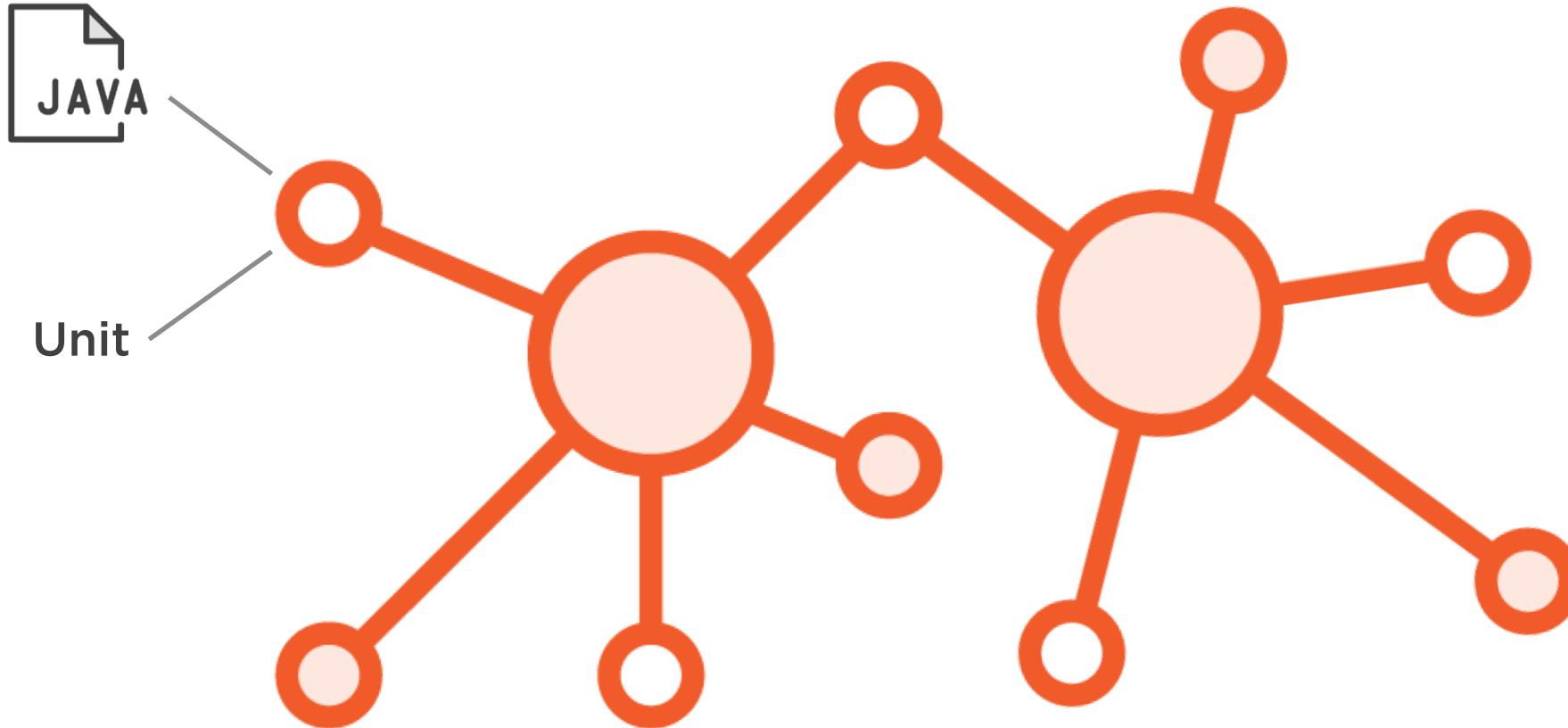
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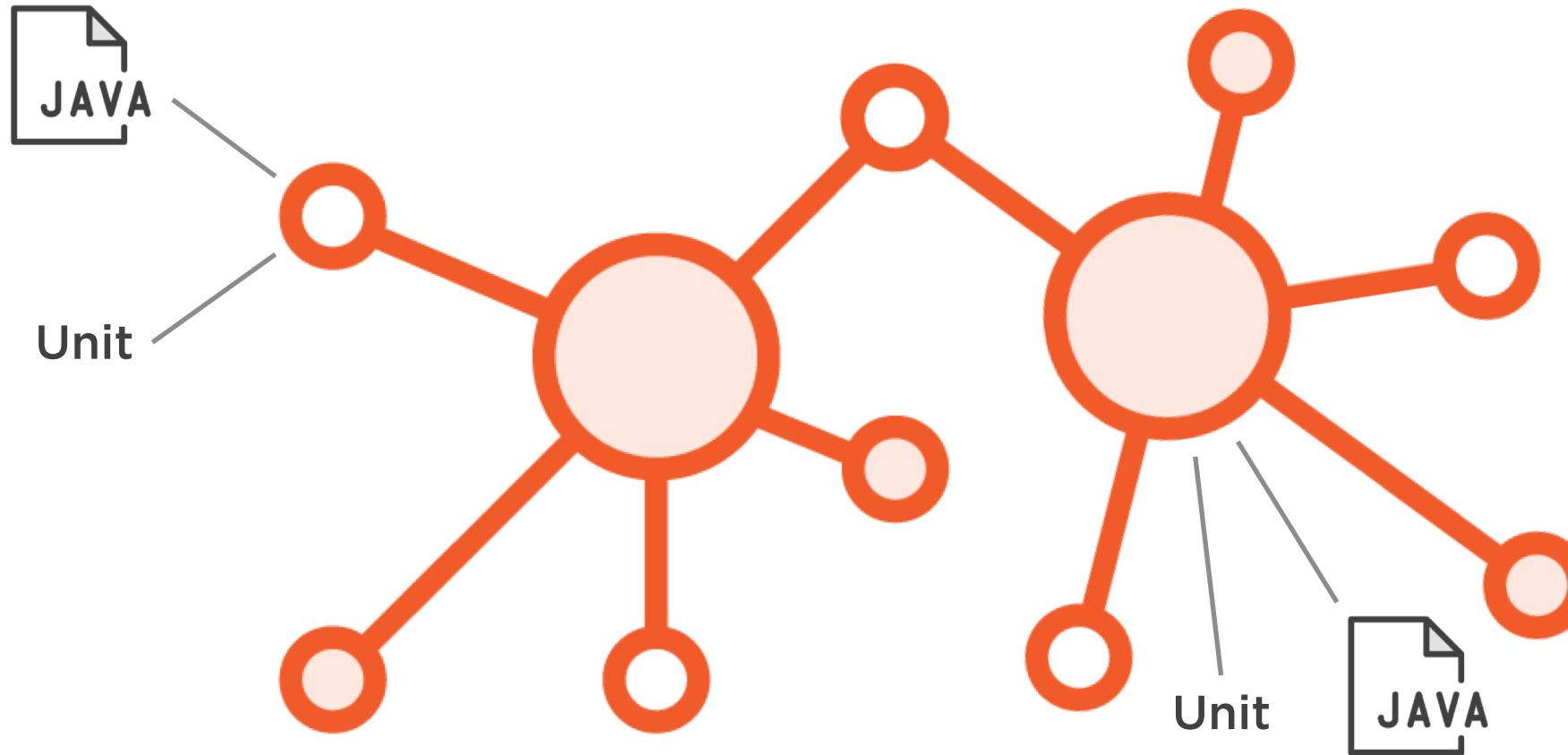
# Unit Testing



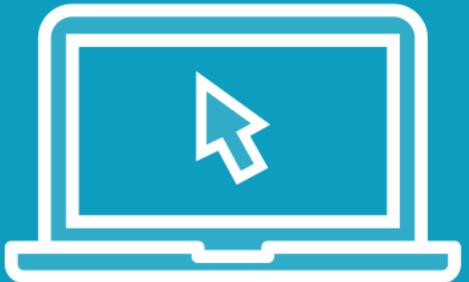
# Unit Testing



# Unit Testing



# Demo



**Demo company overview**

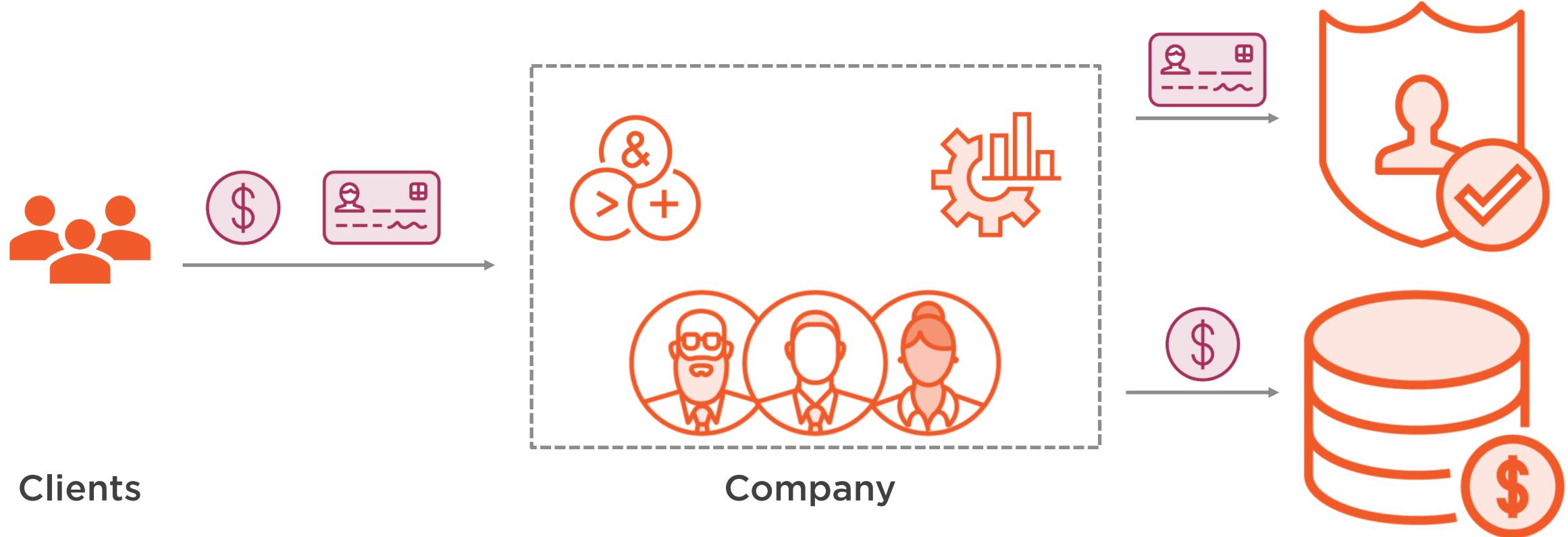
**Demo application overview**

**The first test:**

- without mocks
- with mocks



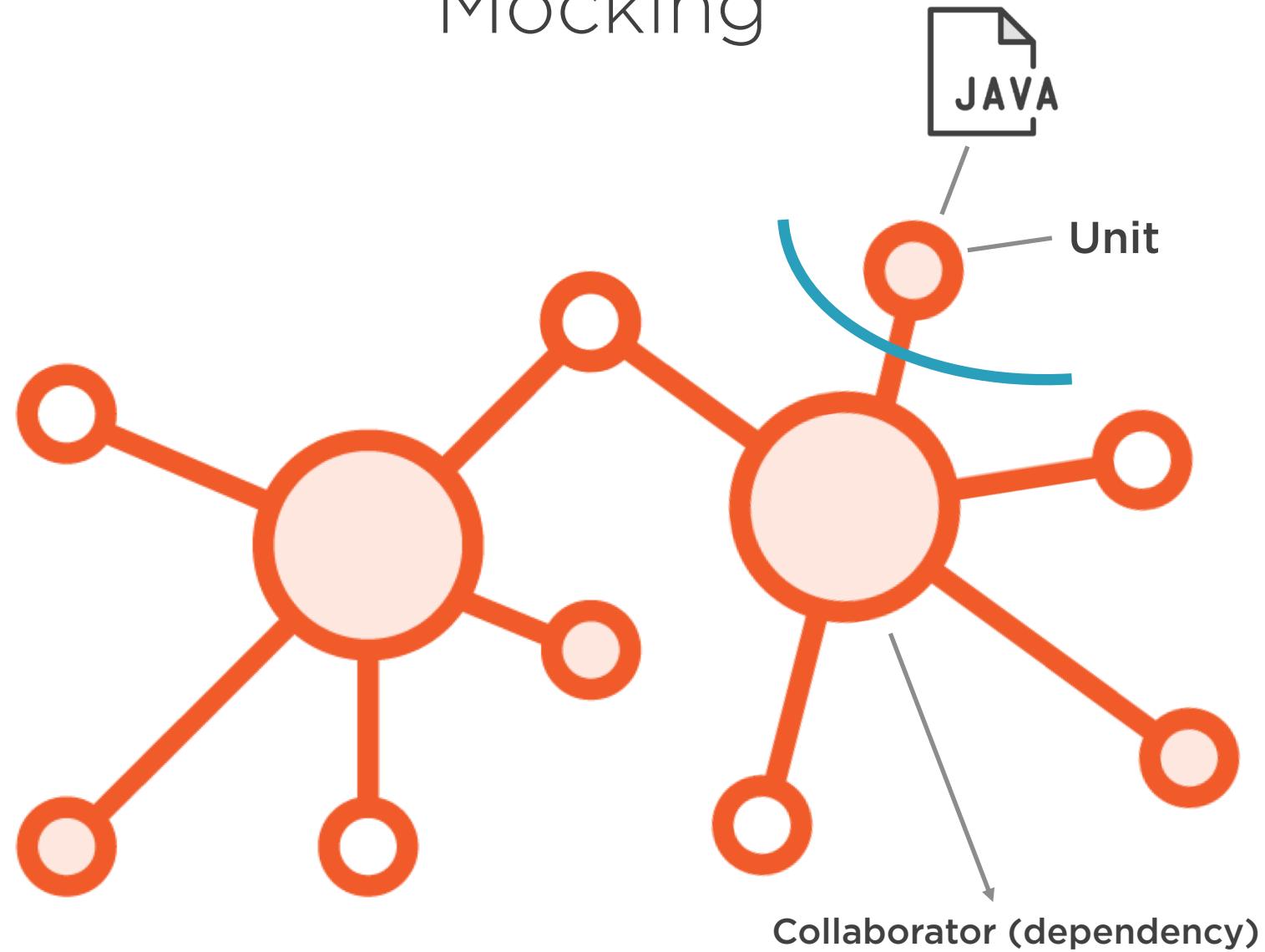
# Demo company overview



# Mocking



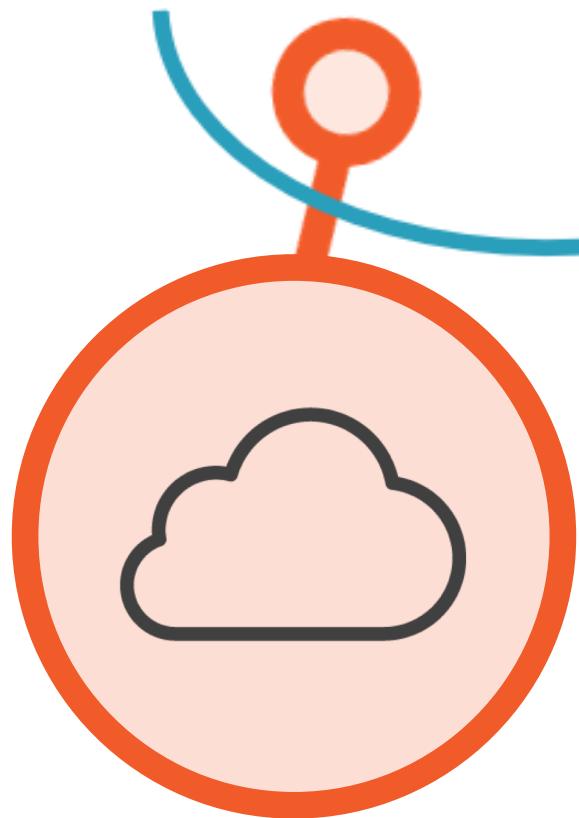
# Mocking



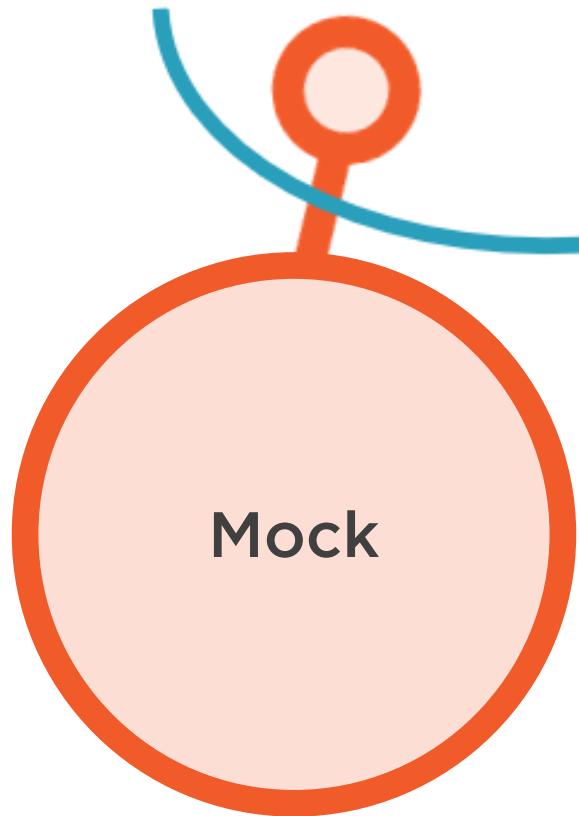
# Most Popular Collaborators for Mocking



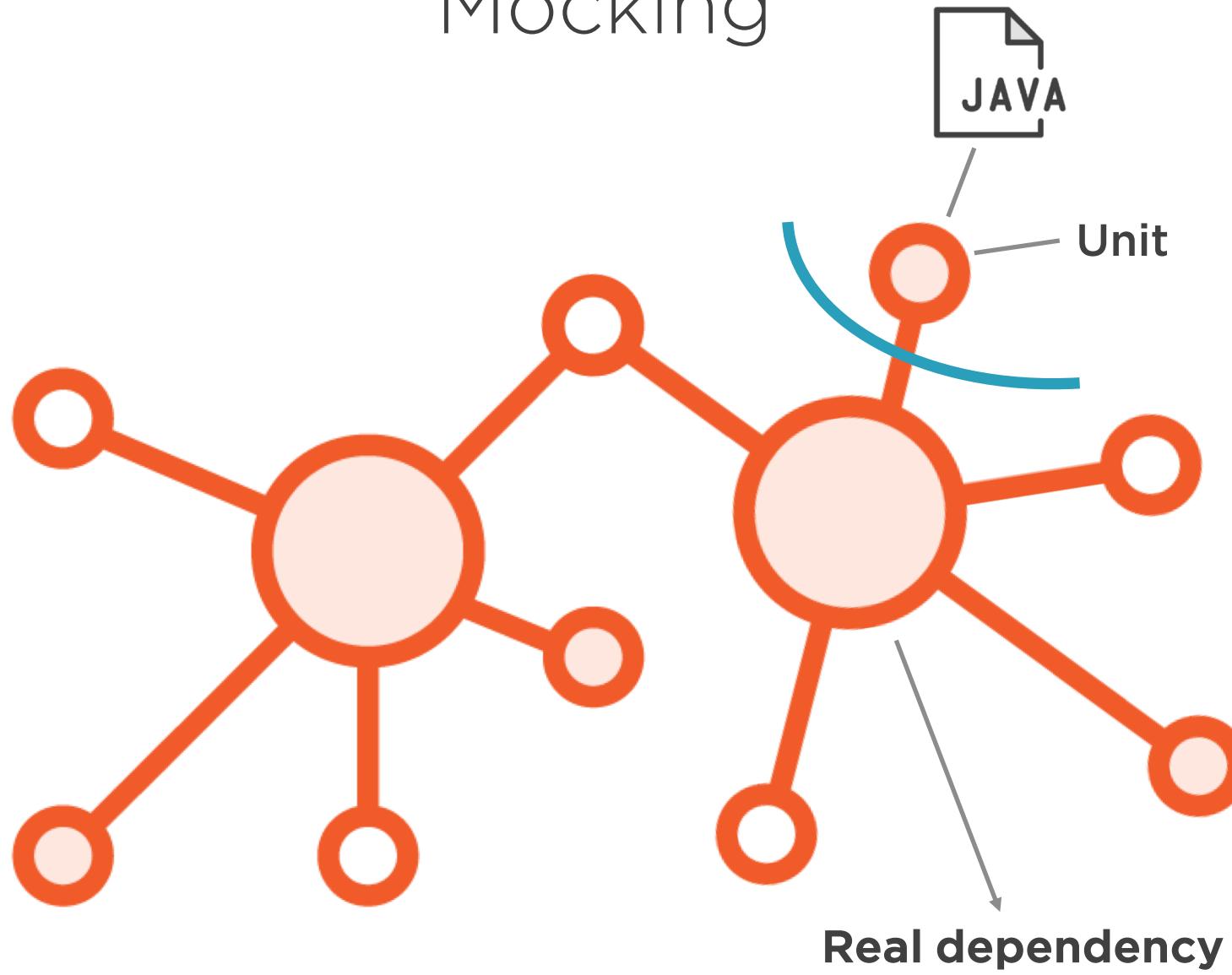
# Most Popular Collaborators for Mocking



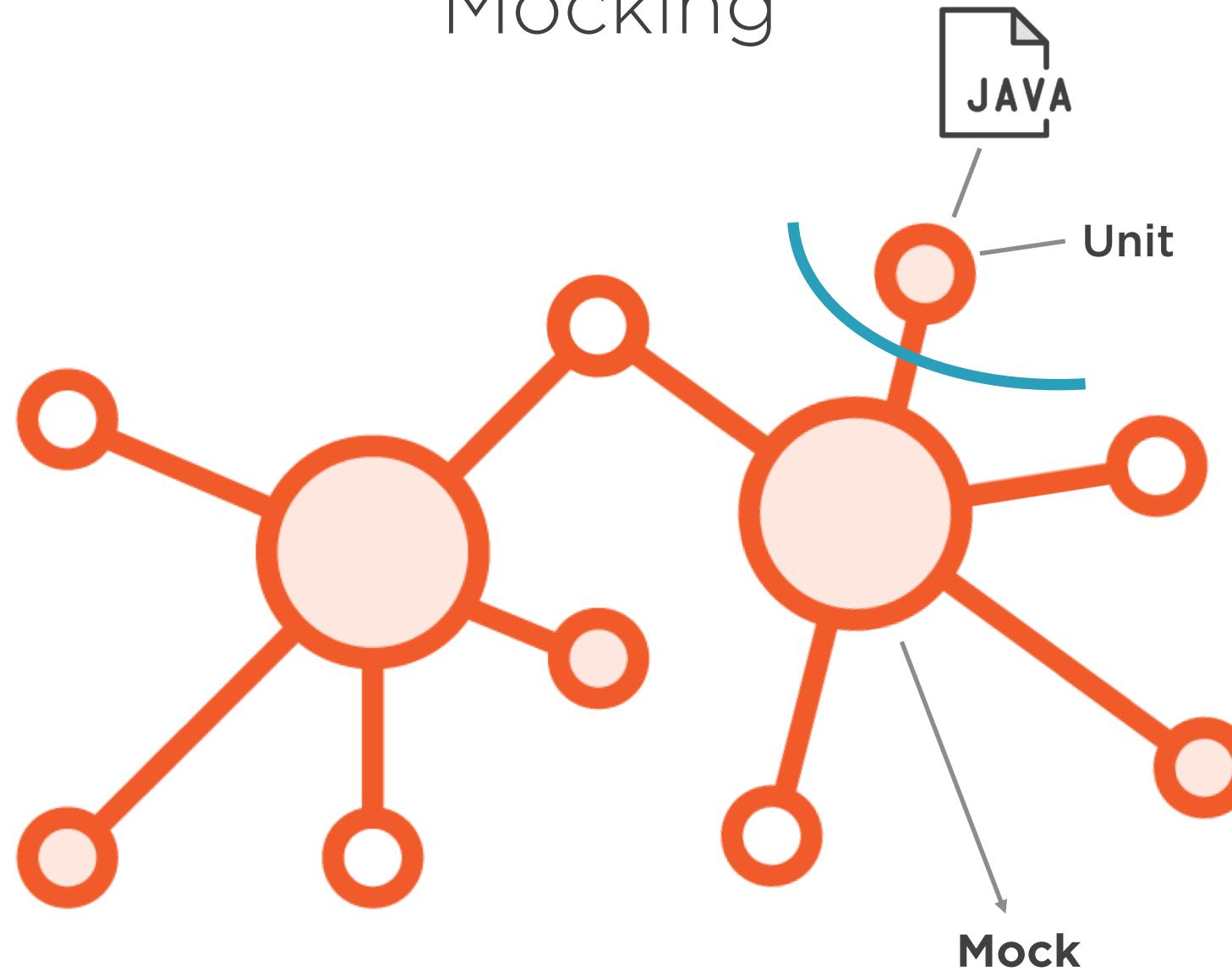
# Most Popular Collaborators for Mocking



# Mocking



# Mocking

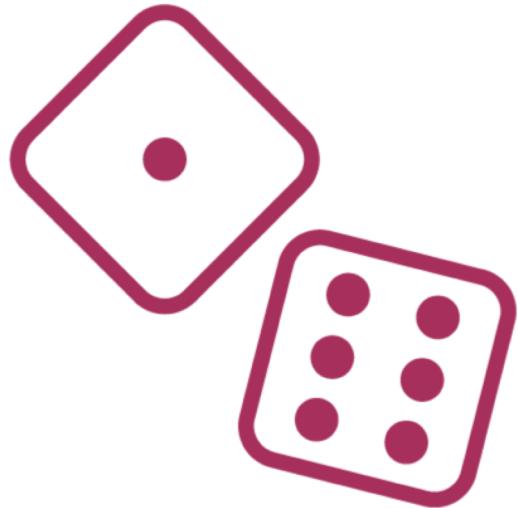


# Mocking

Mocking allows you to focus on the unit you're trying to test by replacing the unit's real dependencies with test-only collaborators. This allows you to reason about the unit in isolation, without having to deal with the rest of the codebase at the same time.



# Why Use Mocking?



**Eliminates non-determinism**

- And randomness



**Reduces complexity**

- Increases flexibility



**Improves test execution:**

- Speed
- Reliability



**Supports collaboration**



“Double is a generic term for any case where you replace a production object for testing purposes.”

**Martin Fowler**



# Test Doubles



Dummy



Fake



Stub



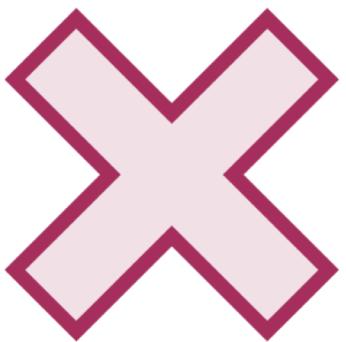
Spy



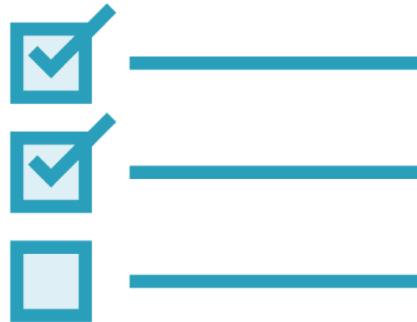
Mock



# Test Doubles: Dummy



Not used in the test



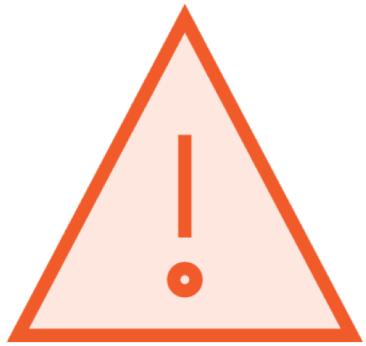
Fills-in holes



Just keeps the compiler happy



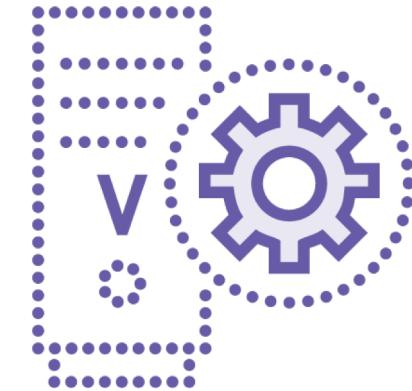
# Test Doubles: Fake



**Implementation  
that is unsuitable  
for production**



**In-memory DB**



**Fake web service**



# Test Doubles: Stub



- Provides ‘canned’ answers**
- Not intelligent enough to respond with anything else**
- Multiple variations are possible**



# Test Doubles: Spy



Like a more  
intelligent Stub



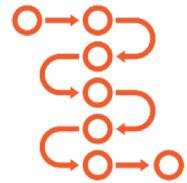
Keeps track of how  
it was used



Also helps with  
verification



# Test Doubles: Mock



Uses expectations



Can fail the test if unexpected calls are made



The focus is on behavior verification



# State Verification Versus Behavior Verification

## State Verification

All other Test Doubles do it

Verify resulting state

Exception: Spies can verify behavior

## Behavior Verification

Mocks always use it

Verify interactions

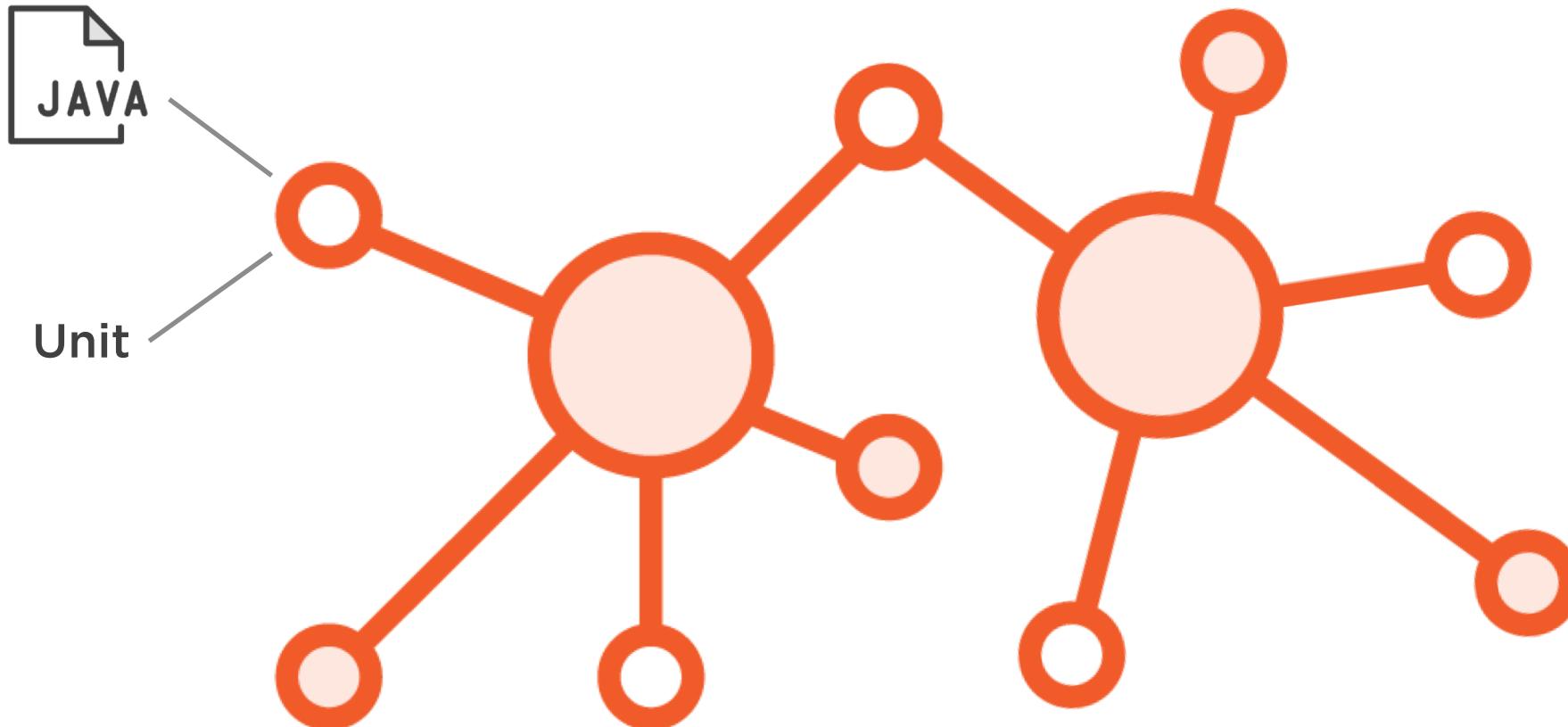
Can add state verification on top



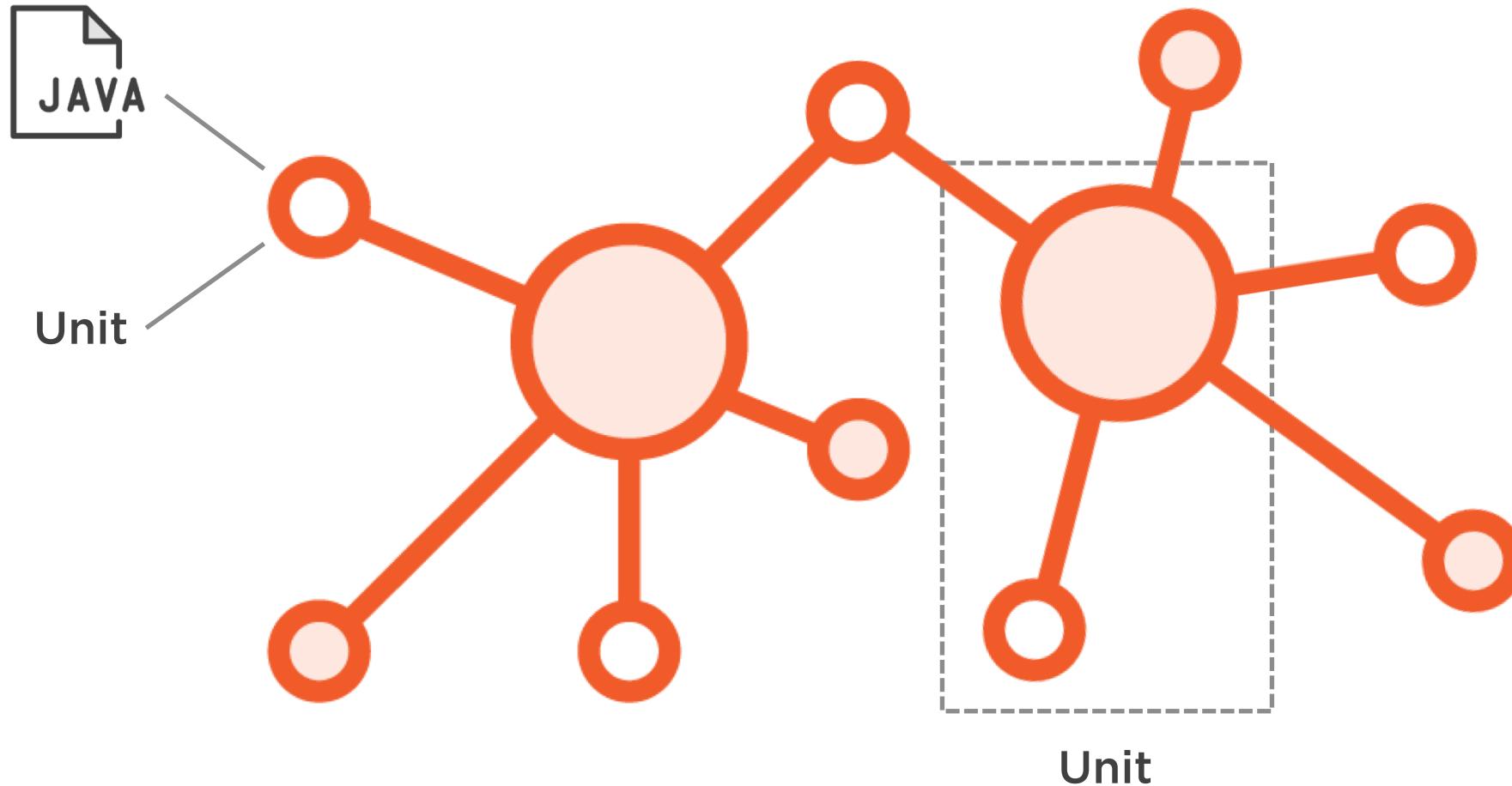
For ease of learning, we'll focus on Spies and Mocks



# A Few More Words on Unit Testing



# A Few More Words on Unit Testing



“But really it's a situational thing - the team decides what makes sense to be a unit for the purposes of their understanding of the system and its testing.”

**Martin Fowler**



# A Unit Can Consist of More Than One Class

```
private AccountOpeningService underTest;
private BackgroundCheckService backgroundCheckService =
    mock(BackgroundCheckService.class);
private ReferenceIdsManager referenceIdsManager =
    mock(ReferenceIdsManager.class);
private AccountRepository accountRepository =
    mock(AccountRepository.class);

@BeforeEach
void setUp() {
    underTest = new AccountOpeningService(
        backgroundCheckService,
        referenceIdsManager,
        accountRepository);
}
```



# A Unit Can Consist of More Than One Class

```
private AccountOpeningService underTest;
private BackgroundCheckService backgroundCheckService =
    mock(BackgroundCheckService.class);
private ReferenceIdsManager referenceIdsManager =
    new ExternalNationalReferenceIdsManager(...);
private AccountRepository accountRepository =
    mock(AccountRepository.class);

@BeforeEach
void setUp() {
    underTest = new AccountOpeningService(
        backgroundCheckService,
        referenceIdsManager,
        accountRepository);
}
```



# Unit Formation: Paradigm Comparison

## Object-Oriented

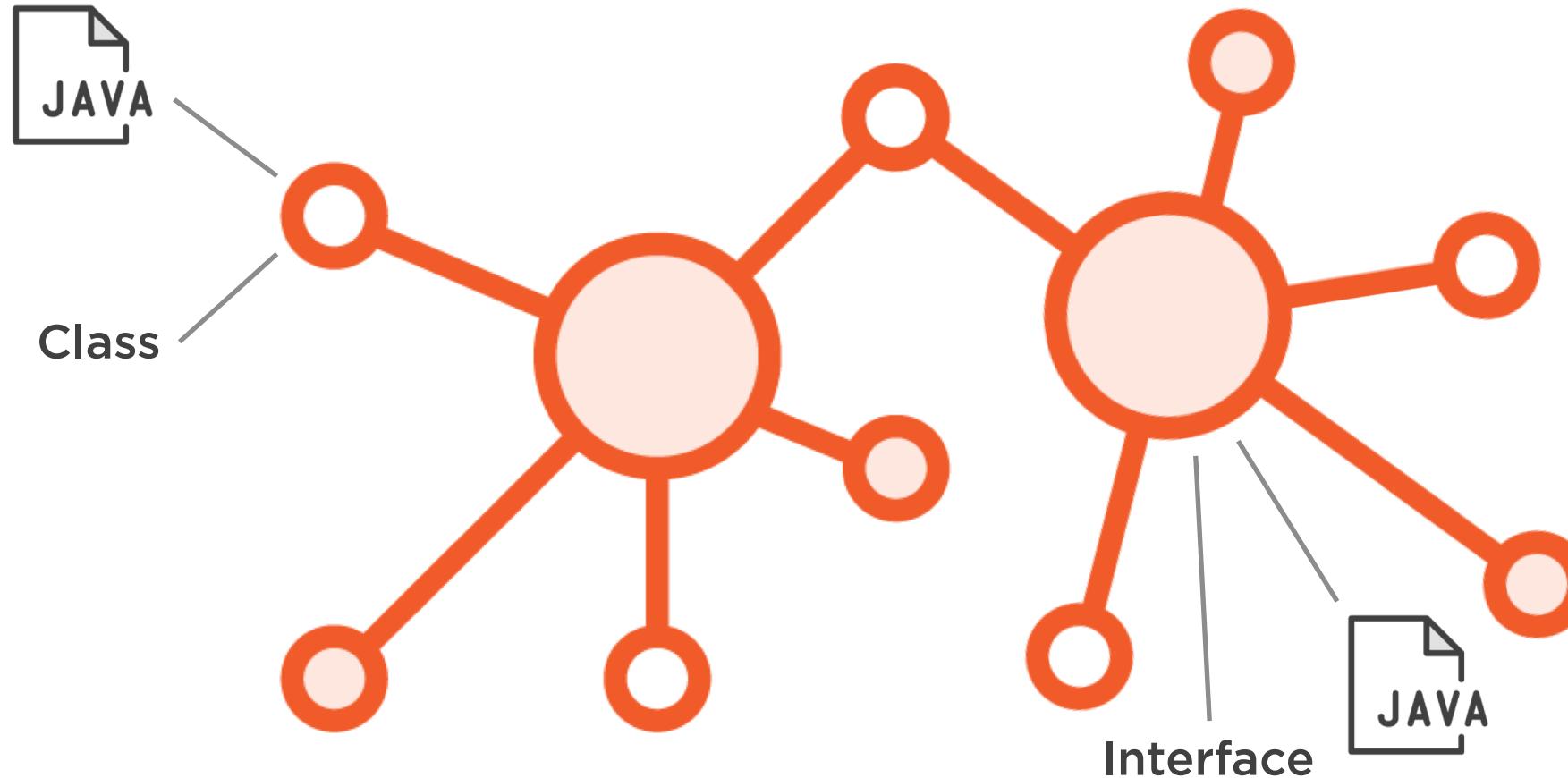
A class  
A collection of classes

## Functional

A function  
A collection of functions



# Do You Mock Concrete Classes or Interfaces?



# Do You Mock Concrete Classes or Interfaces?

## Mockito

- Can mock a class
- Can mock an interface

## Other frameworks

Other frameworks may only allow mocking at interface level:

- by design
- due to technical reasons



# Do You Mock Concrete Classes or Interfaces?

Generally speaking, prefer interfaces over concrete classes in order to follow SOLID principles.



# Mockito Facts

**Current version: 2**

**Open source**

**API design goals: clean, simple**

**Readable tests**

**Stats according to <https://site.mockito.org/>:**

- ❖ Top 10 Java libraries
- ❖ SO voted Mockito best Java mocking lib



# Summary



- Described unit testing
- Presented the application
- Wrote a test without mocks
- Wrote tests with mocks using Mockito
- Discussed mocking in detail
- Described each Test Double

