

# Data Innovations

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# Trailer

# Introduction

- ▶ New and shiny
- ▶ Widely varying applications
- ▶ Different problems
- ▶ Different domains
- ▶ Marketing, healthcare, biotechnology, utilities

# Table of Contents

- ▶ Classification
- ▶ Regression
- ▶ Clustering
- ▶ Affinity
- ▶ Profiling
- ▶ Dimension reduction
- ▶ Graph mining
- ▶ Text mining

# Customer Churn Prediction

- ▶ Customer churn prediction
  - ▶ Which customers will churn?

customer	will churn
John	?
Lisa	?

-> classification ->

customer	will churn
John	Yes
Lisa	No

# Classification: Customer Churn

- ▶ Existing customer database

name	city	age	sex	profession	edu
Adams John	NY	30	M	programmer	undergrad
Lisa Meyer	LA	40	F	pianist	high school
Bruce Elm	SF	20	M	teacher	undergrad

- ▶ Use this as input to classification model

# How do classification algorithms know in advance?

- ▶ Needs historical data
- ▶ Historical data is already labeled

Historical data:

name	city	age	sex	profession	churned
Adams John	NY	30	M	programmer	No
Lisa Meyer	LA	40	F	pianist	Yes
Bruce Elm	SF	20	M	teacher	No

- ▶ “churned” is the label/class

# Terminology of learning

- ▶ Learning from labeled historical data
  - ▶ Existing data: Training data and test data
  - ▶ Output: Model for classification
  - ▶ Train the model
- ▶ Use the model to predict the class of new data



# How does classification work in whole?

- ▶ Learn from historical data (rules/model)
- ▶ Apply those rules to new data

# What is a model?

- ▶ Model = set of rules
- ▶ Rules?
  - ▶ If the customer is female and younger than 30, she will churn.

# Why is it called classification?

customer	will churn
John	?
Lisa	?

# Other Churn Problems

- ▶ Which customers will cancel their subscription?
- ▶ Which gamers won't buy the game?
- ▶ Which web visitors will end session?
- ▶ MegaTelco: telecom company
  - ▶ 20% of customers leave when contracts expire

# Which gamers won't buy the game?

- ▶ Gaming company
- ▶ Uses paid marketing campaigns in several channels - Wants to improve efficiency in real time

# Which web visitors will end session?

- ▶ News web site
- ▶ Wants to keep visitors on site
- ▶ Show interesting stuff to visitors that will end session

# Real time vs. batch classification

- ▶ Real time classification
  - ▶ Classify entities at the moment
- ▶ Batch classification
  - ▶ Classify entities at every night

# MegaTelco: telecom company

- ▶ 20% of customers leave when contracts expire
- ▶ Attractive offers to customers who will churn



# Classification uses in marketing campaigns

- ▶ Which customers will respond to an offer
  - ▶ Direct marketing campaigns
  - ▶ Select people who are likely to respond

# Classification uses in anomaly detection

- ▶ Detecting diseases
- ▶ Detecting frauds
  - ▶ Credit card
  - ▶ Intrusions to computer networks
  - ▶ Spam emails
- ▶ Detecting life style change
  - ▶ Expecting a baby?

# Detecting or preventing diseases

- ▶ Quanttus: Preventing heart attacks
- ▶ Growsafe: Detecting sick cattle

# Detecting fraud

- ▶ Credit card fraud
- ▶ Fraud in public social help

# Detecting fraud in computer networks

- ▶ Network intrusion

# Detecting life style change

- ▶ Target stores: Predicting pregnant customers

# Risk classification in insurance

- ▶ Dynamic risk management

# Risk classification in insurance

- ▶ Probability of a claim



# Risk classification in consumer credits

- ▶ Signet Bank 1990s
- ▶ The risk level of a consumer credit to default
- ▶ Customize the credit conditions by risk level

# Risk classification in buildings

- ▶ NYC Fire Department: risk score of buildings

# Risk classification in healthcare

- ▶ Efficacy of treatments

# Risk classification in higher education

- ▶ University admissions
- ▶ Will the admitted student accept the offer or not?

# Risk classification in product manufacturing

- ▶ Manufacturing companies
- ▶ Will the next product lead to warranty claim?

# Predicting demand level

- ▶ What will be the demand for our clothes next season?
- ▶ What will be the demand for our cars next season?
- ▶ Classification: qualitative variable
- ▶ Regression: quantitative variable

# Predicting production level

- ▶ Potato yield prediction
  - ▶ The crop is underground
- ▶ Groundcover

# Predicting customer's purchase level

- ▶ How much calls will a telecom customer make?
- ▶ How much payment will a consumer make with his credit card?
- ▶ How much virtual products will a gamer buy?



# Customer Segmentation Problems

name	spending
john	100
lisa	200
eva	180
...	...

-> clustering ->

cluster	range
high spenders	$> 500$
middle spenders	$100 < x < 500$
low spenders	$< 100$

# Call Usage Patterns

- ▶ Different groups of customers by
  - ▶ Calls
  - ▶ Sms messages
  - ▶ Data utilization

# Common patterns among patients

- ▶ Root causes of diseases
- ▶ Is the disease related to some location?
- ▶ Is the disease related to some specific range of values in different variables?