# **Docker-ready Spirit/Django Application**

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# **Project Information:**

This application uses:

- Django
- nitely/Spirit, a Python based forum built using the Django framework. For further information: https://spirit.readthedocs.io/en/latest/
- Docker, a set of platform as a service products that use OS-level virtualization to deliver software in packages called containers. For further information: <a href="https://docs.docker.com/">https://docs.docker.com/</a>
- NGINX, a web server that can also be used as a reverse proxy, load balancer, mail proxy and HTTP cache. For further information: <a href="https://docs.nginx.com/">https://docs.nginx.com/</a>
- gunicorn, a Python WSGI HTTP Server for UNIX. For further information: https://docs.gunicorn.org/en/stable/
- Bash, a Unix shell and command language. For further information: https://devdocs.io/bash/

# **Project Folder:**

```
--- spirit-docker-v2 (Main GitHub Repository / https://github.com/merto-dvp/spirit-docker-v2)
         -README.md (Readme & Tutorial)
         -app
            |- config
                   --- nginx
            1

    Dockerfile (Docker config for nginx)

            Τ
                      - nginx.conf (nginx server config, Server Ports)
            I – src
                   - static (Static files for Django/Spirit)
            ı
                             - admin
                             --- spirit
            | - mysite (Default app folder for Spirit, You can change it)
                   — settings
                             — base.py
                             — dev.py (Main settings for application, DATABASE, DEBUG, SECRET_KEY, ALLOWED_HOSTS)
                             - prod.py
                             - test.py
                   --- celery.py
                   -- urls.py
                   -- wsgi.py
            — after_settings_script.sh ( Script for saving changes made in settings folder.)
            — cleanup script.sh (Script for cleaning folder, making it ready for new app)
            — docker-compose.yml (Settings for Docker-compose & containers, DJANGO, NGINX, DATABASE (POSTGRE))
            | — Dockerfile
                                       ( Settings for Docker)
                                        (File for easier changes on DEBUG, SECRET KEY, ALLOWED HOSTS (dev.py))
            | — install_script.sh (Start point / Main installation script, Installs required packages for Docker, Python etc)
            | — manual_install_script.sh (Script for manual installation of Spirit/ Read Manual Installation Guide for details)
            — requirements.txt (Contains package names for required resources)
            | — spirit install app script.sh (Script for installing default (boilerplate) project from GitHub repo/
                                            Asks for permission / <a href="https://github.com/merto-dvp/django-spirit-ready-app">https://github.com/merto-dvp/django-spirit-ready-app</a>)
```

## **Installation & Run**

Make sure internet connection is available.

Works on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS, (Tested on Microsoft Azure & Amazon EC2 virtual machines)

First of all Run sudo apt update

Make sure Git works. If not, run sudo apt install git

Clone the main repository from GitHub:

Run:

git clone <a href="https://github.com/merto-dvp/spirit-docker-v2">https://github.com/merto-dvp/spirit-docker-v2</a>

Navigate to folder spirit-docker-v2/app:

Run:

cd spirit-docker-v2/app

Run install\_script.sh to start:

sudo bash install\_script.sh

Wait until script loads everything. If docker hello-world app works, App folder & Docker are ready to serve.

This will run another script spirit\_install\_app\_script.sh.

This script asks for your permission to install default project hosted on GitHub repo.

```
docker-compose version 1.17.1, build unknown
Done.
Synchronizing state of docker.service with SysV service script with /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable docker
groupadd: group 'docker' already exists

Installed Docker and requirements successfully.

Installed Docker and requirements successfully.

Do you want to install a ready to serve project for Spirit?

It is ready to serve with Docker and will be downloaded from GitHub.

This will set Django(Spirit) app name as <mysite>.

You can cancel this for building app manually.

[Y/n] ? y
```

This project is made with default installation guide: <a href="https://github.com/nitely/Spirit">https://github.com/nitely/Spirit</a>

pip install django-spirit spirit startproject mysite cd mysite python manage.py spiritinstall python manage.py createsuperuser python manage.py runserver

It is hosted on GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/merto-dvp/django-spirit-ready-app">https://github.com/merto-dvp/django-spirit-ready-app</a>

Project name will be set to <mysite>. App folder is configured to run mysite project as default.

After running this script, it is going to run Docker configurations and serve the application at 0.0.0.0:8000.

If you don't want to install default project, you can skip this by (N n) or Ctrl-C.

### **Manual Installation**

If you don't want to install default project, you can run this script. But you have to configure the project by yourself. Use sudo if you get permission denied or related errors.

#### **Script:**

```
sudo bash manual_install_script.sh
```

This script will clean up & config the app folder. Then will install default Spirit/Django app with SQLite3 database and default settings. It will run default installation guide instructions to build up project. https://github.com/nitely/Spirit.

After running script it will ask you to choose a project folder name for creating app.

```
Choose a project name for Spirit/Django app:
App:mysite

Creating Spirit app as: mysite
Creating spirit project...
ok
Operations to perform:
```

After successful creation and setting folders,

Now you have to configure Docker & Spirit app.

For changing database and using advantages of app/env.dev file (ALLOWED\_HOSTS,DEBUG,SECRET\_KEY),change settings in projects settings folder.

For changing it, go to your (Django/Spirit) project folder (<mysite> for default)

```
cproject_folder>/settings/dev.py
```

And use a text editor to edit dev.py. (Use sudo if required)

```
Jubuntuv2:~/newtest2/spirit-docker-v2/app/mysite$ cd ..
jubuntuv2:~/newtest2/spirit-docker-v2/app$ cd mysite/settings
jubuntuv2:~/newtest2/spirit-docker-v2/app/mysite/settings$ ls
init .py __pycache__ base.py dev.py prod.py test.py
jubuntuv2:~/newtest2/spirit-docker-v2/app/mysite/settings$ sudo nano dev.py
```

For using env.dev, import os package by adding

import os

to dev.py.

### After that,

```
Overwrite DEBUG=True to:

DEBUG = int(os.environ.get("DEBUG", default=0))

Overwrite SECRET_KEY = "DEV" to:

SECRET_KEY = os.environ.get("SECRET_KEY")

Overwrite ALLOWED_HOSTS = ['127.0.0.1', ] to:

ALLOWED_HOSTS = os.environ.get("DJANGO_ALLOWED_HOSTS").split(" ")
```

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-

# THIS IS FOR DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT

# DO NOT USE IT IN PRODUCTION

# Create your own dev_local.py

# import * this module there and use it like this:

# python manage.py runserver --settings=mysite.settings.dev_local

from .base import *
import os

DEBUG = int(os.environ.get("DEBUG", default=0))

SECRET_KEY = os.environ.get("BECRET_KEY")

ALLOWED_HOSTS = os.environ.get("DJANGO_ALLOWED_HOSTS").split(" ")
```

This is also required for avoiding DisallowedHost message. But you have to make sure env.dev file is ready.

For changing database:

# Overwrite default DATABASE settings:

```
DATABASES = {
             'default': {
               'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.sqlite3',
               'NAME': os.path.join(BASE_DIR, 'db.sqlite3'),
            }
          }
to:
           DATABASES = {
             'default_old': {
               'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.sqlite3',
               'NAME': os.path.join(BASE_DIR, 'db.sqlite3'),
            },
             'default': {
               'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.postgresql',
               'NAME': 'postgres',
               'USER': 'postgres',
               'PASSWORD': 'postgres',
               'HOST': 'db',
               'PORT': 5432,
```

Now you can use PostgreSQL.

After overwriting all, save base.py and go back to project root folder. (cd..)

Edit env.dev file with a text editor.

You can change

```
DEBUG=1 ( For enabling debug )
SECRET_KEY=j_o)qybin6wd60ph#z=iuuzhb7h45w8+sf6_$3iaz22^obifrl
DJANGO_ALLOWED_HOSTS=localhost 127.0.0.1 [::1] * 0.0.0.0
```

settings easily in this file.

```
GNU nano 2.9.3

QEBUG=0
SECRET_KEY=j_o)qybin6wd60ph#z=iuuzhb7h45w8+sf6_$3iaz22^obifrl
DJANGO_ALLOWED_HOSTS=localhost 127.0.0.1 [::1] * 0.0.0.0
```

After changing settings and using with Docker, you also need to change NGINX and gunicorn settings. Because for default, they're set to work with <mysite> project folder name.

# For NGINX settings:

```
cd config/nginx/
sudo nano nginx.conf
```

## For gunicorn settings:

For running app you need to configure gunicorn settings. Edit app/docker-compose.yml with a text editor:

Change & overwrite gunicorn mysite.wsgi to:

```
gunicorn <project name>.wsgi
```

command: bash -c "python manage.py makemigrations && python manage.py migrate && gunicorn command: bash -c "python manage.py makemigrations && python manage.py migrate && gunicorn

```
Version: "2"

Version: "2"

Version: "2"

Inginx:

image: nginx:latest

container_name: NGINX-CONTAINER

ports:

- "8000:8000"

volumes:

- ./src:/src

- ./config/nginx:/etc/nginx/conf.d

- /static:/static <--- HERE

depends.on:

- web

web:

build: .

container_name: DJANGO-CONTAINER

command: bash - "python manage.py makemigrations && python manage.py migrate && gunicorn

depends.on:

- /b

volumes:

- ./src:/src

- /static:/static <--- HERE

expose:

- ./src:/src

- /static:/static <--- HERE

expose:

- "8000"

env_file:

- ./env.dev

db:

image: postgres:latest

environment:

- POSTGRES_DUSER-postgres

- POSTGRES_DB-postgres

- POSTGRES_DB-postgres

container_name: PSQL-CONTAINER
```

You can configure Docker-compose settings here.

After all, simply run after\_settings\_script.sh:

bash after\_settings\_script.sh

This will configure Docker containers again and will serve the application.

Also you can run the <docker-compose up> command to serve application at any time.

Congratulations, your app works at <a href="http://<IP\_address>:8000">http://<IP\_address>:8000</a>!

