PYTHON BASICS

CheatSheet



Data Structres

```
# Integer (int)
>>> x = 2
# Float
>>> x = 2.3
# Complex
>>> x = 2j + 1
Operations
>>> 2**3
```

Modulus / Remainder >>> 22%8 # Integer Division
>>> 22//8

Division >>> 22/8 2.75

Multiplication >>> 3*3

Numbers

Boolean

Subtraction >>> 5-2

Addition >>> 2+2

```
>>> a = 2
>>> b = 7
>>> a == b
False
>>> a != h
True
>>> a > b
False
>>> a >= b
False
>>> a < h
True
>>> a <= b
True
>>> (a > 1) & (b < 10)
True
>>> (a > 3) | (b > 5)
>>> a is b
```

False

True

>>> a is not b

```
>>> txt_1 = 'Hello World!'
'Hello World!'
>>> txt_2 = "HELLO WORLD!"
'HELLO WORLD!'
>>> long_txt = """
                  Hello World,
                  Welcome DSMLBC!
'Hello World. \n Welcome DSMLBC!'
 Indexing & Slicing
>>> txt_1[0]
>>> txt_1[-1]
>>> txt_1[1:4]
>>> txt_1[:5]
'Hello'
String Methods
>>> len(txt_1)
12
>>> txt_1.upper()
'HELLO WORLD!'
>>> txt_2.lower()
'hello world!'
>>> txt_1.replace("World", "Era")
'Hello Era!'
>>> txt_1.split()
['Hello', 'World!']
>>> ' Hello World! '.strip()
```

```
Strings
>>> 'hello world!'.capitalize()
>>> dict_1 = {"REG" : "Regression",
               "LOG" : "Logistic Regression".
               "CART": "Classification and Reg"}
>>> dict_2 = {"REG": ["RMSE", 10]
"LOG": ["MSE", 20]
               "CART": ["SSE", 30]}
 Key - Value Methods
```

>>> dict_1.keys()
dict_keys(['REG', 'LOG', 'CART']) >>> dict_1.values() dict_values(['Regression', 'Logistic Regression', 'Classification and Reg'l) >>> dict 1.items()

('CART', 'Classification and Reg')]) >>> dict_1["REG"]

'Regression >>> dict_2["CART"][1]

Dictionary Methods >>> dict_1 = {"REG": "Regression", "LOG": "Logistic Regression" "CART": "Classification and Reg"} >>> dict_2 = {"REG": ["RMSE", 10] "LOG": ["MSE", 20] "CART":["SSE", 30]}

```
>>> list_1 = [1, 2, 3, "a", "b"]
>>> list_2 = [True, [1, 2, 3]]
>>> numbers = [4, 2, 1, 3]
Indexing & Slicing
>>> list_1[3]
>>>list_2[-1]
[1, 2, 3]
>>>list_1[0:4]
[2, 3, 'a']
List Methods
>>> list_1 + list_2
[1, 2, 3, 'a', 'b', True, [1, 2, 3]]
>>> list_1.append('c')
[1, 2, 3, 'a', 'b', 'c']
>>> list_2.remove('True')
[[1, 2, 3]]
>>> len(list_1)
>>> numbers.sort()
[1, 2, 3, 4]
>>> list_2.insert(1, False)
[True, False, [1, 2, 3]]
>>> numbers.pop()
[4, 2, 1]
```

```
>>> tuple = ("john", "mark", 1, 2)
>>> tuple[0]
'iohn'
>>> tuple[1:3]
                                      Tuples
        ('mark', 1)
>> len(tuple)
```

```
>>> set_1 = {1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3}
{1, 2, 3}
>>> set_2 = set([3, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 6])
{3, 4, 5, 6}
```

Set Methods

>>> set 1.difference(set 2)

{1, 2} >>> set_2.difference(set_1) {4, 5, 6} >>> set_1.symmetric_difference(set_2) {1, 2, 4, 5, 6}

>>> set_1.intersection(set_2) >>> set_1.union(set_2) {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}

Dictionaries

>>> set_1.isdisjoint(set_2) Fal.se

>>> set_1.issubset(set_2) False >>> set_1.issuperset(set_2) False

Set

Comprehensions

List Comprehensions

list = [expression for item in iterable if condition] >>> squares = [x**2 for x in range(1, 11)] >>> print(squares) [1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100] >>> evens = [f"{x}: even" for x in range(1,10) if x % 2 == 0] >>> print(evens) ['2: even', '4: even', '6: even', '8: even'] >>> even_odd = [f"{x}: even" if x%2 == 0 else f"{x}: odd" for x in range(1,5)] >>> print(even_odd) ['1: odd', '2: even', '3: odd', '4: even']

Dictionary Comprehensions

```
dict = {key_exp: value_exp for item in iterable if condition}
 >>> dictionary = {'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3, 'd': 4}
>>> {k: v ** 2 for (k, v) in dictionary.items()} {'a': 1, 'b': 4, 'c': 9, 'd': 16}
>>> {k.upper(): v for (k, v) in dictionary.items()}
{'A': 1, 'B': 2, 'C': 3, 'D': 4}
>>> {k.upper(): v*2 for (k, v) in dictionary.items()} {'A': 2, 'B': 4, 'C': 6, 'D': 8}
```

Loops

For Loop

```
>>> students = ["John", "Mark", "Venessa"]
>>> for student in students:
... print(student)
>>> for index, student in enumerate(students):
... print(index, student)
0 John
1 Mark
2 Venessa
While Loop
# Syntax
while <condition>:
 <code to execute while the condition is true>
>>> i = 1
>>> while i < 5
```

print(i) if i==3: . . . break i+=1 1 >>> while i < 5: . . . i+=1 if i==3: . . . print(i)

Conditions

```
>>> number = 3.14
>>> if number > 0:
... print(f"{number} is positive.")
... elif number < 0:
          print(f"{number} is negative.")
... else:
          print(f"{number} is zero!")
... print(f"{| 3.14 is positive.
```

Functions

COLLECTIONS

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COLLECTIONS

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```
# Function_1
>>> def say_hi(name):
       print(f'Merhaba {name}')
# Calling function
>>> say_hi('Miuul')
Merhaba Miuul
# Function 2
>>> def summer(num_1, num_2):
       Sum of two numbers
. . .
           num_1: int, float
. . .
           num_22: int, float
. . .
        Returns:
       int, float
. . .
       Return num_1 + num_2
. . .
# Calling function
>>> summer(3, 4)
# Function_3
>>> def find_volume(length=1, width=1, depth=1):
       print(f'Length = {length}')
        print(f'Width = {width}')
        print(f'Depth = {depth}')
        volume = length * width * depth
# Calling function
>>> find_volume(1, 2, 3)
Length = 1
Width = 2
Depth = 3
>>> find_volume(2, depth=3, width=4)
Length = 2
Width = 4
Depth = 3
24
       return volume
. . .
Local & Global Variables
>>> list_store = [1, 2] # Global variable
>>> def add_element(a, b):
... list_store.append(c)
... print(list_store)
>>> add element(1, 9)
[1, 2, 9]
Built-in Functions
>>> summer = lambda a, b: a + b
>>> summer(3, 5)
>>> salaries = [1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000]
>>> list(map(lambda x: x * 20 / 100 + x, salaries))
[1200.0, 2400.0, 3600.0, 4800.0, 6000.0]
>>> numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
>>> list(filter(lambda x: x % 2 == 0, numbers))
[2, 4, 6, 8, 10]
>>> numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
>>> reduce(lambda a, b: a + b, numbers)
>>> students = ["John", "Mark", "Venessa"]
>>> departments = ["mathematics", "statistics", "physics"]
>>> list(zip(students, departments))
[('John', 'mathematics'), ('Mark', 'statistics'), ('Venessa', 'physics')]
```