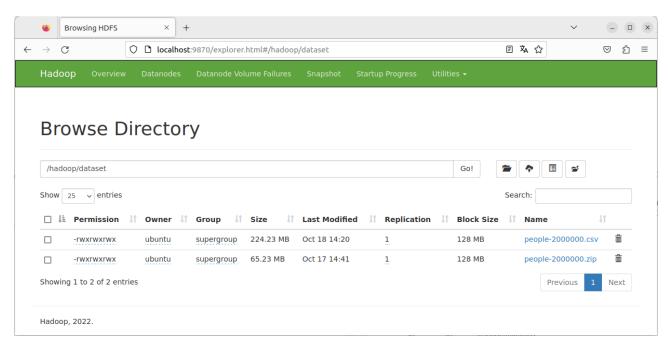
start-dfs.sh start-yarn.sh mapred --daemon start historyserver

2.1 Carga de Dataset

1) # Crea una carpeta en HDFS en la ruta /hadoop/dataset.

\$ hdfs dfs -mkdir -p /hadoop/dataset

- **2)** # Descarga el fichero people-2000000.zip desde la plataforma virtual y cópialo en la ruta que acabas de crear.
- \$ hdfs dfs -copyFromLocal /home/ubuntu/Descargas/people-2000000.zip /hadoop/dataset \$ hdfs dfs -copyFromLocal /home/ubuntu/Descargas/people-2000000.csv /hadoop/dataset



a) # Lista el contenido de la carpeta, incluyendo el tamaño del achivo.

\$ hdfs dfs -du -h /hadoop/dataset

224.2 M 224.2 M /hadoop/dataset/people-2000000.csv 65.2 M 65.2 M /hadoop/dataset/people-2000000.zip

\$ hdfs dfs -du -h /hadoop

0	0	/hadoop/dataout
289.5 M	289.5 M	/hadoop/dataset
50	50	/hadoop/ejemplo1

\$ hdfs dfs -ls /hadoop/dataset

Found 2 items

-rwxrwxrwx 1 ubuntu supergroup 235121126 2023-10-18 14:20 /hadoop/dataset/people-

2000000.csv

-rwxrwxrwx 1 ubuntu supergroup 68400003 2023-10-17 14:41 /hadoop/dataset/people-

2000000.zip

\$ hdfs dfs -ls /hadoop

Found 3 items

drwxr-xr-x - ubuntu supergroup 0 2023-10-18 14:39 /hadoop/dataout drwxr-xr-x - ubuntu supergroup 0 2023-10-18 14:20 /hadoop/dataset 0 2023-10-15 15:44 /hadoop/ejemplo1

b) #Muestra las primeras líneas del fichero, leyendo directamente de HDFS (sin copiar al sistema de ficheros local) en línea de comandos.

\$ hadoop fs -cat /hadoop/dataset/people-2000000.csv | head

Index, User Id, First Name, Last Name, Sex, Email, Phone, Date of birth, Job Title

1,4defE49671cF860,Sydney,Shannon,Male,tvang@example.net,574-440-1423x9799,2020-07-09,Technical brewer

2,F89B87bCf8f210b,Regina,Lin,Male,helen14@example.net,001-273-664-2268x90121,1909-06-20,"Teacher, adult education"

3,Cad6052BDd5DEaf,Pamela,Blake,Female,brent05@example.org,927-880-5785x85266,1964-08-19,Armed forces operational officer

8340x608,2009-02-19,Ship broker

5,60AAc4DcaBcE3b6,Ian,Campos,Female,brownevelyn@example.net,166-126-4390,1997-10-02,Media planner

6,7ACb92d81A42fdf,Valerie,Patel,Male,muellerjoel@example.net,001-379-612-1298x853,2021-04-07,"Engineer, materials"

7,A00bacC18101d37,Dan,Castillo,Female,billmoody@example.net,(448)494-0852x63243,1975-04-09,Historic buildings inspector/conservation officer

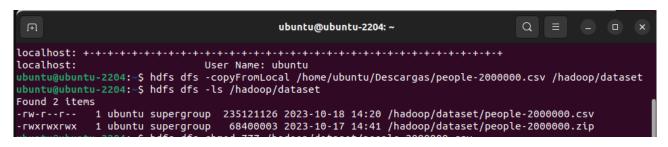
8,B012698Cf31cfec,Clinton,Cochran,Male,glenn94@example.org,4425100065,1966-07-19,"Engineer, mining"

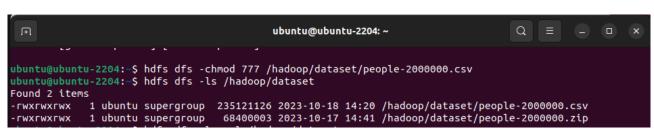
9,a5bd11BD7dA1a4B,Gabriella,Richard,Female,blane@example.org,352.362.4148x8344,2021-09-02,Wellsite geologist

cat: Unable to write to output stream.

4) \$ hdfs dfs -mkdir -p /hadoop/dataout

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:-$ hdfs dfs -nkdtr -p /hadoop/dataset
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:-$ hdfs dfs -nkdtr -p /hadoop/dataset
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:-$ ch hadoop
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:-$ ch hadoop
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:-$ ch hadoop
Uccnses-binary lags NOTICE.txt sbin
rec lib ITCENSE-binary Licenses-binary README.txt share
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:-/hadooi$ hdfs dfs -ls /hadoop
forum 2 litens
drwar x-r x - ubuntu supergroup
0 2023-10-17 14:36 /hadoop/dataset
drwar x-r x - ubuntu supergroup
0 2023-10-15 15:44 /hadoop/ejemplo1
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:-/hadooi$ hdfs dfs -ls /hadoop/dataset
forwar x-r x - ubuntu supergroup
0 2023-10-15 15:44 /hadoop/ejemplo1
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:-/hadooi$ hdfs dfs -ls /hadoop/dataset
forum 1 litens
Forum 1 l
```





```
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~
                                                                                                  Q
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:~$ hdfs dfs -du -h /hadoop/dataset
224.2 M 224.2 M /hadoop/dataset/people-2000000.csv
65.2 M 65.2 M /hadoop/dataset/people-2000000.zip
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:~$ hadoop fs -cat /hadoop/dataset/people-2000000.csv | head
Index,User Id,First Name,Last Name,Sex,Email,Phone,Date of birth,Job Title
1,4defE49671cF860,Sydney,Shannon,Male,tvang@example.net,574-440-1423x9799,2020-07-09,Technical brewer
2,F89B87bCf8f210b,Regina,Lin,Male,helen14@example.net,001-273-664-2268x90121,1909-06-20,"Teacher, adult
education"
3,Cad6052BDd5DEaf,Pamela,Blake,Female,brent05@example.org,927-880-5785x85266,1964-08-19,Armed forces ope
rational officer
4,e83E46f80f629CD,Dave,Hoffman,Female,munozcraig@example.org,001-147-429-8340x608,2009-02-19,Ship broker
5,60AAc4DcaBcE3b6,Ian,Campos,Fémale,brownevelyn@example.net,166-126-4390,1997-10-02,Media planner
6,7ACb92d81A42fdf,Valerie,Patel,Male,muellerjoel@example.net,001-379-612-1298x853,2021-04-07,"Engineer,
materials"
7,A00bacC18101d37,Dan,Castillo,Female,billmoody@example.net,(448)494-0852x63243,1975-04-09,Historic buil
dings inspector/conservation officer
8,B012698Cf31cfec,Clinton,Cochran,Male,glenn94@example.org,4425100065,1966-07-19,"Engineer, mining"
9,a5bd11BD7dA1a4B,Gabriella,Richard,Female,blane@example.org,352.362.4148x8344,2021-09-02,Wellsite geolo
gist
cat: Unable to write to output stream.
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:~$ hdfs dfs -mkdir -p /hadoop/dataout
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:~$ hdfs dfs -du -h /hadoop
          0
                    /hadoop/dataout
                   /hadoop/dataset
289.5 M
          289.5 M
          50
                    /hadoop/ejemplo1
50
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:~$ hdfs dfs -ls /hadoop
Found 3 items
                                                 0 2023-10-18 14:39 /hadoop/dataout
0 2023-10-18 14:20 /hadoop/dataset
0 2023-10-15 15:44 /hadoop/ejemplo1
drwxr-xr-x
             - ubuntu supergroup
drwxr-xr-x
              - ubuntu supergroup
drwxr-xr-x - ubuntu supergroup
```

2.2 Consultas

Rellena la siguiente tabla con los datos solicitados:

\$ cat /proc/cpuinfo

```
The foll View South Termoid Jeep South Termoid Jeep
```

\$ lscpu

```
merve@onur-ideacenter: ~/Desktop
 File Edit View Search Terminal Help
merve@onur-ideacenter:~/Desktop$ lscpu
Architecture:
                          x86 64
                           32-bit, 64-bit
 CPU op-mode(s):
 Address sizes:
                           39 bits physical, 48 bits virtual
 Byte Order:
                           Little Endian
CPU(s):
                          12
                         0-11
 On-line CPU(s) list:
Vendor ID:
                           GenuineIntel
 Model name:
                           12th Gen Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-12400F
    CPU family:
                           151
    Model:
    Thread(s) per core:
    Core(s) per socket:
    Socket(s):
    Stepping:
    CPU max MHz:
                           4400,0000
    CPU min MHz:
                           800,0000
    BogoMIPS:
                           4992.00
    Flags:
                           fpu vme de pse tsc msr pae mce cx8 apic sep mtrr pge mc
                           a cmov pat pse36 clflush dts acpi mmx fxsr sse sse2 ss
                           ht tm pbe syscall nx pdpe1gb rdtscp lm constant_tsc art
                           arch_perfmon pebs bts rep_good nopl xtopology nonstop_tsc cpuid aperfmperf tsc_known_freq pni pclmulqdq dtes6
                           4 monitor ds cpl vmx est tm2 ssse3 sdbg fma cx16 xtpr p
                           dcm sse4 1 sse4 2 x2apic movbe popcnt tsc deadline time
                           r aes xsave avx f16c rdrand lahf lm abm 3dnowprefetch c
puid_fault epb cat_l2 cdp_l2 ssbd ibrs ibpb stibp ibrs_
                           enhanced tpr_shadow vnmi flexpriority ept vpid ept_ad f
                           sgsbase tsc adjust bmil avx2 smep bmi2 erms invpcid rdt
                            _a rdseed adx smap clflushopt clwb intel_pt sha_ni xsav
                           eopt xsavec xgetbv1 xsaves split_lock_detect avx_vnni d
```

En Máquina Virtual

\$ free -g -h -t

```
merve@onur-ideacenter: ~/Desktop
 File Edit View Search Terminal Help
merve@onur-ideacenter:~/Desktop$ free -g -h -t
                                         free
               total
                             used
                                                    shared buff/cache
                                                                          available
Mem:
                15Gi
                             11Gi
                                         382Mi
                                                     280Mi
                                                                  3,5Gi
                                                                               3,2Gi
               2,0Gi
Swap:
                            154Mi
                                         1,8Gi
                                         2,2Gi
                 17Gi
Total:
                             11Gi
merve@onur-ideacenter:~/Desktop$
```

Memoria asignada a Máquina Virtual

\$ free -g -h -t

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~
 Ħ
                                                                                      ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:~$ free -g -h -t
               total
                            used
                                         free
                                                    shared
                                                            buff/cache
                                                                          available
               7,1Gi
                            4,5Gi
Memoria:
                                         1,3Gi
                                                      81Mi
                                                                  1,4Gi
                                                                              2,3Gi
               975Mi
                            458Mi
                                        517Mi
Swap:
               8,1Gi
Total:
                            4,9Gi
                                         1,8Gi
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204:~$
```

CPU	Memoria PC	Memoria asignada a Máquina Virtual
12th Gen Intel i5	16 GB	7

Rellena esta tabla con el tiempo (segundos) que tarda en realizarse cada consulta.

Consultas	Pig Local	Pig MapReduce	Hive
C1	35 s	1 min 42 s	26 s
C2	10 s	1 min 21 s	36 s
C3	11 s	1 min 1 s	36 s
C4	11 s	1 min 18s	35 s

Analiza los resultados obtenidos e intenta justificar porqué se obtienen esos resultados. ¿Cuál es más rápido Pig o Hive? ¿Por qué?

Según mis resultados, Pig en modo MapReduce es el más lento y Pig en modo local es el más rápido, mientras que Hive funciona ligeramente más lento que Pig en modo local.

2.2.1. Pig

grunt> people = LOAD '/home/ubuntu/Descargas/people-2000000.csv' USING org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',', 'YES_MULTILINE', 'NOCHANGE', 'SKIP_INPUT_HEADER') AS (indice:int, id:chararray, nombre:chararray, apellidos:chararray, sexo:chararray, correo:chararray, telefono:chararray, fecha_de_nacimiento:datetime, cargo:chararray);

grunt> DUMP people;

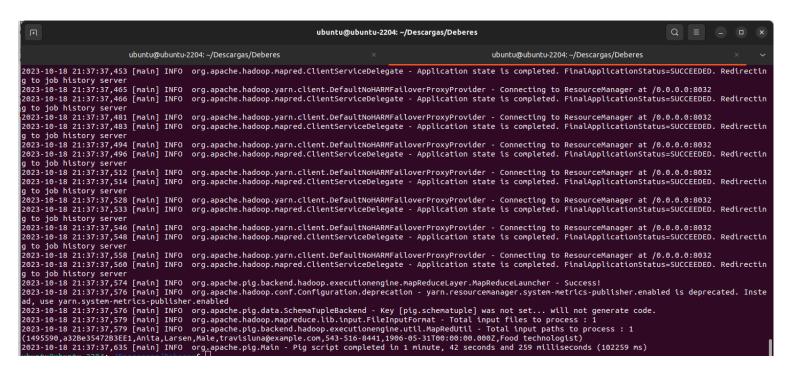


En C1_mapreduce.pig script (\$ pig C1_mapreduce.pig):

people = LOAD '/people-2000000.csv' USING
org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',', 'YES_MULTILINE', 'NOCHANGE',
'SKIP_INPUT_HEADER') AS (indice:int, id:chararray, nombre:chararray, apellidos:chararray,
sexo:chararray, correo:chararray, telefono:chararray, fecha_de_nacimiento:datetime,
cargo:chararray);

-- DUMP people;

oldest_person = ORDER people BY fecha_de_nacimiento ASC; oldest_person = LIMIT oldest_person 1; DUMP oldest_person;



En C1_pig.pig script (\$ pig -x local C1_pig.pig):

people = LOAD '/home/ubuntu/Descargas/people-2000000.csv' USING org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',', 'YES_MULTILINE', 'NOCHANGE', 'SKIP_INPUT_HEADER') AS (indice:int, id:chararray, nombre:chararray, apellidos:chararray, sexo:chararray, correo:chararray, telefono:chararray, fecha_de_nacimiento:datetime, cargo:chararray);

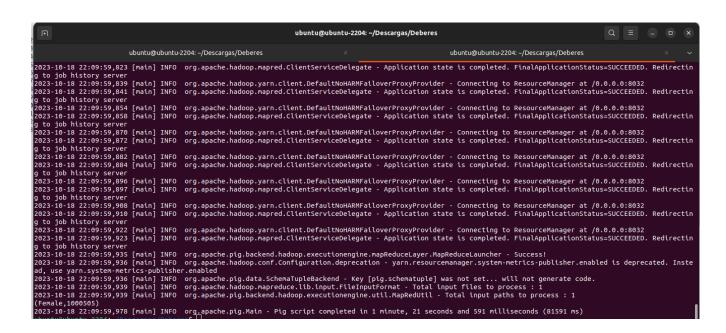
-- DUMP people;

oldest_person = ORDER people BY fecha_de_nacimiento ASC; oldest_person = LIMIT oldest_person 1; DUMP oldest_person;

En C2_mapreduce.pig script (\$ pig C2_mapreduce.pig):

people = LOAD '/people-2000000.csv' USING
org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',', 'YES_MULTILINE', 'NOCHANGE',
'SKIP_INPUT_HEADER') AS (indice:int, id:chararray, nombre:chararray, apellidos:chararray,
sexo:chararray, correo:chararray, telefono:chararray, fecha_de_nacimiento:datetime,
cargo:chararray);

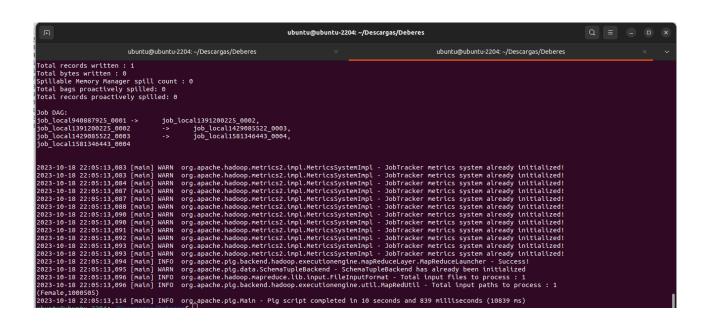
- -- Count Each Gender gender_el = GROUP people BY sexo; gender_count = FOREACH gender_el GENERATE group AS sexo, COUNT(people) AS count;
- -- DUMP gender_count;
- -- Count Men & Women
 sorted_data = ORDER gender_count BY count DESC;
 max_gender = LIMIT sorted_data 1;
 DUMP max_gender;



En C2_pig.pig script (\$ pig -x local C2_pig.pig):

people = LOAD '/home/ubuntu/Descargas/people-2000000.csv' USING org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',', 'YES_MULTILINE', 'NOCHANGE', 'SKIP_INPUT_HEADER') AS (indice:int, id:chararray, nombre:chararray, apellidos:chararray, sexo:chararray, correo:chararray, telefono:chararray, fecha_de_nacimiento:datetime, cargo:chararray);

- -- Count Each Gender gender_el = GROUP people BY sexo; gender_count = FOREACH gender_el GENERATE group AS sexo, COUNT(people) AS count;
- -- DUMP gender_count;
- -- Count Men & Women
 sorted_data = ORDER gender_count BY count DESC;
 max_gender = LIMIT sorted_data 1;
 DUMP max_gender;



En C3_pig.pig script (\$ pig -x local C3_pig.pig):

people = LOAD '/home/ubuntu/Descargas/people-2000000.csv' USING org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',', 'YES_MULTILINE', 'NOCHANGE', 'SKIP_INPUT_HEADER') AS (indice:int, id:chararray, nombre:chararray, apellidos:chararray, sexo:chararray, correo:chararray, telefono:chararray, fecha_de_nacimiento:datetime, cargo:chararray);

- -- Count Each Job job = GROUP people BY cargo; job_count = FOREACH job GENERATE group AS cargo, COUNT(people) AS count;
- -- DUMP job_count;
- -- Sort Job
 sorted_data = ORDER job_count BY count DESC;

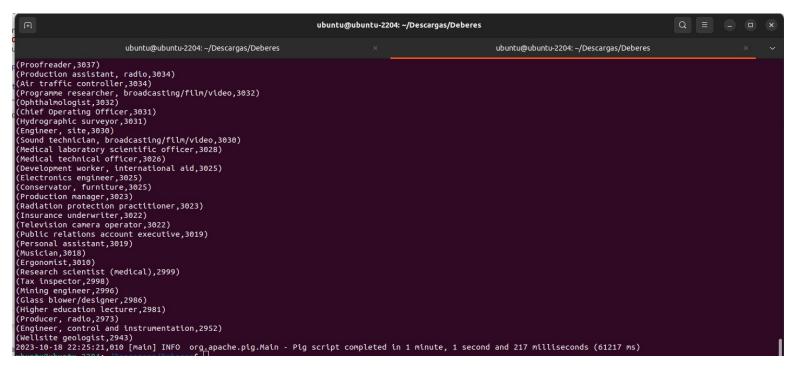
DUMP sorted_data;

En C3_mapreduce.pig script (\$ pig C3_mapreduce.pig):

people = LOAD '/people-2000000.csv' USING org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',', 'YES_MULTILINE', 'NOCHANGE', 'SKIP_INPUT_HEADER') AS (indice:int, id:chararray, nombre:chararray, apellidos:chararray, sexo:chararray, correo:chararray, telefono:chararray, fecha_de_nacimiento:datetime, cargo:chararray);

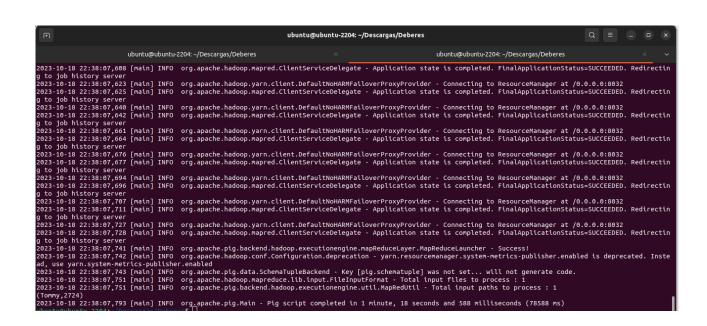
- -- Count Each Job job = GROUP people BY cargo; job_count = FOREACH job GENERATE group AS cargo, COUNT(people) AS count;
- -- DUMP job_count;
- -- Sort Job
 sorted_data = ORDER job_count BY count DESC;

DUMP sorted_data;



En C4_mapreduce.pig script (\$ pig C4_mapreduce.pig):

- -- Indica el nombre menos repetido
 people = LOAD '/people-2000000.csv' USING
 org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',', 'YES_MULTILINE', 'NOCHANGE',
 'SKIP_INPUT_HEADER') AS (indice:int, id:chararray, nombre:chararray, apellidos:chararray,
 sexo:chararray, correo:chararray, telefono:chararray, fecha_de_nacimiento:datetime,
 cargo:chararray);
- -- Count Nombres nombre = GROUP people BY nombre; nombre_count = FOREACH nombre GENERATE group AS nombre, COUNT(people) AS count;
- -- DUMP nombre_count;
- -- Sort Nombres
 sorted_data = ORDER nombre_count BY count ASC;
 min_nombre = LIMIT sorted_data 1;
 DUMP min_nombre;

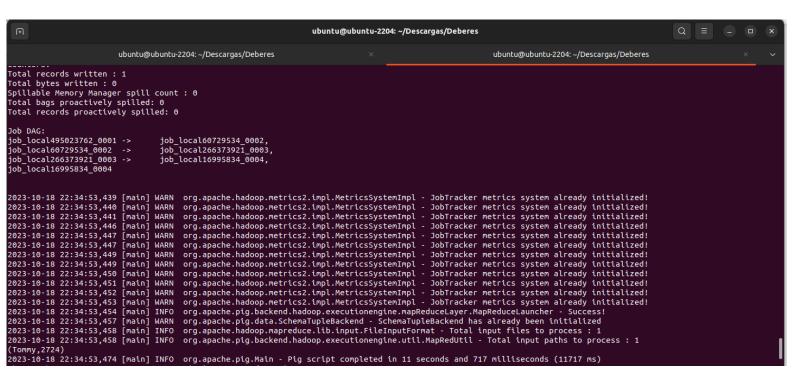


En C4_pig.pig script (\$ pig -x local C4_pig.pig):

-- Indica el nombre menos repetido

people = LOAD '/home/ubuntu/Descargas/people-2000000.csv' USING
org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',', 'YES_MULTILINE', 'NOCHANGE',
'SKIP_INPUT_HEADER') AS (indice:int, id:chararray, nombre:chararray, apellidos:chararray,
sexo:chararray, correo:chararray, telefono:chararray, fecha_de_nacimiento:datetime,
cargo:chararray);

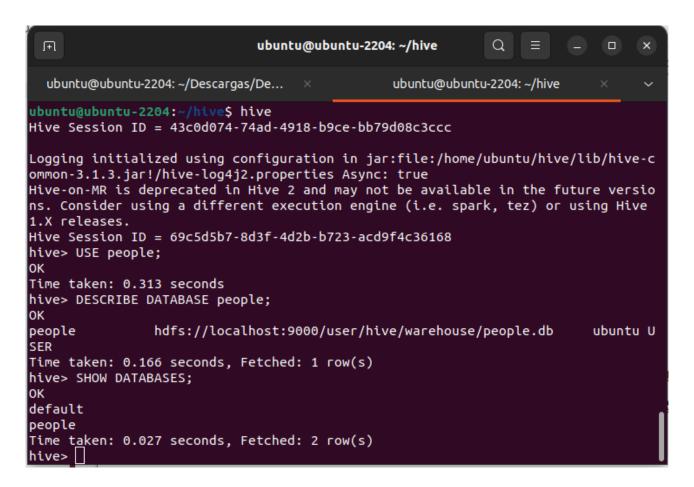
- -- Count Nombres nombre = GROUP people BY nombre; nombre_count = FOREACH nombre GENERATE group AS nombre, COUNT(people) AS count;
- -- DUMP nombre_count;
- -- Sort Nombres
 sorted_data = ORDER nombre_count BY count ASC;
 min_nombre = LIMIT sorted_data 1;
 DUMP min_nombre;



2.2.2. Hive

1) a) Crea una base de datos que se llame people y actívala.

CREATE DATABASE people; USE people; DESCRIBE DATABASE people; SHOW DATABASES;

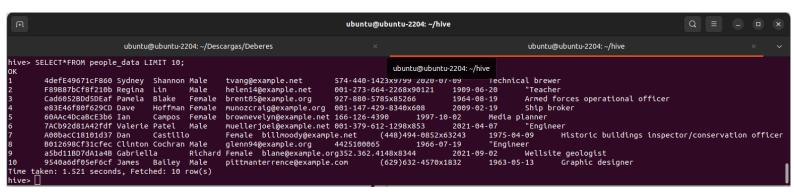


b) Crea una tabla para alojar los datos del dataset. Debes tener en cuenta el formato del fichero y los campos que tiene.

CREATE TABLE people_data (indice int, id string, nombre string, apellidos string, sexo string, correo string, telefono string, fecha_de_nacimiento date, cargo string) ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' STORED AS TEXTFILE TBLPROPERTIES ("skip.header.line.count"="1");

c) Carga el fichero en la tabla y haz una primera selección de todos los campos con un máximo de 10 registros.

LOAD DATA INPATH '/people-2000000.csv' OVERWRITE INTO TABLE people_data; SELECT*FROM people_data; SELECT*FROM people_data LIMIT 10;



En C1 hive

SELECT*FROM people data ORDER BY fecha de nacimiento ASC LIMIT 1;

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~/hive
                                                           Q
  Ŧ
                                                                          ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~/Descargas/De... ×
                                              ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~/hive
hive> SELECT*FROM people_data ORDER BY fecha_de_nacimiento ASC LIMIT 1;
Query ID = ubuntu_20231019153002_32cdfef2-ab8e-418e-a009-8a75b2675e4c
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Number of reduce tasks determined at compile time: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
  set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
 set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
  set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1697720995088_0001, Tracking URL = http://ubuntu-2204.linuxvm
images.local:8088/proxy/application_1697720995088_0001/
Kill Command = /home/ubuntu/hadoop/bin/mapred job -kill job_1697720995088_0001
Hadoop job information for Stage-1: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2023-10-19 15:30:11,418 Stage-1 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2023-10-19 15:30:23,705 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 5.53 se
2023-10-19 15:30:27,808 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 6.83
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 6 seconds 830 msec
Ended Job = job_1697720995088_0001
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 6.83 sec HDFS Read: 2351391
06 HDFS Write: 201 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 6 seconds 830 msec
        d85b0B7AEdD7155 Kristie Mcintosh
                                                Female wolfperry@example.net
040.404.29001906-05-31
                             "Engineer
Time taken: 26.328 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

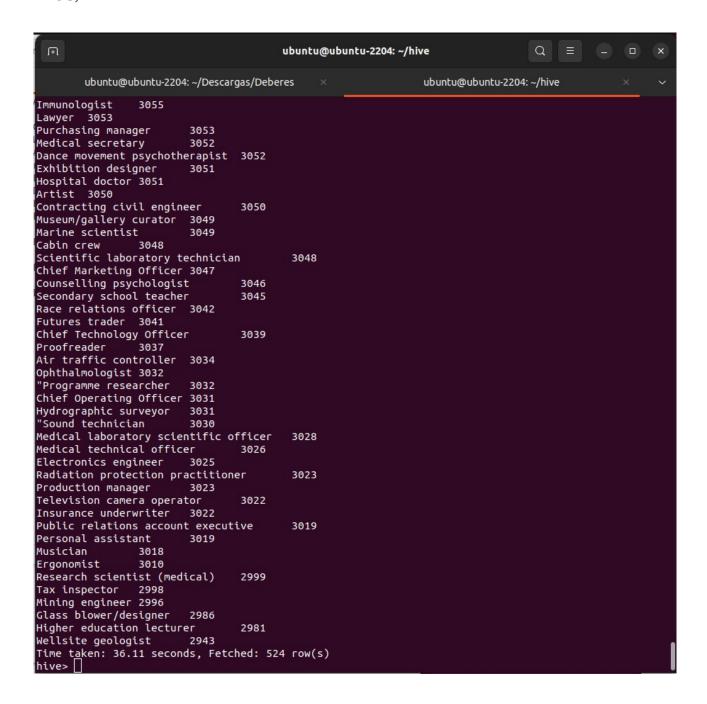
En C2 hive

SELECT sexo, COUNT (*) AS total FROM people_data GROUP BY sexo ORDER BY total DESC LIMIT 1:

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~/hive
               ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~/Descargas/Deberes
                                                                                                       ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~/hive
hive> SELECT sexo,COUNT (*) AS total FROM people_data GROUP BY sexo ORDER BY total DESC LIMIT 1;
Query ID = ubuntu_20231019155239_52279ea1-01cc-4080-9f35-b4b6e7813f43
 Total jobs = 2
Launching Job 1 out of 2
Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
   set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1697720995088_0004, Tracking URL = http://ubuntu-2204.linuxvmimages.local:8088/proxy/app
lication_1697720995088_0004/
Lication_1697720995088_0004/
Kill Command = /home/ubuntu/hadoop/bin/mapred job -kill job_1697720995088_0004
Hadoop job information for Stage-1: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2023-10-19 15:52:44,878 Stage-1 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2023-10-19 15:52:52,027 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 2.94 sec
2023-10-19 15:52:56,110 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 4.07 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 4 seconds 70 msec
Ended Job = job_1697720995088_0004
Launching Job 2 out of 2
Number of reduce tasks determined at compile time: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
  set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
  set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
    set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1697720995088_0005, Tracking URL = http://ubuntu-2204.linuxvmimages.local:8088/proxy/app
lication_1697720995088_0005/
Kill Command = /home/ubuntu/hadoop/bin/mapred job -kill job_1697720995088_0005
Hadoop job information for Stage-2: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2023-10-19 15:53:06,855 Stage-2 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2023-10-19 15:53:10,959 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 0.95 sec
2023-10-19 15:53:15,048 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 2.17 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 2 seconds 170 msec
Ended Job = job_1697720995088_0005
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1 Reduce: 1
                                                                                                HDFS Read: 235138905 HDFS Write: 150 SUCCESS
                                                     Cumulative CPU: 4.07 sec
                                                    Cumulative CPU: 2.17 sec
                                                                                                HDFS Read: 7740 HDFS Write: 114 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 6 seconds 240 msec
Female 1000505
 Time taken: 36.269 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

En C3 hive

SELECT cargo, COUNT (*) AS total FROM people_data GROUP BY cargo ORDER BY total DESC;



En C4 hive

-- Indica el nombre menos repetido

SELECT nombre, COUNT (*) AS total FROM people_data GROUP BY nombre ORDER BY total ASC LIMIT 1;

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~/hive
                                                                                          Q
         ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~/Descargas/Deberes
                                                                      ubuntu@ubuntu-2204: ~/hive
Total jobs = 2
Launching Job 1 out of 2
Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
 set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
 set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
 set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1697720995088_0008, Tracking URL = http://ubuntu-2204.linuxvmimages.local:8088/p
roxy/application_1697720995088_0008/
Kill Command = /home/ubuntu/hadoop/bin/mapred job -kill job_1697720995088_0008
Hadoop job information for Stage-1: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2023-10-19 16:04:02,624 Stage-1 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2023-10-19 16:04:06,709 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 2.58 sec
2023-10-19 16:04:11,841 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 3.91 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 3 seconds 910 msec
Ended Job = job_1697720995088_0008
Launching Job 2 out of 2
Number of reduce tasks determined at compile time: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
  set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
 set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1697720995088_0009, Tracking URL = http://ubuntu-2204.linuxvmimages.local:8088/p
roxy/application_1697720995088_0009/
Kill Command = /home/ubuntu/hadoop/bin/mapred job -kill job_1697720995088_0009
Hadoop job information for Stage-2: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2023-10-19 16:04:22,584 Stage-2 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2023-10-19 16:04:26,681 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 0.91 sec
2023-10-19 16:04:30,771 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 1
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 2 seconds 250 msec
                                                   reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 2.25 sec
Ended Job = job_1697720995088_0009
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 3.91 sec HDFS Read: 235138907 HDFS Write: 1861
5 SUCCESS
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.25 sec HDFS Read: 26211 HDFS Write: 110 SUCC
ESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 6 seconds 160 msec
OK
         2724
Tommy
Time taken: 35.128 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```