

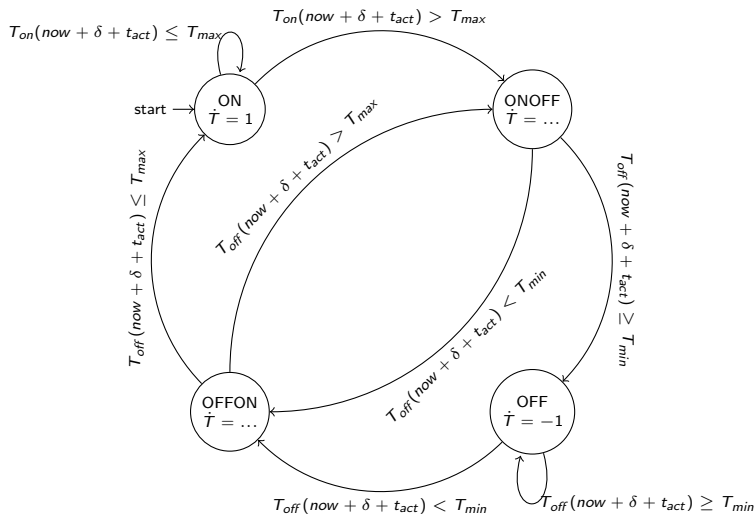
# Dependable Hybrid Systems Design: Coping With Errors

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LORIA

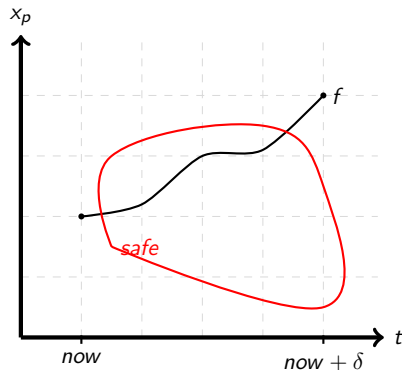
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# Simulation



# Assumptions

- ▶ Control logic/Simulation based on unique analytic solutions



# Determine Uniqueness

Given initial value problem:

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = f(t, x) \\ x(t_0) = x_0 \end{cases}$$

## Lipschitz-continuous

$f$  is Lipschitz-continuous on set  $D$  if there is constant  $K$  such that:

$$|f(t, u) - f(t, v)| \leq K|u - v| \text{ for all } (t, u), (t, v) \in D \quad (1)$$

## Cauchy-Lipschitz theorem

if  $f$  is Lipschitz-continuous on  $D$ , then initial value problem of  $f$  with  $(t_0, x_0) \in D$  has a unique solution

## Determine Uniqueness: Example

Ex: Let  $D=\mathbb{R}^2$ , and let  $f(t, x) = t^2 + 2x$ , for each  $(t, u)$  and  $(t, v)$  in  $D$ , consider:

$$\begin{aligned}|f(t, u) - f(t, v)| &= |(t^2 + 2u) - (t^2 + 2v)| \\ &= 2|u - v|\end{aligned}$$

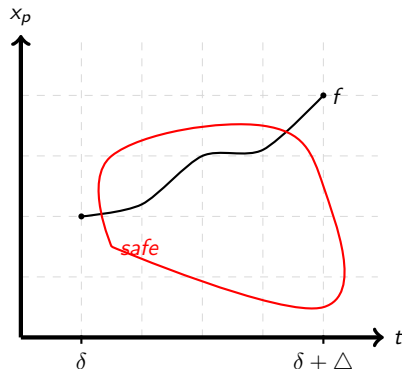
So,  $f$  is Lipschitz-continuous on  $D=\mathbb{R}^2$  with  $K=2$ .

## Determine Analytic Solution

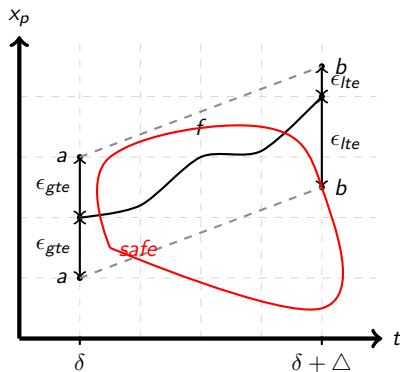
**TRY HARD**

# Assumptions

- ▶ Control logic/Simulation based on unique analytic solutions
- ▶ Abort if:
  - ▶ non-unique
  - ▶ **non-analytic?**



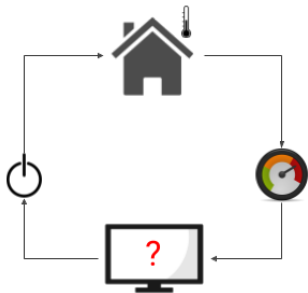
# Control Logic Design based on Forward-Euler Method and Truncation Errors





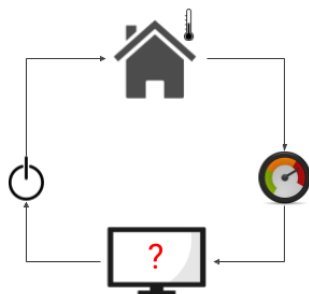
# New Heating System

- ▶ 2 modes: ON/OFF
- ▶ Simple dynamics:  $\dot{T} = 1/-1$
- ▶ **monotonic  $T_{on}$  and  $T_{off}$  (no analytic solutions)**
- ▶ Sample at  $\delta$  s
- ▶ Switch mode costs  $t_{act}$  s ( $t_{act} < \delta$ )
- ▶ Safety:  $T_{min} \leq T \leq T_{max}$

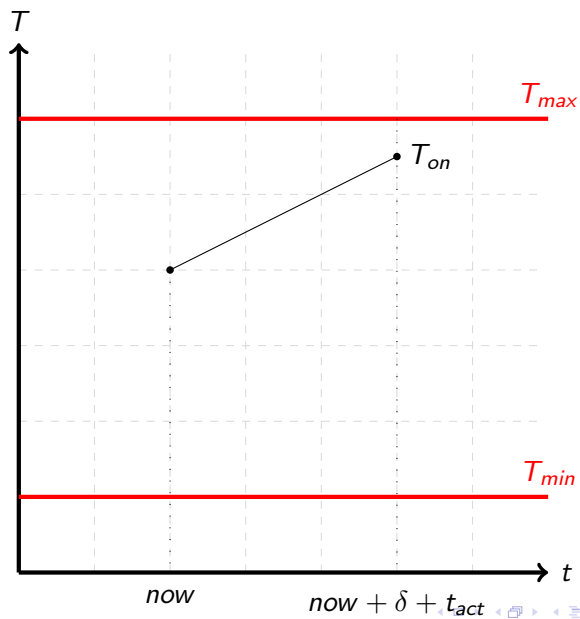


# New Heating System

- ▶  $|T_{on}(\delta) - Te_{on}(\delta)| \leq \epsilon_{gteon}$
- ▶  $|T_{off}(\delta) - Te_{off}(\delta)| \leq \epsilon_{gteoff}$
- ▶  $|T_{on}(\delta + \Delta) - Te_{on}(\delta + \Delta)| \leq \epsilon_{lteon}$
- ▶  $|T_{off}(\delta + \Delta) - Te_{off}(\delta + \Delta)| \leq \epsilon_{lteoff}$
- ▶  $Min \leq \dot{T}_{on}(\delta, T_{on}(\delta)) \leq Max$
- ▶  $Min \leq \dot{T}_{off}(\delta, T_{off}(\delta)) \leq Max$



## Case 1: ON mode safe



## Case 1: ON mode safe

$$\begin{aligned}T_{on}(now + \Delta) &\leq Te_{on}(now + \Delta) + \epsilon_{lte} && (\text{prop}_{lte}) \\&= T_{on}(now) + \dot{T}_{on}(now, T_{on}(now)) \cdot \Delta + \epsilon_{lte} && (Euler) \\&\leq T_{on}(now) + Max \cdot \Delta + \epsilon_{lte} && (\text{prop}_{\dot{f}_c}) \\&\leq Te_{on}(now) + \epsilon_{gteon} + Max \cdot \Delta + \epsilon_{lte} && (\text{prop}_{gte}) \\&\leq T_{max} && (\text{predict})\end{aligned}$$

## Case 2: ON mode unsafe

$$\begin{aligned} T_{on}(now + \triangle) = \dots \\ > T_{max} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{predict})$$