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— Module inmalgtd1ex5 -
EXTENDS Integers, TLC
CONSTANTS mini, maxi, und, bund constants for undefinedness, bounds of domain
 requires
CONSTANTS x x is the input
Assume x \in Nat
VARIABLES y, z, pc
Init \stackrel{\triangle}{=} y = und \land z = bund \land pc = "start"
L1 \stackrel{\Delta}{=} pc = \text{"start"} \land y' = 2 \land pc' = \text{"loop"} \land \text{UNCHANGED} \langle z \rangle
L2 \stackrel{\triangle}{=} pc = \text{``loop''} \land y \ge x \land z' = \text{TRUE} \land pc' = \text{``halt''} \land \text{UNCHANGED} \langle y \rangle
L3 \triangleq pc = \text{``loop''} \land y < x \land x\%y = 0 \land z' = \text{false} \land pc' = \text{``halt''} \land \text{Unchanged } \langle y \rangle L4 \triangleq pc = \text{``loop''} \land y < x \land x\%y \neq 0 \land y' = y + 1 \land \text{Unchanged } \langle pc, z \rangle
skip \stackrel{\triangle}{=} UNCHANGED \langle pc, z, y \rangle
Next \triangleq L1 \lor L2 \lor L3 \lor L4 \lor skip
 auxiliary definitions
prime(u) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \forall v \in 2 \dots u-1 : u\%v \neq 0 define that x is a prime number
Dint \stackrel{\triangle}{=} mini \dots maxi domain for integer variables
Dbool \triangleq \{\text{FALSE, TRUE}\}
DDint(v) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} v \neq und \Rightarrow v \in Dint
DDbool(v) \triangleq v \neq bund \Rightarrow v \in Dbool
Q1 \stackrel{\triangle}{=} pc = "halt" \Rightarrow z = prime(x) is the algorithm partially correct?
SafePC \stackrel{\Delta}{=} pc = \text{``halt''} \Rightarrow z = prime(x) \text{ the algorithm is partially correct}
Q2 \stackrel{\triangle}{=} pc \neq "halt"
Q3 \stackrel{\triangle}{=} DDint(y) \wedge DDbool(z) is the algorithm runtime errors free?
SafeRTE \stackrel{\Delta}{=} DDint(y) \wedge DDbool(z) the algorithm is runtime errors free.
Safe \triangleq SafePC \land SafeRTE
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