Tutorial Modelling Software-based Systems

...

Tutorial 4 : Checking annotated algorithms using Event-B

Dominique Méry

25 octobre 2025

Exercice 1 *contract-annotations*

For each case, define a contract for checking the soundness or the unsoundness of the annotation.

$\forall x, y, , x', y'. P_\ell(x, y) \ \wedge \ cond_{\ell,\ell'}(x, y) \ \wedge \ (x', y') = f_{\ell,\ell'}(x, y) \Rightarrow P_{\ell'}(x', y')$

You will use a context and a machine for expressing these conditions.

— $\ell_1 : x = 10 \ \wedge \ y = z{+}x \ \wedge z = 2{\cdot}x$
$y := z{+}x$
$\ell_2 : x = 10 \ \wedge \ y = x{+}2{\cdot}10$

— *We assume that p is a prime number.* $\ell_1 : x = 2^p \ \wedge \ y = 2^{p+1} \ \wedge \ x{\cdot}y = 2^{2\cdot p+1}$
$x := y{+}x{+}2^x$
$\ell_2 : x = 5{\cdot}2^p \ \wedge \ y = 2^{p+1}$

— $\ell_1 : x = 1 \ \wedge \ y = 12$
$x := 2{\cdot}y$
$\ell_2 : x = 1 \ \wedge \ y = 24$

— $\ell_1 : x = 11 \ \wedge \ y = 13$
$z := x; x := y; y := z;$
$\ell_2 : x = 26/2 \ \wedge \ y = 33/3$

Exercice 2 *(contract-simple)*

Let the following partially annotated algorithm :

precondition : $x = x_0 \wedge x_0 \in \mathbb{N}$
postcondition : $x = 0$

$\ell_0 : \{ \ x = x_0 \wedge x_0 \in \mathbb{N}\}$
while $0 < x$ **do**
  $\ell_1 : \{O < x \leq x_0 \wedge x_0 \in \mathbb{N}\}$
  $x := x{-}1;$
  $\ell_2 : \{0 \leq x \leq x_0 \wedge x_0 \in \mathbb{N}\}$
;
$\ell_3 : \{x = 0\}$

Algorithme 1: Exercice 2

Question 2.1 *Translate each transition ℓ, ℓ' into an event modifying the variables according to the statements.*

Question 2.2 *Define an invariant attaching to each label an assertion satisfied at the control point.*

Question 2.3 *Verify proof obligations and deduce that the algorithm is partially correct.*

Question 2.4 *Prove that the algorithm has no runtime error.*

Exercice 3 *(contract-squareroot)*
Let the following annotated invariant.

precondition : $x \in \mathbb{N}$
postcondition : $z^2 \leq x \wedge x < (z{+}1)^2$
local variables : $y_1, y_2, y_3 \in \mathbb{N}$

$pre : \{x \in \mathbb{N}\}$
$post : \{z{\cdot}z \leq x \wedge x < (z{+}1){\cdot}(z{+}1)\}$
$\ell_0 : \{x \in \mathbb{N} \wedge z \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge y1 \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge y2 \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge y3 \in \mathbb{Z}\}$
$(y_1, y_2, y_3) := (0, 1, 1);$
$\ell_1 : \{y2 = (y1{+}1){\cdot}(y1{+}1) \wedge y3 = 2{\cdot}y1{+}1 \wedge y1{\cdot}y1 \leq x\}$
while $y_2 \leq x$ **do**
  $\ell_2 : \{y2 = (y1{+}1){\cdot}(y1{+}1) \wedge y3 = 2{\cdot}y1{+}1 \wedge y2 \leq x\}$
  $(y_1, y_2, y_3) := (y_1{+}1, y_2{+}y_3{+}2, y_3{+}2);$
  $\ell_3 : \{y2 = (y1{+}1){\cdot}(y1{+}1) \wedge y3 = 2{\cdot}y1{+}1 \wedge y1{\cdot}y1 \leq x\}$
;
$\ell_4 : \{y2 = (y1{+}1){\cdot}(y1{+}1) \wedge y3 = 2{\cdot}y1{+}1 \wedge y1{\cdot}y1 \leq x \wedge x < y2\}$
$z := y_1;$
$\ell_5 : \{y2 = (y1{+}1){\cdot}(y1{+}1) \wedge y3 = 2{\cdot}y1{+}1 \wedge y1{\cdot}y1 \leq x \wedge x < y2 \wedge z = y1 \wedge z{\cdot}z \leq x \wedge x < (z{+}1){\cdot}(z{+}1)\}$

Algorithme 2: $squareroot$ annotée Exercice **??**

Question 3.1 *Translate each transition ℓ, ℓ' into an event modifying the variables according to the statements.*

Question 3.2 *Define an invariant attaching to each label an assertion satisfied at the control point.*

Question 3.3 *Verify proof obligations and deduce that the algorithm is partially correct.*

Question 3.4 *Prove that the algorithm has no runtime error.*

Exercice 4 *(contract-maximum)*
Soit l'algorithme suivant annoté partiellement :

Question 4.1 *Translate each transition ℓ, ℓ' into an event modifying the variables according to the statements.*

Question 4.2 *Define an invariant attaching to each label an assertion satisfied at the control point.*

Question 4.3 *Verify proof obligations and deduce that the algorithm is partially correct.*

Question 4.4 *Prove that the algorithm has no runtime error.*

/* algorithme de calcul du maximum avec une boucle while de l'exercice **??** */

precondition : $\left(\begin{array}{l} n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ n \neq 0 \wedge \\ f \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \to \mathbb{N} \end{array}\right)$

postcondition : $\left(\begin{array}{l} m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ m \in ran(f) \wedge \\ (\forall j \cdot j \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \Rightarrow f(j) \leq m) \end{array}\right)$

local variables : $i \in \mathbb{Z}$

$\ell_0 : \{\left(\begin{array}{l} n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ n \neq 0 \wedge \\ f \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \to \mathbb{N} \end{array}\right) \wedge i \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

$m := f(0)$;

$\ell_1 : \{\left(\begin{array}{l} n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ n \neq 0 \wedge \\ f \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \to \mathbb{N} \end{array}\right) \wedge i \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m = f(0)\}$

$i := 1$;

$\ell_2 : \{\left(\begin{array}{l} n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ n \neq 0 \wedge \\ f \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \to \mathbb{N} \end{array}\right) \wedge i = 1 \wedge \left(\begin{array}{l} m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ m \in ran(f[0..i{-}1]) \wedge \\ (\forall j \cdot j \in 0\,..\,i{-}1 \Rightarrow f(j) \leq m) \end{array}\right)\}$

while $i < n$ **do**

- $\ell_3 : \{\left(\begin{array}{l} n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ n \neq 0 \wedge \\ f \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \to \mathbb{N} \end{array}\right) \wedge i \in 1..n{-}1 \wedge \left(\begin{array}{l} m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ m \in ran(f[0..i{-}1]) \wedge \\ (\forall j \cdot j \in 0\,..\,i{-}1 \Rightarrow f(j) \leq m) \end{array}\right)\}$
- **if** *f(i)>m* **then**
  - $\ell_4 : \{\left(\begin{array}{l} n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ n \neq 0 \wedge \\ f \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \to \mathbb{N} \end{array}\right) \wedge i \in 1..n{-}1 \wedge \left(\begin{array}{l} m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ m \in ran(f[0..i{-}1]) \wedge \\ (\forall j \cdot j \in 0\,..\,i{-}1 \Rightarrow f(j) \leq m) \end{array}\right) \wedge f(i) > m\}$
  - $m := f(i)$;
  - $\ell_5 : \{\left(\begin{array}{l} n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ n \neq 0 \wedge \\ f \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \to \mathbb{N} \end{array}\right) \wedge i \in 1..n{-}1 \wedge \left(\begin{array}{l} m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ m \in ran(f[0..i]) \wedge \\ (\forall j \cdot j \in 0\,..\,i \Rightarrow f(j) \leq m) \end{array}\right)\}$
- ;
- $\ell_6 : \{\left(\begin{array}{l} n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ n \neq 0 \wedge \\ f \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \to \mathbb{N} \end{array}\right) \wedge i \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \wedge i \in 1..n{-}1 \wedge \left(\begin{array}{l} m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ m \in ran(f[0..i]) \wedge \\ (\forall j \cdot j \in 0\,..\,i \Rightarrow f(j) \leq m) \end{array}\right)\}$
- $i{+}{+}$;
- $\ell_7 : \{\left(\begin{array}{l} n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ n \neq 0 \wedge \\ f \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \to \mathbb{N} \end{array}\right) \wedge i \in 2..n \wedge \left(\begin{array}{l} m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ m \in ran(f[0..i{-}1]) \wedge \\ (\forall j \cdot j \in 0\,..\,i{-}1 \Rightarrow f(j) \leq m) \end{array}\right)\}$

;

$\ell_8 : \{\left(\begin{array}{l} n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ n \neq 0 \wedge \\ f \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \to \mathbb{N} \end{array}\right) \wedge i = n \wedge \left(\begin{array}{l} m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \\ m \in ran(f) \wedge \\ (\forall j \cdot j \in 0\,..\,n{-}1 \Rightarrow f(j) \leq m) \end{array}\right)\}$

Algorithme 3: Algorithme du manimum d'une liste annoté Exercice 4