# Programming Assignment 2

Submission Date: 26.03.2021 Due Date: 16.04.2021 (23:59) Programming Languages: Java Subject: Inheritance, Access Modifiers

## 1 Introduction

Object-oriented programming has advantages such as modeling problems with less complexity and more code reuse. In this experiment, you will observe these advantages by using inheritance mechanism which is an important property of object-oriented programming. By the help of this experiment, you will learn the concept of inheritance, relationships among classes by using object references, control of multiple instances of classes, access modifiers in Java.

## 2 Useful Information

Under this section you will find some introductory information about the OOP concepts you might use in the project. Please make your own research for more information.

#### 2.1 Inheritance

Object-oriented programming (OOP) covers software in terms similar to those that people use to describe real-world objects. It takes advantage of class relationships, where objects of a certain class, such as a class of vehicles, have the same characteristics cars, trucks, little red wagons and roller skates have much in common. Inheritance is one of important property of OOP. OOP takes advantage of inheritance relationships, where new classes of objects are derived by absorbing characteristics of existing classes and adding unique characteristics of their own. In Java, a class (called the derived class or subclass) extends from another class (called the base class or super class).

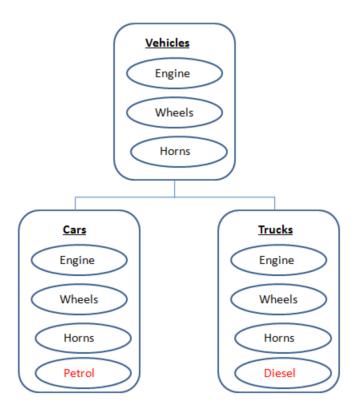


Figure 1: A hierarchy of Vehicle class

In Figure 1, vehicle class hierarchy is seen. Vehicle class is super class of all other classes. Derived classes which are Cars and Trucks have certain common properties; all have engine, wheels, horns etc. Thus they can be grouped under a Class called Vehicles. Apart from sharing these common features, each Derived Class has its own particular features - Cars use petrol while Trucks use diesel.

### 2.1.1 Method Overriding

When a class extend another class, the subclass can use the super class' methods. However sometimes the subclass should change the behavior of a method which provided by super class. The method implementation in the subclass overrides (replaces) the implementation in the super class. The method in the subclass and its corresponding method in the super class method have the same name, parameters and the same return type. That is called method overriding.

## 2.2 Method Overloading

Method overloading is another important concept of OOP. When programmers need more than one method with the same functionality, they don't have to declare new methods with different names for each one. By using method overloading feature, they declare each methods with same name but with different signatures (different argument list, argument types or orders). System.out.println() is an example of overloading method in Java. This method takes float, int, double or String as arguments.

#### 2.3 Access Modifiers

In Java, there are three access modifiers which provide access levels for classes and members of classes: private (visible to the class only), protected (visible to the package and all subclasses) and public (visible to the everywhere). The default is visible to the package.

# 3 Experiment

This section contains four subsections. The first section introduces the problem that you need to solve and gives its details. In the second subsection, the content of reports are described. The constraints are given in the third subsection. Information about the submission is given in the last subsection.

#### 3.1 Problem Definition

In this experiment, you are supposed to develop a simple Movie Database System similar to IMDB. You are responsible for using inheritance mechanism and access modifiers in Java programming language. The system will process several data input files and will generate results of commands which will be read from a command input file. All input files will be error free only syntactically. The requirements and rules for the system are given below:

- The system includes information about people and films.
- Each Person has name, surname, country and a unique id. A person in the system could be either Artist or User.
- Each User has a unique id, name, surname and country.
- There are three kinds of Artist: Performer, Director and Writer. Each Director has a unique id, name, surname, country and agent where he/she works. Each Writer has a unique id, name, surname, country and writing style/type.
- There are also three types of Performers which are Actor, ChildActor and StuntPerformer. Each Actor has a unique id, name, surname, country and height. Each ChildActor has a unique id, name, surname and country. Each StuntPerformer has a unique id, name, surname and country and height.
- There are four types of films in the system: Feature Film, Short Film, Documentary and TV Series. Each film (Feature Film, Short Film, Documentary and TV Series) has a rating score which calculated from users' average rating scores for that film.
- A unique film id, film title, language, runtime, country, directors of a film and cast (actors and actresses of a movie) are common in all film types.
- Feature Films have a release date, budget, writers of movie and film genre in addition to the common data.
- A Short Film has a release date, writers and genre in addition to the common data. A Short Film' runtime should be less (or equal) than 40 min.

- Documentaries have only a release date in addition to the common film data.
- TV Series have start date and end date of series, number of seasons, number of episodes, genre of series and writers in addition to the common film data.
- A film may have more than one directors, writers, performers and genres in this system. A comma will be used to separate these data.

### 3.1.1 The Way of Execution

The program will be executed with four command line arguments:

```
<people_file><films_file><commands_file><output_file>
```

Usage example:

```
>javac Main.java
```

>java Main people.txt films.txt commands.txt output.txt

There are three types of data input files and one output file. All the file names will be taken as program arguments. The format of each file is given below.

### 3.1.2 People File

There are five different recording samples in this file. These are:

```
DIRECTOR:<tab><ID><tab><NAME><tab><SURNAME><tab><COUNTRY><tab><AGENT>
WRITER:<tab><ID><tab><NAME><tab><SURNAME><tab><COUNTRY><tab><TYPE>
ACTOR:<tab><ID><tab><NAME><tab><SURNAME><tab><COUNTRY><tab><HEIGHT>
CHILDACTOR:<tab><ID><tab><NAME><tab><SURNAME><tab><COUNTRY><tab><AGE>
STUNTPERFORMER:<tab><ID><tab><NAME><tab><SURNAME><tab><COUNTRY><tab><AHEIGHT><
tab><ACTOR1ID, . . . , ACTORnID>
```

USER:<tab><ID><tab><NAME><tab><SURNAME><tab><COUNTRY>

An exemplar people file is shown in Figure 2. As shown in Figure 2, the person type is specified at the beginning of each line, and then attributes are given according to the person type, separated by tab characters.

```
352 Alessio Boni
                                      187
           353 Luigi
                      Cascio
                                      175
   Actor:
                              Italy
   ChildActor: 354 Noah
                          Schnapp USA 17
   ChildActor: 355 Jacob
                           Tremblay
                                      Canada
   ChildActor: 356 Millie
                          Brown
                                      Italy
   Director:
               357 Marco
                          Giordana
                                              Tullio
   Writer: 358 Sandro Petraglia
   Writer: 359 Stefano Rulli
                              Italy
                                      Romance
   StuntPerformer: 360 Dar Robinson
                                      UK 175 353,386,393
10 Director:
              361 Ramin
                          Bahrani USA Ramin
  Writer: 362 Jenni
                       Jenkins USA Drama
  Actor: 363 Werner Herzog Germany 185
   ChildActor: 364 Jaeden Martell Philadelphia
                                                  18
14 Director:
               366 Martin
                          Dennis
                                  UK Perkins
  Writer: 367 Steven Moffat UK
                                  Comedy
  Actor: 368 Jack
                                  UK 188
                      Davenport
          369 Ben Miles
   Actor:
                          UK 179
          370 Richard Coyle
                              UK 183
18 Actor:
  ChildActor: 371 Madison Reyes
                                  NewYork 16
20 ChildActor: 372 Isla
                          Johnston
   ChildActor: 373 Sunny
                          Pawar
                                  Indian
   StuntPerformer: 374 Hal Needham USA 180 404,369
   Director:
               375 Emad
                          Burnat Palestine
24 Director:
               376 Guy Davidi Israel Burnat
```

Figure 2: Sample people file

#### 3.1.3 Films File

Since there are four different film types in this system, there are also four different record samples in this file.

FeatureFilm:<tab><ID><tab><IIILE><tab><LANGUAGE><tab><DIRECTOR1ID,...,DIRECTORNID><tab><LENGTH><tab><COUNTRY><tab><PERFORMER1ID,...,PERFORMERnID><tab><GENRE1,...,GENRED><tab><RELEASEDATE><tab><WRITER1ID,...,WRITERNID><tab><BUDGET>

ShortFilm:<tab><ID><tab><TITLE><tab><LANGUAGE><tab><DIRECTOR1ID,...,DIRECTORnID><tab><LENGTH><tab><COUNTRY><tab><PERFORMER1ID,...,PERFORMERNID><tab><GENRE1,...,GENREn><tab><RELEASEDATE><tab><WRITER1ID,...,WRITERNID>

Documentary:<tab><ID><tab><TITLE><tab><LANGUAGE><tab><DIRECTOR1ID,...,<DIRECTORnID><tab><LENGTH><tab><COUNTRY><tab><PERFORMER1ID,...,PERFORMERNID><tab><RELEASEDATE>

TVSeries:<tab><ID><tab><IITLE><tab><LANGUAGE><tab><DIRECTOR1ID,...,DIRECTORNID><tab><LENGTH><tab><COUNTRY><tab><PERFORMER1ID,...,PERFORMERNID><tab><GENRE1,...,GENREN><tab><WRITER1ID,...,WRITERNID><tab><STARTDATE><tab><ENDDATE><tab><SEASONS><tab><EPISODES>

An exemplar film file is given in Figure 3. In this file, the film type is specified at the beginning of each line, and then attributes are given according to the film type, separated by tab characters.

```
1 FeatureFilm: 100 La meglio gioventu Italian 357 180 Italy 352,353,354,355,356 Drama, Romance 22.06.2003 358,359 240000
2 ShortFilm: 101 Plastic Bag English 361 18 USA 363,364 Drama 07.09.2009 362
3 TVSeries: 102 Coupling English 366 30 UK 368,369,370,371,372,373 Comedy 367 12.05.2000 14.06.2004 4 28
4 Documentary: 103 5 Broken Cameras Hebrew 375,376 94 Palestine 377,378,379 20.02.2013
5 FeatureFilm: 104 Pulp_Fiction English 381 154 USA 363,384,385,386,387,388 Crime,Thriller 14.04.1994 382 8000000
6 FeatureFilm: 105 Rear Window English 390 112 USA 393,394,395 Mystery,Thriller 01.04.1956 391,392 1000000
7 TVSeries: 106 Lost English 397,398 42 USA 404,405,406,407,408,409,410 Adventure, Drama,Fantasy 399,400,401,402,403 22.09.2004 23.05.2010 6 121
8 Documentary: 107 Gelibolu Turkish 412 114 Turkey 413,414,415 18.03.2005
9 TVSeries: 108 Friends English 471 22 USA 421,422,423,424,425,426 Comedy,Romance 418,419,420 22.09.1994 06.05.2004 10 236
10 FeatureFilm: 109 Before Surrise English 428 105 USA 430,431 Drama,Romance 19.05.1995 429 2500000
11 FeatureFilm: 110 Annie Hall English 433 93 USA 435,435 Comedy,Drama,Romance 20.04.1977 434 4000000
12 FeatureFilm: 111 BlyeoIhan Geori Korean 438 141 South Korea 440,441,442 Action,Crime,Thriller 15.06.2006 439 4700000
13 FeatureFilm: 112 Silver_Linings Playbook English 444 122 USA 464,447,442 Action,Crime,Thriller 15.06.2006 439 4700000
14 FeatureFilm: 113 Amelie French 451 122 France 453,454 Comedy,Romance 25.04.2001 452 10000000
15 FeatureFilm: 114 He_Godfather English 456 175 USA 458,459,460,461 Crime,Drama 05.10.1973 457 6000000
```

Figure 3: Sample films file

## 3.1.4 Commands File

All data input files (people and films) will be processed according to the commands which will be given in a commands file. The command file contains 12 types of commands whose definitions and formats are given below.

1. A user can rate a film so that film will be saved to his/her rate list. Rating score must be between 1 and 10 integers.

```
RATE<tab><USERID><tab><FILMID><tab><RATINGPOINT>
```

2. It's possible to add a new Feature Film to the system.

```
ADD<tab>FEATUREFILM<tab><ID><tab><TITLE><tab><LANGUAGE><tab><DIRECTOR1ID,..., DIRECTORNID><tab><LENGTH><tab><COUNTRY><tab><PERFORMER1ID,...,PERFORMERNID><tab><GENRE1,...,GENREn><tab><RELEASEDATE><tab><WRITER1ID,...,WRITERNID><tab><BUDGET>
```

3. Details of a film are displayed by using below command.

```
VIEWFILM<tab><FILMID>
```

4. A user can list all films which he/she rated so far.

```
LIST<tab>USER<tab><USERID><tab>RATES
```

5. A user can edit a film which he/she rated before.

```
EDIT<tab>RATE<tab><USERID><tab><FILMID><tab><NEWRATINGPOINT>
```

6. A user can remove one of his/her rated films.

```
REMOVE<tab>RATE<tab><USERID><tab><FILMID>
```

7. List all the TV Series in the system.

```
LIST<tab>FILM<tab>SERIES
```

8. List all the films from a specified country.

```
{\bf LIST} < {\bf tab} > {\bf FILMS} < {\bf tab} > {\bf COUNTRY} < {\bf tab} > < {\bf COUNTRY} >
```

9. List all the films released before a specified year.

```
LIST<tab>FEATUREFILMS<tab>BEFORE<tab><YEAR>
```

10. List all the films released after a specified year.

### LIST<tab>FEATUREFILMS<tab>AFTER<tab><YEAR>

11. List all the films in descending order and categorized according to film rating degrees.

#### LIST<tab>FILMS<tab>BY<tab>RATE<tab>DEGREE

12. List all the artists from a specified country and display in a categorized order.

### LIST<tab>ARTISTS<tab>FROM<tab><COUNTRY>

```
470 113 9
RATE
        470 113 9
RATE
        454 113 8
ADD FEATUREFILM 115 Fight_Club
                                 English 463 139 USA 466,467,468 Drama
                                                                          10.12.1999
                                                                                      464,465 63000000
ADD FEATUREFILM 115 Night_Club
                                English 463 139 USA 466,467,468 Drama
                                                                          10.12.1999
                                                                                      464,465 63000000
ADD FEATUREFILM 116 Right_Club English 463 139 USA 466,467,999 Drama
                                                                          10.12.1999 464,465 63000000
RATE
        475 115 10
        477 115 9
RATE
RATE
        480 111 9
        477 111
RATE
        476 114 10
RATE
RATE
        474 114 10
        473 114 9
RATE
RATE
        472 112 8
RATE
        472 103 8
        472 101 6
RATE
RATE
        471 102 10
RATE
        479 102 9
RATE
        478 100 9
RATE
        478 109 9
RATE
        476 104 9
        473 106 9
RATE
RATE
        472 106 8
RATE
        471 106 7
RATE
        478 106 10
VIEWFILM
            115
VIEWFILM
RATE
        470 115 9
        479 115 8
RATE
        478 115 8
RATE
RATE
        470 108 8
VIEWFILM
            115
LIST
        USER
                470 RATES
LIST
        USER
                476 RATES
                444 RATES
        USER
LIST
                470 115 10
EDIT
        RATE
EDIT
        RATE
                470 109 10
           103
VIEWFILM
        ARTISTS FROM
                        Turkey
LIST
EDIT
        RATE
                470 222 10
LIST
        FEATUREFILMS
                        AFTER
EDIT
        RATE
                475 109 10
        1 108
470 100 10
VIEWFILM
RATE
RATE
        473 113 8
REMOVE RATE
                470 108
VIEWFILM
           108
REMOVE RATE
                470 109
LIST
        USER
                470 RATES
LIST
        FILM
                SERIES
VIEWFILM
            106
LIST
        FILMS
               BY COUNTRY Japan
LIST
        FILMS
                BY COUNTRY USA
        FEATUREFILMS
                       BEFORE 1995
LIST
LIST
        FEATUREFILMS
                         BEFORE
                                 1920
        FILMS
               BY RATE
LIST
```

Figure 4: Sample commands file

### 3.1.5 Output File

The output of the commands will be printed to the specified output file. Each command's output will include the command itself as read from the command file and the result (error message if necessary) of its execution. The general format of the output file is shown below:

Detailed format of < RESULT > (mentioned above in the general format) output for each command type is given below (WS represents Whitespace).

1. Film rated successfully

```
Film type:<WS><FILMTYPE>
Film title:<WS><TITLE>
```

If there is not any user or film with specified ID the <RESULT> should be as follows:

```
Command Failed
User ID:<WS><USERID>
Film ID:<WS><FILMID>
```

If the specified film was already rated by the given user, then there should be a warning message as follows:

This film was earlier rated

2. FeatureFilm added successfully

```
Film ID:<WS><FILMID>
Film title:<WS><TITLE>
```

If there is already a film with specified <FILMID> or if there is not any specified director, writer or performer in the system, the <RESULT> should be as follows:

```
Command Failed
Film ID:<WS><FILMID>
Film title:<WS><TITLE>
```

3. If specified film is Feature Film or Short Film the result will be as follows:

```
< TITLE>< WS>(< RELEASEDATE>)\\ < GENRE>\\ Writers:< WS>< NAME>< WS>< SURNAME>\\ Directors:< WS>< NAME>< WS>< SURNAME>\\ Stars:< WS>< NAME>< WS>< SURNAME>\\ < RATINGS>/10 from< VOTECOUNT> users
```

If specified film is Documentary; since a documentary doesn't have writers and genre in the system, the result will be as follows:

< TITLE>< WS>(< RELEASEDATE>) Directors:< WS>< NAME>< WS>< SURNAME> Stars:< WS>< NAME>< WS>< SURNAME> $< RATINGS>/10 \ from < VOTECOUNT> users$ 

If specified film is TV Series the result will be as follows:

 $< TITLE > < WS > (< STARTDATE > - < ENDDATE >) \\ < SEASONS > < WS > seasons, < WS > < EPISODES > < WS > episodes \\ < GENRE > \\ Writers: < WS > < NAME > < WS > < SURNAME > \\ Directors: < WS > < NAME > < WS > < SURNAME > <$ 

If there is not any film with specified <FILMID> the <RESULT> should be as follows:

Command Failed

Film ID:<WS><FILMID>

If there is not any rating votes for that film, then below warning message should be printed:

Awaiting for votes

### 4. <TITLE>:<WS> <RATINGSCORE>

If there is not any ratings of the specified user, then a warning message will be printed to the output file as follows:

There is not any ratings so far

If there is not any user with specified <USERID> the <RESULT> should be as follows:

Command Failed

User ID:<WS><USERID>

5. New ratings done successfully

Film title:<WS><TITLE>
Your rating:<WS><NEWRATINGSCORE>

If there is not any user or film with specified IDs and if the user has no rating score for the specified film, then the <RESULT> should be as follows:

Command Failed

User ID:<WS><USERID>

Film ID:<WS><FILMID>

6. Your film rating was removed successfully

Film title:<WS><TITLE>

If there is not any user or film with specified IDs and if the user has no rating score for the specified film, then the <RESULT> should be as follows:

Command Failed

User ID:<WS><USERID>

Film ID:<WS><FILMID>

7. <TITLE><WS>(<STARTDATE>-<ENDDATE>) <SEASONS><WS>seasons and<WS><EPISODES><WS>episodes

If there is not any TV Series in the system, then a warning message will be printed to the output file as follows:

No result

8. Film title:<WS><TITLE>

<LENGTH><WS>min

Language:<WS><LANGUAGE>

If there is not any film for the specified country in the system, then a warning message will be printed to the output file as follows:

No result

9. Film title:<TITLE><WS>(<RELEASEDATE>)

 $<\!LENGTH\!\!><\!WS\!\!>\!min$ 

Language:<WS>< LANGUAGE>

If there is not any film released before the specified date in the system, then a warning message will be printed to the output file as follows:

No result

10. Film title:<TITLE><WS>(<RELEASEDATE>)

 $<\!LENGTH\!\!><\!WS\!\!>\!min$ 

Language:<WS><LANGUAGE>

If there is not any film released after specified date in the system, then a warning mes-sage will be printed to the output file as follows:

No result

11. FeatureFilm:

< TITLE>< WS>(< RELEASEDATE> ) Ratings:< WS>< RATINGS>/10 from< VOTECOUNT> users

ShortFilm:

< TITLE>< WS>(< RELEASEDATE>) Ratings:< WS>< RATINGS>/10 from< VOTECOUNT> users

 $Documentary: < TITLE> < WS> (< RELEASEDATE>) \ Ratings: < WS> < RATINGS>/10 \ from < VOTECOUNT> users$ 

TVSeries:

 $< TITLE>< WS> (< STARTDATE> - < ENDDATE>) \ Ratings:< WS> < RATINGS>/10 \ from < VOTECOUNT> users$ 

All the results should be printed in descending order.

If there is not any result for a category, then a warning message will be printed to the output file for that category as follows:

No result

### 12. Directors:

<*NAME*><*WS*><*SURNAME*><*WS*><*AGENT*>

#### Writers:

<*NAME*><*WS*><*SURNAME*><*WS*><*TYPE*>

#### Actors:

<NAME><WS><SURNAME><WS><HEIGHT><WS>cm

#### ChildActors:

<NAME><WS><SURNAME><WS><AGE>

### StuntPerformers:

 $<\!NAME\!\!><\!WS\!\!><\!SURNAME\!\!><\!WS\!\!><\!HEIGHT\!\!><\!WS\!\!>\!cm$ 

If there is not any result for a category, then a warning message will be printed to the output file for that category as follows:

No result

According to these definitions a sample output file is given in Figure 5 and Figure 6. This output file is not complete. The rest will be provided to you as sample input and output on the Piazza page. Further examples which give more details will be provided at the course's Piazza page.

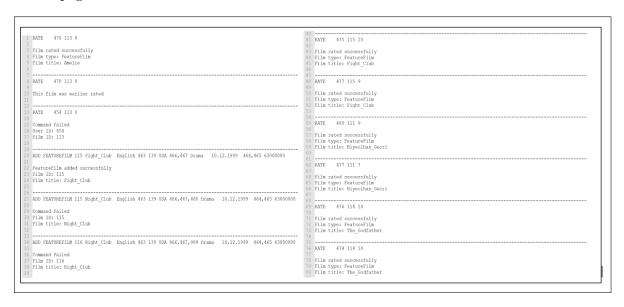


Figure 5: Sample output file part1



Figure 6: Sample output file part 2

## 3.2 Report

The structure of report is described below:

- Cover Page
- Class Diagram and Solution, describe details of your solution, stating its advantages and disadvantages technically. Draw class diagram. Show attributes and method names of each class in your diagram.
- Comments, give feedback about problem, problem description, and solution constraints.
- References, give the references you used throughout your work at the end of your report.

### 3.3 Constraints

- 1. The methods' and attributes' names should be satisfied the most common naming conventions in Java.
- 2. You should model entities of the system with classes.
- 3. Your design will be graded. You are expected to propose a suitable design for the problem.
- 4. You should use inheritance mechanism and correct access modifiers.
- 5. All the input files and output file will be taken as command line arguments.

## 3.4 Submit Format

- File hierarchy must be zipped before submitted (Not .rar, only .zip files are supported by the system)
- $\langle studentid \rangle .zip(example: 1234567.zip)$

- [src]
  - Main.java
  - \*.java
- [report]
  - report.pdf
  - \*.jpg or .\*jpeg

# 4 Grading Policy

Task	Point
Compiled	10
Report	15
Code design, clean and readable code, comments	15
Output of program	60
Total	100

## 5 Notes

- The assignment must be original, individual work. Downloaded or modified source codes will be considered as cheating. Also the students who share their works will be punished in the same way.
- We will be using the Measure of Software Similarity (MOSS) to identify cases of possible plagiarism. Our department takes the act of plagiarism very seriously. Those caught plagiarizing (both originators and copiers) will be sanctioned.
- Please do not miss that the name of the input and output files will be fixed. Use the file names as indicated in the leaflet. File names with different names will not be evaluated.
- You can ask your questions through course's piazza group and you are supposed to be aware of everything discussed in the piazza group. General discussion of the problem is allowed, but DO NOT SHARE answers, algorithms, source codes and reports.
- Ignore the cases which are not stated in this assignment and do not ask questions on Piazza for such extreme cases.
- Don't forget to write comments of your codes when necessary.
- The names of classes', attributes' and methods' should obey to Java naming convention.
- Do not submit your project without first compiling it on dev machine.
- Save all work until the assignment is graded.
- Do not miss the deadline. Submission will be end at 16/04/2021 23:59, the system will be open until 23:59:59. The problem about submission after 23:59 will not be considered.

- There will be again 3 days extensions (each day degraded by 10 points) in this project.
- Your grades will be announced within 15 days at the latest. Objections about your grades can be made within specified days given by TAs. Objections made outside of the specified days will not be accepted.