



What Did You Learn?

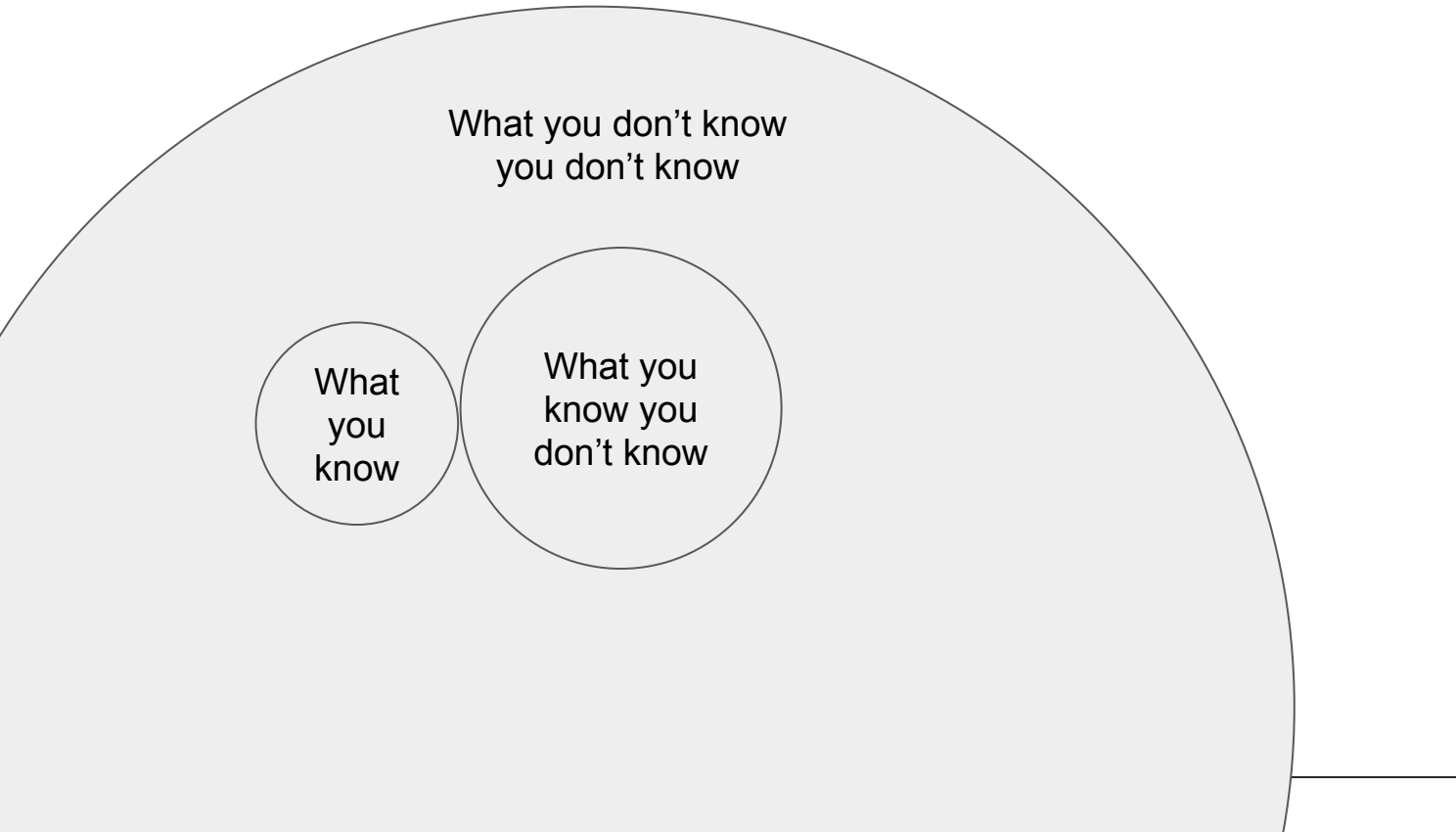
401 Advanced FullStack JavaScript

Before We Start...

Good to Look Back and See What You've Learned

- You should be impressed!
- Let's talk through these, verbiage is important too!
- Okay if aspirational!

What Do You Really Know?



Full Stack

What do you do?

Develop full stack applications:

- ExpressJS web server with a RESTful API and secured with JWT
- Connected to MongoDB using Mongoose as an ODM (Object Document Mapper)
- Front end built with React and React Router using a modern component architecture
- Leveraging Redux and immutable data for state management

MEAN -> MERN

Mongo Express React Node

NodeJS

Build, test and deploy front and back end JavaScript applications

- npm and package.json
 - > Install, manage and track dependencies
 - > Consolidate and standardize scripts used in development
- Mocha
 - > Write and organize tests
 - > Make valid assertions
 - > Asynchronous testing
- Modules
 - > CJS (Common JS) module.exports and require
 - > ES Modules
 - > export and import
 - > Named exports
- Operating System
 - > File System
 - > Network

Coding Practices

“How” as well as “What”

- TDD
 - > Red, Green, Refactor
 - > Drive Design
 - > Regression “safety net” for refactoring
- Clean Code
- Whitespace, phrasing
- Naming things
- Modularity - SRP "One Concern"
- Remove duplication in code or concept

ESNext JavaScript

Follow current industry use and practices

- Arrow Functions
- Promises
- let and const
- Template strings
- Destructuring
- Rest and Spread
- Default Parameters

Asynchronous JavaScript

Navigating the Node Event Loop

- Styles
 - > Callbacks and node standards
 - > Promises
 - > async/await
- Workflows
 - > Sequential
 - > Parallel
- Handle error propagation correctly

Data Structures and Algorithms

Choose the right data structure for the job

- Objects as “classes”
- Objects as “dictionaries”
- Arrays
 - > Functional array methods
 - > As stacks and queues
- Trees
 - > Recursive data structures
 - > Binary Trees
 - > Traversal
 - > Sort/Findings
- Operational Complexity
 - > Time and Space
 - > $O(1)$, $O(\log n)$, $O(n)$, $O(n \cdot \log n)$, $O(n^2)$

Binary Data

1101 0110

- Bits, bytes, words, dwords
- Use of hex to represent bytes
- Buffer
 - > NodeJS interface into binary data
 - > LE, BE UInt U

Streams and Event Emitters

- Events
 - > Subscribe via function
 - > Respond to events
- Streams
 - > Event Emitters
 - > Reading and writing data in chunks

HTTP

Web Communication

- Create vanilla Node http servers
- Request
 - > Server (host and port)
 - > Url (path)
 - > Query
 - > METHOD
 - > Headers
- Response
 - > Content-Type
- RESTful
 - > Resources

MongoDB

Save the data, Read the data

- Install and setup
 - > Dev environment
 - > Travis CI
 - > Add to Heroku
- CLI and Robo 3T
- Manage Documents
- Aggregation Pipeline
 - > Design pipelines
 - > Use tooling like Robo 3T for rapid feedback
 - > Integrate into NodeJS

ExpressJS

Most commonly used web framework for NodeJS

- Organize routes and manage http
- Use 3rd party middleware
 - > body-parser, logging (morgan), static files
- Write middleware
 - > authentication
 - > Authorization
 - > Error handling
- Common error handling
- Structure project for:
 - > end-to-end testing
 - > dev and production use

Mongoose ODM

Eliminate Garbage In/Garbage Out

- Schemas and Models
 - > Model data and relationships
 - > Validate and enforce data constraints
 - > Organize model logic using static and instance methods
- Use models in routes to issue commands to Mongo

Authentication and User Management

Securing the Server

- Authentication
 - > Are you who you say you are?
- Use bcrypt to manage user/password authentication without storing the password
- Create routes for users to signup and signin
- Use JWT to issue and validate tokens for authenticated users
- Use middleware to “protect” routes
- Authorization
 - > Are you allowed to do this?
- Maintain user roles
- Use middleware to enforce roles for access to routes

Deploy to Heroku

Push to Production

- Team deployments to a cloud-based service provider
- Manage environment variables
- Add additional services like mLab (Mongo)

React Presentation

HTML in JavaScript

- Use JSX to write HTML
- Know JSX output is resolved via reconciliation process to minimize DOM updates
- Interpolate data with presentation logic
 - > Children
 - > Attributes
- Use JavaScript to compose UI
 - > Map arrays
 - > Compose via functions and classes
- Pass props from parent components to child components
- Adhere to one-way data flow
 - > Data down
 - > Events up
- Use `this.state` and `setState` to manage state in components
- Forms
 - > Uncontrolled - source of truth is html controls
 - > Controlled - React state is source of truth

React Router

Manage the App “State”

- Integrate with React via Router component
- Add Links and NavLink components that modify the url
- Add Switch and Route components that react to change in the url
- Use query parameters to save additional state in url
- Pass and match, history and location in components

Container vs Presentation Components

- React Component Types
 - > Function - only takes props and has no state
 - > Class - extends Component
 - > can have state
 - > has lifecycle methods
- Strive for:
 - > Presentation Components to be pure functions that only take props
 - > Container Components to manage data and state

Service Modules

AJAX Requests to the Server

- Encapsulate http communication to reduce boilerplate and configuration headaches
- Create domain abstractions for use by components or action creators

Redux

Separate State Management from Presentations

- Redux
 - > Store
 - > Create with reducers
 - > Holds state accessible via `.getState`
 - > Receives actions via `.dispatch`
 - > Publishes changes via `.subscribe`
 - > Actions
 - > Atomic operations dispatched to store
 - > Have a type and optionally a payload
 - > Action creators
 - > Functions that create actions
 - > Reducers
 - > Discrete pure functions for managing changes to state
 - > Changes follow immutable data principals
 - > Can be combined to manage a state tree
 - > Typically initialize state

React-Redux

Integration helpers for using Redux with React

- Integrate with React via Provider component that takes a store prop
- connect creates Container components around Presentation components
 - > mapStateToProps - limit state to only what component needs
 - > mapDispatchToProps - inject action creators that component needs
 - > ownProps - props passed by parent component

Async Redux

Thunks FTW!

- Add middleware to Redux like `redux-thunk`
- Action Creators that return functions
 - > Called back with `.dispatch` and `.getState`
 - > Make multiple dispatches, over time
 - > Access current state of store

Manage CSS

Classic and CSS in JS

- Use SCSS
 - > CSS Nesting
 - > Variables
 - > Shared files
- Use node-sass to transpile scss into css
- CSS in JS (Styled Components)
 - > Create styled react components

User Authentication

- Manage and detect JWT tokens
- Route user to signup/in page for private routes
- Gather credentials and submit to server
- Integrate token with service apis for token submission



alchemy code lab

developing the future