Solusi Tutorial 6 Fisika Dasar 1B ITB

oleh : Wawan K

A. Pertanyaan

- (1) Gaya pegas adalah jaya pemulih, yakni F = -k xe
 Grafik yang sesuai adalah C
- 2) lunsedvasi energi terarti FM, = EM, artinya KE+PE = lunstan (a) Benar
 - o) kita tinjan dua titiu, yakni di x=0 dan di Xmax,

teraphan kelekalan energi makarik,

(b) Benar

Jadi (a) dan (b) benar

(3) Unduk bandul makematis, $\omega = \sqrt{\frac{g}{\ell}}$

Maka $\omega \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{\ell}}$ kanena g konstan.

Jadi jawaban: (b)

Resonansi terjadi saat frewensi dan gaya elesternal sama dangan frelwensi V Resonansi terjadi saat frewensi dan gaya elesternal sama dangan frelwensi V data dijadilan V and V adalah V ada

(yang te-jadi resonansi)

(3) kila helahini , modelus Young

$$F = \psi\left(\frac{\Delta L}{Lo}\right)A$$
adm
$$\Delta L = \frac{FLo}{YA}$$

Frama, Lo Sama

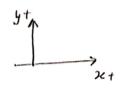
Ysame, yang berbeda adalah A

A untik situater B < A situater A

DL~ I

Jedi DLB > DLA (B teregang lebih besar dari A)

Diagram benda bebas



make:
$$mg = Ms N$$
 $mg = Ms (kx)$ atau $Ms = \frac{mg}{kx} = \frac{(1.6)(9.8)}{(5.0)(0.039)} = 0.179$

2 undu

.) Teraphan humm Newton pada babu bawah.

$$ZF_{x=0} \rightarrow -7 + f_{k_1} + f_{sonax} = 0$$

$$stau -F + f_{k_1} + kx = 0$$

-) Teraphan human Newton pada balon atas, EFX=0

$$\mathcal{H} = \frac{\int_{S_2 \text{ max}}}{k} = \frac{\int_{S_2 \text{ mig}}}{k} = \frac{(o_1 g)(1r)(q_1 g)}{325} = 0.1407 \text{ m}$$

(3) With We tahui,
$$W = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{n}}$$
, $V_{mgy} = AW$ don $a_{muy} = AW^2$

a)
$$F_{x} = -kx = -(82)(0,120) = -9,84N$$

1)
$$W = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{82}{0.75}} = 10.5 \text{ rad/s}$$

d)
$$a_{\text{max}} = \omega^2 A = (10.5)^2 (0.120) = 13.2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

(4) a)
$$\omega = 2\pi f = \sqrt{\frac{\kappa}{m}} \rightarrow f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{\kappa}{m}} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{1/2}{0.400}} = 2.66 \text{ Hz}$$

b)
$$a_{max} = g$$
, Sedang kan $a_{max} = A\omega^2$ maka $A = \frac{g}{\omega^2}$

$$A = \frac{9}{40^2} = \frac{9}{(\sqrt[4]{k/m})^2} = \frac{9m}{k} = \frac{(9.8)(0.1400)}{1/2} = 0.0350 \, \text{m}$$

$$mV = (m+M)V \rightarrow V = \frac{mV}{m+M}$$

Unservasi energi:

$$\frac{1}{2}(m+M)V^2 = \frac{1}{2}k\chi^2$$

maka:

$$\frac{1}{2}(m+M)\left(\frac{mV}{m+M}\right)^{2} = \frac{1}{2}\mu x^{2}$$

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{\mu x^{2}(m+M)}{m^{2}}} = \sqrt{\frac{(845)(0/2)^{2}(2.51)}{(0,01)^{2}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}m_1V_{f_1}^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_2V_{f_2}^2 + \frac{1}{2}k\chi_f^2 = \frac{1}{2}m_1V_{o_1}^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_2V_{o_2}^2 + \frac{1}{2}k\chi_o^2$$

Voi don Voz = 0, hemodian 24 = 0, maka

$$\frac{1}{2}m_{1}V_{f_{1}}^{2}+\frac{1}{2}m_{2}V_{f_{2}}^{2}=\frac{1}{2}\mu\chi_{6}^{2}----i)$$

Konser Vasi momentum:

$$m_1 v_{f_1} + m_2 v_{f_2} = 0 \rightarrow v_{f_2} = -\frac{m_1 v_{f_1}}{m_2}$$

Substitusi pers (2) be pers (1)

Maka:
$$\frac{1}{2}m_1V_{f_1}^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_2\left(-\frac{m_1V_{f_1}}{m_2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{2}k_1X_0$$

$$V_{f_1} = \sqrt{\frac{m_2 k x_0^2}{m_1 (m_2 + m_1)}} = \sqrt{\frac{(2l_1 + 2)(1330)(0,141)^2}{(l_1 + 2)(2l_1 + 2l_1 + 2)}} = \frac{1}{125} m/s$$

$$V_{f_2} = -\frac{m_1 V_{f_1}}{m_2} = -\frac{(11_1^2)(1_125)}{21_17} = -0.645 \, m/s$$

(7) Untik bandul Fisis.
$$W = \sqrt{\frac{mgL}{T}}$$

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} \rightarrow T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{\frac{m_2 L}{L}}} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{m_2 L}}$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2}MD^2$$
 dengan $L = \frac{1}{2}D$, make

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{1}{mgL}} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{2}mD^2}{mg(\frac{1}{2}D)}} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{2D}{3g}} ...(0)$$

Pada titu ini, lifa hans sepalat dengan penjang yang tidak diletahui D dan batang.

maka W bandul Scherhana =
$$\frac{2\pi}{T_{scherhana}} = \sqrt{\frac{g}{D}}$$
 atau

$$T_{\text{Sederhang}} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{D}{g}}$$

Schingga:
$$\frac{D}{g}$$
 substitut la pers (1)

$$T = \left(\int \frac{2}{3}\right) T_{\text{sederhana}}$$

$$= \left(\int \frac{2}{3}\right) \left(o_{1}665\right)$$

$$Y = \frac{f}{A} \rightarrow \Delta L = \frac{f L_0}{YA}$$

Pers (2) manjadi
$$a = -\left(\frac{T - m_2 g}{m_2}\right)$$

Sussibilità nilai a le pers (1),

$$T-2m_1g+\frac{m_1}{m_2}g=0$$

$$T = \frac{2m_1m_2g}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{2(3)(5)(9,8)}{3+5} = 37N$$

maka
$$\Delta L = \frac{(37)(1,5)}{(2x10^{11})(1,3x10^{-5})} = 2,1x10^{-5}m$$

AL tembaga =
$$\frac{FL_0}{YA} = \frac{FL_0}{Y(\pi r^2)} = \frac{(6500)(3x10^2)}{(11x10^4)\pi(0.25x10^2)^2} = 9x10^5 \text{ m}$$

$$DL b_{rass} = \frac{(6500)(5\times10^{2})}{(9\times10^{6})(7)(625-10^{2})^{2}} = 1.8\times10^{6} m$$

Schingga:
$$\Delta L = \frac{FL_0}{YA} = \frac{(f+ma)L_0}{YA}$$

$$= (130 + 59(0,85))(12)$$

Good luck