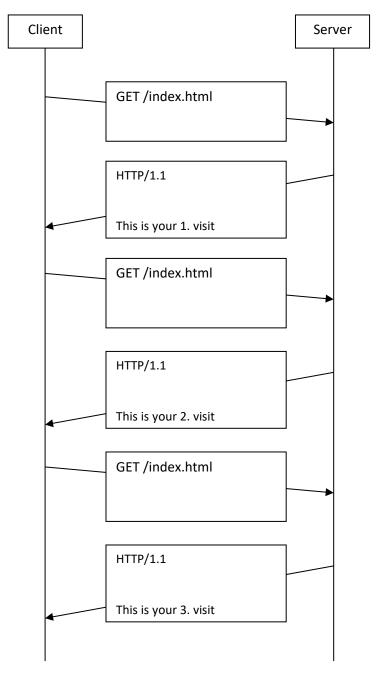


SSE | Tutorial 4

Task 1

- 1. What is the purpose of HTTP cookies?
- 2. Consider the following scenario. A client requests the same resource on the server for several times. Each time he requests a resource, the number of prior requests is returned in the resource representation. Complete the following diagram with missing HTTP headers and status codes required for implementation of the above scenario:



3. Extend the template *Task1-Template.zip* towards the above scenario.

Task 2

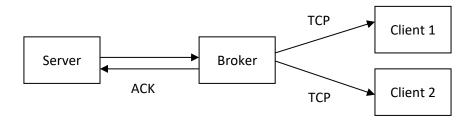
- 1. Answer the following questions.
 - a) What is SOAP?
 - b) Where would you situate SOAP within the Internet Protocol stack?
 - c) Which parts are in a SOAP Message?
- 2. Under http://vsr-demo.informatik.tu-chemnitz.de/webservices/SoapWebService.asmx you will find a simple Web service, which is able to compute a sum of two integers (the *Add* operation). Implement a client for sending SOAP1.2 requests to the above service based on the template *Task2-Template.zip*². Print the result of the calculation to the console.

Homework

a) Complete the *SoapClient.Invoke* method of the *Assignment1-Template.zip* project, which should be able to send requests to ANY SOAP service using given service URL, service namespace, operationName and named parameters list (for simplicity request and response parameters can be only strings or integers). Test your class on the service above and the *ConcatenatorService* under

http://vsr-demo.informatik.tu-chemnitz.de/webservices/ConcatenatorService/ConcatenatorService.asmx

b) The project Assignment2-Template.zip contains a distributed system including a server, a broker and two clients. The Server sends regular stock price updates to the broker, which distributes them to the both clients. The broker is often overloaded and therefore the server should retransmit the message if broker doesn't acknowledge the message receipt (robust one-way MEP pattern). The communication between the broker and clients should follow simple one-way MEP pattern.



- 1. Extend the *ReceiveMessage* method of the broker to send SOAP-based receipt notifications back to the server (BUSY or RECIEVED)³.
- 2. The broker should not be able to read the contents of some SOAP messages. Update the server and **client 1** to use shared secret to encrypt and decrypt contents of SOAP messages⁴.
- Client 2 should not be equipped with any encryption/decryption facilities and therefore
 ignore encrypted messages. Make server send appropriate SOAP headers to signal the
 need of decrypting content before processing it.

¹ Accessible from university network or over VPN

² Send manually constructed SOAP messages over HTTP – do not use any code-generation tools or third party libraries

³ Cf. http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlp-scenarios/#S5 for examples

⁴ You can use Encryption. Encrypt and Encryption. Decrypt methods