Code 1

```
PROBLEM 1
syms l1 l2 q1(t) q2(t) r M g F1 F2 q1_d(t) q1_dd(t) q2_d(t) q2_dd(t)
% Symbol definitions
% q(t) - Represents theta(t)
% F - Represents generalized force or torque
% q_d(t) - Represents derivative of q wrt to t
% q_dd(t)- Represents second derivative of q wrt to t
% r - Position of COM wrt to inertial(world) frame
% 1 - link length of robot
Lagrangian
r = [(12*cos(q2)+l1)*cos(q1)
  (l2*cos(q2)+l1)*sin(q1)
  12*sin(q2)
v = diff(r); %derivate of r
T = simplify(sym(1)/2* M * transpose(v)*v)
V = M*g*12*sin(q2)
L = T - V
Taking derivatives
Derivative of L wrt to q
dL_dq1 = functionalDerivative(L,q1);
dL_dg2 = functionalDerivative(L, g2);
Derivative of L wrt q_dot
% Replacing derivatives with symbols
% Matlab can't take functional derivative with
% respect to a derivative
L=subs(L, diff(q2(t), t), q2_d);
L=subs(L,diff(q1(t),t),q1_d);
```

```
dL_dq1_dot= functionalDerivative(L,q1_d);
dL_dq2_dot= functionalDerivative(L,q2_d);
% Derivative of dl/dg dot wrt to t
%Taking derivative of dL_dq with respect to t
dt_dL_dq1_dot = diff(dL_dq1_dot,t);
dt_dL_dq2_dot = diff(dL_dq2_dot,t);
Equation of Motion
% Replacing derivatives with symbols
% Replacing derivatives with symbols to perform substaction
dt_dL_dq1_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq1_dot, diff(q1_d(t), t), q1_dd);
dt_dL_dq1_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq1_dot, diff(q1(t), t), q1_d);
dt_dL_dq1_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq1_dot,diff(q2_d(t),t),q2_dd);
dt_dL_dq1_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq1_dot, diff(q2(t), t), q2_d);
dt_dL_dq2_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq2_dot,diff(q1_d(t),t),q1_dd);
dt_dL_dq2_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq2_dot,diff(q1(t),t),q1_d);
dt_dL_dq2_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq2_dot, diff(q2_d(t), t), q2_dd);
dt_dL_dq2_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq2_dot,diff(q2(t),t),q2_d);
% Replacing derivatives with symbols to perform substaction
dL_dq1=subs(dL_dq1, diff(q1(t), t, t), q1_dd);
dL_dq1=subs(dL_dq1,diff(q1(t),t),q1_d);
dL_dq1=subs(dL_dq1,diff(q2(t),t,t),q2_dd);
dL_dq1=subs(dL_dq1,diff(q2(t),t),q2_d);
dL_dq2=subs(dL_dq2, diff(q1(t), t, t), q1_dd);
dL_dq2=subs(dL_dq2,diff(q1(t),t),q1_d);
dL_dq2=subs(dL_dq2,diff(q2(t),t,t),q2_dd);
dL_dq2=subs(dL_dq2,diff(q2(t),t),q2_d);
Finding Equations
eqn1 = simplify(dt_dL_dq1_dot - dL_dq1);
eng1=simplify(subs(eqn1, l1, 2*l2))== F1
egn2 =simplify(dt_dL_dq2_dot - dL_dq2);
egn2 = simplify(subs(egn2, l1, 2*l2)) == F2
```

>> dynamicsProblem1

r(t) =

```
cos(q(t))*(l1 + l2*cos(q2(t))
sin(q(t))*(l1 + l2*cos(q2(t))
l2*sin(q2(t))

T(t) =

(M*(sin(q(t))*(l1 + l2*cos(q2(t)))*diff(q1(t), t) + l2*cos(q1(t))*sin(q2(t))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t))*(l1 + l2*cos(q2(t)))*diff(q1(t), t) - l2*sin(q1(t))*sin(q2(t))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t))*(l1 + l2*cos(q2(t)))*diff(q1(t), t) - l2*sin(q1(t))*sin(q2(t))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t)))*(l1 + l2*cos(q2(t)))*diff(q1(t), t) + l2*cos(q1(t))*sin(q2(t))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t)))*(l1 + l2*cos(q2(t)))*diff(q1(t), t) - l2*sin(q1(t))*sin(q2(t))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t)))*(l1 + l2*cos(q2(t)))*diff(q1(t), t) - l2*sin(q1(t))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t)))*diff(q1(t), t) - l2*sin(q1(t))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t)))*diff(q1(t), t) - l2*sin(q1(t))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t)))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t)))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t)))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t)))*diff(q2(t), t))^2/2 + (M*(cos(q1(t)))*diff(q2(t)
```

Code 2

```
import numpy as np
def transZ(n):
    a = np.identity(4)
    a[2,3]=n
    return a
def transX(n):
    a=np.identity(4)
    a[0,3]=n
    return a
def transY(n):
    a=np.identity(4)
    a[1,3]=n
    return a
def rotX(n):
    x=np.deg2rad(n)
    a=np.array([[1,0,0,0],
                 [0,np.cos(x),-np.sin(x),0],
                 [0, np.sin(x), np.cos(x), 0],
                 [0, 0, 0, 1]
```

```
])
   return a
def rotY(n):
   x=np.deg2rad(n)
   a=np.array([[np.cos(x),0,np.sin(x),0],
              [0,1,0,0],
              [-np.sin(x), 0, np.cos(x), 0],
              [0, 0, 0, 1]
             ])
   return a
def rotZ(n):
   x=np.deg2rad(n)
   a=np.array([[np.cos(x),-np.sin(x),0,0],
              [np.sin(x), np.cos(x), 0, 0],
              [0,0,1,0],
              [0,0,0,1]
             1)
   return a
def A_dh(theta,d,a,alpha):
  return
         np.dot(rotZ(theta),
         np.dot(transZ(d),
          np.dot(transX(a),
          rotX(alpha))))
print('
                          Question 2a
print(' ')
\# q = np.array([90, -30, 60, 2])
q = np.array([150, 45, 30, 2])
11 = 1.5
12 = 1
13 = 0.5
A1=A_dh(q[0]-90,11,0,-30)
A2=A_dh(q[1]-90,12,0,90)
A3=A_dh(q[2]+60,0,0,-90)
AN=A_dh(0,q[3]+13,0,0)
T0_1 = A1
T0_2 = np.dot(T0_1, A2)
T0_3 = np.dot(T0_2, A3)
T0_n = np.dot(T0_3,AN)
z0 = np.array([0, 0, 1, 0])
z1 = np.dot(T0_1, z0)[:3]
z2 = np.dot(T0_2, z0)[:3]
z3 = np.dot(T0_3, z0)[:3]
z0 = z0[:3]
00 = \text{np.array}([0, 0, 0, 1])
```

```
01 = np.dot(T0_1,00)[:3]
02 = np.dot(T0_2,00)[:3]
On = np.dot(T0_n, 00)[:3]
00 = 00[:3]
j1 = np.concatenate((np.cross(z0,(0n - 00)),z0))
j2 = np.concatenate((np.cross(z1,(0n - 01)),z1))
j3 = np.concatenate((np.cross(z2, (0n - 02)), z2))
j4 = np.concatenate((z3,00))
J = np.column_stack((j1, j2, j3, j4))
F = np.array([1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0])
T = np.round(np.dot(J.T,F),3)
print('Joint torques ')
print(T)
Question 2b
print(' ')
T = np.array([2, 3, -1, 0.5])
J= J[0:3,:]
pseudoInv = np.dot(np.linalg.inv(np.dot(J, J.T)), J)
print(np.dot(pseudoInv,T))
```

Code 3

APPROACH 1

```
PROBLEM 3
% Note This approach doesn't account for Rotational Inertia'
syms I m1 m2 m3 g F1 F2 F3
syms q1(t) q2(t) q3(t) q1_d(t) q1_d(t) q2_d(t) q2_d(t) q3_d(t) q3_d(t)
syms a1c a2c a3c a1 a2 a3
% Symbol definitions
% q(t) - Represents generalized coordinates
% F - Represents generalized force or torque
% q_d(t) - Represents derivative of q wrt to t
% q_dd(t)- Represents second derivative of q wrt to t
% r - Position of COM wrt to inertial(world) frame
% a's - robot link parameters
% I - Rotational Inertia from links
%
              Lagrangian
r1 = [a1c*cos(q1)]
    a1c*sin(q1)];
r2 = [(a1+q2+a2c)*cos(q1)
    (a1+q2+a2c)*sin(q1)];
r3 = [(a1+ q2 + a2)*cos(q1) + a3c*cos(q3)]
    (a1+ q2 + a2)*sin(q1) + a3c*sin(q3);
% Getting velocities
v1 = diff(r1);
v2 = diff(r2);
v3 = diff(r3);
% Kinetic Energy
T1 = sym(1)/2 * transpose(v1) * v1;
T2 = sym(2)/2 * transpose(v2) * v2;
T3 = sym(3)/3 * transpose(v3) * v3;
```

```
T = T1 + T2 + T3
% Potential Energy
V1 = m1*g*a1c*sin(q1);
V2 = m2*g*(a1c + q2* + a2c)*sin(q1);
V3 = m3*g*((a1+q2*+a2)*sin(q1) + a3c*sin(q3));
V = V1 + V2 + V3
% Lagrangian
L = T-V
Taking derivatives
Derivative of L wrt to q
dL_dq1 = functionalDerivative(L,q1);
dL_dq2 = functionalDerivative(L,q2);
dL_dq3 = functionalDerivative(L,q3);
Derivative of L wrt q_dot
% Replacing derivatives with symbols
% Matlab can't take functional derivative with
% respect to a derivative
L=subs(L, diff(q1(t), t), q1_d);
L=subs(L,diff(q2(t),t),q2_d);
L=subs(L,diff(q3(t),t),q3_d);
dL_dq1_dot= functionalDerivative(L,q1_d);
dL_dq2_dot= functionalDerivative(L,q2_d);
dL_dq3_dot = functionalDerivative(L,q3_d);
% Derivative of dl/dq_dot wrt to t
%Taking derivative of dL_dq with respect to t
dt_dL_dq1_dot = diff(dL_dq1_dot, t);
dt_dL_dq2_dot = diff(dL_dq2_dot,t);
dt_dL_dg3_dot = diff(dL_dg3_dot,t);
%
              Equation of Motion
% Replacing derivatives with symbols
```

% Replacing derivatives with symbols to perform substaction

```
dt_dL_dq1_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq1_dot, diff(q1_d(t), t), q1_dd);
dt_dL_dq1_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq1_dot,diff(q1(t),t),q1_d);
dt_dL_dq1_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq1_dot,diff(q2_d(t),t),q2_dd);
dt_dL_dq1_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq1_dot, diff(q2(t), t), q2_d);
dt_dL_dq1_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq1_dot, diff(q3_d(t), t), q3_dd);
dt_dL_dq1_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq1_dot, diff(q3(t), t), q3_d);
dt_dL_dq2_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq2_dot,diff(q1_d(t),t),q1_dd);
dt_dL_dq2_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq2_dot,diff(q1(t),t),q1_d);
dt_dL_dq2_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq2_dot, diff(q2_d(t), t), q2_dd);
dt_dL_dq2_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq2_dot,diff(q2(t),t),q2_d);
dt_dL_dq2_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq2_dot,diff(q3_d(t),t),q3_dd);
dt_dL_dq2_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq2_dot, diff(q3(t), t), q3_d);
dt_dL_dq3_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq3_dot, diff(q1_d(t), t), q1_dd);
dt_dL_dq3_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq3_dot, diff(q1(t), t), q1_d);
dt_dL_dq3_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq3_dot, diff(q2_d(t), t), q2_dd);
dt_dL_dq3_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq3_dot,diff(q2(t),t),q2_d);
dt_dL_dq3_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq3_dot,diff(q3_d(t),t),q3_dd);
dt_dL_dq3_dot=subs(dt_dL_dq3_dot,diff(q3(t),t),q3_d);
% Replacing derivatives with symbols to perform substaction
dL_dq1=subs(dL_dq1, diff(q1(t), t, t), q1_dd);
dL_dq1=subs(dL_dq1,diff(q1(t),t),q1_d);
dL_dq1=subs(dL_dq1,diff(q2(t),t,t),q2_dd);
dL_dq1=subs(dL_dq1,diff(q2(t),t),q2_d);
dL_dq1=subs(dL_dq1,diff(q3(t),t,t),q3_dd);
dL_dq1=subs(dL_dq1,diff(q3(t),t),q3_d);
dL_dq2=subs(dL_dq2,diff(q1(t),t,t),q1_dd);
dL_dq2=subs(dL_dq2,diff(q1(t),t),q1_d);
dL_dq2=subs(dL_dq2,diff(q2(t),t,t),q2_dd);
dL_dq2=subs(dL_dq2, diff(q2(t), t), q2_d);
dL_dq2=subs(dL_dq2,diff(q3(t),t,t),q3_dd);
dL_dq2=subs(dL_dq2,diff(q3(t),t),q3_d);
dL_dq3=subs(dL_dq3,diff(q1(t),t,t),q1_dd);
dL_dq3=subs(dL_dq3,diff(q1(t),t),q1_d);
dL_dq3=subs(dL_dq3,diff(q2(t),t,t),q2_dd);
dL_dq3=subs(dL_dq3,diff(q2(t),t),q2_d);
dL_dq3=subs(dL_dq3,diff(q3(t),t,t),q3_dd);
dL_dq3=subs(dL_dq3,diff(q3(t),t),q3_d);
Finding Equations
eqn1 = simplify(dt_dL_dq1_dot - dL_dq1) == F1
eqn2 = simplify(dt_dL_dq2_dot - dL_dq2) == F2
eqn3 = simplify(dt_dL_dg3_dot - dL_dg3) == F3
```

>> dynamicsProblem3

PROBLEM 3 % This approach uses christoffel symbols and accounts for rotational % inertia syms I1_xx I1_xy I1_xz I1_yx I1_yy I1_yz I1_zx I1_zy I1_zz syms I2_xx I2_xy I2_xz I2_yx I2_yy I2_yz I2_zx I2_zy I2_zz syms I3_xx I3_xy I3_xz I3_yx I3_yy I3_yz I3_zx I3_zy I3_zz syms m1 m2 m3 g F1 F2 F3 $syms q1(t) q2(t) q3(t) q1_d(t) q1_d(t) q2_d(t) q2_d(t) q3_d(t) q3_d(t)$ syms a1c a2c a3c a1 a2 a3 % Symbol definitions % q(t) - Represents generalized coordinates % F - Represents generalized force or torque % m - Represents mass of links % q_d(t) - Represents derivative of q wrt to t % q_dd(t) - Represents second derivative of q wrt to t

% r - Position of COM wrt to inertial(world) frame
% a's - robot link parameters
% I - Rotational Inertia from links with respect to inertial frame

```
I1 = [I1_x \times I1_x \times I1_x;
      I1_yx I1_yy I1_yz;
      I1_zx I1_zy I1_zz];
I2 = [I2\_xx I2\_xy I2\_xz;
      I2_yx I2_yy I2_yz;
      I2_zx I2_zy I2_zz];
I3 = [I3_x X I3_x Y I3_x Z;
      I3_yx I3_yy I3_yz;
      I3_zx I3_zy I3_zz];
Jvc1 = [-a1c*sin(q1) 0 0;
          a1c*cos(q1) 0 0;
                      0 0];
Jvc2 = [-sin(q1)*(a1+q2+a2c) cos(q1) 0;
         \cos(q1)*(a1+q2+a2c) \sin(q1) 0;
                                     0];
Jvc3 = [-sin(q1)*(a1+q2+a2) cos(q1) -a3c*sin(q3);
         \cos(q1)^*(a1+q2+a2) \sin(q1)
                                      a3c*cos(q3);
                              0
                                      0];
Jw1 = [0 0 0;
        0 0 0;
        1 0 0];
Jw2 = [0 \ 0 \ 0;
        0 0 0;
        0 0 0];
Jw3 = [ 0 0 0;
        0 0 0;
        1 0 1];
D = m1*transpose(Jvc1)*Jvc1 + m2*transpose(Jvc2)*Jvc2 ...
   + m3*transpose(Jvc3)*Jvc3 + transpose(Jw1)*I1*Jw1
   + transpose(Jw2)*I2*Jw2 + transpose(Jw3)*I3*Jw3 ;
D = simplify(D); % inertia matrix
        m1*g*a1c*sin(q1) + m2*g*(a1+q2+a2c)*sin(q1) ...
      + m3*g*((a1+q2+a2)*sin(q1) + a3c*sin(q3));
q = [q1; q2; q3];
Dmat = D(t); %This is necessary to index values of D
qmat = q(t); %This is necessary to index values of q
syms C [3 3 3]; %Christofel Symbols is a 3x3x3 matrix
%calculation christofell symbols
for i = 1:3
    for j = 1:3
        for k= 1:3
              C(i,j,k) = functionalDerivative(Dmat(k,j),qmat(j)) \dots
                        + functionalDerivative(Dmat(k,i),qmat(i)) ...
```

```
D(t) =

[ 1] z2z + 13 zz + m2rq2(t)^2 + m3rq2(t)^2 + m3rq2(t)^2 + m2rq2(t) + m3rq2(t)^2 + m2rq2(t) + m3rq2(t)^2 + m2rq2(t) + m3rq2(t) + m3rq2(t
```