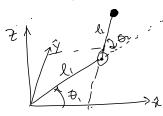
Homework 5

Wednesday, November 6, 2019

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1.



$$\frac{P.E = m_1 g \, \alpha_{C_1} \, \text{sin}(q^*)}{m_2 g \left(q_1 + q_2^* + q_2 \right) \, \text{sin}(q^*)} + m_2 g \left(q_1 + q_2^* + q_2 \right) \, \text{sin}(q^*) + q_3 \, C \, \text{sin}(q^*) \right)}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{K} \cdot \mathcal{E}}{Y_{1}(k)} = \begin{cases} q_{12} \cos(q_{11}) \\ q_{12} \sin q_{11} \end{cases} \xrightarrow{\text{position}} \text{ of center of }$$

$$\frac{\partial_{2}(k)}{\partial_{12}} = \begin{cases} q_{1} + q_{2} + q_{2} c \\ q_{11} + q_{2} + q_{2} c \end{cases} \cos(q_{11}) \xrightarrow{\text{position}} \text{ of center of }$$

$$\frac{\partial_{3}(k)}{\partial_{11}} = \begin{cases} q_{1} + q_{12} + q_{2} c \\ q_{11} + q_{2} c \end{cases} \sin(q_{11}) \xrightarrow{\text{position}} \text{ of center of }$$

$$\frac{\partial_{3}(k)}{\partial_{11}} = \begin{cases} q_{11} + q_{21} + q_{21} c \\ q_{11} + q_{21} c \end{cases} \sin(q_{11}) + q_{21} c \cos(q_{21}) \\ q_{11} + q_{21} c \sin(q_{21}) + q_{21} c \sin(q_{21}) \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial_{3}(k)}{\partial_{11}} = \begin{cases} q_{11} + q_{12} + q_{21} c \\ q_{11} + q_{21$$

Refer to Code for implementation. Cocle cloesn't molycle votational interta of the links.

Alternative Approach 2 Using Unistated Symbols.

$$\nabla_{r}(\xi) =
\begin{cases}
\alpha_{1c} \cos \varphi_{1} \\
\alpha_{1c} \sin \varphi_{1}
\end{cases}$$

$$\nabla_{r}(\xi) =
\begin{cases}
-\dot{q}_{1} q_{1c} \sin \varphi_{1} \\
\dot{q}_{1} q_{1c} \cos \varphi_{1}
\end{cases}$$

$$\int_{Vc_{1}} =
\begin{cases}
-\dot{q}_{1c} \sin \varphi_{1} \\
\dot{q}_{1c} \cos \varphi_{1}
\end{cases}$$

$$Q_{1c} \cos \varphi_{1}$$

$$Q_{1c} \cos \varphi_{1c}$$

$$Q_{1c} \cos \varphi_{1}$$

$$\nabla_{z}(t) = \left[\begin{array}{c} q_{1} + q_{2} + q_{2} \end{array}\right] \cos \left(q_{1}\right) \cos \left(q_{1}\right) \cos \left(q_{2}\right) \cos \left(q_{1}\right) \cos \left(q_{2}\right) \cos \left(q_{1}\right) \cos \left(q_{2}\right) \cos \left(q_{1}\right) \cos \left(q_{2}\right) \cos \left(q_{$$

$$J_{v_{C_2}} = \begin{cases} -\sin(q_1)(q_1 + q_2 + q_2 c) & \cos(q_1) & 6 \\ \cos(q_1)(q_1 + q_2 + q_2 c) & \sin(q_1) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sigma_{3}(\xi) = \left[\begin{array}{c} (q_{1} + q_{2} + q_{2}) (os (q_{1}) + a_{3} cos (q_{2}) \\ (a_{1} + q_{2} + a_{2}) sin (q_{1}) + a_{3} cos (q_{3}) \end{array} \right]$$

$$\int_{V_{C3}} = \left[-\sin(q_1)(q_1 + q_2 + q_3) + \cos(q_1) - \frac{q_2(\sin(q_3))}{q_3(\cos(q_3))} \right]_{\dot{q}_3}^{\dot{q}_3}$$

$$\cos(q_1)(q_1 + q_2 + q_3) + \sin(q_1) + \cos(q_3) + \cos(q_$$

Potational
$$K.E$$

$$w_1 = q_1 k \qquad w_2 = 0 \qquad w_3 = (q_1 + q_3) k$$

let

T -> Rotational intertion of link 1 with to inevite from. -> Databoned inexter of Inter with mertin frame

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Rolational K.E

$$K = \int_{0}^{1} q^{T} \left[\int_{0}^{1} dx^{T} \right] \int_{0}^{1} dx + \int_{0}^{1} dx^{T} \int_{0}^{2} dx + \int_{0}^{1} dx + \int_$$

$$P = m_1 g a_{c_1} sin(q^*) + m_2 g a_{1} + q_2 c) sin(q^*)$$

$$m_2 g ((q_1 + q_2^* + q_2) sin(q^*) + a_3 c sin(q^*))$$

Culer-lagrange Equation can be written as

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where K=1...n $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{\partial P}{\partial q_{i}} + \frac{\partial P}{\partial q_{i}}$ and $\frac{\partial P}{\partial q_{i}} + \frac{\partial D}{\partial q_{i}} + \frac{\partial D}{\partial q_{i}}$

The christofel symbols (ijk, the luculia matrix)
and Ok (represented as dP in the code) have been
(alrealated). Please refer to the code.