



Reproducibility: an old friend, the laboratory notebook Better reproducibility with documented code ¹



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4 octobre 2022



1 This work is derived from the IFB and I2BC team members



Sommaire

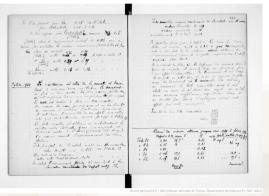
- The laboratory notebook
 - The aim

2 Notebook in bioinformatic

Laboratory notebook allow to:

■ Day-to-day recording each step in a process, experiments...





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- Report on the progress, and scientific experimentations from the idea to final conclusions.



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- Useful drafting a patent



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Laboratory notebook allow to:

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- Keep track of knowledge in a lab
- Useful drafting a patent
- Proof of anteriority



This is a legal tool:



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■ Page numbered in each notebook



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At each research level:

Researchers



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At each research level:

- Researchers
- Engineers

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At each research level:

- Researchers
- Engineers
- Technicians



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At each research level:

- Researchers
- Engineers
- Technicians
- Students...

End what's happen for bioinformatic?



Electronic Laboratory Notebooks (ELN) Modern LN since 2009 (C.U.R.I.E. Network)



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Electronic Laboratory Notebooks (ELN) Modern LN since 2009 (C.U.R.I.E. Network)

- dematerialised
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- secure

But less and less adapted to recent evolutions of our work We need an electronic tool for individual traceability









Accueil > Bibliothèque de la science ouverte > Rapport du Groupe de travail sur les Cahiers de Laboratoire électroniques



Le rapport du groupe de travail « Cahier de laboratoire électronique » (ELN) présente une vision partagée sur la définition, le cadrage, les usages et le périmètre fonctionnel de l'ELN, qui doit pouvoir s'intégrer dans les environnements informatiques et institutionnels existants. Il émet un ensemble de recommandations sur les critères de choix d'un outil et intègre une liste comparative d'outils existants.

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Calendrier du projet











Janvier 2021

Mise en œuvre de la stratégie adoptée

- Mise en œuvre de la procédure d'achat (licences, etc.)
- Cahier des charges de la solution à Mars-Juillet développer

2021

Mise à disposition de ou des solutions sélectionnées

- Outils déployés sous licences CNRS
- Solution électronique développée en interne

I anvier 2022 _ J uin 2023

17.11.20

Cabler de laboratoire électronique







What is literate programming?



^{2.} Donald E. Knuth, Literate Programming, 1984

^{3.} https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Literate programming#Workflow

What is literate programming?

"Let us change our traditional attitude to the construction of programs :

Instead of imagining that our main task is to instruct a computer what to do, let us concentrate rather on explaining to humans what we want the computer to do."²



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"Literate programming is a programming paradigm introduced by Donald Knuth in which a computer

program is given an explanation of its logic in a natural language, such as English, interspersed with snippets of macros and traditional source code, from which compilable source code can be generated."³



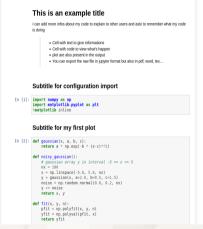
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What does it look like?







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What does it look like? Interactive programming interface allowing to combine both natural and computer languages



What does it look like?
Interactive programming interface allowing to combine both natural and computer languages
In one file

- Explanation
- Code
- Results
- Graphs and plots



Why using literate programming frameworks?

Labbook



Why using literate programming frameworks?

- Labbook
- Day-to-day analysis



Why using literate programming frameworks?

- Labbook
- Day-to-day analysis
- Make automatic reports



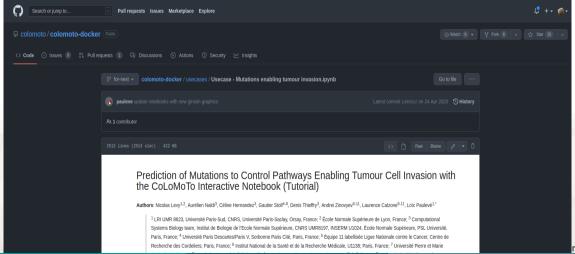
Why using literate programming frameworks?

- Labbook
- Day-to-day analysis
- Make automatic reports
- Write scientific article

Example of an article written using a notebook 4

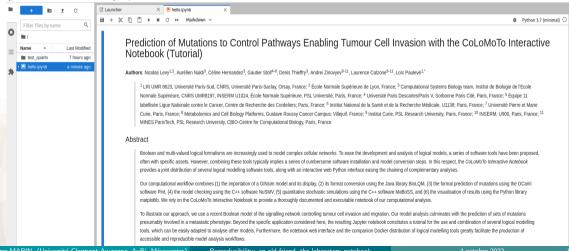


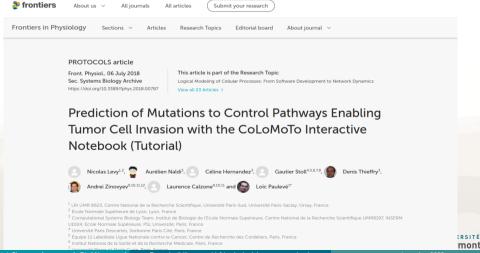




example

View Run Kernel Tabs





Markup

A markup language uses tags to define elements within a document.

Three different types and usage :



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Presentational (used by traditional word-processing systems)

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- Procedural, provides instructions to process the text (e.g. TeX, PostScript)



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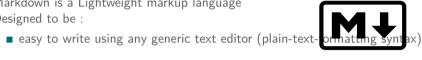
- Presentational (used by traditional word-processing systems)
- Procedural, provides instructions to process the text (e.g. TeX, PostScript)
- Descriptive, to label documents parts (e.g. LaTeX, HTML, XML...)

Markdown is a Lightweight markup language Designed to be :





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- last point



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Used on Github to make the README.md
But how is this useful for literate programming?
When you want to weave both code (to be interpreted) and formatting information, you precisely need a lightweight language for the formatting part.

R notebooks vs Jupyter(Lab) notebook





R notebook

■ Sweave in 2002 Leisch, Friedrich (2002). "Sweave, Part I: Mixing R and LaTeX: A short introduction to the Sweave file format and corresponding R functions"



R notebook

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- knitR in 2011

"The knitr package was designed to be a transparent engine for dynamic report generation with R. solve some long-standing problems in Sweave, and combine features in other add-on packages into one package"

2012 Rmarkdown was born!





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5. https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com

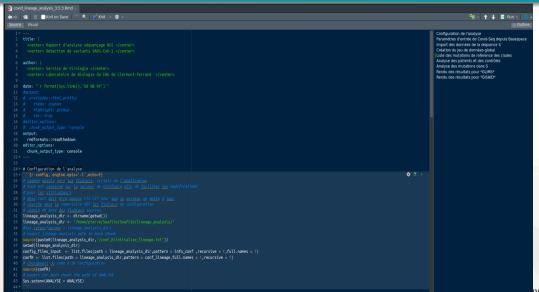
2012 Rmarkdown was born!



"When you run render, R Markdown feeds the .Rmd file to knitr, which executes all of the code chunks and creates a new markdown (.md) document which includes the code and its output. The markdown file generated by knitR is then processed by pandoc which is responsible for creating the finished format."5

5. https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com







Import des données de la séquence S

Nombre de séquences trouvées dans le fichier fasta depuis basespace : 93 Nombre de séguences trouvées dans le fichier fasta aligné via Nextclade : 93

Création du jeu de données global

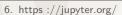
Le fichier de fusion des données contient 96 entrées

Liste des mutations de reference des clades



PRITÉ

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- 1 2011 : IPython (interactive Python shell) with notebook functionalities
- 2014 : Spin-off project called Project Jupyter a non-profit, open-source project maintained by a strong community
 - "Jupyter will always be 100% open-source software, free for all to use and released under the liberal terms of the modified BSD license" 6
 - A reference to the three core programming languages supported by Jupyter (Julia, Python and R)

6. https://jupyter.org/



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What is it exactly?

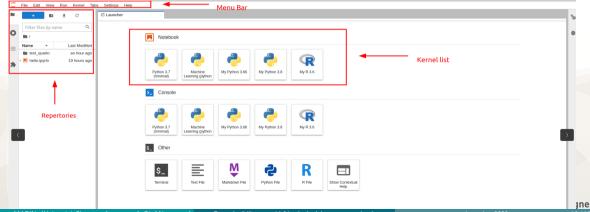
Web-based interactive computational environment



What is it exactly?

Web-based interactive computational environment

■ Web-based : client/server

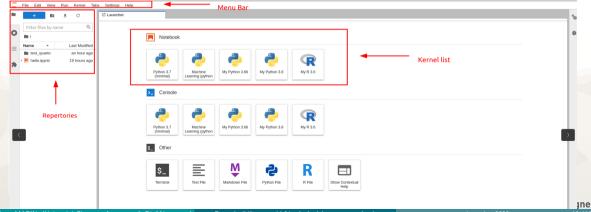


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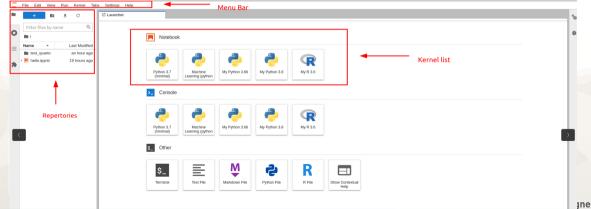
■ Interactive : notebook system



What is it exactly?

Web-based interactive computational environment

- Web-based : client/server
- Interactive : notebook system
- Computational environment : console, many kernels available...



What is it exactly?

Web-based interactive computational environment

