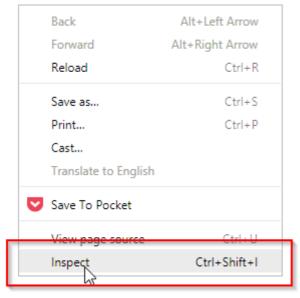
Hands-On Handout

Client-Server Architecture

1 Capturing Brower's API calls

1.1 Setup

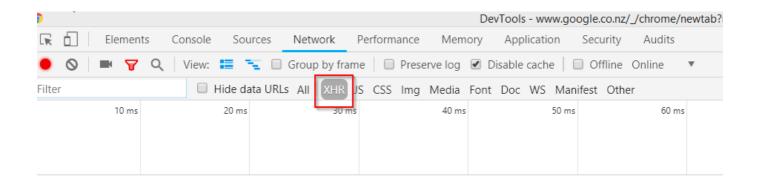
1. Open Chrome and right click a newly opened tab and select option "Inspect". A new Chrome Window should open titled "DevTools".



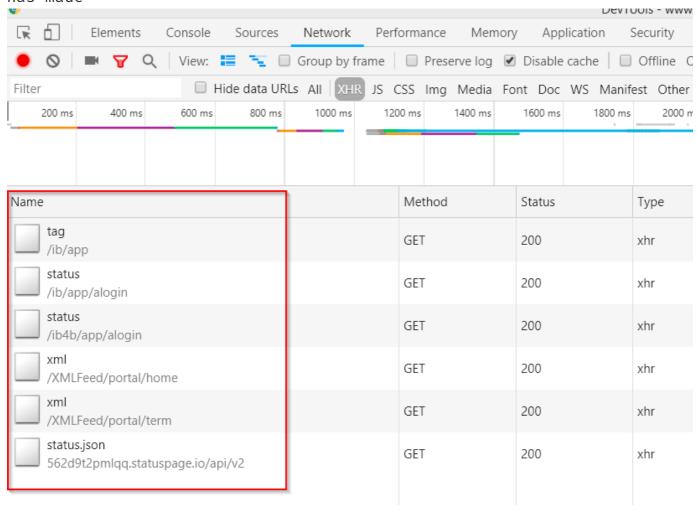
2. Click the "Network" tab on the "DevTools" window.

```
DevTools - www.google.co.nz/_/chrome/nev
Network
                                                Performance
        Elements
                    Console
                             Sources
                                                             Memory
                                                                      Application
                                                                                  Security
                                                                                           Audits
<!doctype html>
 <html lang="en-NZ">
 <head>...</head>
 ▼<body class="default-theme des-mat" style="background: rgb(255, 255, 255);">
    <div id="custom-bg" style="opacity: 0;"></div>
    <div id="prpd"></div>
   ▶ <div class id="mngb">...</div>
    <span id="prt"></span>
   ▼<div id="TZA4S">
    ▶ <div class id="lga">...</div>
    ▶ <form action="/search" id="f" method="get">...</form>
    dialog class="spch-dlg" id="spch-dlg">...</dialog>
▶ <div id="error-notice-container">...</div>
```

3. Click the "XHR" tab



- 4. Navigate to the www.bnz.co.nz site on the main brower window.
- 5. Switch back to the DevTools window and look the API calls that brower has made

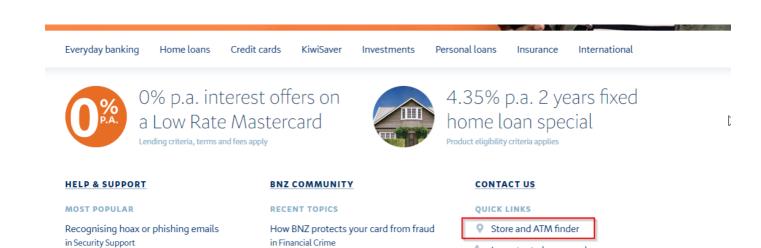


1.2 What just happened?

(Prateek's Rant)

1.3 Demo

 Click on the "Store and ATM finder" link on the bottom right of the bnz.co.nz homepage



Important phone numbers

Send us a message

All Systems Operational

2. Search for "Wellington"

Setting up Te Reo in your banking apps

in Internet Banking Support

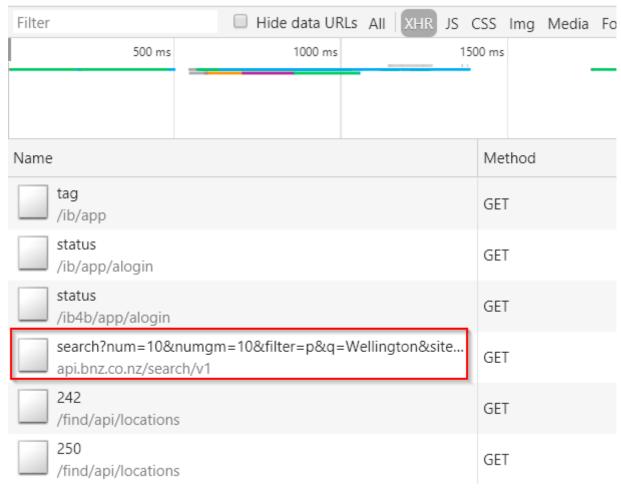
Store and ATM finder

Wellington	Q
------------	---

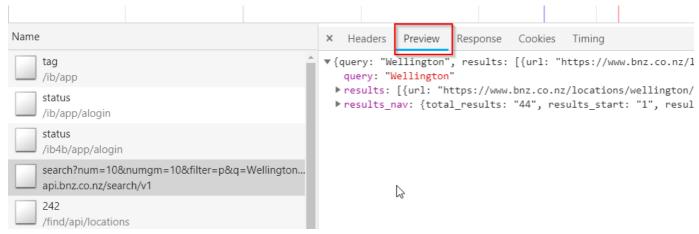
3. Switch to the "DevTools" Chrome window and click at the API call as shown below.

An alternative to NetGuard

in Online and Mobile



4. Click on the "Preview" tab



5. Explore the API response and how it's being displayed on the Website.

Data returned

```
x Headers Preview Response Cookies
                                          Timing
▼ {query: "Wellington", results: [{url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/wellington",...},...],...}
   query: "Wellington"
  ▼results: [{url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/wellington",...},...]
   ▼0: {url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/wellington",...}
     ▶ meta_tags: [{name: "findlocation-id", value: "242"},...]
      size: "23k"
                                                          AIMs. 38 Willis St, <b>Wellington</b>. Smart ATM available<br> 24/7. -41.28708
      title: "<b>Wellington</b> store &amp; ATMs - BNZ"
           "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/wellington"
   ▶ 1: {url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/wellington-international-airport",...}
   ▶ 2: {url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/wellington-south"....}
   ▶ 3: {url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/wellington/wellington/south",...}
   ▶ 4: {url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/z-broadway", title: "Z Broadway ATM - BNZ",...}
   ▶ 5: {url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/karori", title: "Karori store & ATM - BNZ",...}
   ▶ 6: {url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/paraparaumu-beach",…}
   ▶7: {url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/courtenay-central",...}
   ▶8: {url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/z-mana", title: "Z Mana ATM - BNZ",...}
   ▶ 9: {url: "https://www.bnz.co.nz/locations/wellington/courtenay-place",...}
 results_nav: {total_results: "44", results_start: "1", results_end: "10", current_view: "0", have_next: "1"}
```

Same Data Displayed

Wellington

ALL BNZ SUPPORT COMMUNITY STORES AND ATMS

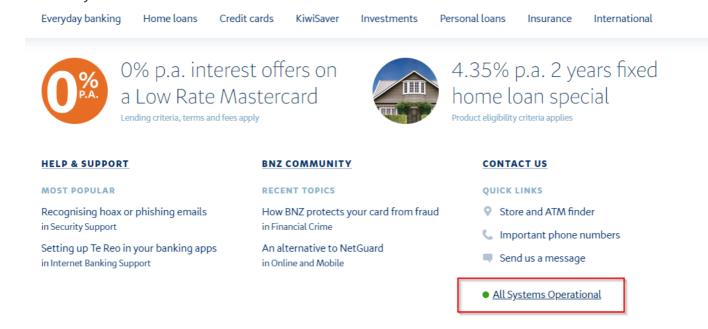
Wellington store & ATMs

38 Willis St, Wellington

- (1) Closed until 9:00am today
- ATM available 24/7

Exercise 1

1. Click the "System Status" link as shown below and capture the API call made by the browser.



2. Explore how that data is being used by the website.

Understanding REST APIs - Bank Analogy

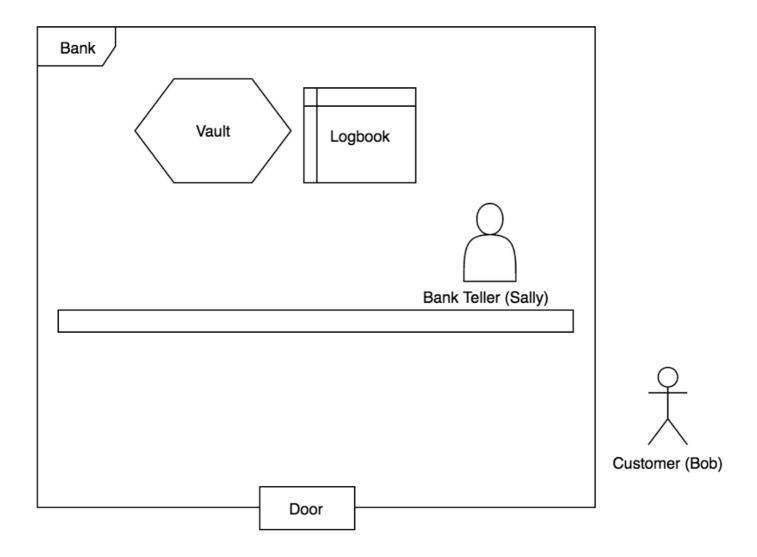
The aim of this exercise is to explore the functionalities that an API can offer through the HTTP GET method.

Setup - Launch the API

Navigate to the session1Handout\API-training-jars\bankApi\session1 folder on your computer and double click the ".bat" or the ".sh" file(as per your OS) to launch the API.

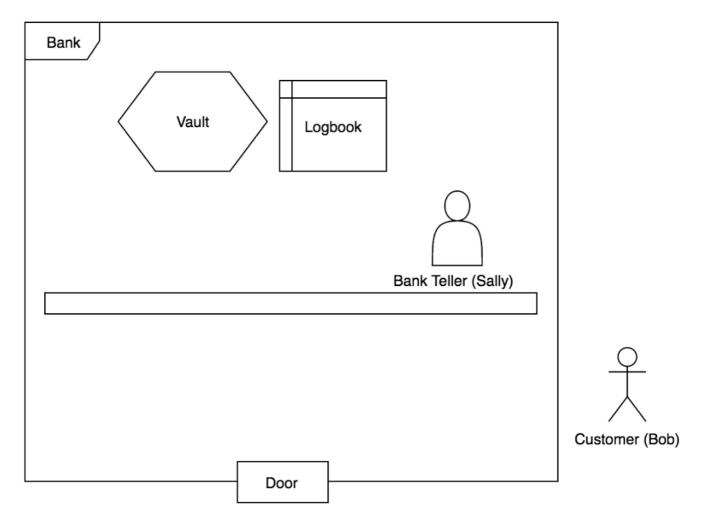
Demo

With this picture in mind.



Interface

- 1. In your browser type the IP Address 127.0.0.0 to reach the Door of the bank
 - You should see "This site can't be reached" as expected
- 2. Now add ":3000" at the end of URL and hit enter. If the API is running you should see the HomePage displayed as below



 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{IP}}\xspace$ address of the server on the Network.

Port is address of the service within the System.

So, IP address + Port defines address of the particular service on the particular server.

Default port for HTTP is 80.

Endpoint

The functionality the API exposes.

On your browser type "localhost:3000/customers" and hit enter.
 You should see an XML with customer information.

Here the endpoint is /customers

Protocol

Rules of engagement

 Replace customer in the URL of the previous step with "underWaterBasketWeaving".

We should get an error returned.

Verification

1. In the browser type http://localhost:3000/customers/103 and hit enter. You should get a response to say the customer does not exist.
103 customer presently does not exist. You could use any other customer number that does not exist.

Pagination

The client wants to consume information in manageable chunks.

- In your browser type http://localhost:3000/customers?size=2 to return data for 2 customers at a time.
- 2. In your browser type http://localhost:3000/customers?size=2&page=1 to return the 2nd page of customer data, which is dvided into chunks of 2.

Filtering

The client wants data that matches a specified criterion.

1. In your browser type http://localhost:3000/customers?type=Individual to return
only customers of type "Individual"

Change the type to "Business"

Format

The client can specify the format in which data should be returned. e.g. JSON or XML.

- 1. Using Postman specify header accept: application/json to get the data in the JSON format.
- Change the header to accept:application/xml to get the data in the XML format.

Exercise 2

1. Paste the URL to the ATM locator API in your browser window.

```
https://api.bnz.co.nz/search/v1/search?
num=10&filter=p&q=auckland&site=bnz_co_nz_locations&client=darwin_frontend
&start=0&proxystylesheet=www dev
```

Change the below parameters in the URL to different values and explore how the response changes.

Parameter	Meaning
num	number of results to be returned
q	search string
start	return search results starting from n th number