

# **Ample Bass Manual**

Beijing Ample Sound Technology Co. Ltd



# **Contents**

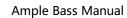
1	INS	TALLATION AND ACTIVATION	6
	1.1	Installation on Mac	6
	1.2	Installation on Windows	8
	1.3	FULL FEATURES TRIAL & ACTIVATION	13
2	PAI	RAMETERS SETTING	16
	2.1	OVERVIEW OF SETTINGS PANEL	16
	2.2	SAVE / LOAD PRESET	17
	2.3	Instrument Path Setting	17
	2.4	MASTER TUNE	17
	2.5	MIDI Out	17
	2.6	Max Voices	18
	2.7	VELOCITY LAYERS	18
	2.8	POLY BENDER	19
	2.9	CYCLE MODE	19
	2.10	CYCLE PLUS	19
	2.11	MIDI GUITAR MODE	20
	2.12	CUSTOMIZED PARAMETERS CONTROL	20
	2.12	2.1 MIDI Controller	20
	2.1.	2.2 Automation	21
3	INS	TRUMENT PANEL	. 22



3.1	OVE	OVERVIEW OF INSTRUMENT PANEL	
3.2 SAM		IPLE LIBRARY	22
3.3	Оре	EN STRING FIRST	23
3.4	PLA	y Mode Switch	23
3.5	Аит	TO LEGATO	23
3.6	Tun	NER	23
3.7	Vol	ume Ratio	24
4 M	AIN P	PANEL	25
4.1	OVE	erview of Main Panel	25
4.2	Art	ICULATIONS AND POLY LEGATO	27
4.2	2.1	Acoustics and Electrics	27
4.2	2.2	Metal	27
4.2	2.3	Sustain	28
4.2	2.4	Natural Harmonic	29
4.2	2.5	Palm Mute	30
4.2	2.6	Slide In from below & Slide Out downwards (Original)	31
4.2	2.7	Legato Slide (Poly Legato)	32
4.2	2.8	Hammer On & Pull Off (Poly Legato)	33
4.2	2.9	Staccato	34
4.2	2.10	Slap	35
4.2	2.11	Тар	36
4.2	2.12	Рор	37



	4.3	MIC AND DI (ACOUSTIC ONLY)				
	4.4	Аито Buzz	. 38			
	4.5	Auto Accentuation Noise	. 38			
	4.6	Fret Sound	. 38			
	4.7	TOTAL START TIME AND DI DELAY	. 38			
	4.8	CAPO	. 40			
	4.9	MANUAL VIBRATO WHEEL (ORIGINAL)	. 40			
	4.10	STRMAN AND CAPOMAN	. 41			
	4.10	0.1 StrMan	. 41			
	4.10	0.2 CapoMan	. 41			
	4.11	FX SOUND GROUP	. 41			
	4.1	1.1 Acoustics and Electrics	. 41			
	4.1	1.2 Metal	. 42			
	4.12	Buzz	. 43			
	4.13	Octave Pattern	. 43			
	4.14	SINGLE NOTE REPEAT	. 43			
5	TAB	3 PANEL	. 44			
	5.1	OVERVIEW OF TAB PANEL	. 44			
	5.2	TAB LOAD	. 44			
	5.3	TAB PLAY	. 45			
	5.4	HOST PLAYBACK	. 45			
	5.5	VELOCITY PROPORTION AND HUMANIZATION	. 45			





5.7	7	Tab Duration Proportion	. 45
6	EDIT	Γ PANEL	46

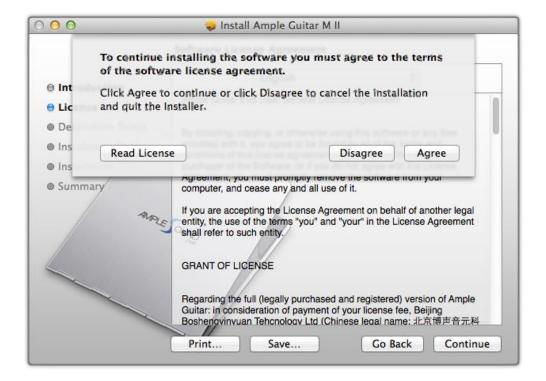


# 1 Installation and Activation

#### 1.1 Installation on Mac

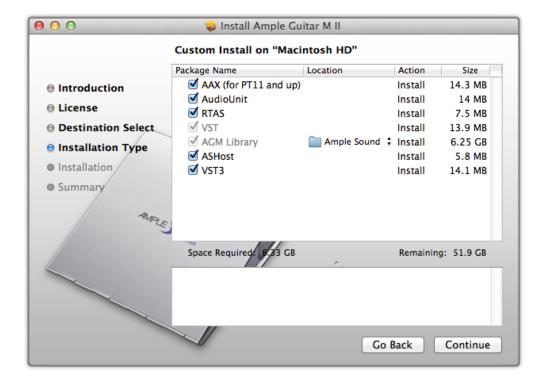


1. Continue to install.



2. Read and accept the license agreement.





3. Select plugin formats to install. Change Location if you want to install sample library in a different place.



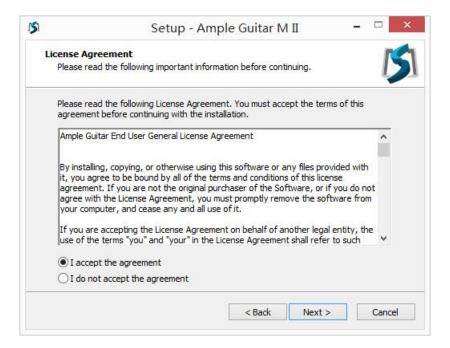
4. Close to exit.



### 1.2 Installation on Windows

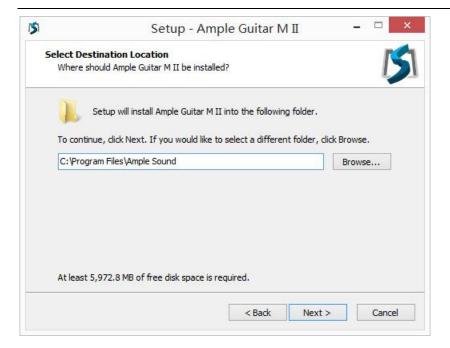


#### 1. Continue to install.

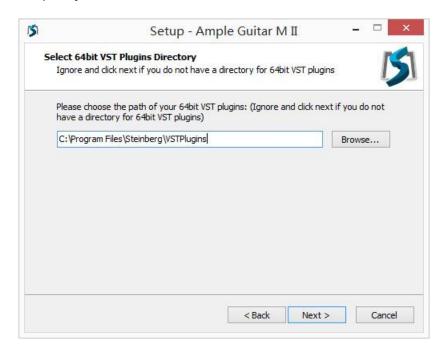


2. Read and accept the license agreement.



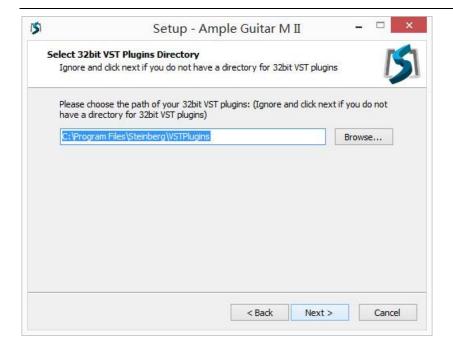


3. Specify location to install standalone.

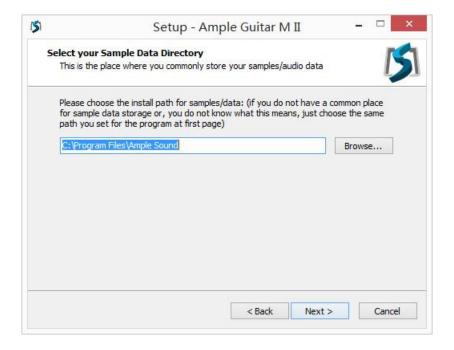


4. Specify location to install 64bit VST.



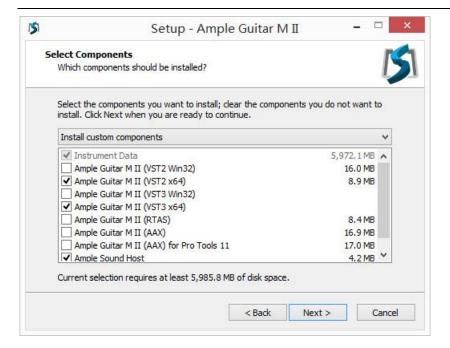


5. Specify location to install 32bit VST.

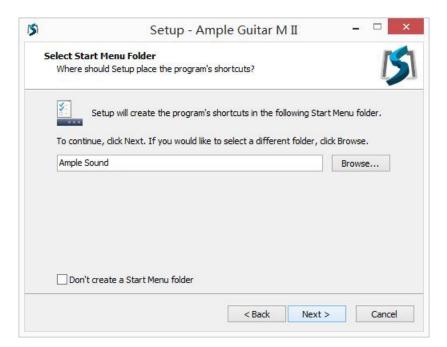


6. Specify location to install sample library.





7. Select plugin formats to install.



8. Choose if to create a Start Menu folder.

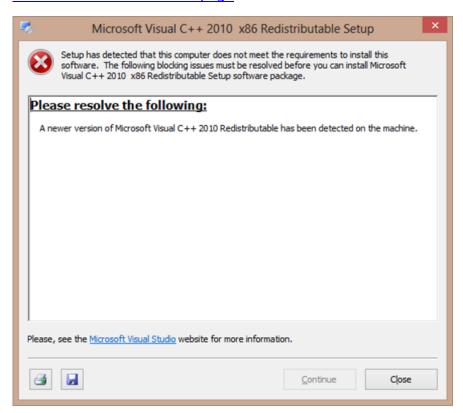




#### 9. Finish to exit.

\*Please install Microsoft Visual C++ 2013 Redistributable if program cannot run.

#### Microsoft official download page



\*If encountered with error shown above, please close and simply ignore it.



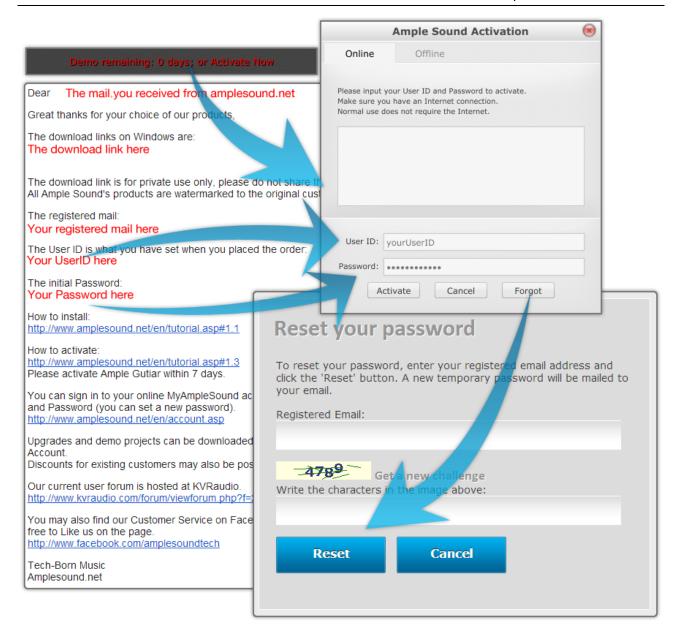
# 1.3 Full Features Trial & Activation

- 1. 7-days trial with full features is offered.
- 2. Trial requires an internet connection.



3. Activation: open Activation Manager to activate products.

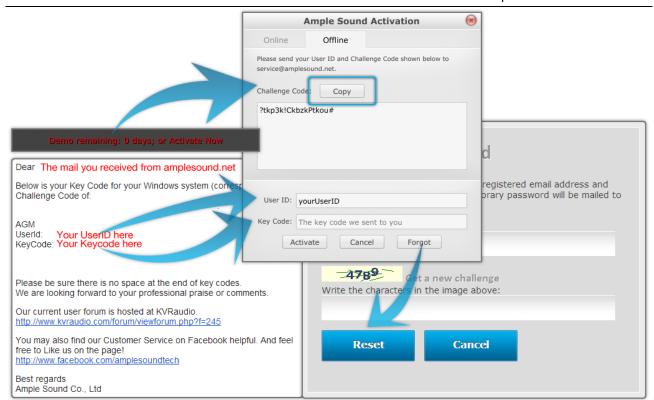




4. Online Activation: fill in User ID and password and click "Activate" to complete activation. Click

<sup>&</sup>quot;Forgot" if you want to inquire User ID and reset password.





- 5. Offline Activation: please send Challenge Code and User ID to <a href="mailto:service@amplesound.net">service@amplesound.net</a>. Our customer service will send you Key Code within 24 hours. Fill in User ID and Key Code and click "Activate" to complete activation. Keep your User ID and Key Code in case of reinstallation.
- 6. After activation succeeds, please close Activation Manager and restart program.



# 2 Parameters Setting

# 2.1 Overview of Settings Panel



- 1. Save/Load Preset
- 2. Instrument Path Setting
- 3. Master Tune
- 4. MIDI Out
- 5. Max Voices
- 6. Real Time Memory Display
- 7. Velocity Sensitivity
- 8. Real Time Voices Display
- 9. Velocity Layer Thresholds
- 10. Bender Range
- 11. Poly Bender
- 12. Mod Wheel Range
- 13. Auto Mod Wheel
- 14. Hold Pedal Noise
- 15. Cycle Mode
- 16. Cycle Plus
- 17. Cycle Reset
- 18. MIDI Guitar Mode Setting and Toggle



## 2.2 Save / Load Preset

You can save your current parameters setting as local file for later use with other projects or DAWs.

## 2.3 Instrument Path Setting

You can move sample library folder indicated by original path to anywhere, and set path to new location.



#### 2.4 Master Tune

Default tune is in 440Hz. You can set tune to any non-standard between 430 and 450Hz.

#### 2.5 MIDI Out

Toggle on MIDI Out, add a MIDI track in project and set the input to MIDI Out of Ample Bass.

Then any note being played will be converted to MIDI, including those by tab.





### 2.6 Max Voices

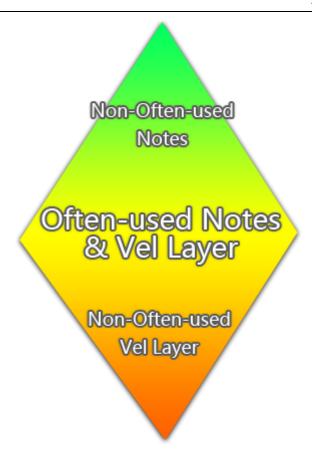
Defines the maximum number of voices which can be played simultaneously. Voices will be forced stop if the number goes beyond maximum.

## 2.7 Velocity Layers

Each Cycle: Separate sample cycle for each note and each velocity layer, greatly improving humanization.

Rhombic Sampling Structure: Greatly improves sample utilization proficiency.





Sliders control velocity thresholds of corresponding layers. Adjust them according to your play style.

# 2.8 Poly Bender

When toggled on, open string and multiple notes can be bended.

# 2.9 Cycle Mode

You can switch cycle mode among Each Cycle (default), Round Robin (Kontakt like) and Random.

# 2.10 Cycle Plus

When toggled on, more cycles will be available for each note



#### 2.11 MIDI Guitar Mode

Toggle on when you use midi guitar as input. Make sure the input channel of midi track is set to all.



## 2.12 Customized Parameters Control

#### 2.12.1 MIDI Controller

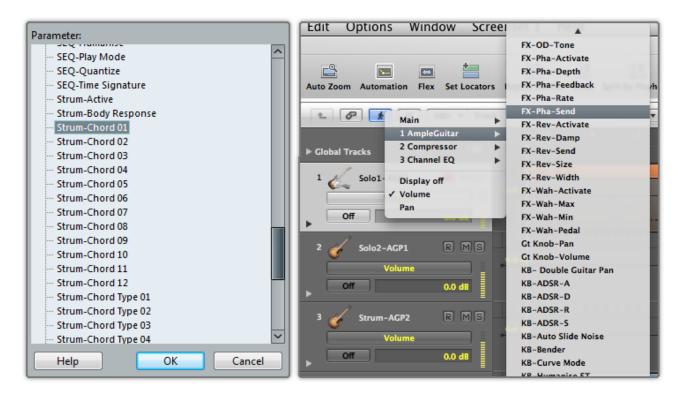
All buttons, knobs and sliders on GUI can be controlled by MIDI Controllers. Alt + click or right-click a control to open the dialog below and assign a controller.





1.Left Column: Available controllers, including After Touch, Bender and MIDI CC.
 2.Right Column: Assigned parameters.
 3.OK: Assign the selected controller to the control.
 4.Cancel: Close dialog.
 5.Learn: MIDI Learn.
 6.Clear: Clear the assigned controller of the control.

#### 2.12.2 Automation



You can also use automation to control parameters.



# 3 Instrument Panel

### 3.1 Overview of Instrument Panel



- 1. Sample Library Switch
- 2. Master Volume
- 3. Capo Logic Intelligent Fingering Simulation Algorithm
- 4. StrMan
- 5. Open String First (G#6)
- 6. Hold Pedal
- 7. Play Mode Switch
- 8. Auto Legato Mode Switch(D#6)
- 9. Tuner
- 10. Volume Ratio

# 3.2 Sample Library

You can switch between Finger and Pick sample libraries.

\*Sample Library cannot be switched during play



# 3.3 Open String First

Used for playing high position arpeggios with open strings. When toggled on, notes will be played priorly on open strings regardless of Capo Logic. G#6 can toggle it on with high velocity and off with low velocity.

### 3.4 Play Mode Switch

When keyboard mode is on, multiple notes can be played on same string simultaneously. When solo mode is on, only one note can exist at a time. Both keyboard mode and solo mode will mute Auto Legato.

### 3.5 Auto Legato

When two notes on the same string overlap and keyboard/solo mode is off, a legato will be automatically made. D#6 can switch auto legato mode, high velocity for Auto SL and low velocity for Auto HP.

### 3.6 Tuner

You can tune every string by turning its corresponding tuner, 2 semitones down at most. Tuning is fully compatible with strummer, tab and all articulations.





# 3.7 Volume Ratio

Adjusts the volume ratio of non-slap articulation to slap articulation.



# 4 Main Panel

# 4.1 Overview of Main Panel









- 1.Articulations and Poly Legato keyswitches (Important)
- 2.Peak meter / Sound Mode, Pan and Width
- 3.Open String First Toggle
- 4. Tab Play Toggle
- 5.Fade In / DI Delay
- 6.Auto Buzz (Original) / Mic, DI and Master Volume and EQ / Pick Attack Accentuation
- 7.Auto Accentuation Noise (Original) / Pick Attack Random
- 8. Release Sound Volume
- 9. Noise Sound Volume
- 10.Accentuation Noise Volume
- 11.Fret Sound Toggle and Volume (Original)
- 12.Total Start Time (Original)
- 13.Capo
- 14.Bender
- 15.Manual Vibrato Wheel (Original)
- 16.CapoMan
- 17.Fx Sound Group
- 18. Manual Buzz / Fx Sound Group 2
- 19.Dead Note
- 20.Octave Pattern (Original)
- 21. Single Note Repeater (Original)
- 22. Auto Accentuation Noise Toggle
- 23. Auto Legato Mode Switch
- 24.Strman



# 4.2 Articulations and Poly Legato

# **4.2.1 Acoustics and Electrics**

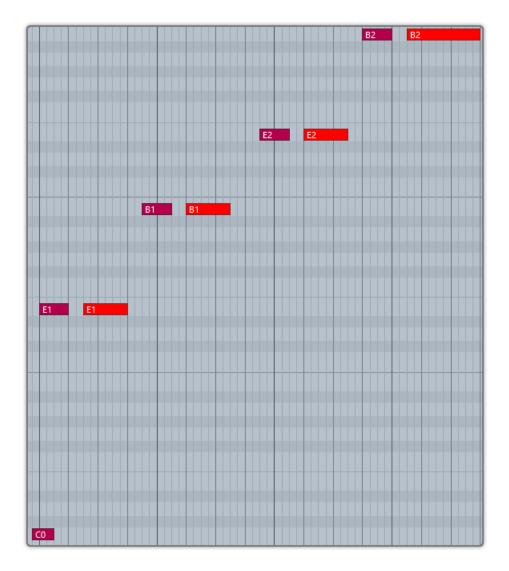
Abbr.	Full Name	Keyswitch	Range
SUS	Sustain	C0	B0-F4
NH	Natural Harmonic	C#0	E2-G4
PM	Palm Mute	D0	E1-F4
SIO	Slide In from below & Slide Out downwards	D#0	F#1-F4
LS	Legato Slide (Poly Legato)	E0	F1-F4
HP	Hammer On & Pull Off (Poly Legato)	F0	E1-F4
STA	Staccato	F#0	E1-F4
SLAP	Slap	G0	E1-F4
TAP	Тар	G#0	E1-F4
POP	Pop	A0	E1-F4

### 4.2.2 Metal

Abbr.	Full Name	Keyswitch	Range
SUS	Sustain	C0	B0-E4
LS	LS Legato Slide (Poly Legato)		C1-E4
HP	Hammer On & Pull Off (Poly Legato)	D0	B0-E4
SIO	Slide In from below & Slide Out downwards	D#0	C#1-E4



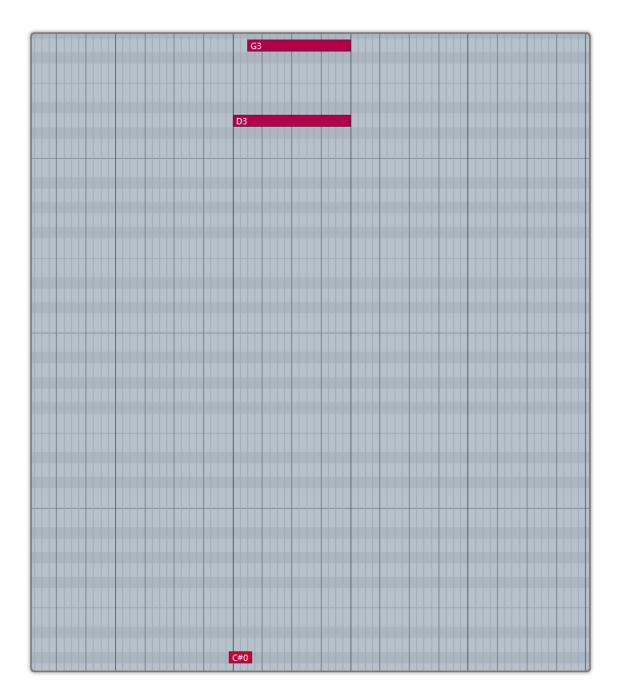
# 4.2.3 Sustain



Keyswitch is C0.



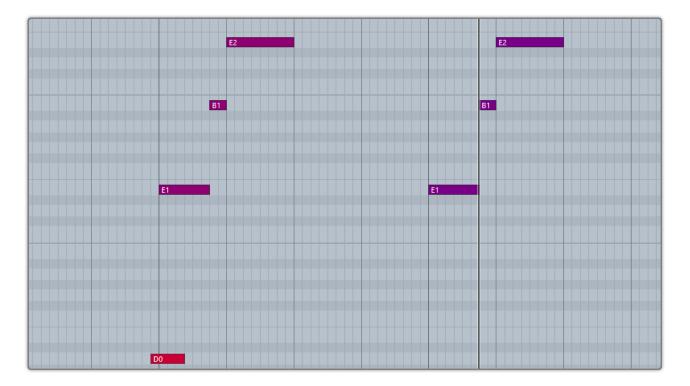
# 4.2.4 Natural Harmonic



Keyswitch is C#0.



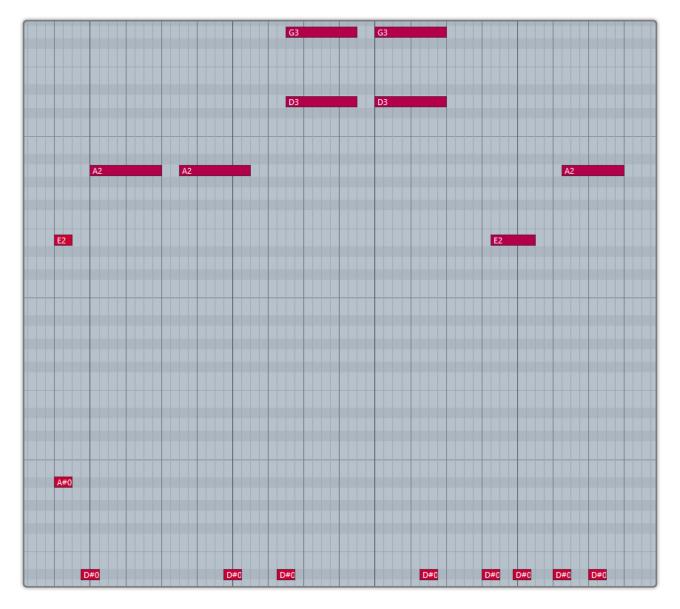
# 4.2.5 Palm Mute



Keyswitch is D0. Subsequent note of low velocity will be dead note. If you press C0 and D0 at the same time, subsequent notes of high velocity will be Sustain and notes of low velocity will be Palm Mute.



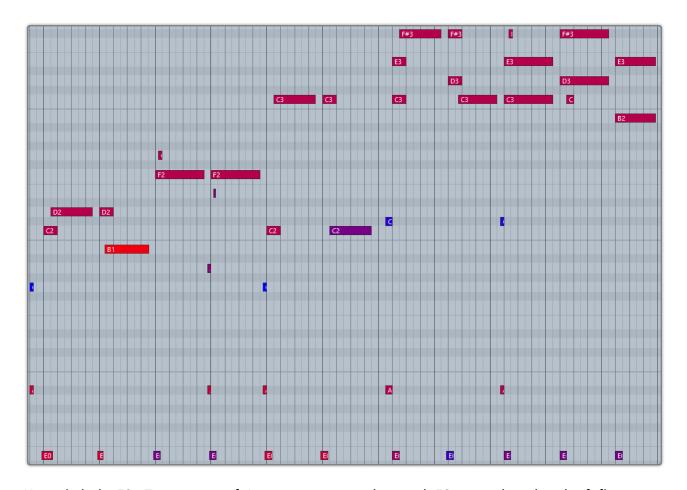
# 4.2.6 Slide In from below & Slide Out downwards (Original)



Keyswitch is D#0. When D#0 is before a note, Slide In is triggered. When D#0 lies in a note, Slide
Out is triggered. The velocity of slide is determined by D#0. Articulation will return to Sustain
when note ends. Poly slide is supported.



## 4.2.7 Legato Slide (Poly Legato)



Keyswitch is E0. Two notes of Legato must overlap and E0 must be ahead of first note.

Articulation will return to previous one when second note ends. Legato triggered by E0 of high velocity will change fret position. Low velocity will not.

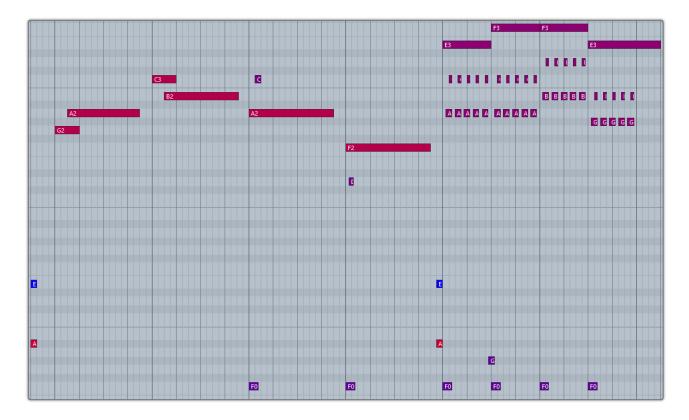
**Poly Legato (Original)**: The rule is same with mono legato except you only need to press the highest note of second set if you want to slide upward, or lowest note of second set if you want to slide downward.

**Slide Smoother**: The speed of a long legato slide (slide more than 2 frets) is determined by the velocity of second note. Higher the velocity, faster the speed.

**Auto SL**: When keyboard/solo mode is off and auto legato mode is Auto SL, two overlapped note on same string will legato automatically, no keyswitch needed.



# 4.2.8 Hammer On & Pull Off (Poly Legato)



Keyswitch is F0. Two notes of Legato must overlap and F0 must be ahead of first note.

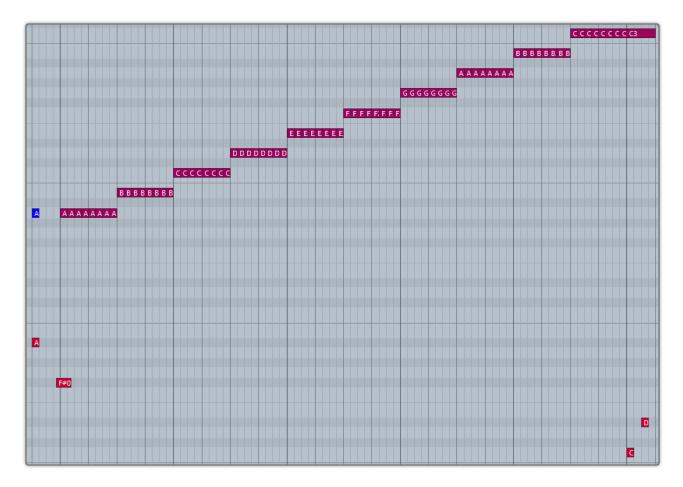
Articulation will return to previous one when second note ends. Legato triggered by F0 of high velocity will change fret position if it goes beyond. Low velocity will not.

**Auto HP**: When keyboard/solo mode is off and auto legato mode is Auto HP, two overlapped note on same string will legato automatically, no keyswitch needed.

**Poly Legato (Original)**: The rule is same with mono legato except you only need to press the highest note of second set if you want to hammer on, or lowest note of second set if you want to pull off.



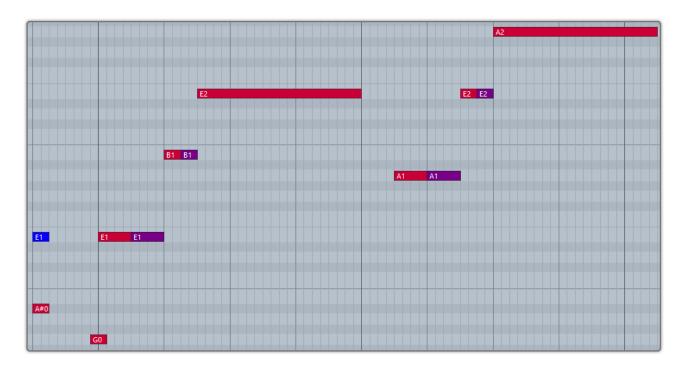
# 4.2.9 Staccato



Keyswitch is F#0.



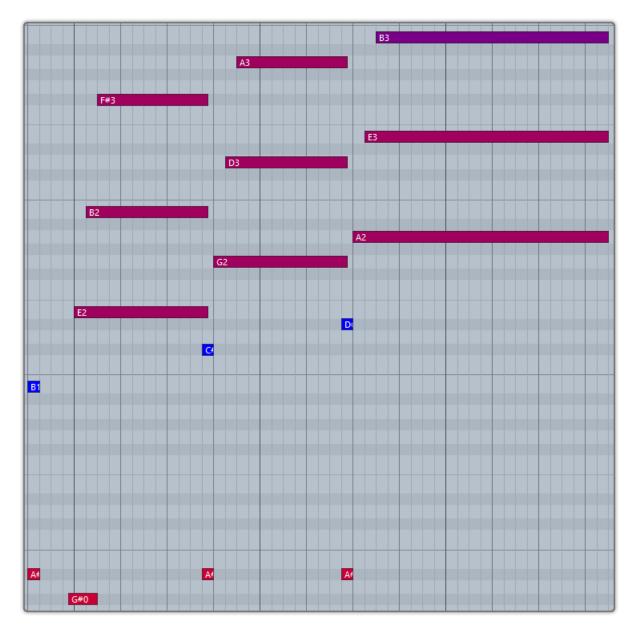
# 4.2.10 Slap



Keyswitch is G0. Subsequent note of low velocity will be slap noise.



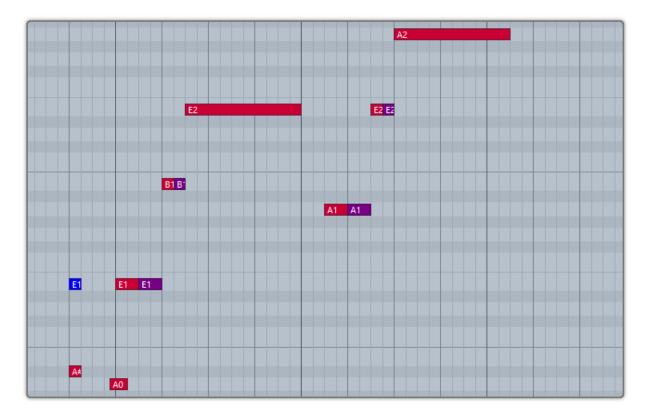
# 4.2.11 Tap



Keyswitch is G#0.



# 4.2.12 Pop



Keyswitch is A0. Subsequent note of low velocity will be pop noise. If you press G0 and A0 at the same time, subsequent notes on string 3&4 will be Slap and string 1&2 will be Pop.



# 4.3 Mic and DI (Acoustic only)

Ample Bass Acoustic is recorded via Mic and DI simultaneously. You can solo or mute either and set EQ separately. Two mono and stereo modes are available. In addition, you can adjust mic and di volumes, pan and width to meet your need.

#### 4.4 Auto Buzz

When toggled on, notes will be randomly buzzed depending on frequency.

### 4.5 Auto Accentuation Noise

When toggled on, a noise will be randomly applied to sustain articulation depending on frequency.

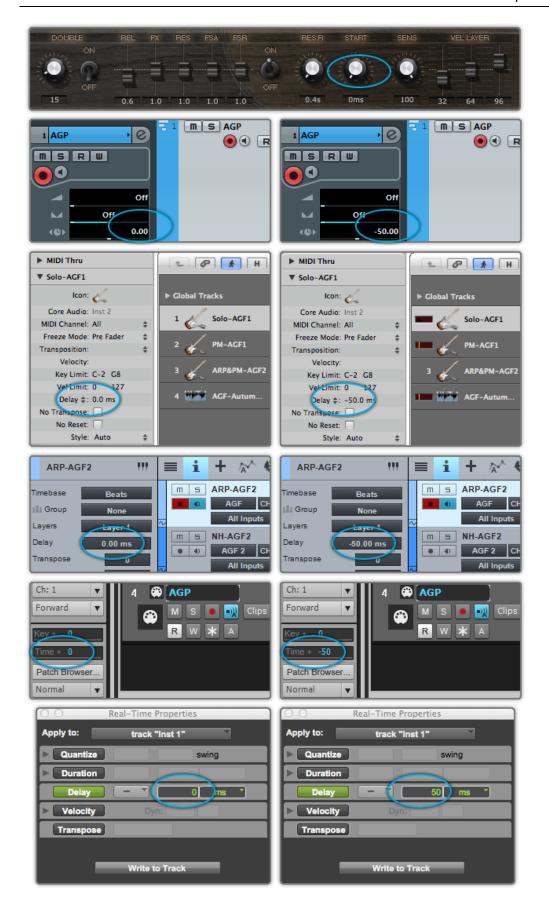
### 4.6 Fret Sound

In real performance, hand is constantly moving and touching fretboard. Without fret sound virtual instruments would sound artificially "clean".

### 4.7 Total Start Time and DI Delay

After pick strokes string, it takes around 50ms to get the string really vibrating. Ample Bass preserves the moment of the stroke, otherwise it will sound like piano.







Set Start Time to 50ms and Track Delay of DAWs to 0ms as shown in the figure above on the left when you are playing a MIDI keyboard.

Set Start Time to 0ms and Track Delay of DAWs to -50ms as shown in the figure above on the right when you are playing tracks or exporting audio.

If your DAW doesn't support Track delay, you will need to drag tracks a few ms (according to start time) forward manually, or use the formula of Time to BPM: Track Delay(beat) = Time(s) \* Tempo / 60, e.g. for 50ms, you need to drag tracks 0.1 beat or 48 ticks forward when Tempo = 120.

You need to export audio one bar earlier after Track Delay is set as shown in the figure below.



For Ample Bass Acoustic, since DI channel transmits earlier than Mic channels, you can adjust DI Delay to avoid phase cancellation.

### 4.8 **Capo**

Shifts all incoming notes without need to change original.

### 4.9 Manual Vibrato Wheel (Original)

Vibrato can be controlled by hand like a real musician does. An intensive vibrato is triggered when the wheel position exceeds 3/4.



# 4.10 StrMan and CapoMan

### 4.10.1 StrMan

Specify a string to be played manually. E6-G6 correspond to 4th string-1st string. High velocity StrMan will affect fret position while low velocity will not.

## 4.10.2 CapoMan

Switch to a fret position manually. Press A#0 and the CapoMan line (yellow) will appear. Then press E1-A#2 to switch to position 0-18 respectively. For metal, press B0-E2 to switch to position 0-17 respectively.

# 4.11 FX Sound Group

#### 4.11.1 Acoustics and Electrics

Note	FX Sound
G#4	Hit Top (Mute)
A4	Hit Top (Open)
A#4	Hit Rim
F5	Scratch 1
F#5	Scratch 2
G5	Accentuation Noise
G#5	Slap Noise by Left Hand
A5	Slap Noise by Right Hand
A#5	Fx Slide 1: SIO on E string
B5	Fx Slide 2: SIO on A string
C6	Fx Slide 3: SO on E string
C#6	Fx Slide 4: SO on A string

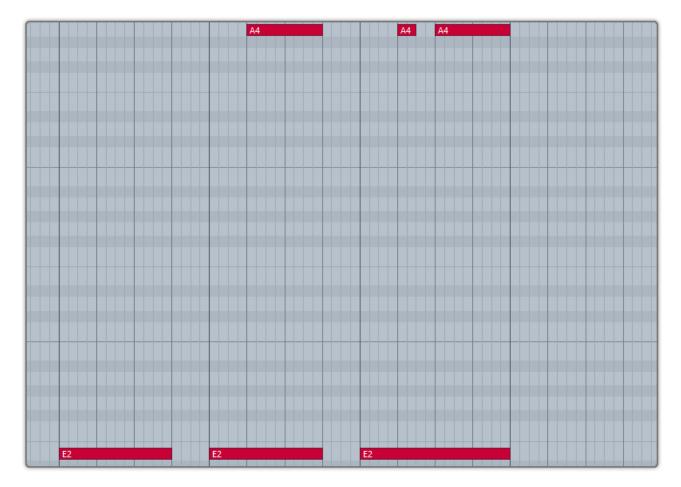


# 4.11.2 Metal

Note	FX Sound
D#5	Downstroke Noise
E5	Upstroke Noise
F5	Scratch 1
F#5	Scratch 2
G5	Silent Press
G#5	Fx Slide 1: SIO on B string
A5	Fx Slide 2: SIO on E string
A#5	Fx Slide 3: SIO on A string
B5	Fx Slide 4: SO on B string
C6	Fx Slide 5: SO on E string
C#6	Fx Slide 6: SO on A string



#### 4.12 Buzz



When you press A4, all ringing notes will be buzzed.

#### 4.13 Octave Pattern

Press B4, C5, D5 and E5 will respectively trigger descending fourth, unison, ascending fifth and ascending octave of current note or last ended note with octave shape.

# 4.14 Single Note Repeat

You can press C#5 and D#5 to repeat notes being played or last ended note. Multiple notes are supported.



### 5 Tab Panel

#### 5.1 Overview of Tab Panel



Track Select
 Load a Tab
 Reload Tab
 Host Playback
 Tab Sync
 Go to...
 Tab Play Toggle (Note A6)
 Tab Loop Toggle
 Velocity Proportion
 Velocity Humanization
 Tab Swing
 Tab Duration Proportion

### 5.2 Tab Load

Ample Bass supports four formats of tab, GP3, GP4, GP5 and GPX. Tab name and path can only contain numbers and English letters. After you edit a tab, you can click Reload button to refresh. Click on edge or "Go to..." buttons to browse tab.



## 5.3 Tab Play

Click the play button to play a tab. When loop toggle is on, tab will start over again when it reaches end. When loop toggle is off, tab will stop. A6 can toggle on tab play with high velocity and off with low velocity. Use A6 to control tab play when exporting audio.

# 5.4 Host Playback

When toggled on, tab can respond to host playback. Make sure the time signatures of host and tab are same.

## 5.5 Velocity Proportion and Humanization

Velocity Proportion controls the percentage of original velocity with which to play tab.

Humanization applies random change to velocity.

### 5.6 Tab Swing

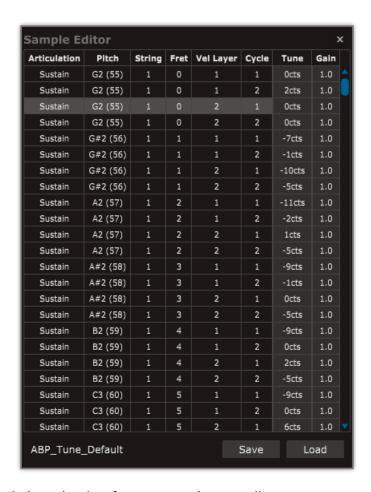
Randomly flexes the timing of tab to avoid mechanical performance.

### **5.7 Tab Duration Proportion**

Controls the percentage of sustain notes' duration with which to play tab.



# **6 Edit Panel**



You can adjust both pitch and gain of every sample according to your own need. Editor can correspond to sample currently being played. You can save your tune setting for later use or load setting from file.



Website: http://www.amplesound.net

Online Manual: http://www.amplesound.net/en/tutorial.asp

Free Version Download: http://www.amplesound.net/en/download.asp

Online Service: http://www.facebook.com/amplesoundnet

# **Tech-Born Music**

Produced and Copyright provided by Beijing Ample Sound Technology Co. Ltd