

Hello Everyone :)

- Welcome to intermediate module of DSA
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- BTech - 2019, MTech - 2021 (IIT Bombay)
- ~1 year of part-time teaching experience

FAB's

- Notes will be uploaded after the class
- Assignments will be unlocked after the class ends.
- No deadline for assignments.
- Clones will be recorded.
- During doubt session, attendance not counted.
- Language Independent { **only Pseudocode** }

Agenda

- Factors Count
- Prime number
- Sum of N natural no.
- log basics
- Sqrt of a number

Number of factors

if $N = 24$, is 4 a factor of 24? → YES
 $24 \div 4 = 0$

find the factor count of 12?

$$12 \rightarrow \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12\} \Rightarrow 6$$

Count factors (N):

```

c = 0
for (i = 1; i <= N; ++i) {
    if (N % i == 0)
        // i is a factor of N
        c += 1
}
return c

```

Assumption: 10^8 iteration/sec

10^8 iterations $\rightarrow 1$ sec

1 iteration $\rightarrow 1/10^8$

N iteration $\rightarrow N/10^8$ sec

say $N = 10^9 \rightarrow N/10^8 \rightarrow 10^9/10^8 \rightarrow 10$ sec

say $N = 10^{18} \rightarrow 10^{18}/10^8 = 10^{10}$ sec
 ~ 316 yrs

you \rightarrow child \rightarrow gc $\rightarrow 3/4/5 \rightarrow \textcircled{6/7}$

if $i \times j = N \Rightarrow i \& j$ are factors of N
 $j = N/i \Rightarrow \{i, N/i\}$ are factors of N

if i is a factor of N
 N/i is also a factor of N

if $a \leq x$

max value of $a = x$

$N = 24$

i	\leq	N/i	
1	\leq	24	$24/1$
2	\leq	12	$24/2$

$c = 0$
 $c = c + 2$
 $c = c + 2$

$N = 100$

1	\leq	100	$c = c + 2$
2	\leq	50	$c = c + 2$

3	≤ 8	$24/3$	$C = C + 2$
4	≤ 6	$24/4$	$C = C + 2$
5	≤ 24	$24/6$	$C = C + 2$
6	4	$24/6$	
8	3	$24/8$	
12	2	$24/12$	
24	1	$24/24$	

count = 8

4	≤ 25	$C = C + 2$
5	≤ 20	$C = C + 2$
10	≤ 10	$C = C + 2$
20	5	
25	4	
50	2	
100	1	

count = 9

$$i \leq N/i$$

$$i_{\max} = N/i$$

$$i \times i = N$$

$$i_{\max} = \sqrt{N}$$

$$i = [1, \sqrt{N}]$$

count factors (N):

C = 0

$i \leq N$ ← simple

for (i = 1; i ≤ √N; i = i + 1)

if (N % i == 0)

// i is a factor, N/i is a factor

if (i == N/i) { C = C + 1 }

else { C = C + 2 }

return C

$i = [1, \dots, \sqrt{N}] \rightarrow \sqrt{N}$ iterations

for $N = 10^{18} \rightarrow \sqrt{10^{18}}$ iterations
 $= 10^9$ iterations

10^8 iterations \rightarrow 1 sec

10^9 " \rightarrow 10 sec

Prime Numbers

↳ if a no. divisible by 1 & itself only ~~X~~
exactly 2 factors ✓

for $N=1$ [NOT PRIME]

Check whether a number is prime or Not ?

IsPrime(N) :

if (count factors(N) == 2)
return true
else
return false

Story of 4th class boy

find the value of

$$1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \dots + 100$$

$$S = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \dots + 98 + 99 + 100$$

$$S = 100 + 99 + 98 + 97 + \dots + 3 + 2 + 1$$

$$2S = (01 + 101 + 101 + \dots + 101 + 101 + 101)$$

$$2S = 100 \times 101$$

$$S = \frac{100 \times 101}{2}$$

find the sum of N natural numbers?

$$S = 1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + N$$

$$= \frac{N \times (N+1)}{2}$$

Sum of N natural No (N):

```

|   ans = (N * (N+1)) / 2
|   return ans

```

10:20 - 10:30 PM BREAK

find a sqrt() of a number?

Given a perfect-square N , find the sqrt(N).

Sqrt(N):

```

|   for (i=1; i<=N; ++i)
|   |   if (i*i == N)
|   |   |   return i

```

$N = 16$
 25
 64
 100

\sqrt{N} iterations

$$N = 16$$

$$i = 1, 2, 3, 4$$

→ 4 iterations

$$N = 25$$

$$i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$$

→ 5 "

\sqrt{N} iterations

If a number is not perfect-square?

$$\sqrt{10} = ? = 3.xxxx$$

$$\text{floor}(\sqrt{10}) = 3$$

$\text{floor}(x) = \text{largest integer} \leq x$

Given a number N , find $\text{floor}(\sqrt{N})$?

$$\sqrt{17} = 4.xxxx = 4$$

$$\sqrt{17}$$

$$i = 1$$

$$1 \times 1 \leq 17$$

$$\text{ans} = 1$$

$$2 \times 2 \leq 17$$

$$\text{ans} = 2$$

$$3 \times 3 \leq 17$$

$$\text{ans} = 3$$

$$4 \times 4 \leq 17$$

$$\text{ans} = 4$$

~~$$5 \times 5 \leq 17$$~~

Sqrt(N) :

$$\text{ans} = 0$$

for ($i = 1$; $i \times i \leq N$; $i++$)

$$| \text{ans} = i$$

return ans

\sqrt{N} iterations

Log Basics

$$\log_a b = c$$
$$a^c = b$$

for what power should we
we raise a s.t. it becomes
equal to b .

$$\log_2 64 = \checkmark 6, 8 \quad 2^6 = 64$$

$$\log_3 27 = 3 \quad 3^3 = 27$$

$$\log_2 10 = 3.3219$$
$$\text{floor}(\log_2 10) = 3$$
$$2^c = 10$$
$$2^3 = 8$$
$$2^{3.3219} = 10$$
$$2^4 = 16$$

$$\log_2 2^6 = 6 \quad 2^c = 2^6$$

$$\log_a a^c = c$$

$$\log_3 9^2 = 4$$

$$3^c = 9^2$$
$$= (3^2)^2$$
$$3^c = 3^4$$

Homework:

How many times we need to divide
 N by 2 till it reaches 1?

$$N = 9 \xrightarrow{12} 4 \xrightarrow{12} 2 \xrightarrow{12} 1 \Rightarrow 3 \text{ times}$$

Expectations

1. Attend session

2. Revise Notes

3. Solve assignments

Classwork

Homework

4. Doubts

Content

ask in class
stay back for doubt
session after class

Assignment

debug on your own
raise TA request
once in 2-3 weeks

Problem Solving Session

↳ recorded
↳ optional

5. Join on Time

6. If you miss the class

↳ watch recording

↳ At least revise notes