

Smart Beta Portfolio and Portfolio Optimization

REVIEW

CODE REVIEW

HISTORY

Meets Specifications

Great job submitting a well-implemented project.👍

If you want to get an overview of some real-world ETFs and dig in deeper in their statistics, you can find them [here](#). I left you comments below.

Congratulations and all the best for the rest of your learning journey!

Part 1: Smart Beta Portfolio

| | |
|---|---|
| ✓ | The function <code>generate_dollar_volume_weights</code> computes dollar volume weights. |
| | Each value is appropriately normalized by the sum total dollar-volume traded for these stocks each day and the dollar-volume is correctly calculated. Great! |
| ✓ | The function <code>calculate_dividend_weights</code> computes dividend weights. |
| | The function correctly calculates the weights for the dividend ETF based on cumulative dividends. Well done, this is a tricky part to implement! |
| ✓ | The function <code>generate_returns</code> computes returns. |
| | Nice job calculating the returns. |
| ✓ | The function <code>generate_weighted_returns</code> computes weighted returns. |
| | Well done! |
| ✓ | The function <code>calculate_cumulative_returns</code> computes cumulative returns. |
| | Nice job calculating the cumulative returns. |
| ✓ | The function <code>tracking_error</code> computes tracking error. |
| | Great work calculating annualized tracking error between the ETF and benchmark in tracking_error function. This completes your portfolio, now it is time to optimize it |

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Part 2: Portfolio Optimization

| | |
|---|---|
| ✓ | The function <code>get_covariance_returns</code> computes covariance of the returns. |
| | Excellent work calculating the covariance and replacing the <code>NaN</code> values correctly with zero! |
| ✓ | The function <code>get_optimal_weights</code> computes optimal weights. |
| | <h3>Awesome</h3> <p>Correct optimization of weights here using <code>cvxpy</code>. You correctly set the variable, the objective and the constraints for the optimization problem to solve it with <code>cvx.Problem(objective, constraints).solve()</code> and returning the <code>x.value</code></p> |
| ✓ | The function <code>rebalance_portfolio</code> computes weights for each rebalancing of the portfolio. |
| | In this step, you correctly re-balanced the portfolio over time instead of using the same weights for the entire history. In the <code>rebalance_portfolio</code> function you made good use of your previous <code>get_optimal_weights</code> and <code>get_covariance_returns</code> function's after slicing your returns based on the <code>chunk_size</code> and the <code>shift_size</code> ! |
| ✓ | The function <code>get_portfolio_turnover</code> computes cost of all the rebalancing. |
| | Good work computing the cost of the rebalancing! Your portfolio turnover is <code>16.594080020340048</code> , which is the correct value and shows that you implemented the Smart Beta Portfolio correctly. This is a very impressive turnover, but remember that this is a simulated market cap weighted index with large dollar volume stocks only and cannot be compared 1:1 to the real-world ETF and portfolio performances. |

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