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Household budget excel template

Some may see Excel as an outdated means of managing a budget in the 21st century, but these free Excel budget spreadsheet template sources could be the best way to manage your budget. As people become more reliant on technology in the digital world, many have seen traditional budgeting tasks moved from the paper checkbook to online banking and automated bill-pay systems. While this age of technology can seem to make life easier, it can also make it difficult to manage a budget reliably. If shopping is as simple as clicking a button, and bills are taken directly from your account, personal finances can quickly get out of hand. The best place to start when looking for a free Excel budget spreadsheet template is with the company that makes the software: Microsoft. There are many free budget spreadsheet templates available that will work for a range of experiences. From those new to Excel to the seasoned pros comfortable working with pivot tables and custom formulas, the budget spreadsheet templates found on Office.com offer some solutions. 200degrees / Getty Images My Excel Templates features many free templates to download, including free budget spreadsheet templates. The appeal of these spreadsheet templates is that many are submitted by users, and have a specific use. One example includes the "Best Option Selector," which is intended to help the user make an informed financial decision. The available selections range from a budget/expense spreadsheet for teachers and students to state-specific health insurance plan comparison spreadsheets. Crowd-sourced sites like this often provide options not available with traditional channels. qmast3r / Getty Images Vertex42.com is one of the most well-known sources for free Excel templates and has one of the largest databases of available spreadsheet templates. The options available on the site are probably the most versatile. They have mobile-friendly designs, and also offer templates for OpenOffice.org users. For budget templates, they offer many solutions for a range of specifications, including household budget worksheets, personal monthly budget worksheets, and a Money Manager template for users looking to track daily transactions. SunforRise / Getty Images Next on the list is a smaller site that specializes more in budgeting and money management strategies than building templates. The notable benefits of this site are that aside from providing free Excel budgeting templates, it also provides additional tips and tricks that will help when it comes time to stick to and implement the proposed budget. From strategies to help users get out of debt, to detailed information about more complex financial topics, this site can be a great place to find a free budgeting template and gain insight into strategies that have worked for others. Totojang / Getty Images Template.net is another site that provides a number of free budget spreadsheet templates ranging in topics. The templates on this site are a little simpler than some of the other sources on this list, but still include a variety of options. From bathroom renovation templates to church budget templates and even travel budget downloads. As mentioned, these templates are not as complicated as some of the other examples, but this simplicity will be a plus for users who aren't that experienced with Excel spreadsheets and budget templates. This is a reliable source for users new to budgeting and spreadsheets. 200degrees / Getty Images Savvy Spreadsheets offers spreadsheet templates that are simple and intuitive. The templates on this site are designed to be flexible for the user and don't require an advanced degree in data analytics. What's most appealing about the spreadsheet templates available here are that there is a clear focus on user experience. The templates on the site would fit right in if they were printed and displayed in the kitchen for the entire family to see. While there are a number of templates created by the site, Savvy Spreadsheets also compiles templates from other websites, some of which are included on this list. This is a great starting point for those starting out their search for free spreadsheet templates. howtogoto / Getty Images Self-proclaimed to be the "#1 Excel tutorial on the net," Excel Easy not only features a free excel templates for download but also includes instructions for using them. This site serves as a source of free templates and a place with helpful tutorials. This source is great for those who have moderate Excel experience but want to ensure they get the most out of their budget spreadsheet template. utah778 / Getty Images While this site isn't solely focused on creating free Excel spreadsheet templates, it does a great job in educating users on how to implement each spreadsheet. Their Free Budget Template page includes eight free budget templates for download. Each template includes a breakdown of how to best use the spreadsheet and guidance for staying on track. AndreyPopov / Getty Images Like other template sources on this list, 20 Something Finance isn't solely focused on building spreadsheet templates. It focuses on finances and providing resources for those managing a budget. An added benefit is that the budget spreadsheet templates are also Google Docs. If you'd rather work on your budget offline, simply save the file as an Excel spreadsheet to your computer. johavel / Getty Images A little less traditional than most sources mentioned, budgetsaresexy.com offers a number of free budget spreadsheet templates for users. This site is an aggregator of other content, but it is regularly updated to include the latest available spreadsheet templates. It's also a fun departure from the more traditional sources on this list. And it can provide a small break from the exciting world of Excel budget spreadsheets. howtogoto / Getty Images Doing payroll in Excel is best for businesses that need to pay 10 or fewer employees and operate in states without complex labor and tax laws. With our free payroll Excel template, you can save time and process payroll efficiently because it contains pre-filled information like tax rates and overtime formulas. If payroll is still taking too much time, or if you've outgrown a spreadsheet, consider using a small business payroll software like Gusto. It automatically files new hire paperwork, calculates and files payroll taxes, generates year-end W-2s and 1099s, and pays via direct deposit. It even helps employees choose and manage their benefits. Sign up for a 30-day free trial today. Visit Gusto How Doing Payroll in Excel Works To do payroll in Excel, you need to create a standardized template that you can use from month to month. It should have tabs for each month, with links to formulas that calculate employee taxes, deductions, and pay. You also need a "Set Up" tab that your payroll calculations can pull standard information from, such as pay rate and benefits enrolled. Keep the "Set Up" tab up-to-date so you can easily link to it each month you run payroll. This helps with automation and prevents double work. We've created a payroll Excel template for you with 16 tabs—one for each month, plus additional tabs for general instructions, employer tax information, employee data setup, and year-end payroll information. After inputting employee information (such as names, pay rates, tax rates, and deductions), you just need to enter the actual hours worked, then the template will automatically populate the applicable payroll data. Follow the steps below on how to use our free Excel payroll template when running your payroll. If you want to see the process in action, you can also watch our video tutorial on how to do payroll in Excel. 1. Review Payroll Excel Template and Edit for Your Business Figuring out how to do payroll using an Excel template can take some time. First, you need to take a look at the template and evaluate your business needs. Here are some questions that can help you identify the information needed to finalize the template. How many employees do you have? What benefits payments and deductions do you have? Is there anything missing from the template that you need to add? Add or Delete Columns You may need to add or delete columns to meet the needs of your small business. For adding columns. You can use the "Other Deduction" columns in the "Set Up" tab to input miscellaneous deductions that are specific to your company. Although there are two "Other Deduction" columns in the "Set Up" tab, the monthly payroll tabs sum them in one column. 2. Set Up Payroll Information for Each Employee Once you're satisfied with the template layout, you can begin setting up your employee data. To complete the "Set Up" tab, you need the following information. Employee Name Enter your employees' full names under column A in the "Set Up Employee" tab. Note that you need to re-enter their names on the monthly payroll tabs. When you do, ensure that it matches the name you entered in the "Set Up" tab. If there are differences in spelling and formatting, the monthly and annual payroll tabs will not be able to make automatic calculations. Don't remove terminated and resigned employees from the "Set Up Employee" tab. If you delete employees midyear, any prior months reflected in their payroll will update to $0 and your year-to-date payroll expense amounts will change. When you have new hires, enter their details in the "Set Up" tab after the existing employees; information will be auto transferred to other tabs when you input their names. **For employees who have resigned or been terminated, simply stop adding payroll data for them in the monthly payroll tabs. You can remove all inactive employees from the "Set Up" tab when you recreate the payroll Excel template for the next calendar year. Straight-Time Hourly Rate In column B of the "Set Up Employee Data" tab, enter the straight-time hourly rate (excluding overtime) for each hourly employee. Leave this cell blank for salaried employees. Annual Salary In column C of the same tab, input each salaried employees' annual salary. For example, if your staff earns $50,000 a year, enter "$50,000." Number of Pay Periods in a Year In column D, labeled "# of Pay Periods in Year," enter the applicable payroll period based on how often you pay employees. If biweekly, input "26" (computed as 52 weeks/two weeks per pay period = 26) If weekly, input "52" (52 weeks in a year) If semimonthly, input "24" (52 months/two pay period per month = 24) If monthly, input "12" (12 months in a year) Federal and State Income Tax Rates Enter each employee's federal and state income tax rates in columns E and F, respectively. To find the applicable rates, use the W-4 forms that you collected from employees when they joined your company. The tax rates depend on the number of allowances your employees entered (usually based on the number of dependents) and their filing status—like married, single, or head of household. Generally, the more allowances employees claim, the lower their tax rates. Columns A through F in the "Set Up Employee Data" tab don't have any formulas within the cells. Use your payroll records to ensure you enter accurate information. This is the "Year-to-date Payroll" tab. All data automatically populates within this tab, so you shouldn't have to change any information within the cells. Social Security and Medicare Tax Rates Don't make any changes to the Social Security and Medicare tax rates in columns G and H, respectively. These Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) rates are pre-determined by the IRS. Keep in mind that Social Security maxes out if an employee earns $132,900 in wages before the end of the year. If you have employees earning more than that, you need to stop withholding the 6.2% tax once their YTD earnings exceed the said amount. For example, if your employee meets the $132,900 earnings threshold for Social Security in April, delete all the formulas under "Social Security Tax" (column N) in payroll tabs May through December for the said employee. Note that because the Social Security tax rate is 6.2% of wages, the maximum amount any employee will pay annually is $8,239.80 ($132,900 maximum x 6.2% = $8,329.80). To help check your employees' total earnings, look at column M (labeled "Year-to-Date Gross Pay") in the "Year-to-Date Payroll" tab. This column shows your employees' YTD gross wages. Simply deduct all YTD non-taxable income (column I) from this amount to find the taxable gross income. For Medicare, the tax rate is 1.45% on an employee's first $200,000 in wages and an additional 0.9% if the earned wages exceed $200,000 in a calendar year. This increases the total Medicare tax to 2.35% for those individuals. If you have employees who reach this threshold, you need to change the formulas in the "Medicare Tax" column (column O) on all monthly payroll tabs following the month the employee reached $200,000 in gross pay. To further clarify, look at the screenshot below, specifically the formula field. Delete the (gray) highlighted part of the formula and replace it with "2.35%." Doing so will overwrite the link to the employee's Medicare tax rate (which is 1.45%) on the "Set Up Employee Data" tab. If your employee reaches the $200,000 wage threshold for Medicare, check and revise the formula in the "Medicare Tax" column on applicable monthly payroll tabs. Note that you need to re-enter their names on the monthly payroll tabs. Paid-Time-Off (PTO) Calculations Relying on your employees to keep track of their PTO is not a good strategy. To help you monitor this, we included a PTO calculation tool that's optional to use. If you decide to use the PTO calculation tool, check the last three columns in the "Set Up" tab that pertain to PTO. In column P ("Enter Annual PTO Hours"), input the total PTO hours that your employees are entitled to in a year. You don't need to fill column Q ("Auto Calculation-PTO Hours Taken") since the template will automatically pull the total PTO hours each employee has used from the "Year-to-Date Payroll" tab. The same goes for column R ("Auto Calc-PTO Hours Remaining") because it contains a formula that deducts the actual PTO taken from the employee's annual entitlement. Note that you have to separately track the actual PTO hours that each employee has taken for the applicable payroll period of every pay run. Input the data in column F ("PTO Hours Taken") of the monthly payroll tabs and the "Year-to-Date Payroll" tab will sum up all PTO hours per employee. There are columns for you to withhold premium deductions for common insurance benefits. There's a section for PTO tracking. It will update as you enter paycheck details each period. 3. Set Up Employer Payroll Tax Information In addition to tracking withholdings from employee paychecks, you're responsible for paying your share of payroll taxes. The "Employer Payroll Taxes" tab lets you use to enter your federal and state unemployment tax rates. Note that the 6% federal unemployment tax is only charged on the first $7,000 each employee earns (most state unemployment taxes follow the same logic). Be sure to review the information in the payroll tabs each month to help you calculate the tax amount due for each employee and the company. You will also likely be responsible for workers' compensation insurance payments. The rates and amounts can vary, depending on the work your employees do, claim history, and other factors. However, you should receive a monthly premium amount due from the insurance fund that creates your policy. Simply enter the monthly premium amounts in column G ("Enter Workers' Comp Payable"). Use the "Employer Payroll Taxes" tab to help keep track of these taxes your business owes. 4. Enter Hours Worked and Other Income Details After entering all of your employee and employer data into the payroll Excel template, you're ready to calculate employee payments. Go to the appropriate monthly payroll tab—so if it's January, go to the "January Payroll" tab. Enter the pay date in column A and the full name of each employee you are paying for the period in column B. Then, input the actual regular hours worked, overtime hours, PTO hours taken, and other income details in the applicable columns. Remember, the name must be the same as the one you entered in the "Set Up Employee Data" tab. If it doesn't match, the pay rates, tax rates, and deductions will not populate in the monthly payroll tabs. If you're concerned you're not entering them correctly, copy and paste the names in. Straight-Time and Overtime Hours For accurate employee paychecks, enter the correct number of straight-time hours in column E and overtime hours in column G of the monthly payroll tabs. For straight-time hours, this is usually 40 hours or below—unless your business is located in California. For overtime, the template calculates pay at a rate of 1.5 times your regular pay rate using the number of hours you specify. However, this can be changed depending on the labor laws of the state where your business operates. We encourage you to enter your state laws on overtime rates. Federal law generally requires you to pay employees overtime for any hours worked over 40 in a consecutive seven-day period. However, California considers any hours worked over eight in a day to be overtime—regardless of whether you work 40 hours or less in a workweek. Straight-Time vs Overtime Hourly Rate The straight-time and overtime hourly rates listed in columns C ("Straight-Time Hourly Rate") and D ("Overtime Hourly Rate") of the monthly payroll tabs are automated using a formula. There's also a note above both hourly rate columns that states not to change the contents of the cells because they will automatically. So, whenever you enter your employees' names under column B of the monthly payroll tabs, the straight-time hourly rates automatically carry over from the "Set Up Employee Data" tab. Meanwhile, the overtime hourly rates in column D are calculated at 1.5 times the straight-time hourly rates in column C. If your business operates in California, you may need to make adjustments because of its rule that states employees who work over 12 hours in one workday are entitled to double-time pay. So, any time worked between eight and 12 hours must be paid at a rate of 1.5 times and any hours over 12 must be paid at twice the straight-time rate. In this case, you have to change the formula in column D to reflect what you actually owe. For example, if you need to pay double time for an employee who worked 16 hours in a day, you can overwrite the existing calculation with this formula. Note that the said formula is broken up into two parts: four hours to be paid at a time and a half while the other four hours are considered double time: = (4*(C4*1.5))+(4*(C4*2)) Taxable and Non-Taxable Income If you decide to pay out an employee bonus, you must withhold payroll taxes similar to the way you do with regular wages. In this payroll Excel template, just enter the bonus amount in column H, and it will be included in the taxable gross income. For reimbursements of expenses that employees incurred during business travel, note that these transactions are generally not taxable. This is because you are simply reimbursing the money that employees used to pay for business expenses; therefore, the employee didn't actually receive any new income. In this case, you don't need to withhold payroll taxes. Instead, enter the amount you need to reimburse to the employee in column I of the applicable monthly payroll tab. We have formulas in place that will disregard this amount when calculating taxes to withhold and pay. The monthly payroll tabs have specific columns where you can enter your employees' names and actual hours worked. The overtime rate in column D is based on the straight-time hourly rate you enter in column C with a formula that simply multiplies it by 1.5 (time and a half). Bonuses and other taxable income should be entered in column H. If learning how to do payroll in Excel seems too complex, let Gusto. You can pay your employees automatically and approve their hours worked online without having to update spreadsheets. 5. Review Automatic Payroll Calculations After completing your initial setup and entering employee work hours, all payroll calculations should be visible. It's a good idea to review them before paying employees so that you don't have to void and reissue payments later. The accuracy of your payroll tax calculations also depends on how accurate your employee payroll information is. If you're not careful, you can subject yourself to penalties. Here are the items you should review, including how the payroll Excel template computes each. Salary per Period Salaries in column J of the monthly payroll tabs are automatically pulled from the "Set Up Employee Data" tab. Once the template has the employee's annual salary and your total number of pay periods in the year, the column will automatically reflect the employee's salary for the period. In calculating the per period salary amount, note that the cells in column J have formulas that simply divide the annual salary by the number of annual pay periods you entered on the "Set Up Employee Data" tab. Straight-Time Pay Similar to column J, the "Straight-Time Pay" column (K) of the monthly payroll tabs also contains automated formulas. It has two parts: the number of straight-time hours worked multiplied by the straight-time hourly rate and the number of PTO hours taken multiplied by the straight-time hourly rate. This helps ensure that you're paying employees for all of the money they're due, especially PTO hours. Overtime Pay Overtime pay is simple in that it's calculated using the overtime rate you entered in column G and the hourly overtime rate in column D of the monthly payroll tabs. If you have overtime hours listed in column G, there should be a corresponding dollar amount in column L. Gross Pay Gross pay (column M) is the total income an employee is due before deductions and taxes. In this payroll Excel template, it's calculated by adding columns J through L, plus columns H and I, of the monthly payroll tabs. The said columns contain the employees' per period salary, straight-time pay, overtime pay, bonuses and commissions, non-taxable income, and reimbursements. FICA Taxes FICA taxes are labeled as "Social Security Tax" (column N) and "Medicare Tax" (column O) of the monthly payroll tabs. These columns are linked to the "Set Up Employee Data" tab, automatically pulling the applicable tax rates from there. The cells then multiply the rates by the employees' gross pay minus any nontaxable income (such as reimbursements). As an employer, you are responsible for withholding federal income taxes from your employees' paychecks. You might also have to withhold additional amounts—depending on the state. In the monthly payroll tabs, columns P and Q (labeled "Federal Income Tax" and "State Income Tax," respectively) calculate taxes based on the tax rate information you provided in the "Set Up" tab. Benefits and Other Deductions Benefits are reflected in column R on each of the monthly payroll tabs, which sums all premiums showing in columns I through L on the "Set Up Employee Data" tab. The amounts should be fixed from one pay period to the next, but you can update the amounts in the "Set Up" tab if they ever change. If you do happen to change the benefit deductions for a particular employee, you need to overwrite the benefit deduction formulas for the prior months first and then overwrite it with the actual dollar amounts. For example, if you need to change an employee's health insurance deduction from $100 to $200 starting in the month of June, go to each prior month's payroll tab (January through May) and delete the formula in the health insurance column for that particular worker. Overwrite with $100 and then go to the "Set Up" tab to update the employee's health insurance deduction to $200. Other deductions should be handled the same way as benefits. Note that the "Other Deductions" column (column S) in the monthly payroll tabs consists of garnishments and other deductions detailed in the "Set Up" tab. On the other hand, the "Total Deductions" (column T) is the sum of all taxes withheld, premiums collected for benefits, and other deductions. Net Pay The "Net Pay" column (column U) contains the amount you need to pay to employees either through check, direct deposit, or pay card. This amount is calculated automatically by subtracting the employee's total deductions (column T) from their gross pay (column M). Cells with "N/A" in them will continue to reflect that until sufficient employee and/or paycheck details are entered for it to complete the calculation. Column U shows the net pay amounts of employees. Want to know more about how this payroll Excel template computes salaries and deductions? Watch this video tutorial on calculating employee pay. 6. Pay Your Employees After you have reviewed your payroll taxes, deductions, and wage calculations for the pay period, you're ready to pay your employees. To do this, you can choose to either print checks online, deposit money to employee pay cards, or work with your bank to process direct deposits. The last tab, titled "Year-to-Date Payroll," in our payroll Excel template lists all of your employee payroll details for the year. It's linked to the monthly payroll tabs, so all employee payroll expenses should be reflected. If you decide to provide pay stubs—some states require you to do so—this tab will give you the YTD information you need to fill them in. If you have 10 or fewer employees and live in a state that doesn't heavily regulate labor and payroll law, learning how to do payroll in Excel could be good for your business. Aside from paying employees, you can keep track of the payroll taxes you owe and maintain payroll records electronically. However, if you've outgrown spreadsheets and want a payroll system you can easily personalize to fit your business needs, consider Gusto. It offers full-service payroll with automated taxes and forms starting at $45, plus you can set it to run payroll on autopilot. Learn more in our Gusto review