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## Causes of menorrhagia in young females

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Furthermore, heavy bleeding can affect sleep, causes lower belly pain and make fun activity. If weakness and disturbance to everyday life occur due to strong hemorrhages, you should ask your doctor for treatment options. Signs of menorrhagia include: soaking 1 or more buffers or pads every hour for many consecutive hours doubling on pads modification pads or pads during long-lasting menstruation (more than 7 days) the formation of blood clots of the size of a quarter or Best bleeding that prevents you from making normal constant pain activities at the bottom of the stomach lack lack of breath energy What are the causes menorrhagia? Menorrhagia can be caused by uterine problems, hormonal disorders or other diseases. Other causes are: growth or tumors of the uterus who are not cancer cervical cancer or uterus particular types of problems related to the pregnancy of birth control (spontaneous abortion or ectopic pregnancy, when the egg fertilized plants outside of the uterus) Hemorrhagic kidney disorders, liver thyroid disease inflammatory pelvic disease (and the infection of female reproductive organs) taking some drugs, such as aspirin the transition of menopause, also known as perimenopause childbirth fibroids or polyps in the coating Or muscles of the uterus Menorrhagia is diagnosed by the doctor through a series of questions about medical history and menstrual cycles. Usually for women with menorrhagia bleeding lasts for more than 7 days and more blood is lost (80 ml compared to 60 ml). Your doctor may request information on: your age, when the first period of the menstrual cycle is obtained number of days the last number of days the period is heavy quality of life during the members of the family period with one History of heavy bleeding menstrual stress are faced with weight problems current drugs physical tests or exams made to diagnose menorrharia may include: testing of pelvic blood to control thyroid, check the presence of anemia and how the coaguli test of blood PUp to control cells from the uterus neck for changes endometrial biopsy to control uterine fabric for ultrasonic cancer or anomalies to control the function of blood vessels, fabrics and organs sometimes further tests are still necessary to understand the cause of bleeding, Including: Sonohysterogram to verify problems in the coating of the hysteroscopy to control polyp i, fibroids or other expansion and scraping problems (D & CA). This test can also treat the cause of bleeding. During this test, the coupling of the uterus is scraped and examined under sedation. The For menorrhagia it depends on how serious bleeding is, the cause of bleeding, health, age and medical history. Furthermore, treatment depends on your reply to some drugs and your desires and needs. You cannot decide to have a period at all, or simply want to reduce the amount of bleeding. Furthermore, your decision to get pregnant or will not affect what kind of treatment you choose. If you don't have anemia, you can choose not treatment. Common treatments include: Iron supplements to put more iron in your blood Ibuprofen to reduce the pain and quantity of bleeding of birth control to make more regular periods and reduce bleeding (pills, vaginal ring, patch) intrauterine contraception (IUD ) To make more regular periods and reduce bleeding hormonal therapy to reduce the bleeding of desmopressin nasal spraying to interrupt bleeding for some bleeding disturbances antifibrinolytic drugs to reduce expansion and bleeding curtage to reduce bleeding by removing the upper layer of the Operational hysteroscopy to remove fibroids and polyps and remove the coating of the utero endometrial observation or resection to remove all or part of the constectomy coating of the uterine to surgically remove the uterus and stop having your period as is managed Menorrhagia? To manage the menreland, some women remain at home in days they heavily bleed. Others leave the house if they knew a bathroom will be nearby. Moreover, it is a good practice to keep the pads and / or pads in your bag or work. Wearing dark trousers or skirts can help if you are worried about stains on clear colors. Also, you can use a waterproof sheet on the mattress to prevent stains. Menorrhagia cannot be prevented. However, talking to your doctor to be diagnosed and treated can prevent other health problems in the future. If not treated, menorrhagia can interfere with everyday life. Furthermore, it can cause anemia and leave you tired and weak. Other health problems can also arise if the bleeding problem is not solved. With adequate treatment and medical assistance, menorrhagia can be managed and do not cause an interruption of your life. You should call your doctor if you are passing the clot groups of the size of a fourth or larger. You should also call your doctor if you need to change the pad or buffer after less than 2 hours due to heavy bleeding. Last review from Cleveland Clinic Medical Professional on 03/06/2018. Reference centers for control and prevention of diseases. Access 3/14/2018. Bleeding MestrualeHeavy. ( U.S. National Medicine Library. Accessible 3/14/2018. Attraction periods: overview. ( Get useful, useful and relevant health + wellness information ENESEWS Cleveland Clinic is a non-profit academic medical center. Advertising on our site helps support our mission. We do not cover non-Cleveland products or services. Policy Cleveland Clinic is a non-profit academic medical center. Advertising on our site helps support our mission. We do not cover non-Cleveland products or services. Policy to effectively treat heavy periods, young women must first receive an accurate diagnosis. Having heavy periods can be a terrible experience for preteen girls and young women, from feeling embarrassed to need more bath breaks to experience frustration when losses ruin a pair of favorite jeans, to name just two uncomfortable situations. In fact, excessive bleeding can affect the lives of young women on more fronts, influencing their academic performances, social interactions, sports capacity, and more. However, the most urgent concern is that when young women look for medical help for heavy periods, too many doctors brush symptoms as normal during adolescence (it is not normal) or mistakenly delivered as a hormonal imbalance (too much Or not progestize enough). Doctors often treat teenage girls with hormone birth control pills and send them to their way, neglecting to test these patients for underlying conditions that can also cause heavy bleeding. Girls with these symptoms need further screening for serious bleeding disorders: heavy periods that last more than seven days overcoming large clots in menstrual blood or experiencing a feeling of Å ¢ å,~ Å ¢ å,~ Å "Ghining ¢ å,~ in a heavy daysideaking through pads or pads within two or three hours of symptoms of Vasano, Vasano, Like fatigue, dizziness or incapacity to focus at the nose nose of the Sculo (more than five per year which last more than 10 minutes) that live a bleeding easily or excessively excessive after surgery or dental procedures correctly founded the Program of young women's blood disorders (YWBD) Diagnose and treat young women with heavy periods and related symptoms. Our doctors are experts in teenage gynecology and blood disorders, and we discuss and investigate our symptoms of our patients to analyze potentially serious underlying conditions that can lead to long-term consequences. In fact, of young women see, we diagnose about 30 percent with a bleeding disturbance previously not diagnosed. Cross to the largest number of medical centers, we have OB / GYN, doctors of adolescent medicine and hematologists, all in our department. As a result, young women up to 21 years can get all the care they need under a roof without having to be reported by a program or hospital to another. Pathologists for disorders relating to heavy periods of the three most common blood disorders that we see in young women with heavy periods are: von Willebrand Malay (VWD): a genetic disorder caused by a defective coagulation protein or missing the Von Willebrand factor; If not treated, people can heavily bleed with monthly cycles, surgical interventions and dental procedures, as well as developing AnemiapiplaTelet disorders: when platelets, a type of cells in the blood, do not work properly, increasing the probability of bleeding. Problems with other coagulation factors: when women have an abnormal x chromosome that brings a hemophilia gene, which can cause it to bleed longer than usual after an injury, easily livisocks, experimenting heavy periods and even experiment with the microphone inside of their joints. To correctly identify the cause of heavy bleeding, we have in-depth conversations with patients on family history, because many of bleeding disorders have a genetic component for them. If we believe that a patient can have a bleeding disturbance, we make further tests to make an accurate diagnosis and a treatment plan. Only time, excessive loss of blood can lead to anemia of iron deficiency, a condition in which blood is lacking in healthy red blood cells that bring oxygen to tissues throughout the body. String heavy periods in blood disorder for disorders Blood varies depending on the type and gravity of the disorder. In some cases, women take iron supplementation to reintegrate iron into their body lost by excessive bleeding; In others, women can receive intravenous iron or blood transfusion in which they receive blood from a donor to replace lost blood. If we find that a hormonal imbalance is causing heavy periods of a patient, hormones are often effective. The most common types include: PILLSINTRAUTERINE (IUD) birth control device, a small t-shaped plastic device inserted in the uterus control ring (Nuvaring), a small flexible ring that is inserted into the cervix when diagnostic A young woman with a blood disorder, we have other tricks on our sleeves to better control her periods, as enabling them to have a period only four times a year using hormones to prevent anemia or use of non-hormonal options for Additional protection. We also work with dentists and surgeons to plan plans for dental procedures and surgical interventions, so patients do not experience unnecessary bleeding. Individually, some women with heavy periods receive Psychiatric because mental health problems such as anxiety and depression can arise maintaining symptoms. In this case, a hematologist, an ob / gyn or an adolescent doctor will report to patients to a psychologist or psychiatrist. Young women can suffer through heavy periods that do not realize that they could be a sign of something more serious. Our goal is to help these patients optimize their health and regain more quality of life by obtaining the diagnosis and treatment appropriate by experts who know the symptoms to look for. Find out if you A loved person could benefit from the young woman's blood disorders program, call 214-645-8300 or request an online appointment. on line. what are the causes of menorrhagia. menorrhagia in young females. most common cause of menorrhagia

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