Meta-HCI: First Workshop on Meta-Research in HCI

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Fig. 1. First Workshop on Meta-Research in HCl at ACM CHI '25 in Yokohama, Japan

Human-Computer Interaction (HCI) is a rapidly evolving field. It has undergone many changes, and several current challenges deserve more attention from the community. Meta-research – the study of research practices – offers insights into how a field can refine its methodological frameworks, enhance rigor, and address its challenges. We believe CHI deserves a dedicated space for meta-research. This workshop establishes an open space for HCI scholars in the top conference of the field to explore and discuss meta-research in HCI. We are equally focused on the past, present, and future: what we study, how we document it, how we evaluate, and how we distribute our work. Collateral effects such as mounting career pressures to publish always more are interesting, too. Short term results of this workshop include a research roadmap specifically for HCI meta-research. In the long term, we hope to see this workshop be the initial spark to establishing a permanent HCI meta-research community.

CCS Concepts: • Human-centered computing → Human computer interaction (HCI).

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Additional Key Words and Phrases: meta research, meta science, science of science, CHI, meta-HCI

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1 Motivation

Human-Computer Interaction (HCI) is a rapidly evolving field, marked by diverse methodologies, interdisciplinary approaches, and a growing global community of researchers. The HCI field has undergone topical changes, represented in at least three waves [13, 40]. These continuing topical changes occur against the backdrop of broader changes in academia and science, such as the exponential growth in publications [15] and the increasing career pressure and workload experienced by academics [27, 38]. The ACM CHI Conference is the flagship conference of HCI, and we believe it deserves a dedicated space for *meta-research* to document, discuss, and collaborate on how the community evolves and operates. We next discuss just a fraction of the meta-research aspects that deserve increased attention from such a meta-research perspective.

The evolution of research topics in HCI: HCI research involving human factors reflects the zeitgeist and ethos of its time [40]. In recent years, popular topics have been influenced by the rapid proliferation of large language models, conversational systems, and other generative systems. On the negative side of this development, the availability of these writing machines that can "delve" into any topic [51] and simulate participants [31, 80, 98] opens opportunities for bad actors to productionize their output at the expense of quality [29]. Further, some community members have voiced strong opinions recently about how a disproportionate number of HCI work is now thematizing or using generative AI [5]. Yet, generative AI also has transformative positive potential in how we conduct research at large, and going forward it will only make sense to shed light on those ways and try to identify the constructive and creative ways of using them ethically and productively.

How we conduct research: Generative AI aside, there are other fundamental issues to focus on in terms of how we conduct research. For instance, the "replication crisis" has been identified earlier [3, 23, 46, 72] but not necessarily fully addressed yet. Expectations of the field also steer the ways we work. For instance, the CHI Conference has seen an increase in the quality expectations for published works. Arguably, some of the research published ten years ago would no longer meet the minimum requirements of today's CHI Conference. For instance, the number of references included in a CHI paper has increased with each year since CHI '16 [74], and most likely this is now an implicit expectation by reviewers. From a pure knowledge-creation perspective, it is also fascinating to understand the citation behaviors of the community. For instance, Pohl and Mottelson [82] conducted a quantitative analysis of 6,578 CHI papers, investigating how authors write their papers and how factors such as readability and name dropping influence citation counts. It is critical to reflect on the consequences of (and the reasons behind) all these developments.

How we evaluate research: Peer review is an integral part of our work, in evaluating the work. While critically important, it also faces a number of recognized limitations [2, 8, 24, 44, 56, 59, 86, 94, 100]. As the field evolves, peer review changes. Indeed, CHI has also introduced several changes over the years. Currently we are hearing the weak signals from the community in terms of how, for instance, the already mentioned generative AI is used, should be used, or should not be used in peer review [74]. Other aspects include the obsession with novelty and the lukewarm reception of negative but nonetheless interesting results. Unclear policies can result, for instance, in inconsistently enforced desk rejections and peer reviews [64]. Differing ethics policies among institutions is a constant topic of debate in peer reviewing. And the entire community now feels the increased workload in review duties, leading to difficulties in identifying the best reviewers for the research. There is a growing urgency to act on these issues. For instance, the CHI Steering Committee recently established a

one-year working group on peer review [64]. The working group's objectives include evaluating the potential for the introduction of a credit system for peer review [25] and the establishment of more consistent norms and policies [64].

What we publish: Similarly, the very nature of what we evaluate has evolved, with submissions now not only consisting of a simple PDF submission, but coming with various adjunct materials (video figure, data sets, submission history, etc.) that may influence the peer review process in many subjective ways. It is easy to envision how the current format is not the "final optimal" way of documenting research [34, 35, 93, 96], warranting constant attention and joint brainstorming among the community doing the practical work [65–67]. In addition to what we publish, there is also the consideration of how much we publish any of that. And there are high incentives to publish always more and more. These mounting career pressures to publish [27] also seem to affect the young academics disproportionately.

Why Meta-Research?

As the field of Human-Computer Interaction continues to evolve, it is becoming increasingly important to thematize the growing pain points in HCI research, not only in steering and working groups, but also in rigorous scientific publications. Self-reflective [84] and meta-scientific contributions [30, 47] are critically important to advance the HCI field as a whole. Yet, little research and self-reflection is being published in HCI. It is time for the CHI community to pause and reflect on how things have progressed in the past decade and where we are headed.

Meta-research is the study of research practices [47]. Meta-research and the science of science [30] offer valuable insights into how HCI as a field can refine its methodological frameworks, enhance rigor, and address its challenges. Meta-research contributions on HCI currently have no dedicated venue at ACM conferences, and the CHI Conference currently has no fitting subcommittee for meta-scientific investigations. In the past, such investigations (e.g., [11, 26, 34, 82, 83]) have been relegated to poster contributions or adjunct proceedings ("alt.chi") where the investigations might not get all the attention they deserve. This is suboptimal and also contrasts with the field's critical and self-reflective tradition [84, 85, 87].

2 Meta-HCI Workshop

The first edition of this one-day workshop at CHI '25 in Yokohama, Japan, aims to bring together researchers, practitioners, and reviewers within the HCI community and beyond to explore and discuss meta-research. By critically evaluating the processes underlying HCI research, we can improve the ways in which studies are conducted, reported, and assessed, fostering a culture of transparency and methodological rigor. Given the cross-disciplinary nature of HCI, CHI – its flagship conference – serves as the ideal venue to discuss these topics, thanks to its diverse community in terms of background, practice, and perspectives.

This workshop will provide a forum for researchers to share, discuss, and brainstorm their ideas about improving the current state of meta-research in HCI. We aim to provide a common platform for meta-research in HCI, and to establish a research agenda for meta-scientific investigations in HCI.

Relevance and Impact

This workshop is for anyone in the HCI community who cares about understanding, cataloging, and improving the ways we conduct research. By taking a step back and looking critically at how we design, conduct, and share our work, we can identify areas where we can improve. The goal is to create a space where we can safely and openly discuss the challenges of HCI research and develop practical ways to ensure that HCI research is as rigorous, transparent, and impactful as possible. Our workshop is intended to mark the starting point of a meta-research community in HCI that outlasts the workshop event.

The workshop will be a catalyst for change in the CHI and HCI community. The potential for meta-research to produce meaningful impact is manifold. The Meta-HCI workshop explores how the HCI field has evolved, its methodologies, and its impacts. This provides an opportunity for researchers to reflect on the direction HCI research is heading and what has worked or needs to be rethought. The workshop provides a platform for critical engagement with the field, encouraging researchers to question assumptions, frameworks, and biases in HCI research. This fosters a more mature, self-aware research community. Meta-research encourages researchers to scrutinize the relevance of the work being presented at CHI in the context of real-world HCI problems. This can help ensure that future CHI research addresses pressing societal and technological issues, making the research more impactful. By examining trends in meta-HCI, researchers can identify gaps and areas where HCI needs to evolve, creating a shared agenda for future research. This is particularly relevant in the fast-developing field of HCI which is continuously reshaped by new technologies. Meta-research is also an important source for policy and guideline development.

Long-term objectives

Meta-HCI contributions need a dedicated venue. The long-term objective of this workshop is to offer this venue, potentially and hopefully until a dedicated track at CHI for meta-scientific contributions is created. We commit to hosting future iterations of the workshop, or finding and passing the torch to future organizers.

3 Workshop Structure

3.1 Pre-Workshop Activities

We will publicize the workshop on social media and in HCI and ACM distribution lists. We will also reach out to scholars from our network and other scholars to encourage them to submit their work. Materials and accepted submissions will be accessible to participants at least 1 week before the workshop through the workshop website as well as a private workspace we will set up in Slack. We will also prepare quantitative summaries of past CHI publication trends, citation trends, and a short presentation on how the community's publishing practices have evolved. Upon the potential accepance of the workshop, we will find a senior academic to deliver a keynote to kick off the workshop with a brief and engaging talk on HCI meta-research. We have already secured the funds to sponsor the speaker's participation.

3.2 Workshop Topics

Meta-science provides a wealth of opportunities for research and discussions around conducting good research. The workshop topics include, but are by no means limited to, the topics listed in Table 1.

3.3 Workshop Format, Activities, and Structure

The workshop consists of two parts. The first part provides a traditional platform for participants to briefly present their contributions (submissions), followed by discussions and a collaborative decision on the topics that we address during the second part of the workshop. The second part engages in hands-on meta-research. Working in small groups, we will work on the topics identified in the first part. Some of our own ideas include activities such as:

- (1) outline a research agenda for future meta-research in HCI,
- (2) map existing resources we already have and will need to have for more impactful meta-research (for example, perhaps we could publish a dataset that is more accessible than the ACM DL?),
- (3) seek to understand what we can learn from scientific fields that have a more established tradition of conducting meta-research, or
- (4) design a preliminary survey to better understand our community's position on the topics listed in Table 1.

Table 1. List of possible topics and examples or related literature

Topic	Examples / related literature
What we study in HCI: Trends, topics, evolution, opportunities, and challenges in HCI	[21, 55, 61, 76]
How we conduct research in HCI: Meta-analysis of HCI research (e.g., WEIRD participants, method use, etc.) The replication crisis in HCI and generalizability of HCI research Biases in HCI research, inclusivity and intersectional inequalities in HCI research Datasets and software re-use for meta-scientific HCI investigations Norms, culture, behavior, practices, and motivation of HCI researchers (e.g.,	[19, 41, 42, 49, 52, 73, 75, 88, 89] [3, 23, 46, 72] [37, 54, 68] [7, 14] [53, 74, 81, 99]
Citations) How we evaluate research: Issues and bias with peer review and AI-generated peer reviews in HCI venues Issues resulting from use of generative AI in HCI studies	[2, 8, 24, 28, 36, 44, 56, 58, 59, 86, 94, 100] [18, 29]
What we publish in HCI: Language used in HCI studies (e.g., hedging and boosting) How AI-generated writing has impact the HCI literature	[45, 45, 51, 95] [1, 32, 51, 60]
How HCI research affects us: Well-being of HCI researchers, hypercompetition, and hyper-prolific authors in HCI	[20, 27, 33]
How the CHI community and CHI Conference has developed over the past decade Climate impact and carbon emissions of HCI research and the CHI Conference	[50, 74, 76] [48]
The impact and implications of HCI research	[9, 62, 63, 91, 97]
How contextual factors and learnings from broader science affect HCI research: The growth of science, such as the growth in publications, citations, and coauthorship	[15, 38]
How lessons from meta-research in other disciplines (e.g. Physics) can apply to HCI	[12, 22, 30]
Issues with ACM–DL and influence of ACM on HCI research Research on the opportunities and challenges of meta-research in HCI	[17, 39, 57] [43]

As a highly participatory workshop, our aim is to foster an active community of researchers interested in concretely conducting meta-research. To this end, making this community outlast the workshop is our top priority. The workshop will not focus on long presentations. We will instead focus on interaction and collaboration between participants. This workshop format allows for deep, focused conversations (with plenty of coffee) to build stronger professional networks around the topic of meta-research.

Expected outcomes

The outcomes of this workshop will be immediately actionable ideas for the community and input for future iterations of this workshop.

Meta-HCI community survey. We will design a survey questionnaire on one of the main questions that will attract the most interest during the second part of the workshop, and distribute this survey to the community during the conference and report its findings in an ArXiv submission and as part of the next iteration of the workshop.¹

Research agenda for meta-HCI investigations. Based on the results of the workshop, and especially the second part of it (the group activities), the authors of this workshop will prepare a proposal for a meta-HCI research agenda for the coming years. We seek input from all workshop authors via email, and later on publish the roadmap in a suitable format online. At a minimum, it will be deployed on the workshop website and in the form of blog posts and social media posts. The most important function of this research agenda is to help steer the activities in the next *venue* of meta-HCI.

Future Meta-HCI venue brainstorming. Together, we will envision the description and operational model of a future HCI-focused venue for meta-research. This could be, among other options, an entire future subcommittee in CHI, or a dedicated journal for HCI meta-research, or simply ways to expand and make this workshop into a larger more impactful event in the future in some ways. At a minimum, this will include the collaborative development of the description and purpose of such a venue, including the related target audience, scope, research areas and topics, core contributions, methodological categories, example application areas, and ethical research practices.

3.5 Submissions, Acceptance, and Publication

We accept full papers (\geq 6 pages, references excluded), short papers (5–6 pages, references excluded), and position papers (2–5 pages), outlining the author's view on the workshop theme and the reasons for the submitter's interest in the topic. Accepted papers will be published as part of a proceedings volume with CEUR-WS. Submissions should follow the CEUR-WS formatting and licensing requirements. Specifically, submissions should be formatted according to the one-column CEURART template (see <u>zip file</u> with docx template and <u>Overleaf</u>). CEUR calculates 2,500 characters per page (\approx 380–400 words per page). Papers can be anonymized for single-blind review, although this is not required. All papers must be submitted as PDF documents,

The workshop organizers will review submissions primarily based on their potential to stimulate engaging discussions. Submissions will be judged and selected against the acceptance criteria of relevance, provocativeness, novelty, and research quality.

3.6 Proposed Workshop Schedule

The proposed workshop schedule for the Meta-HCI workshop is as follows.

Keynote (9:00 – 9:20): An invited keynote speaker will discuss the state of HCI meta-research, along with key results.

Welcome and introductions (9:20 – 9:45): We will kick-off the event with an interactive introduction session for participants to get to talk and know each other.

Lightning presentation rounds (9:45 – 10:30): Participants will briefly present their work. Speaking time will be commensurate with submission length. We will aim not to make this a mini-conference. Instead, the focus is on getting to know the participants' research interests in regard to meta-research.

Coffee break (10:30 - 11:00)

Lightning presentation rounds (continued) (11:00 - 11:45)

¹We are currently in the process of filing IRB approval requests by anticipation, in order to be allowed to collect subjective anonymous information during the conference.

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Preparing afternoon sessions (11:45 – 12:00) At the end of the morning sessions, we will discuss and prepare the afternoon group sessions, including group formation and topics, and an overview of the pre-distributed datasets that might help ideation.

Lunch break (12:00 - 13:00): We will propose to have lunch together. This will ensure continued discussions but also provide some levity and more social connection towards building a community.

Group work sessions (13:00 – 14:30)

Break (14:30 - 15:00)

Group work sessions (15:00 – 16:30)

Closing (16:30 – 17:00): We will together review and discuss the workshop outcomes and discuss next steps, future activities, publications, and events.

3.7 Attendance and Estimated Number of Participants

Workshop attendance is in-person only. This will avoid issues related to work-related stress [71] (e.g., the triplepeak day [69]), timezone scheduling issues [70], disconnectedness and "zone-outs" in remote meetings [16], and other issues surrounding virtual and hybrid group work. We will discuss going to lunch together at the workshop, which will facilitate further community-building.

We seek to attract anywhere between 20-30 participants (including the organizers). This will allow us to shape a comprehensive future research agenda, build collaborations, and form the foundations to an active community around meta-research in HCI. The workshop is open to a broad audience to stimulate the workshop participants by exposure to new points of views from different disciplines and methodological backgrounds. While the workshop topic will primarily be interesting for senior faculty members in HCI, we seek to attract junior faculty and PhD students as well.

3.8 Accessibility

The workshop does not require a special venue or hardware. Only a projector and WiFi connection are required. The workshop organizers will bring a set of materials (stationary items and grid sheets) to support group work. Participants will be encouraged to submit an accessible version of their papers. If there are additional accessibility requirements, we will work with the Accessibility Chairs to ensure a positive experience.

Post-Workshop Plans

We hope to build a persistent research area and community around HCI meta-research. Toward that goal, we plan to create a blog post for the general HCI audience. In addition, we want to create resources for teaching and researching in this emergent domain. Therefore, we hope to publish selected papers from the workshop in a summary article in a journal with all workshop attendees who wish to participate as co-authors.

4 Organizers

Jonas Oppenlaender is a Postdoctoral Researcher in the Center for Ubiquitous Computing at the University of Oulu, Finland. His research interests include supporting people in being more creative and applications of generative artificial intelligence for the future of work and science. He has previously served as an organizer of several workshops at CHI (REGROW '22 [4], 2VT '21 [79], DC2S2 '19 [77]) and at C&C '19 [78]. He was co-organizer of CrowdCamp at AAAI HCOMP '23. Website: https://www.jonaso.de

Sylvain Malacria is a research scientist at Inria, where he conducts his research in the Loki group. He is also an adjunct assistant professor at the University of Waterloo, Canada (2021-2024). His research interests is in the area of human-computer interaction (HCI), with additional focus on designing interactive systems and interaction techniques. Website: https://www.malacria.com

Xinrui Fang is a 1st year PhD Student in the HCI field based in Tokyo, under the supervision of Prof. Koji Yatani. His passion is to combine his engineering skills and design smell to create cool stuffs. He has engineering experience and a master degree from Keio University. His research interests are human-computer and human-AI interaction and applied machine learning. Website: https://xinrui.design

Niels van Berkel is an Associate Professor at Aalborg University. His work focuses on the design and evaluation of intelligent computing systems, particularly in real-world contexts, publishing in HCI, Social Computing, and Ubiquitous Computing. He has previously served as organizer of workshops at CHI (REGROW '22 [4], 2VT '21 [79], Emergent Interaction '21 [10]) and UbiComp (UbiTtention '20 [90], Mobile Human Contributions '18 [92], Sensors & Behaviour '18), and served on the editorial board for IJHCS (2019–present) and ACM TiiS Special Issue on Human-Centered Explainable AI. Website: https://www.nielsvanberkel.com

Fanny Chevalier is an Associate Professor at the University of Toronto, and a Knight of the France's Order of Academic Palms. Her research focuses primarily on human-computer interaction for creativity, and data visualization. She has previously co-organized workshops at the IEEE VIS conference [6]. Website: https://fannychevalier.net

Koji Yatani is an Associate Researcher and the director of the Interactive Intelligent Systems Laboratory at the University of Tokyo. His current research focuses on Human-AI Interaction and human well-being support. He is serving as a Technical Program Chair for CHI 2025. Website: https://iis-lab.org

Simo Hosio is an Associate Professor and the leader of Crowd Computing Research Group at the University of Oulu, Finland. He has organized multiple workshops in CHI, Ubicomp and CSCW conferences, and is interested in crowdsourcing and digital wellbeing. Website: https://www.simohosio.com

5 Call for Participation (250 words)

Human-Computer Interaction (HCI) is a rapidly evolving field, with a growing need for reflection on how research is conducted. The Meta-HCI workshop invites researchers and practitioners to discuss meta-research in HCI. Meta-research focuses on studying research practices and offers insights into how HCI can enhance its methodological frameworks, improve rigor, and address the field's growing challenges. This one-day workshop will serve as a platform for the HCI community to share thoughts and experiences with meta-research, and collectively examine the processes that shape the research in our field. The workshop themes include, but are not limited to, what we study and publish in HCI, how we conduct and evaluate research in HCI, how HCI research affects us, and how the broader context of science affects HCI research.Participants are invited to submit short papers (5-6 pages, references excluded) or full papers (min. 6 pages, references excluded) in the form of studies, experiments, bibliometric and scientometric investigations, or other meta-scientific research. Since meta-research is an emerging area in HCI, we also accept short position papers (2-5 pages, references excluded). Submissions should use the CEURART 1-column template. The workshop organizers will review submissions primarily based on their potential to stimulate engaging discussions. At least one author of each accepted paper must register for the workshop and attend the event. We look forward to your contributions and to welcoming you to an exciting and productive discussion on the future of HCI research practices! Please visit https://meta-hci.github.io to learn more about the workshop and how to participate.

6 Website and Important Dates

The website https://meta-hci.github.io provides further and updated information about the workshop.

Submission Deadline: March 14, 2025 Notification of acceptance: March 21, 2025

Workshop Date: April 26, 2025

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