

## ►► Automotive Ethernet in AUTOSAR and beyond

Vector UK Conference 2014

# Agenda – Automotive Ethernet Use-Cases



## Diagnostics, Measurement and Calibration

- ▶ AUTOSAR (R4.x) and Extensions



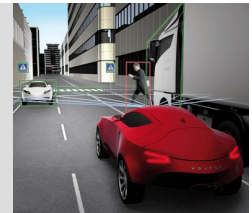
## Vehicle-to-Grid

- ▶ Non-AUTOSAR



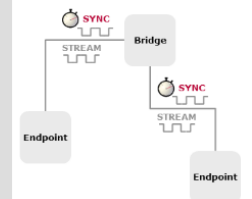
## In-Vehicle Ethernet Communication

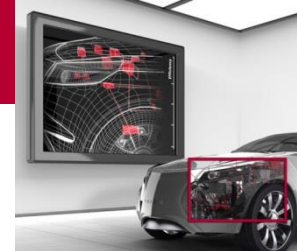
- ▶ AUTOSAR (R4.1/R4.2)



## Audio/Video Bridging

- ▶ Partly AUTOSAR (R4.2)

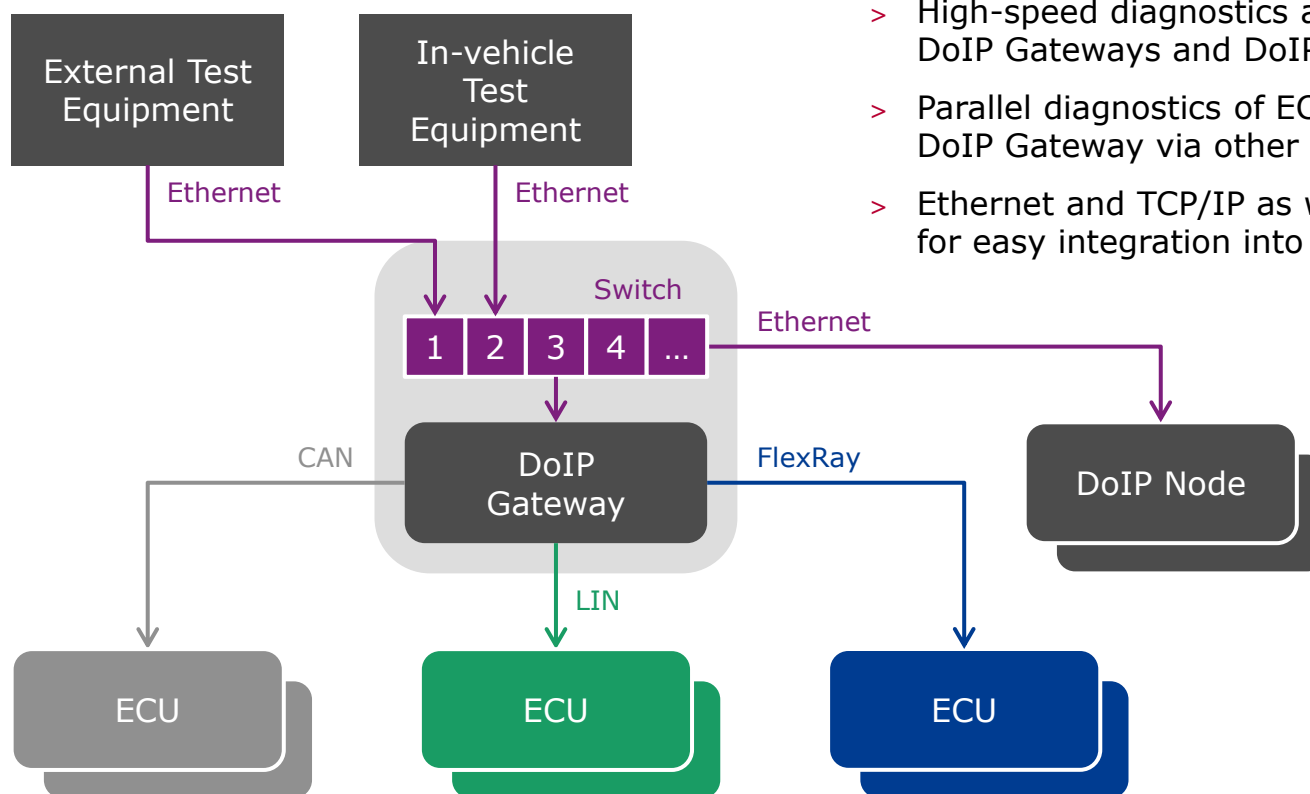


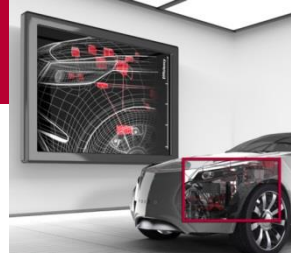


## Diagnostics over Internet Protocol (DoIP)

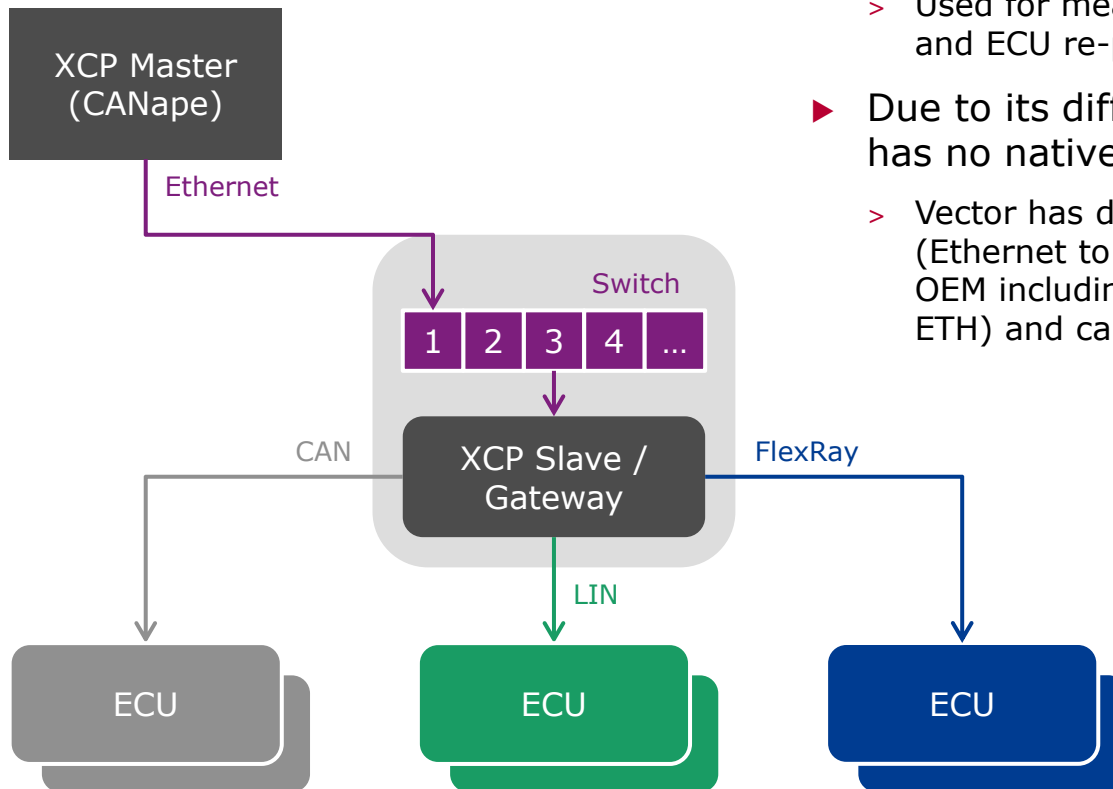
### ► ISO 13400

- > High-speed diagnostics and re-programming of DoIP Gateways and DoIP Nodes
- > Parallel diagnostics of ECUs connected to the DoIP Gateway via other networks
- > Ethernet and TCP/IP as well-known technologies for easy integration into existing infrastructure

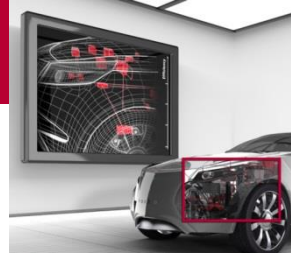




## Universal (X) Measurement and Calibration Protocol (XCP)

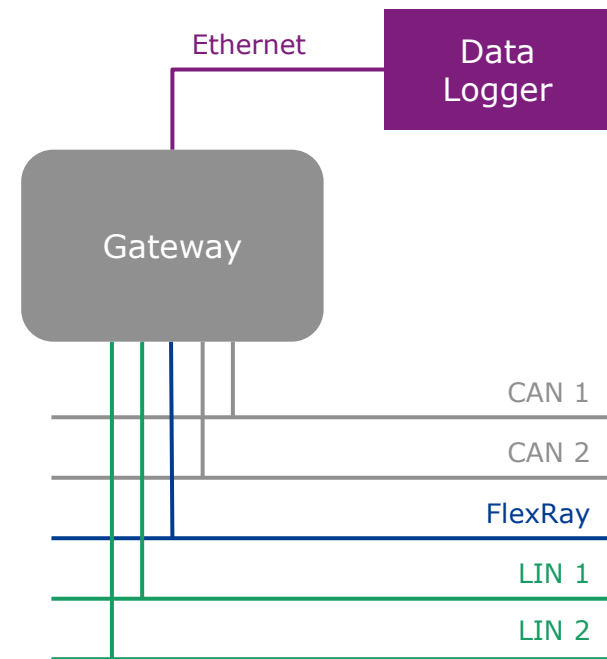


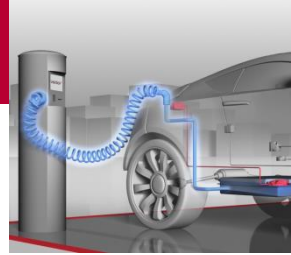
- ▶ ASAM AE MCD-1 XCP
  - > Used for measurement, calibration, bypassing and ECU re-programming
- ▶ Due to its different transport layers, XCP has no native support for routing
  - > Vector has developed a solution for XCP routing (Ethernet to CAN/LIN/FlexRay) together with an OEM including embedded software (MICROSAR ETH) and calibration tool (CANape)



## Mirroring

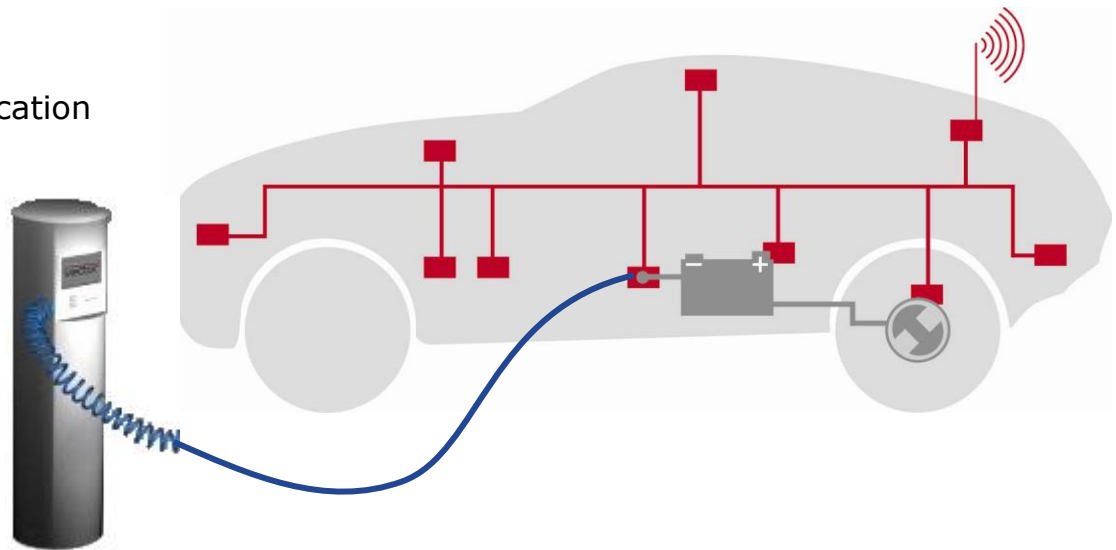
- ▶ How can vehicle internal bus traffic be logged and analyzed if Ethernet is the only access point to the vehicle and without additional logging equipment?
- ▶ Solution: Mirroring of CAN/LIN/FlexRay bus traffic to Ethernet
  - > Mirroring of complete communication
  - > Simultaneous mirroring of all connected busses possible
  - > Multiple CAN/LIN/FlexRay messages are packed in one Ethernet packet
  - > Additional information is added to the mirrored messages
  - > Mirror functionality can be switched on/off e.g. by a diagnostic command
- ▶ On-/Offline analysis of mirrored data e.g. in CANoe





## Smart Charge Communication (SCC)

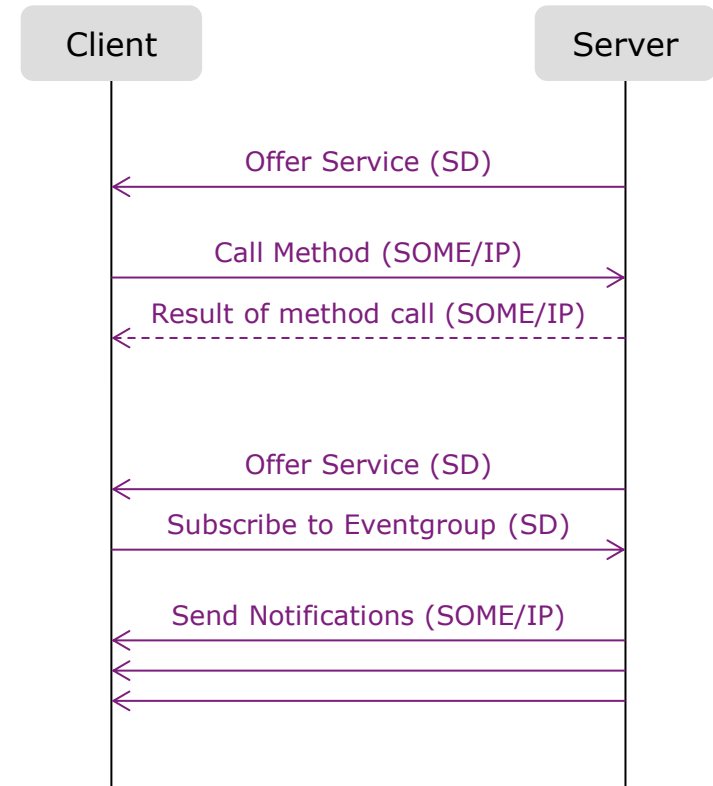
- ▶ AC and DC charging of electric and hybrid vehicles
  - > Profile: Plug and Charge (PnC) – charging in a public environment with billing
  - > Profile: External Identification Means (EIM) – “simple” charging
  - > ISO 15118
  - > DIN 70121 (DC charging with EIM only)
  
- ▶ Customer specific functions
  - > E.g. based on HTTP communication





## Service Discovery (SD)

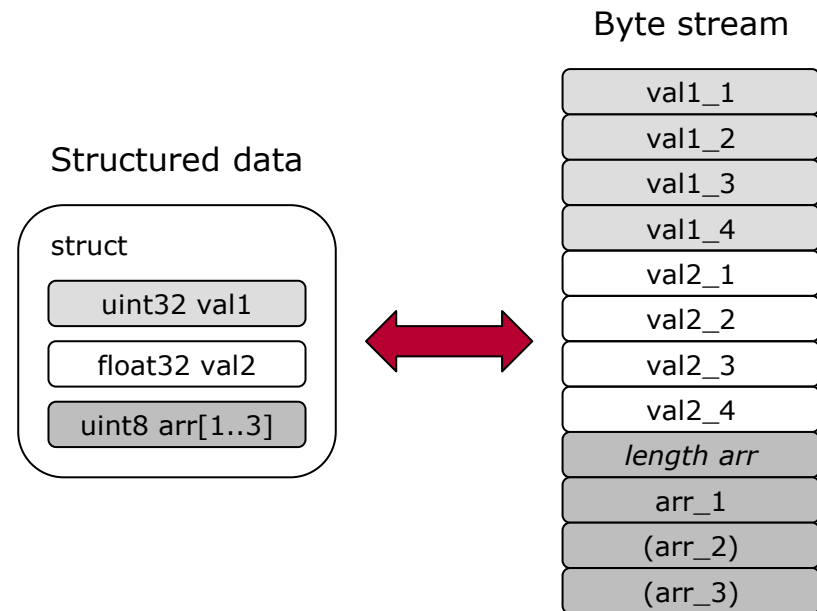
- ▶ Service-oriented communication scheme instead of a classical signal-oriented approach
- ▶ What is a "service"?
  - > A service can contain "methods" which can be called by other ECUs (Remote Procedure Call)
  - > A service can contain "events" to which other ECUs can subscribe to be informed about changes or updates
  - > There are service providers (servers) and service consumers (clients)
- ▶ Advantages
  - > Save bandwidth (on other communication paths) and reduce CPU load
    - > Unicast instead of multi- and broadcast messages (use the advantages of a switched network)
    - > Do not send and receive invalid signals or signals the ECU is not interested in
  - > Dynamic relocation of services possible





## Scalable Service-Oriented Middleware over IP (SOME/IP)

- ▶ SOME/IP is an automotive remote procedure call and serialization protocol
  - > Definition of a header format which supports remote procedure calls (RPC), i.e. calling a method on a remote server ECU like it would be executed on the own ECU
  - > Definition how application data shall be serialized to the on-the-wire payload
    - > Support of basic data types, complex data types (e.g. C-struct), static and dynamic array data types
    - > Independent on endianness
  - > Designed for AUTOSAR and non-AUTOSAR ECUs

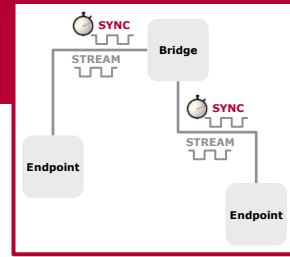






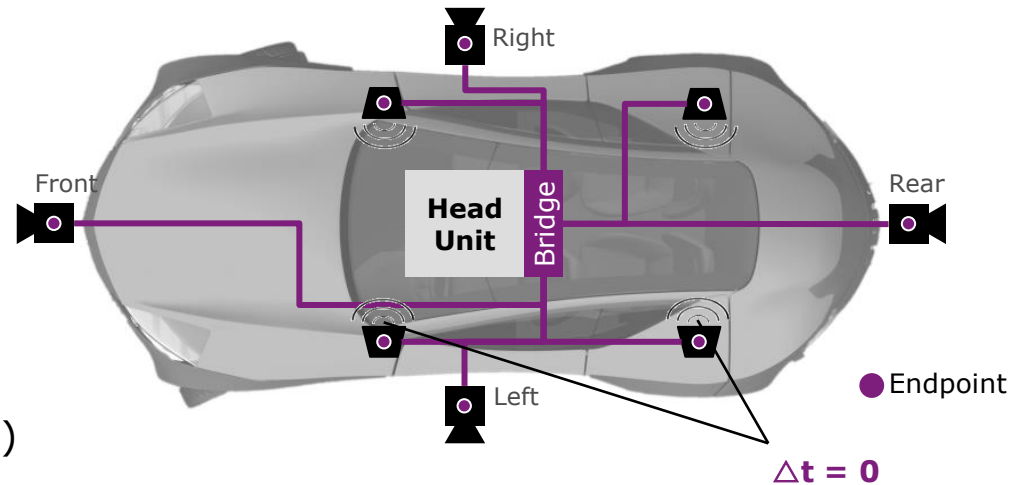
## UDP Network Management (UDPNM)

- ▶ Coordination of the transition between normal operation and bus-sleep mode of an Ethernet network
  - > Periodic broadcast messages are sent by nodes which want to keep the NM-cluster awake
  - > No master node
  - > Further features
    - > Node detection (detect all present nodes in a network)
    - > Ready sleep detection (detect if all nodes in a network are ready for bus-sleep mode)
    - > Partial Networking
  - > Similar to network management on CAN
- ▶ No wake-up based on NM messages possible
  - > Additional bus connection or wake-up line necessary
  - > Transceiver support missing
    - > Power consumption in sleep mode is too high
    - > New transceivers are currently under development



## Bridging & Management

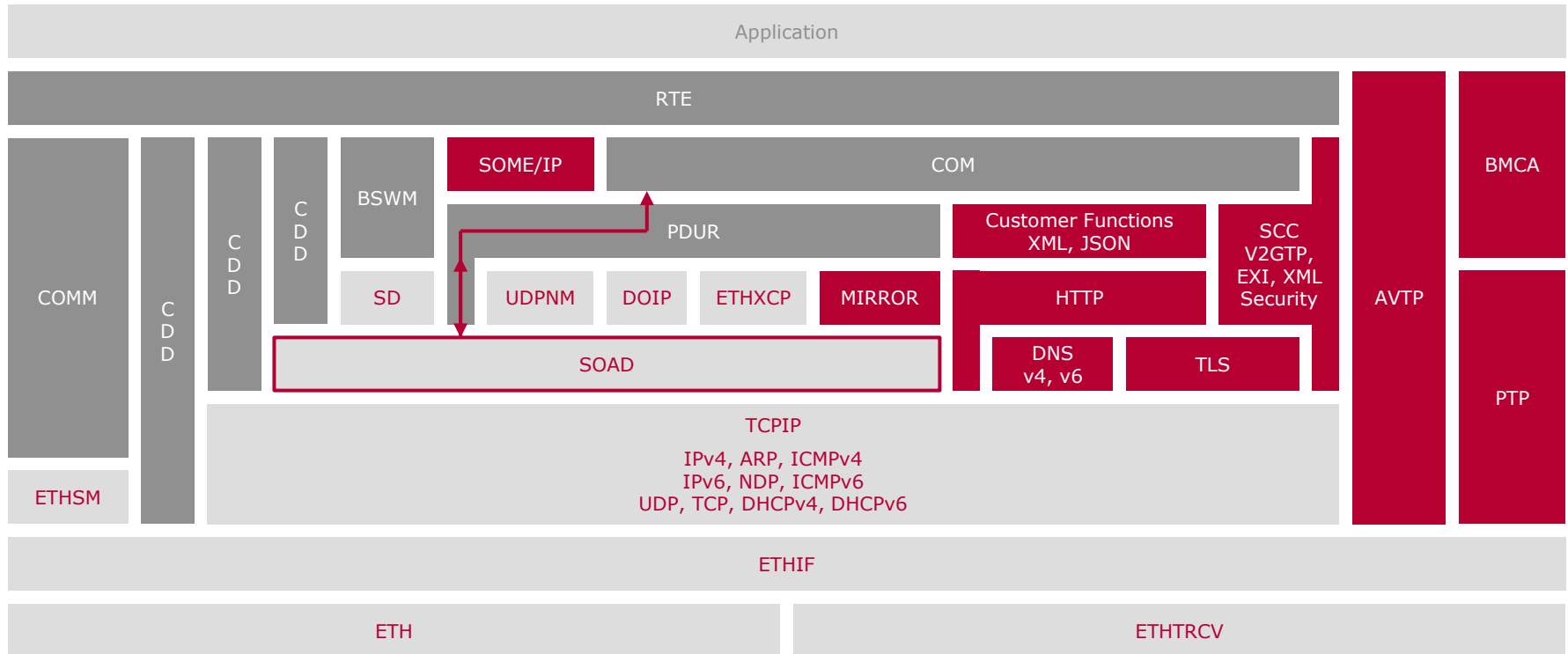
- ▶ Introduction and overview
  - > IEEE 802.1BA
- ▶ Precision Time Protocol (PTP) and Best Master Clock Algorithm (BMCA)
  - > IEEE 802.1AS
- ▶ Stream Reservation Protocol (SRP)
  - > IEEE 802.1Qat
- ▶ Forwarding and Queuing Enhancements for Time-Sensitive Streams (FQTSS)
  - > IEEE 802.1Qav



## Audio/Video data transmission and reception

- ▶ Audio/Video Transport Protocol (AVTP)
  - > IEEE 1722(a) – (a) == Automotive version in draft status

# AUTOSAR Ethernet Stack plus Extensions



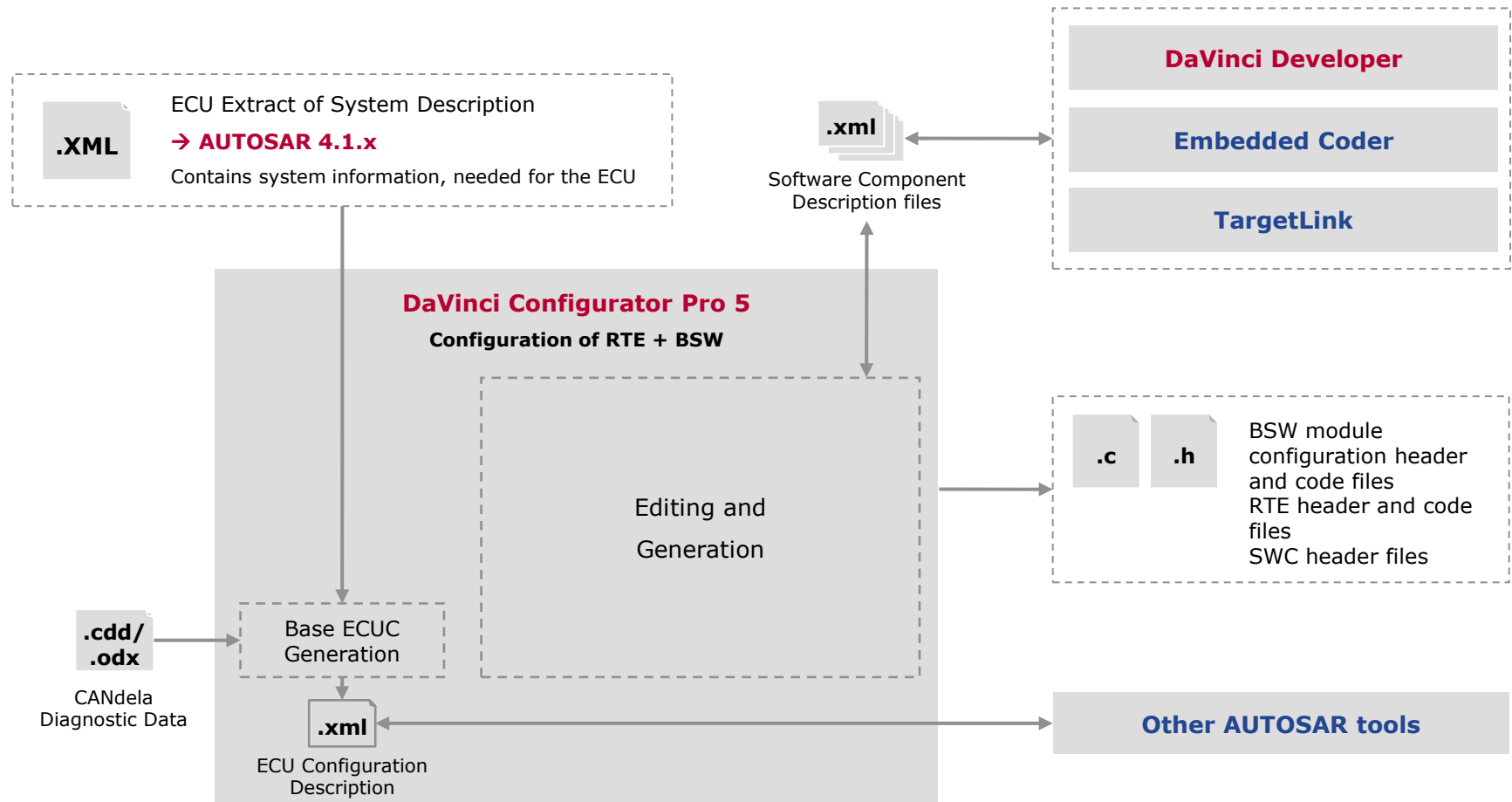
<Module> AUTOSAR Common Module

<Module> AUTOSAR Ethernet Stack Module

<Module> AUTOSAR Ethernet Stack Module with Extensions

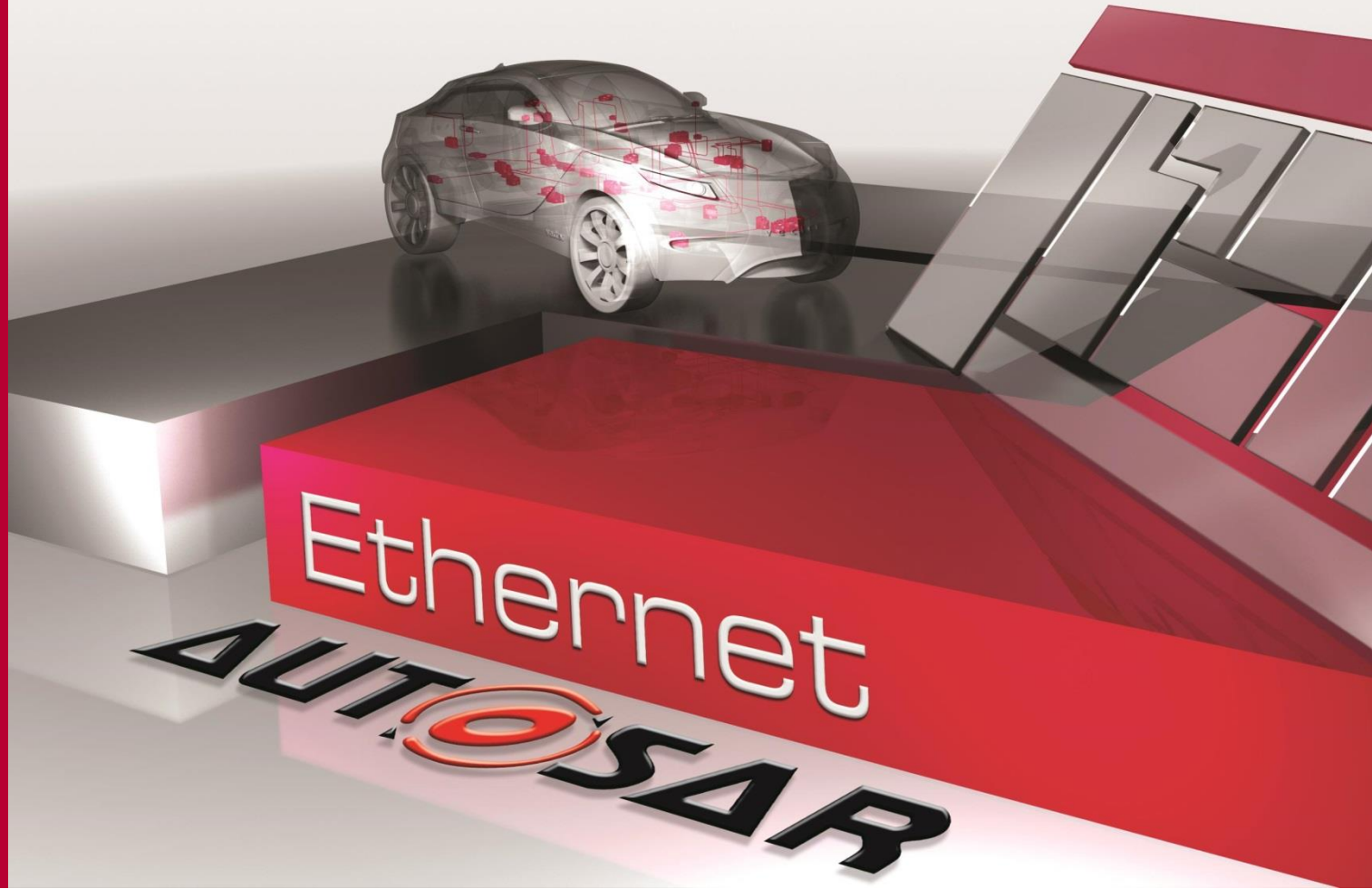
<Module> Non-AUTOSAR Module

# ECU Configuration Flow



## AUTOSAR Concepts for R4.2.1

- ▶ CONC\_600\_SwitchConfiguration
  - > Configuration of an Ethernet switch by AUTOSAR basic software
  - > In-vehicle DHCP server
- ▶ CONC\_601\_SenderReceiverSerialization
  - > RTE transformer (SOME/IP, COM-based, E2E, ...)
- ▶ CONC\_603\_EfficientCOMforLargeData
  - > Second COM module without complex PDU triggering mechanisms and without buffer handling
- ▶ CONC\_605\_GlobalTimeSynchronization
  - > Synchronization of the system time over different bus systems and networks
  - > Refers to PTP in case of Ethernet



►► Questions?

Thank you for your attention.

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