Journal Article Template for L'Actualité économique

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Abstract

The goal of this documentation is to explain the package's features to those who will use these templates. It is divided in two parts, depending on a person's role in the writing process.

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1 For authors

1.1 Files included in the package

On opening the package's archive file, you'll find the following structure:

actuecon doc: documentation directory img: graphics and images directory actuecon.cls: document class file bibliographie.bib: references file econometrica.bst: english bibliography style econometrica-fr.bst: french bibliography style template-en.tex: english template file template-fr.tex: french template file

Using this package is pretty straightforward:

- You write your article in your language's template file (template-en.tex or template-fr.tex);
- Your write your bibliographic references in BibTEX format in the bibliographie.bib file;
- You save all your graphics and images in the **img**/ directory.

1.2 How to use the template file

This section explains the template file's usage, from the first to (almost) the last line.

1.2.1 The document class

The template file uses the **actuecon** document class, as you can see it in the \documentclass{} command:

```
\documentclass[10pt,twoside,fleqn,french,english]{actuecon}
```

This class, based on the **article** class, was built to fully comply with the journal's presentation standards. **You must not modify the options** in the **\documentclass{}** command nor in the **actuecon.cls** document class file.

1.2.2 The class' required packages

In the template's preamble, you will find the list of all required packages needed to use the **actuecon** document class and the templates. These packages are **already loaded** in the class file. There is no need to load them in the template file.

When using packages for your article's purpose, please make sure that there is no compatibility issues with the class' packages.

1.2.3 Article metadata

The only metadata that you'll need to enter in the template file are the title (\AEtitre{} command), the authors' list (\author{} command) and their affiliation to an institution (\affil{} command).

You can add as many authors and affiliations as is necessary, as long as you alternate between \author{} and \affil{} commands.

All the other article's metadata (volume, issue number, publication date and revisers) have to be entered by the journal's staff.

1.2.4 The article's body

The article's different sections are clearly defined using comments. Write your article while following these guidelines:

- Write your french and english abstracts in the AEresume and AEabstract environments.
- Write your introduction, your main content and your conclusion in their respective section, making sure not to delete the \AEintroduction , \AEsectionsDeveloppement , \AEconclusion and \AEbibliographie commands.
- In your article's sectioning hierarchy, do not go beyond the subsubsection.

1.2.5 Bibliography

The package comes with two bibliography style files: **econometrica.bst** and **econometrica-fr.bst**. These correspond to the english and french versions of the bibliography style used by the journal for references. You have to use either one of them, depending of the default language of your article.

2 For the journal's staff

This section explains what the journal staff has to do in order to work on an author's draft.

2.1 The document class

An "editorial" choice was made to separate the content from the container in the journal's article templates. Probabilities being high that an author will add his own packages, commands and environments, it was important to separate his customizations from the journal's in order to preserve the article's layout.

This is why the **actuecon** document class was built : all of the article's layout is there.

An author will only have to provide his template and references files, as well as his img folder as source code. You will be able to compile an article with a "vanilla" version of the class, and as such, you will make sure that the article meets all the presentation standards.

2.2 Article metadata

The draft's author having already entered the article's title, authors' list and affiliations, all you have to enter is the metadata related to the journal issue number.

In the template's preamble, you'll find the \AEvolume{} and \AEnumero{} commands in which you must enter the volume and issue number of the journal to be published.

The \AEdateParution{} is used to enter the journal's **publication date**. It doesn't require a particular date format. It is just a plain text "field" in which you can enter a date as you see fit ("march-june 2017", for example).

The \date{} command must always stay empty if you don't wan't another date to show up in the title section – try it out by inserting a date in the command to see what it does if you don't leave it blank.

In the **document body**, you must enter the article's **first page** number in the **\setcounter{}** command, as you can see it in the following example.

% Article beginning at page 3.
\setcounter{page}{3}

This is necessary due to the fact that it is pretty difficult to merge many

LATEX documents written by as many authors into one document without running into compatibility issues. At the end of the revision process, each document must be recompiled with its definitive first page number.

2.3 Draft revision

Revisers must first enter their name and initials in the \AEreviseur{} command found in the draft's preamble, as you can see it in the following example. There can be as many revisers as necessary as long as there is a \AEreviseur{} command for each one.

\AEreviseur{Benoit Hamel}{BH}

The revision process is made possible with the LATEX changes package. It was made to copy Microsoft Word's behaviour in document revision. You can read the package's whole documentation \square if you wish.

In this documentation, we'll only look at three commands:

- \added to add text;
- \deleted to delete text;
- \replaced to replace text.

2.3.1 Adding text

The \added{} command has the following syntax:

```
\added[id=<initials>, remark=<remark>]{new text}
```

Reviser initials and the remark are optional. However, initials are useful for a reviser's identification in the case where there are more than one – a draft's author can himself be a "reviser". Remarks must be short. The text to be added must be written between the curly braces, like in the following example.

Ad aliquet amet commodo convallis dictum dignissim eu facilisis faucibus fermentum hendrerit himenaeos inceptos massa ornare purus quis risus sapien senectus taciti tempor torquent turpis ultrices varius velit vestibulum.

\added[id=BH]{Alea jacta est!}

Ad aliquet amet commodo convallis dictum dignissim eu facilisis faucibus fermentum hendrerit himenaeos inceptos massa ornare purus quis risus sapien senectus taciti tempor torquent turpis ultrices varius velit vestibulum. Alea jacta est!^{BH}

2.3.2 Deleting text

The $\deleted{}$ command has the following syntax:

```
\deleted[id=<initials>, remark=<remark>]{deleted text}
```

For the command to work properly, you must cut and paste the text that will be deleted in the curly braces, like in the following example.

```
The \deleted[id=BH]{failing} Onytimes set \deleted[id=BH]{% liddle'} Bob Corker up by recording his conversation. Was \deleted[id=BH]{made to sound} a fool and that's what I am dealing with!
```

The failing BH @nytimes set liddle' Bob Corker up by recording his conversation. Was made to sound BH a fool and that's what I am dealing with!

2.3.3 Replacing text

The \replaced{} command has the following syntax:

```
\replaced[id=<initials>, remark=<remark>]{new text}{%
  old text}
```

Like the \deleted{} command, you must cut and paste the text to be replaced in the second pair of curly braces and write the new text in the first pair. The following example shows how to use the command.

Democrat congresswoman totally <text> id=BH]{quoted}{% fabricated} what I said to the wife of a soldier who died in action (and <text> proof).

Democrat congress woman totally ${\bf quotedfabricated^{BH}}$ what I said to the wife of a soldier who died in action (and she has I have proof).