



CF-NETCDF CORE AND EXTENSIONS PRIMER

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ABSTRACT

This OGC primer provides an overview of the OGC CF-netCDF standards suite by describing the CF-netCDF core and extensions. The CF-netCDF standard defines how to encode digital geospatial information representing space/time-varying phenomena



KEYWORDS

The following are keywords to be used by search engines and document catalogues.

ogcdoc, netcdf, cf-netcdf



PREFACE

The intended target audience is developers that wish to implement CF-netCDF encoding for servers and/or clients. This document provides an overview of the many possible components of the CF-netCDF suite and how those components fit together into a coherent whole. This document also provides useful hints and best practices beyond the pure standards texts. In the era of modular standards, such primer documents are especially important so that potential users can get a sense of the overall landscape.

As such, the content of this document is informative and not normative.



SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS

No security considerations have been made for this document.

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SUBMITTING ORGANIZATIONS

The following organizations submitted this Document to the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC):

- IMAA-CNR Italy
- METEO-FRANCE
- Natural Environment Research Council (NERC)
- Northrop Grumman Corporation
- University Corporation for Atmospheric Research (UCAR)
- US National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)

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DOCUMENT CONTRIBUTOR CONTACT POINTS

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VII

CHANGES TO THE OPENGIS[®] ABSTRACT SPECIFICATION

The OpenGIS[®] Abstract Specification does not require any changes to accommodate the technical contents of this document.



FUTURE WORK

This document needs to be updated whenever a new extension is added to CF-netCDF. It may need an update if and when significant functionality changes are made to existing CFnetCDF components.



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INTRODUCTION

The CF-netCDF standard defines how to encode digital geospatial information representing space/time-varying phenomena.

CF-netCDF consists of a set of normative specifications, collectively referred to as “the CFnetCDF suite”. These specifications encompass:

- netCDF Core OGC 10-090r3
- netCDF Classic Binary Encoding Extension Standard: NetCDF Classic and 64-bit Offset Format OGC 10-092r3
- As noted in this later in this document, additional Extensions to the Core that may be specified in the future. In particular, submission of a CF-netCDF Conventions Extension Standard [OGC 10-093] is planned for the near future.

This document provides an overview on the CF-netCDF encoding suite by describing CF-netCDF core and extensions. As such, the content of this document is informative and not normative.



1

SCOPE



SCOPE

Scope of this document is to provide a primer on the use of the CF-netCDF suite of standards.



2

CONFORMANCE

This Primer document does not contain any normative statements, hence no compliance is defined. In case there are any deviations between the standards mentioned and this document the standards texts shall prevail.



3

NORMATIVE REFERENCES



NORMATIVE REFERENCES

There are no normative references in this document.



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TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

This document uses the specification terms defined in Subclause 5.3 of OGC 06-121r3, which is based on the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards. In particular, the word “shall” (not “must”) is the verb form used to indicate a requirement to be strictly followed to conform to this standard.



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CONVENTIONS

5.1. UML notation

All the diagrams that appear in this specification are presented using the Unified Modeling Language (UML) static structure diagram, as described in Subclause 5.2 of OGC Web Services Common OGC 06-121r3.

5.2. Namespace prefix conventions

None defined here.



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CF-NETCDF PACKAGE OVERVIEW

6.1. Core and extensions

Based on the CF-netCDF model defined in this document and the NetCDF Classic core data model specification, many extension packages are conceivable which:

- add specific functionality to the NetCDF classic data model and encoding, or
- constrain aspects of the core NetCDF classic model and encoding.

The list presented below contains existing, planned, and possible CF-netCDF extensions. It makes use of a grouping which appears reasonable at the time of this writing; however, this structuring is by no means normative and shall not be used to draw any conclusions on the functionality a particular specification provides.

For illustration purposes, some possible extensions are listed in Clause 7.

NetCDF Classic Core and each extension specify, as normative requirements, which prerequisite specifications they require. Frequently, options are possible in some specific group of extensions; for example, every netCDF implementation must support at least one encoding extension.

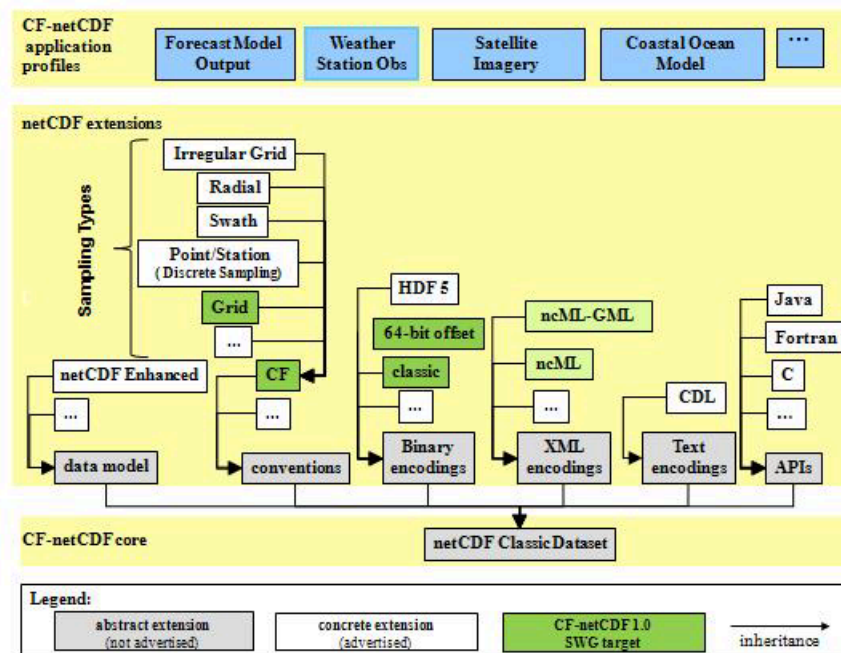


Figure 1 – CF-netCDF specification hierarchy graphical overview

This constitutes a dependency graph as shown in Figure 1, where the dark green boxes represent the initial targets for standardization and light green are the next targets.

6.2. Application Profiles

An Application Profile (AP) trims or constrains CF-netCDF functionality for some particular purpose. To this end, two mechanisms are available:

- The AP can make a choice among the extensions it declares mandatory (note that the core has to be included in any case).
Note that there are cross dependencies among some extensions which have to be respected. For example, the core requires at least one encoding extension, and the CF Conventions extension requires a Data Sampling Type.
As an example, a Satellite Imagery AP might require a Swath Data Type whereas Forecast Model Output AP requires the Gridded Data Type.
- Additional restrictions can be imposed on core and extensions.
In the above example, certain high resolution Model Output APs might required the 64-bit offset binary encoding.

Consequently, a conformance test for an AP will in turn inspect the NetCDF Classic Core, any extension listed, and finally the specific requirements of the AP in question.



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POSSIBLE EXTENSIONS

In this section, several CF-netCDF extensions are listed which have been discussed by the CF-netCDF Working Group in the course of developing the CF-netCDF specification. Some of them are already available as adopted or proposed specifications by other groups (NASA and NOAA in particular), but nearly all of them are available as part of the netCDF packages which have been implemented and used widely for decades. The CF conventions are in fact a separate entity, but they too evolved as part of the netCDF community of practice and were initially implemented for use with netCDF. By no means is this list prescriptive or comprehensive; some extensions listed here may never be written, and others not listed at this time may be added and developed later.

Following the presentation in Clause 6, extensions are grouped into abstract classes:

- Data model extensions: they extend or refine data structures;
- Conventions extensions: they constrain the core NetCDF Classic capabilities;
- Format encoding extensions: they describe encodings applicable for the transfer of CF-netCDF objects.
- Binary, XML, and text encodings specify the structure of the encoded information.
- APIs specify the way in which application programs invoke the processes that create or read CF-netCDF encoded objects.

These abstract classes will not be standardized and implemented as such, but concrete extensions within the classes will be implemented and standardized.

7.1. Data model extensions

7.1.1. Purpose

This category of extensions focuses on adding information content to the netCDF dataset model.

7.1.2. Identification

The netCDF core specification and each CF-netCDF extension is identified by a unique HTTP URI which, by convention, is specified in the first formal requirement of an extension specification.

This primer document is identified by OGC URI <http://www.opengis.net/doc/primer/cfnetcdf/1.0>.

Currently, the CF-netCDF suite of (proposed) standards includes:

The NetCDF Core Specification. OGC Document 10-091r3. This specification is identified by OGC URI <http://www.opengis.net/spec/netcdf/1.0>. The document has OGC URI <http://www.opengis.net/doc/IS/netcdf/1.0>.

The NetCDF Classic and 64-bit Binary Encoding Extension. The specification is identified by OGC URI <http://www.opengis.net/spec/netcdf-binary/1.0>. The document has OGC URL <http://www.opengis.net/doc/IS/netcdf-binary/1.0>.

7.1.3. List of extensions

7.1.3.1. Enhanced netCDF data model

The netCDF classic data model has been extended by an enhanced model that includes “groups,” an expanded list of primitive data types, and a provision for user defined data types.

<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf.html#Data-Model>

7.1.3.1.1. Other data model extensions

Other extensions to the core data model may be added later.

7.2. Conventions extensions

7.2.1. Purpose

This category of extensions describes conventions that may constrain the general netCDF data model. Many netCDF conventions have been defined for use in a diverse set of disciplines. Among them are:

- CF Conventions (*Recommended, if applicable*)
- COARDS Conventions (*1995 standard that CF Conventions extends and generalizes*)
- GDT Conventions (*1999 standard that CF Conventions extends and generalizes*)
- CDC Conventions (*for gridded data, compatible with but more restrictive than COARDS*)
- NCAR-RAF Conventions for Aircraft Data

- AMBER Trajectory Conventions for molecular dynamics simulations
- ARGO netCDF conventions for data centers
- National Oceanographic Data Center NetCDF Conventions
- NUWG Conventions (1992-1995 effort to create some observational data conventions)

7.2.2. List of extensions

While it is important to be aware of the fact that many netCDF conventions exist, the initial focus of the CF-netCDF SWG is on the conventions for Climate and Forecast (CF) metadata.

7.2.2.1. CF conventions

The conventions for climate and forecast (CF) metadata are designed to promote the processing and sharing of files created with the NetCDF API. The conventions define metadata that provide a definitive description of what the data in each variable represents, and the spatial and temporal properties of the data. This enables users of data from different sources to decide which quantities are comparable, and facilitates building applications with powerful extraction, regridding, and display capabilities.

CF Conventions

<http://www.cfconventions.org>

Proposed NASA CF Standard:

<http://www.esdswg.org/spg/rfc/esds-rfc-021>

7.2.2.2. Other conventions extensions

Other conventions extensions may be added later.

7.3. Binary encoding extensions

7.3.1. Purpose

This category of extension describes the structure of the encoded datasets.

7.3.2. List of extensions

NetCDF encoding formats are defined in format encoding extensions. Some of these encodings are binary and are to be specified in extensions to the netCDF core.

Unidata netCDF encoding documentation

<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf.html#Classic-File-Parts>

7.3.2.1. NetCDF classic and 64-bit offset binary encoding formats

In particular, the first extension is to be the NetCDF Classic and 64-bit Offset File Formats which have been previously adopted as a NASA Standard:

NASA Standard: NetCDF Classic and 64-bit Offset File Formats

<http://www.esdswg.org/spg/rfc/esds-rfc-011/ESDS-RFC-011v1.00.pdf>

7.3.2.2. HDF 5 binary encoding format

The HDF 5 encoding format is used in conjunction with the netCDF enhanced data model. It is no doubt appropriate to have the general HDF 5 encoding format defined by another standards group and only define the constraints on its use in conjunction with the netCDF data model defined here.

HDF 5 Encoding for netCDF Enhanced Data Model

http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf.html#NetCDF_002d4-File-Parts

7.3.2.3. Other binary encodings

Other binary encoding extensions may be added later.

7.4. XML encoding extensions

7.4.1. Purpose

XML encoding extensions can serve several purposes. The entire contents of a netCDF dataset can be encoded in dialects of XML. But XML dialects can also be used to augment the metadata associated with a binary encoded netCDF dataset. It can also be used to define virtual datasets that consist of aggregations of data that exist in multiple netCDF binary files.

7.4.2. List of extensions

This open-ended list is likely to encompass at least ncML and ncML-GML. It remains to be seen whether and how CSML fits with netCDF encoding.

7.4.3. NcML

NcML Documentation

<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/ncml/>

NcML is an XML representation of netCDF metadata, (approximately) the header information one gets from a netCDF file with the “ncdump -h” command. NcML is similar to the netCDF CDL (network Common data form Description Language), except, of course, it uses XML syntax. The simplest use of NcML is to describe the metadata and structural content of a netCDF file. A more advanced use is to modify existing NetCDF files, as well as to create “virtual” NetCDF datasets, for example through aggregation.

7.4.3.1. NcML-GML

NcML-GML is:

- an Abstract and Content Model reconciliation schema for ES and GIS info realms
- a Mediation Markup Language between ncML (netCDF Markup Language) and GML
- an extension of ncML core schema, based on GML grammar

At the moment, to support some legacy software packages, ncML-GML is not a standard GML profile. This will be fixed in a future release.

NcML-GML Documentation

http://zeus.pin.unifi.it/joomla/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=50&Itemid=78

7.5. Text encoding

7.5.1. Purpose

It is often useful to represent the contents of a netCDF file or just the header metadata information in a simple, easy for humans to read, text form.

7.5.2. List of extensions

7.5.2.1. CDL (network Common data form Description Language)

CDL (network Common data form Description Language) is a tiny language that makes it possible to represent either the metadata or the entire contents of a netCDF dataset in an intuitive, easily understandable textual form.

CDL syntax is described at:

<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf.html#CDL-Syntax>

7.6. Application Programming Interfaces (APIs)

7.6.1. Purpose

The powerful but relatively simple netCDF APIs are often cited as a primary reason for the wide adoption and usage of netCDF. For that reason, they are seen as a facilitator of interoperability of data systems within the community. Because of that, there have been suggestions that establishing the most commonly used APIs as a standard would greatly benefit interoperability in a wider community. Hence, they are included here as future possibilities, but are not the initial focus of the CF-netCDF SWG.

7.6.2. List of extensions

7.6.2.1. C language

The netCDF C Interface Guide:

<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf-c.html#Top>

7.6.2.2. Fortran

The netCDF Fortran 77 Interface Guide:

<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf-f77.html#Top>

The netCDF Fortran 90 Interface Guide:

<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf-f90.html#Top>

7.6.2.3. C++

The netCDF C Interface Guide: + link:<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf-cxx.html#Top++>[]

7.6.2.4. Java

The netCDF Java Library:
<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf-java/>

7.6.2.5. Other APIs

Other Applications Programming Interface extensions may be added later



ANNEX A (INFORMATIVE) REVISION HISTORY



ANNEX A (INFORMATIVE) REVISION HISTORY

DATE	RELEASE	AUTHOR	PARAGRAPH MODIFIED	DESCRIPTION
2010-08-27	1.0.0	Ben Domenico	All	Created
2010-10-20	1.0.1	Bruce Wright and Ben Domenico	7.3.2, 7.3.2.1, 7.3.2.2	Edited for clarity
2011-01-05	1.0.1	Ben Domenico	All	Changed r2 to r3 in document numbers
2011-01-22	1.0.1	Carl Reed	Various	Prepare for publication
2011-02-16	1.0.1	Ben Domenico	Various	Prepare for publication



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- [20] The netCDF C Interface Guide, link:<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf-cxx.html#Top++>
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