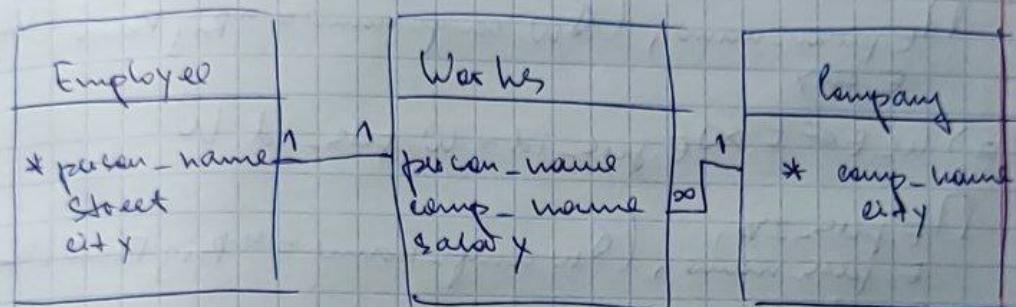


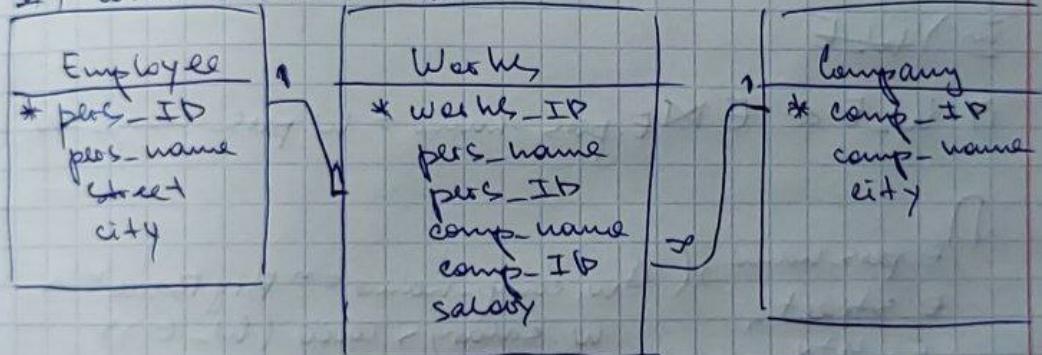
#1.

$E \leftarrow \text{employee}$ $W \leftarrow \text{works}$ $C \leftarrow \text{company}$.

i) Without distinct ID's.



ii) With distinct ID's.



#1.

$\exists \pi_{\text{Works}. \text{pers_name}} (\exists \text{Works}.$

1) $\pi_{\text{W}. \text{pers_name}} (\exists_{\text{W}. \text{comp_name} = "BigBank"} (\text{Works}))$.

2) $\text{W-E} \leftarrow \text{E} \bowtie \text{E}. \text{pers_ID} = \text{W}. \text{pers_ID} \text{ W}.$

$\pi_{\text{W}. \text{pers_ID}, \text{W}. \text{pers_name}} (\exists_{\text{W-E}. \text{comp_name} = "BigBank"} (\text{W-E}))$

ii)

1) $W_E \leftarrow E \bowtie E$. $E.\text{person-name} = W.\text{person-name}$ W.

\cap $E.\text{person-name}, (\wedge_{E.\text{city}} (W.\text{comp-name} = "Big Bank" (W_E)))$

2) $W_E \leftarrow E \bowtie E$. $E.\text{pers-id} = W.\text{pers-id}$ W.

\cap $E.\text{pers-ID}, (\wedge_{E.\text{city}} (W.\text{comp-name} = "Big Bank" (W_E)))$

iii) W_E

1) $W_E \leftarrow E \bowtie E$. $E.\text{pers-name} = W.\text{pers-name}$ W.

\cap $E.\text{pers-name}, (\wedge_{E.\text{city}} (W.\text{comp-name} = "Big Bank" \wedge W.\text{salary} > 10000 (W_E)))$

2) $W_E \leftarrow E \bowtie E$. $E.\text{pers-ID} = W.\text{pers-ID}$ W.

\cap $E.\text{pers-ID}, (\wedge_{E.\text{city}} (W.\text{comp-name} = "Big Bank" \wedge W.\text{salary} > 10000 (W_E)))$

ii)

1) $W_E \in E \wedge E.\text{pers-name} = W.\text{pers-name}$ W .

$W_E_C \in W_E \wedge W_E.\text{comp-name} = C.\text{comp-name}$.

$\prod_{E.\text{pers-name}} (\sigma_{E.\text{city} = C.\text{city}} (W_E_C))$.

2) $W_E \in E \wedge E.\text{pers-ID} = W.\text{pers-ID}$ W .

$W_E_C \in W_E \wedge W_E.\text{comp-ID} = C.\text{comp-ID}$ C .

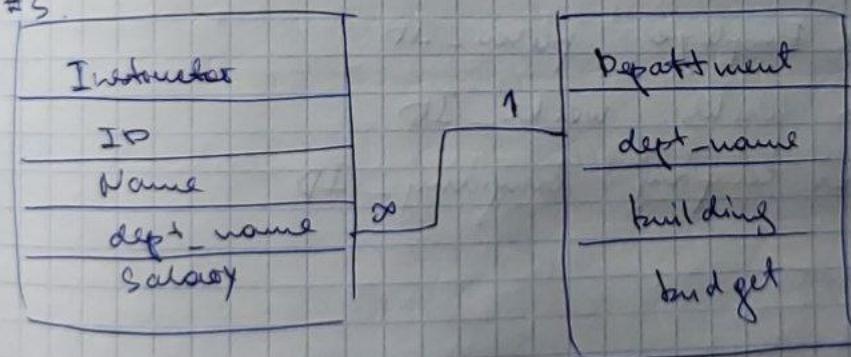
$\prod_{\substack{E.\text{pers-ID}, \\ E.\text{pers-name}}} (\sigma_{E.\text{city} = C.\text{city}} (W_E_C))$.

#2.

- I) $\Pi_{\text{Works_person_name}} (\sigma_{\text{Works_comp_name} = \text{"Big Bank"} \wedge \text{Works}}(\text{Works}))$
- 2) $\text{Employee_Works} \leftarrow \text{Employee} \bowtie \text{Employee} \quad \text{Employee_person_ID} = \text{Works_person_ID}$
- $\Pi_{\text{Employee_person_name}} (\sigma_{\text{Works_comp_name} = \text{"Big Bank"} \wedge \text{Employee_person_ID} = \text{Works_person_ID}}(\text{Employee_Works}))$
- II) 1) $\Pi_{\text{Works_person_name}} (\text{Works})$
- 2) $\text{Employee_Works} \leftarrow \text{Employee} \bowtie \text{Employee} \quad \text{Employee_person_ID} = \text{Works_person_ID}$

$\Pi_{\text{Employee_person_ID}, \text{Employee_person_name}} (\text{Employee_Works})$

#3.



Violation:

If we don't have certain dept_name in relation, but we add it to Instructor table, an error may occur.

If we delete / update certain dept-name in Department table, we may have error, because Instructor table will reference non-existing / changed dept-name. That's why very often we restrict these actions when working with databases.

#4.

i) In case we don't have distinct ID attributes,

For Employee: "person-name" attribute.

For Works: ~~"salary"~~ composite primary key consisting of "person-name" and "camp-name"

For Company: "company-name" attribute.

ii) In case when we have distinct ID attributes:

For Employee: person-ID.

For Works: works-ID.

For Company: company-ID.