

Homework 2

FE-542

Due: March 12, 2021 at 5PM

Problem 1 (30pt)

Suppose that the daily log return of a security follows the AR(2) model:

$$r_t = 0.03 + 0.2r_{t-2} + a_t$$

where a_t is a Gaussian white noise series with mean zeros and variance 0.1.

- (i) What are the mean and variance of the return series r_t ?
- (ii) Compute the lag-1 and lag-2 autocorrelations of r_t .
- (iii) Assume that $r_{100} = -0.02$ and $r_{99} = 0.01$. Compute the 1- and 2-step ahead forecasts of the return series at the forecast origin $t = 100$. What are the associated standard deviations of the forecast errors?
- (iv) In R create a report in pdf format using RMarkdown (or, if you choose to use Python instead, create a Jupyter notebook) to:
 - (a) Simulate 1000 terms of this time series with $r_0 = -0.02$ and $r_{-1} = 0.01$.
 - (b) Using the generated time series, find the sample mean and variance. How do these values compare with those computed analytically?
 - (c) Using the generated time series, find the sample lag-1 and lag-2 autocorrelations. How do these values compare with those computed analytically?
 - (d) Consider how you might use repeated simulations to forecast this time series. Use your method with 1000 repeated simulations of the time series to forecast the 1- and 2-step ahead returns with $r_t = -0.01$ and $r_{t-1} = 0.02$. What is the sample standard deviation? How do these values compare with those computed analytically?

Problem 2 (30pt)

Suppose that the simple return of a monthly bond index follows the MA(1) model:

$$R_t = a_t + 0.2a_{t-1}$$

where a_t is a Gaussian white noise series with mean zero and variance 0.001.

- (i) What are the mean and variance of the return series R_t ?

- (ii) Compute the lag-1 and lag-2 autocorrelations of R_t .
- (iii) Assume that $a_{100} = -0.01$. Compute the 1- and 2-step ahead forecasts of the return series at the forecast origin $t = 100$. What are the associated standard deviations of the forecast errors?
- (iv) In R create a report in pdf format using RMarkdown (or, if you choose to use Python instead, create a Jupyter notebook) to:
 - (a) Simulate 1000 terms of this time series.
 - (b) Using the generated time series, find the sample mean and variance. How do these values compare with those computed analytically?
 - (c) Using the generated time series, find the sample lag-1 and lag-2 autocorrelations. How do these values compare with those computed analytically?
 - (d) Consider how you might use repeated simulations to forecast this time series. Use your method with 1000 repeated simulations of the time series to forecast the 1- and 2-step ahead returns with $a_t = 0.01$. What is the sample standard deviation? How do these values compare with those computed analytically?

Problem 3 (40pt)

In R create a report in pdf format using RMarkdown (or, if you choose to use Python instead, create a Jupyter notebook) to:

- (i) Import the monthly yields of Moody's Aaa seasoned bonds from January 1, 1962 to December 31, 2020 from **homework02.csv** provided on Canvas. The data are obtained from the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. Monthly yields are averages of daily yields.
- (ii) Obtain the summary statistics (sample mean, standard deviation, skewness, *excess* kurtosis) of this yield series.
- (iii) Build a time series model for this data. Evaluate its performance. Justify your choices.