

⑤a) Consider the likelihood fn,

$$l = \begin{cases} \prod_{k=1}^N e^{-(y(k) - \theta)} & \text{if } \min(y_k) > \theta \\ 0 & \text{if } \min(y_k) < \theta \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow l = \begin{cases} \exp\left(\sum_{k=1}^N \theta - y[k]\right) & \min(y(k)) > \theta \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} \exp(N\theta) \exp(\sum -y(k)) & \min(y(k)) > \theta \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Using the Heaviside step fn,

$$H(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x > 0 \\ 0 & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

Consider the function,

$$H(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x > 0 \\ 0 & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow l = \left[ \exp(N\theta) \exp\left(\sum -y(k)\right) \left( H(\min(y_N) - \theta) \right) \right]$$

$$= \left[ H(\min(y_N) - \theta) \exp(N\theta) \right] \left[ \exp(-\sum y(k)) \right]$$

consider term 1 as  $\phi(T(\underline{y}_N), \theta)$  ( $\because T(\underline{y}_N) = \min(\underline{y}_N)$ )  
term 2 as  $K(\underline{y}_N)$

∴ By the Neyman-Fisher factorisation theorem,

$T_N = \min(Y_N)$  is a sufficient statistic.

Further we know that it is a complete statistic.

By Rao-Blackwell theorem, we need to construct an unbiased estimator using  $T_N$  to get the MVUE

from Q1 b), we know an unbiased estimator of  $\theta$  as

$$T_N' = \frac{1}{2} T_N - \frac{1}{N}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{MVUE of } \theta = \frac{1}{2} T_N - \frac{1}{N}$$

$$= \frac{\min(Y_N)}{2} - \frac{1}{N}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\hat{\theta}_{\text{MVUE}} = \min(Y_N) - \frac{1}{N}}$$