

CH5120 MODERN CONTROL THEORY ASSIGNMENT-2

Problem 1: Step response Model.

①

$$Y(s) = G(s) u(s)$$

Step input in Laplace domain: $u(s) = 1/s$

$$\Rightarrow Y(s) = \left(\frac{5}{\tau s + 1} \right) \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(5 \left(\frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s + \frac{1}{\tau}} \right) \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = 5(1 - e^{-t/\tau})$$

For a finite ^{step} impulse we know that!

$$y_i(k+1) = y_{i+1}(k) + \Delta u_k S_{i+1}$$

But $\Delta u_k = 0$ (only one step)

$$\Rightarrow y_i(k+1) = y_{i+1}(k) = y_{i+1}(k+1)$$

The step response coefficients (parameters) are simply the response at that instant.

$$S_k = y(k) = 5 \left(1 - e^{-\frac{\Delta t k}{\tau}} \right)$$

$$\Delta t = 0.5, \quad \tau = 0.5(1+9)$$

$$\Rightarrow S_k = 5 \left(1 - e^{-k} \right)$$

(roll no: CH18B020)

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} S_1 \\ S_2 \\ S_3 \\ \vdots \\ S_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.1606 \\ 4.3237 \\ 4.7511 \\ \vdots \\ 5(1 - e^{-n}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S_4 = 4.9084$$

$$S_5 = 4.966$$

$$S_6 = 4.987$$

$$S_7 = 4.995$$

$$S_8 = 4.998$$

(2)

$$Y(s) = G(s) u(s)$$

$$= \frac{5e^{-0.15s}}{(2s+1)} \left(\frac{1}{s} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = 5 \left(\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{e^{-\theta s}}{s} - \frac{e^{-\theta s}}{s + \frac{1}{2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < \theta \\ 5(1 - e^{-\frac{(t-\theta)}{2}}) & t \geq \theta \end{cases} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\text{derivative: } \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{5e^{-\theta s}}{s} - \frac{5e^{-\theta s}}{s + \frac{1}{2}} \right) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{5e^{-\theta s}}{s} \right) - \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{5e^{-\theta s}}{s + \frac{1}{2}} \right)$$

$$\text{Time domain shifting property: } \mathcal{L}\{f(t-\tau)u(t-\tau)\} = e^{-s\tau}F(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{e^{-\theta s}}{s} \right) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < \theta \\ 1 & t \geq \theta \end{cases} \quad \text{--- (2) Combine (2) and (3) to get (1)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{e^{-\theta s}}{s + \frac{1}{2}} \right) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < \theta \\ 5e^{-\frac{(t-\theta)}{2}} & t \geq \theta \end{cases} \quad \text{--- (3) (1) = (2) - (3)}$$

$$y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{5e^{-\theta s}}{s} \right) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{5e^{-\theta s}}{s + \frac{1}{\tau}} \right)$$

From ② & ③,

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < \theta \\ 5 - 5e^{-\frac{(t-\theta)}{\tau}} & t \geq \theta \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < \theta \\ 5(1 - e^{-\frac{(t-\theta)}{\tau}}) & t \geq \theta \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow y[k] = \begin{cases} 0 & k\Delta t < \theta \\ 5(1 - e^{-\frac{(k\Delta t - \theta)}{\tau}}) & k\Delta t \geq \theta \end{cases}$$

$\theta = 0.15 \text{ seconds}$

$$\Rightarrow y[k] = \begin{cases} 0 & k < 0.3 \\ 5(1 - e^{-(0.3 - k)}) & k \geq 0.3 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow S_k = \begin{cases} 0 & k < 0.3 \\ 5(1 - e^{-(0.3 - k)}) & k \geq 0.3 \end{cases}$$

$k \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots, n\}$

$$S_1 = 2.5171, S_2 = 4.0816, S_3 = 4.66, S_4 = 4.88$$

$$S_5 = 4.95, S_6 = 4.98, S_7 = 4.994, S_8 = 4.998, \dots$$

⑬ From the previous part we know that,

$$y[k] = \begin{cases} 0 & k < \theta/\Delta t \\ 5(1 - e^{-\frac{(k\Delta t - \theta)}{\tau}}) & k\Delta t \geq \theta \end{cases}$$

$\theta = 1.55$

$$\Rightarrow y[k] = \begin{cases} 0 & k < 3 \\ 5(1 - e^{-(k-3)}) & k \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

$$S_k = \begin{cases} 0 & k < 3 \\ 5(1 - e^{-(k-3)}) & k \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow S_1 = S_2 = S_3 = 0$$

$$S_4 = 3.16, S_5 = 4.32, S_6 = 4.75, S_7 = 4.91,$$

$$S_8 = 4.966, S_9 = 4.988, S_{10} = 4.995$$

Part-2 : Impulse Response Model

④

$$Y(s) = G(s) u(s)$$

$$= \frac{5}{\tau s + 1} \left(\frac{1}{s} \right) (1 - e^{-\Delta t s})$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\left(\frac{5}{s} - \frac{5}{s + \frac{1}{\tau}} \right) - \left(\frac{e^{-\Delta t s}}{s} - \frac{e^{-\Delta t s}}{s + \frac{1}{\tau}} \right) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{5}{s} \right) = 5; \quad \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{5}{s + \frac{1}{\tau}} \right) = 5e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{e^{-\Delta t s}}{s} \right) = 5u(t - \Delta t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < \Delta t \\ 5 & t \geq \Delta t \end{cases}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{e^{-\Delta t s}}{s + \frac{1}{\tau}} \right) = 5u(t - \Delta t) \left(e^{-\frac{1}{\tau}(t - \Delta t)} \right)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & t < \Delta t \\ 5e^{-\frac{(t - \Delta t)}{\tau}} & t \geq \Delta t \end{cases}$$

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} 5(1 - e^{-t/\tau}) & t < \Delta t. \\ 5\left(\exp\left(-\left(\frac{t-\Delta t}{\tau}\right)\right) - \exp\left(-\frac{t}{\tau}\right)\right) & t \geq \Delta t. \end{cases}$$

$$\tau = \Delta t = 0.55; \quad t = k \Delta t.$$

$$\Rightarrow y[k] = \begin{cases} 5(1 - \exp(-k)) & k < \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta t} \\ 5(\exp(-(k-1)) - \exp(-k)) & k \geq \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta t} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow h_k = \begin{cases} 5(1 - \exp(-k)) & k < 1. \\ 5(\exp(-(k-1)) - \exp(-k)) & k \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow h_k = 5(\exp(-(k-1)) - \exp(-k)) ; k \geq 1$$

$$h_1 = 3.161, \quad h_2 = 1.1627, \quad h_3 = 0.4277,$$

$$h_4 = 0.157, \quad h_5 = 0.0579, \quad h_6 = 0.021, \quad h_7 = 0.0078$$

$$h_8 = 0.0029, \quad h_9 = 0.0011, \quad h_{10} = 0.00039$$

⑤ Relationship between step and impulse response coefficients: $h_k = S_k - S_{k-1}$.

From question ①,

$$S_k = 5(1 - \exp(-k)).$$

$$\therefore h_k = \begin{cases} 5(1 - \exp(-k)) & k = 1 \\ 5(\exp(-(k-1)) - \exp(-k)) & k > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow h_k = 5(\exp(-(k-1)) - \exp(-k))$$

(\because function is continuous at $k = 1$)

∴ The expressions obtained in q4 and q5 are same.

⇒ Our derivations in q1, q4 are valid.

$$h_1 = 3.1606, h_2 = 1.1627, h_3 = 0.4277, h_4 = 0.1574$$

$$h_5 = 0.0579, h_6 = 0.0213, h_7 = 0.0078, h_8 = 0.0029$$

$$h_9 = 0.0011, h_{10} = 3.9 \times 10^{-4}$$

Here verified.

In vectorial form,

$$\begin{bmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \\ h_3 \\ h_4 \\ h_5 \\ h_6 \\ h_7 \\ h_8 \\ h_9 \\ h_{10} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 \\ S_2 \\ S_3 \\ S_4 \\ S_5 \\ S_6 \\ S_7 \\ S_8 \\ S_9 \\ S_{10} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ S_1 \\ S_2 \\ S_3 \\ S_4 \\ S_5 \\ S_6 \\ S_7 \\ S_8 \\ S_9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.1606 \\ 1.1627 \\ 0.4277 \\ 0.1574 \\ 0.0579 \\ 0.0213 \\ 0.0078 \\ 0.0029 \\ 0.0011 \\ 3.9 \times 10^{-4} \end{bmatrix}$$

h_k (S_k values are obtained from qn ①)
these values are same as obtained in q4.

Final coefficients for all questions

①

3.1606	S1
4.323	S2
4.751	S3
4.908	S4
4.966	S5
4.987	S6
4.995	S7
4.998	S8
4.9994	S9
4.9998	S10

(Step response parameters)

②

2.5171	S1
4.086	S2
4.664	S3
4.876	S4
4.954	S5
4.983	S6
4.994	S7
4.997	S8
4.9992	S9
4.9997	S10

Step response with delay $\theta = 0.15$

③

0	S1
0	S2
0	S3
3.1606	S4
4.323	S5
4.751	S6
4.908	S7
4.966	S8
4.988	S9
4.995	S10
4.998	S11
4.9994	S12
4.9998	S13

Step response with delay $\theta = 1.5$

④

3.1606	h1
1.163	h2
0.428	h3
0.157	h4
0.0579	h5
0.0213	h6
0.0078	h7
0.0029	h8
0.0011	h9
3.9005×10^{-4}	h10

Impulse response parameters

⑤

3.1606	h1
1.163	h2
0.428	h3
0.157	h4
0.0579	h5
0.0213	h6
0.0078	h7
0.0029	h8
0.0011	h9
3.9005×10^{-4}	h10

Impulse response parameters calculated using step response parameters. h values same as the ones calculated in q4.