

Experiments on automation of formal verification of devices at the binary level

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Wednesday, June 19, 2019



Section 1

Motivation

Table of Contents

1 Motivation

- Security critical systems
- Formal verification
- Network Interface Controllers (NIC)

2 Automatic contract-based verification

- Pipeline
- How trustful is it?
- How powerful is it?

3 Proof-producing verification

4 Conclusion

Privacy

- Smartphones
- Smart TVs

Integrity

- Hospital equipment
- Traffic control systems
- Power plants

Privacy

- Smartphones
- Smart TVs

Integrity

- Hospital equipment
- Traffic control systems
- Power plants

Problem: complex systems almost always contain bugs

Security critical systems - vulnerable

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Figure: “It’s Insanely Easy to Hack Hospital Equipment” [1]

Security critical systems - vulnerable

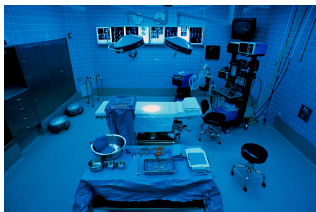


Figure: “It’s Insanely Easy to Hack Hospital Equipment” [1]



Figure: “Remote Exploitation of an Unaltered Passenger Vehicle” [2, 3]



MINIX 3



Secure execution platforms





Formal proof [4]:

- The binary code correctly implements its **abstract specification**.
- The specification guarantees **integrity** and **confidentiality**.



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- The binary code correctly implements its **abstract specification**.
- The specification guarantees **integrity** and **confidentiality**.
- **Integrity**: data cannot be *changed* without permission.
- **Confidentiality**: data cannot be *read* without permission.

Proof assumptions [5]:

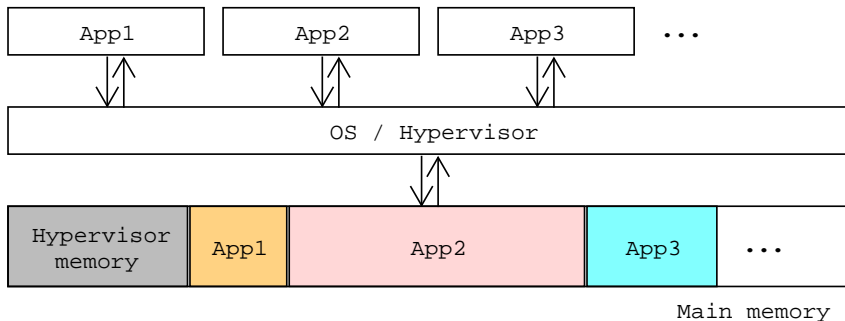




Proof assumptions [5]:

- Use of Direct Memory Access (DMA) is excluded, or only allowed for **trusted drivers that have to be formally verified by the user.**

What is DMA?



What is DMA?

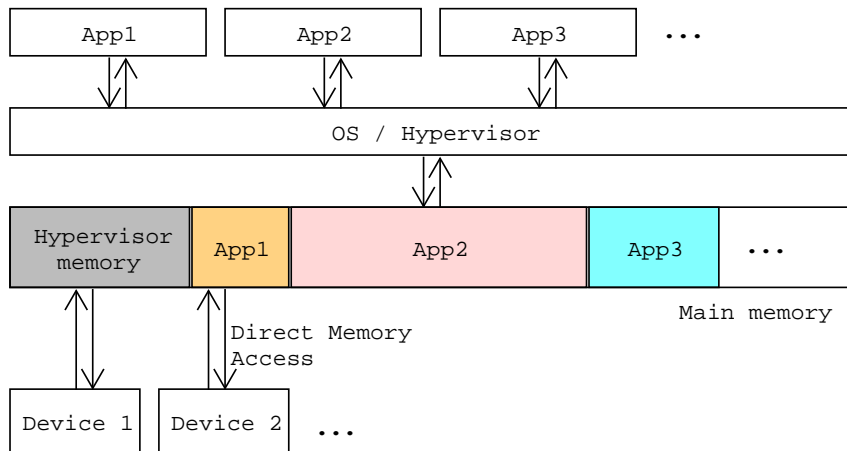


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Objective: show absence of errors in modelisation of real systems

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Formal proof

machine checkable proofs using
rigorous semantic

Use small reliable kernels

→ produced theorems are trustworthy

Examples: HOL4, Coq, Isabelle

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Non proof-producing verification

specialized programs or procedures
that check a given property

Classic bug-prone software
→ need tests, less trustworthy

SMT solvers, model checkers

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Network Interface Controller (NIC)

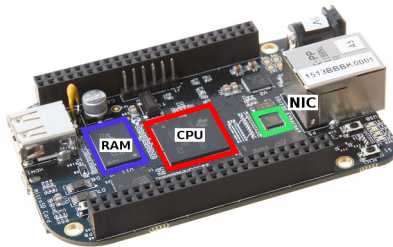
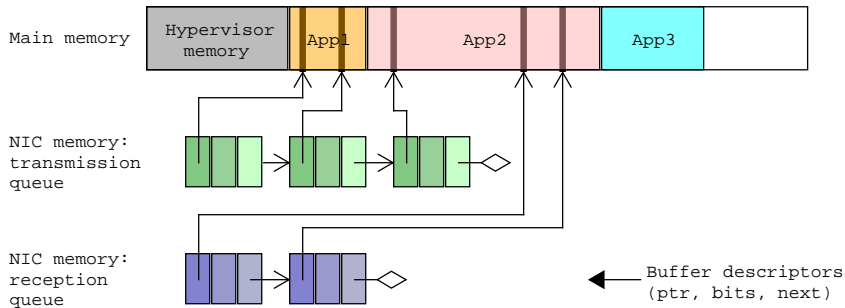
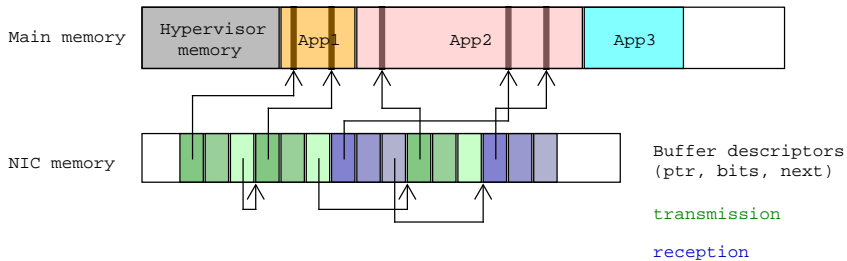


Figure: BeagleBone Black.

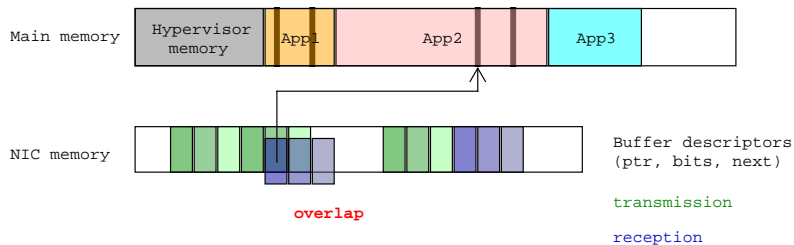
NIC: How it works



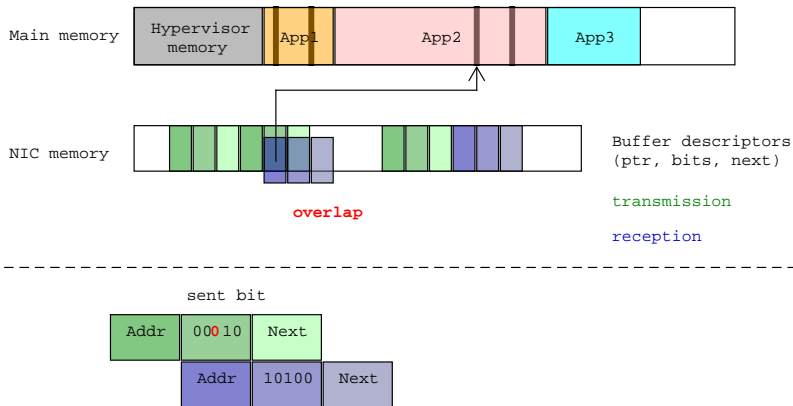
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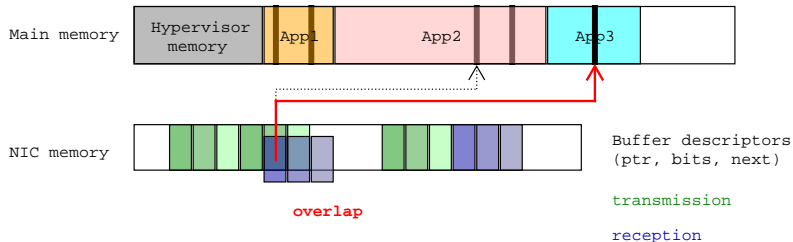
NIC: How it can fail



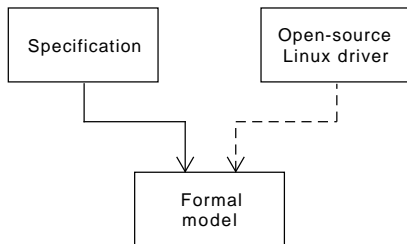
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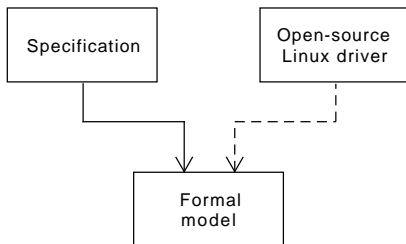
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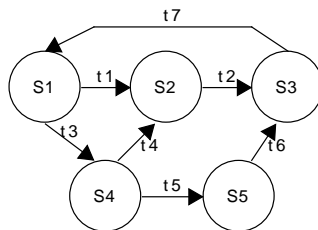
NIC: How it has been modeled [6]



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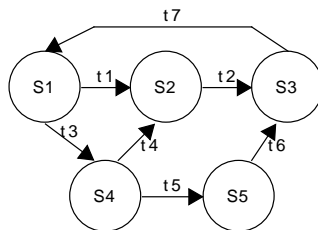
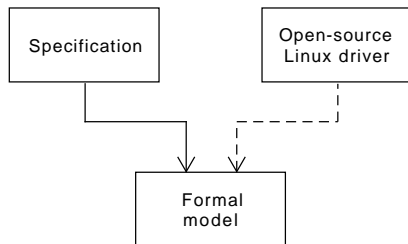


Transition system:



NIC: How it has been modeled [6]

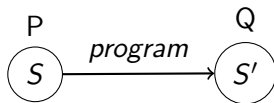
Transition system:



Unspecified behavior \rightarrow “dead” state

Hoare Triple

Hoare Triple



Hoare Triple

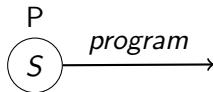
$$\forall S. P(S)$$



$$\{P\}$$

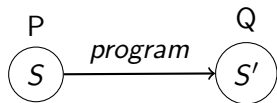
Hoare Triple

$$\forall S. P(S) \wedge S' = \text{program}(S)$$



$\{P\} \text{ program}$

$$\forall S. P(S) \wedge S' = \text{program}(S) \implies Q(S')$$



$$\{P\} \text{ program } \{Q\}$$

Weakest precondition WP such that:

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$$WP = f(\text{program}, Q)$$

NIC: What the verification looks like [6]

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Intermediate lemmas:

- *Invariant: rx_invariant_well_defined*
- *Invariant: tx_invariant_well_defined*

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Intermediate lemmas:

- *Invariant: rx_invariant_well_defined*
- *Invariant: tx_invariant_well_defined*

Security theorems:

- $\forall tx_bd. \text{readable}(tx_bd)$
 - $\forall rx_bd. \text{writable}(rx_bd)$
- BD = Buffer Descriptor*

Can we apply traditional software verification techniques and tools to show security properties of hardware devices?

- Verification platform at binary level
- Centered around its Intermediate Language, BIR
- Features proof-producing tools
 - ▶ Weakest precondition generation

Section 2

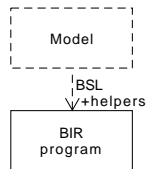
Automatic contract-based verification

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Contract-based verification pipeline

0. Translate the model in BIR

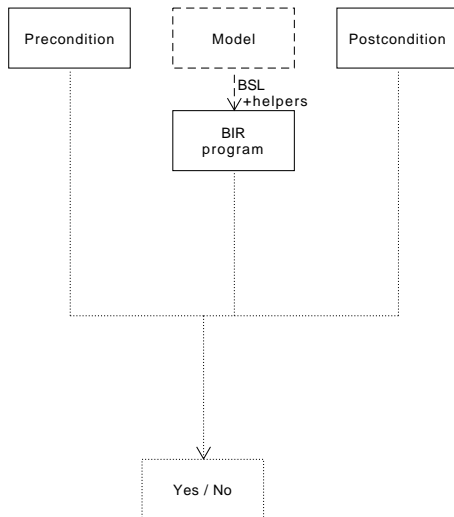


$transition_{BIR}$

Contract-based verification pipeline

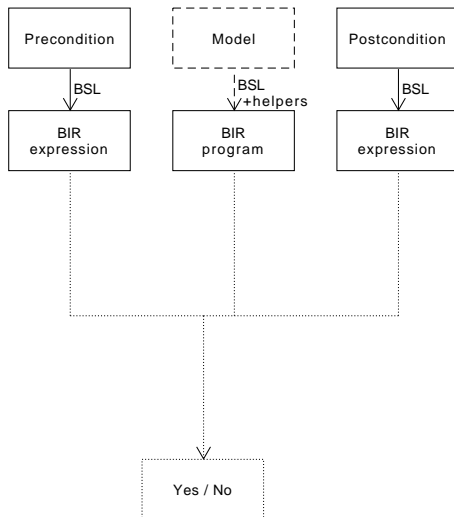
0. Translate the model in BIR
1. Formulate a Hoare Triple

$\{P\} \text{ transition}_{BIR} \{Q\}$



Contract-based verification pipeline

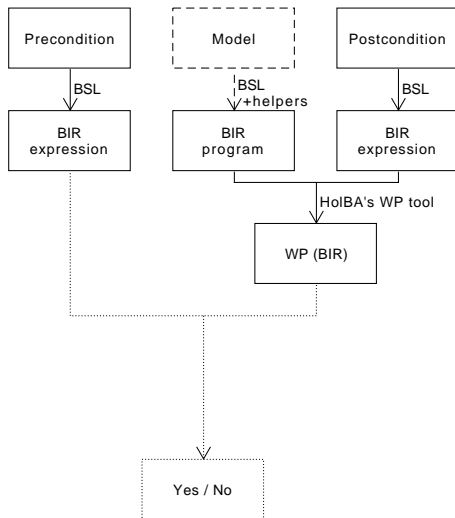
0. Translate the model in BIR
1. Formulate a Hoare Triple
2. Translate P and Q to BIR



$\{P_{BIR}\} \text{ transition}_{BIR} \{Q_{BIR}\}$

Contract-based verification pipeline

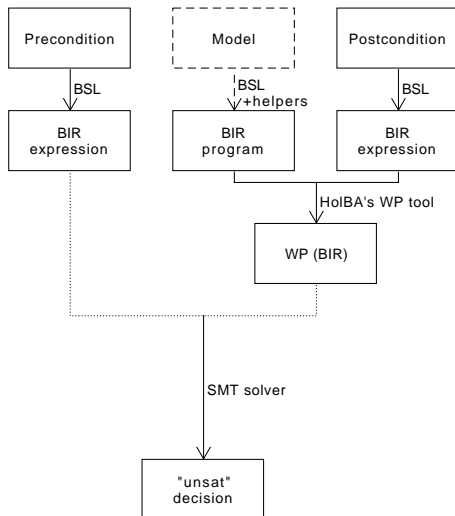
0. Translate the model in BIR
1. Formulate a Hoare Triple
2. Translate P and Q to BIR
3. Generate the WP



$$P_{BIR}(S) \implies WP_{BIR}(S)$$

Contract-based verification pipeline

0. Translate the model in BIR
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Satisfiability Modulo Theories

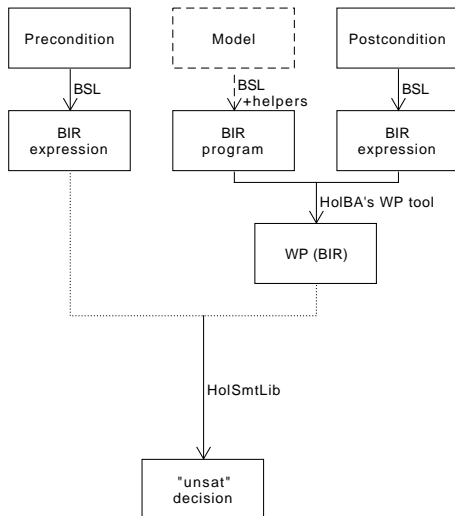
- external tools
- SMT-LIB 2.0

Contract-based verification pipeline

0. Translate the model in BIR
1. Formulate a Hoare Triple
2. Translate P and Q to BIR
3. Generate the WP

$$\neg(P_{BIR}(S) \implies WP_{BIR}(S))$$

“unsat”?



Contract-based verification pipeline

0. Translate the model in BIR
1. Formulate a Hoare Triple
2. Translate P and Q to BIR
3. Generate the WP
4. Translate the goal into a SMT-compatible expression

$$\neg \left(P(S) \implies WP(S) \right)_{SMT}$$

“unsat”?

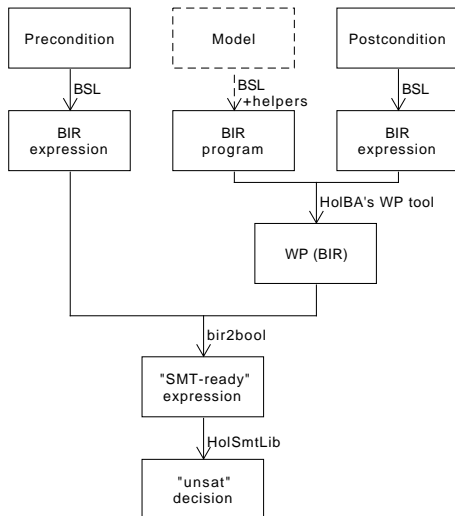
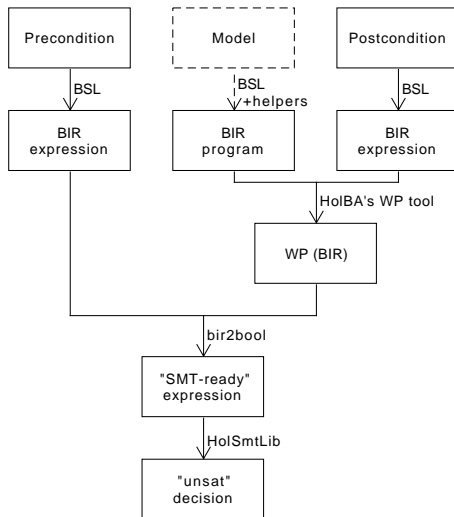


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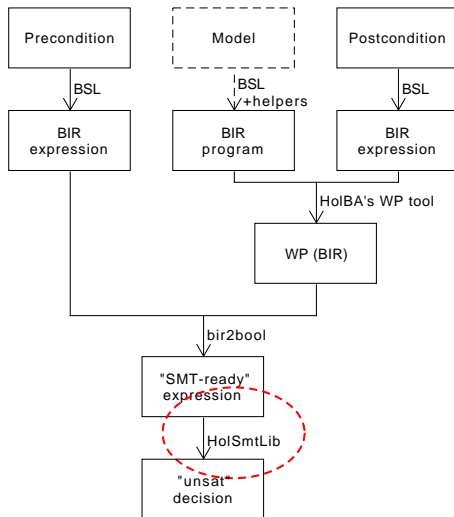
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How trustful is it?



How trustful is it?

- SMT solvers don't produce proofs



How trustful is it?

- SMT solvers don't produce proofs
- bir2bool isn't proof-producing

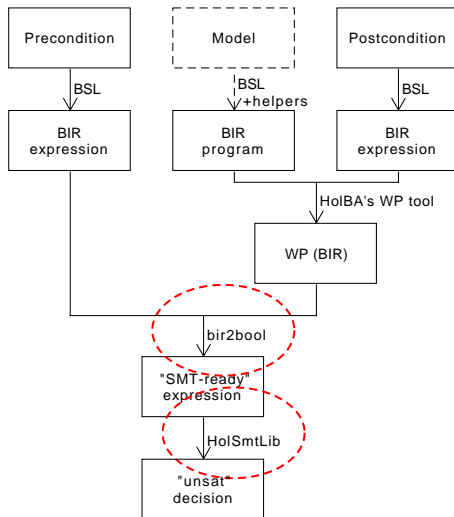


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How powerful is it?

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Easier non-proof producing platforms exist

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Cannot compose theorems

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Limited by SMT solvers' logics

- $\{\neg overlapping \wedge \neg cyclic\} \text{ transition } \{\neg overlapping\}$
- SMT logic: **QF_AUFBV** \rightarrow **Quantifier-Free**

Cannot compose theorems

- Work in progress in HolBA

Section 3

Proof-producing verification

Goal

→ Some theorems cannot be proved with previous pipeline

Goal

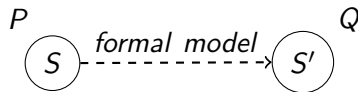
- Some theorems cannot be proved with previous pipeline
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Goal

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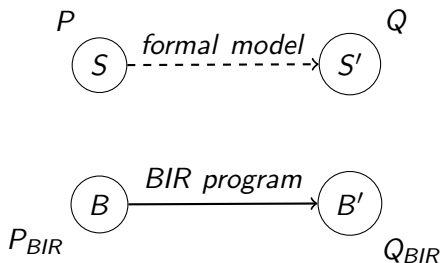
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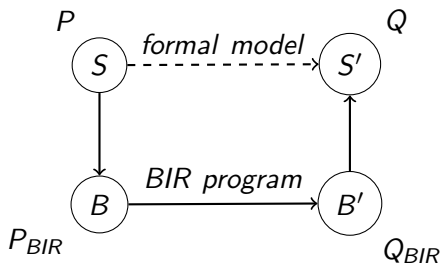
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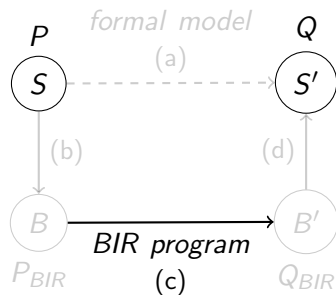


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$$\begin{aligned}
 &\{P\} \text{ BIR_prog } \{Q\} \\
 &\quad \equiv \\
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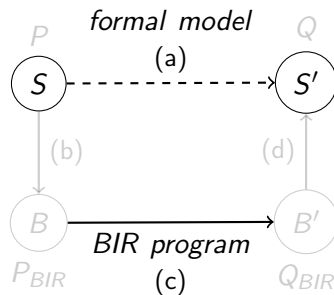


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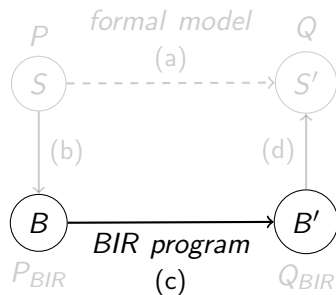


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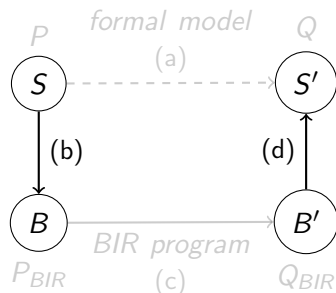


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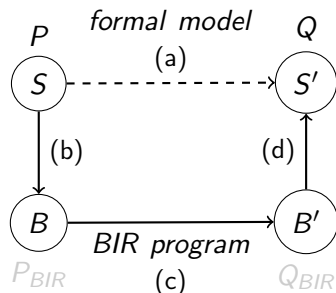


$$\{P\} \text{ BIR_prog } \{Q\}$$

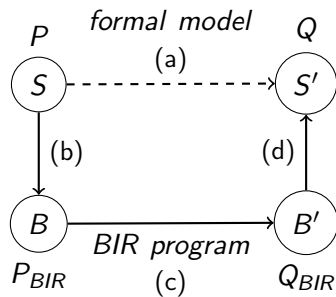
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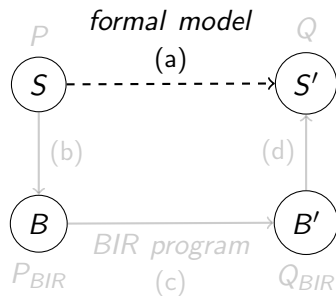
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Proof overview

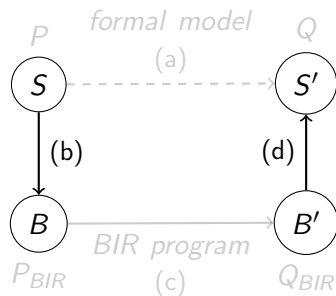


$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a)} \quad & \forall S \ S'. \text{exec } S \text{ BIR_prog } S' \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \\ & \forall B \ B'. (B' = \text{BIR_exec BIR_prog } B \\ & \wedge \mathbf{R} \ S \ B) \implies \mathbf{R} \ S' \ B' \end{aligned}$$



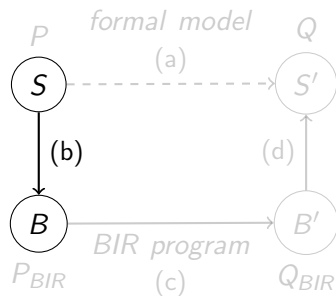
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- Relation between S and B : $\mathbf{R} S B$



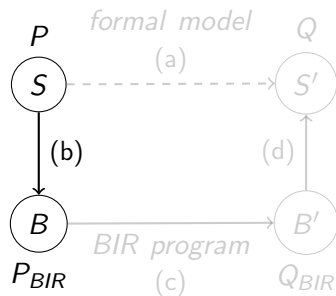
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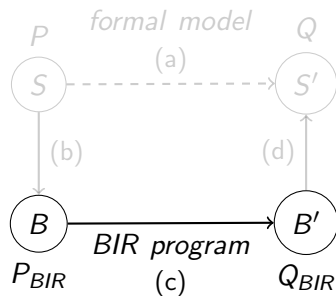
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- (b) $\forall B. (\exists S. \mathbf{R} S B \wedge \mathbf{P} S) \implies \mathbf{P}_{\text{BIR}} B$



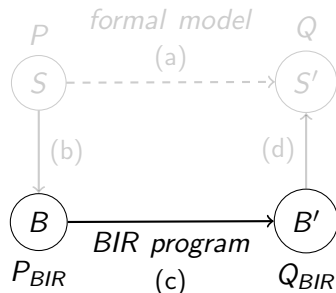
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- Relation between S and B : $R S B$
- (b) Injectivity: $\forall S. \exists B. R S B$
- (b) $\forall B. (\exists S. R S B \wedge P S) \implies P_{\text{BIR}} B$
- (c) $\forall B B'. (P_{\text{BIR}} B \wedge B' = \text{BIR_exec BIR_prog } B) \implies Q_{\text{BIR}} B'$



Proof overview

- (a) $\forall S \ S'. \text{exec } S \text{ BIR_prog } S' \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall B \ B'. (B' = \text{BIR_exec BIR_prog } B \wedge \mathbf{R} \ S \ B) \implies \mathbf{R} \ S' \ B'$
 - Relation between S and B : $\mathbf{R} \ S \ B$
- (b) Injectivity: $\forall S. \exists B. \mathbf{R} \ S \ B$
- (b) $\forall B. (\exists S. \mathbf{R} \ S \ B \wedge \mathbf{P} \ S) \implies \mathbf{P}_{\text{BIR}} \ B$
- (c) $\{P_{\text{BIR}}\} \text{ BIR program } \{Q_{\text{BIR}}\}$



Proof overview

$$(a) \quad \forall S \ S'. \text{exec } S \text{ BIR_prog } S' \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \\ \forall B \ B'. (B' = \mathbf{BIR_exec} \text{ BIR_prog } B \\ \wedge \mathbf{R} \ S \ B) \implies \mathbf{R} \ S' \ B'$$

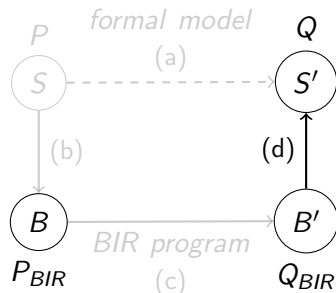
– Relation between S and B : $\mathbf{R} \ S \ B$

$$(b) \text{ Injectivity: } \forall S. \exists B. \mathbf{R} \ S \ B$$

$$(b) \quad \forall B. (\exists S. \mathbf{R} \ S \ B \wedge \mathbf{P} \ S) \implies \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{BIR}} \ B$$

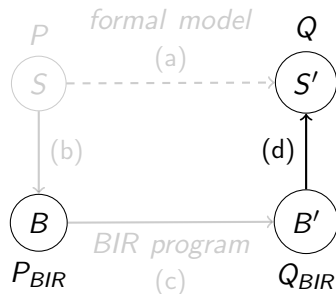
$$(c) \quad \{P_{\mathbf{BIR}}\} \text{ BIR program } \{Q_{\mathbf{BIR}}\}$$

$$(d) \quad \forall B'. \mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{BIR}} \ B' \implies \\ (\forall S \ S' \ B. \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{BIR}} \ B \wedge \mathbf{R} \ S \ B \wedge \mathbf{R} \ S' \ B' \\ \implies \mathbf{Q} \ S \ S')$$



Proof overview

Notation: $P_{BIR} B \stackrel{def}{=} BIR_eval P_{BIR} B$



$$(a) \quad \forall S \ S'. \text{exec } S \text{ BIR_prog } S' \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \\ \forall B \ B'. (B' = \mathbf{BIR_exec} \text{ BIR_prog } B \\ \wedge \mathbf{R} \ S \ B) \implies \mathbf{R} \ S' \ B'$$

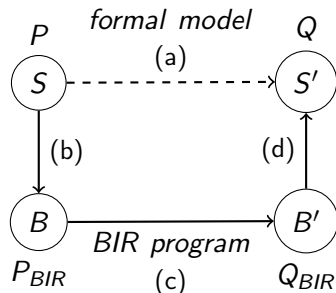
– Relation between S and B : $\mathbf{R} \ S \ B$

$$(b) \text{ Injectivity: } \forall S. \exists B. \mathbf{R} \ S \ B$$

$$(b) \quad \forall B. (\exists S. \mathbf{R} \ S \ B \wedge \mathbf{P} \ S) \implies \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{BIR}} \ B$$

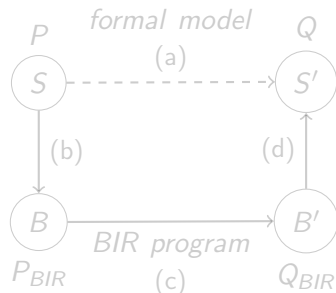
$$(c) \quad \{P_{\mathbf{BIR}}\} \text{ BIR program } \{Q_{\mathbf{BIR}}\}$$

$$(d) \quad \forall B'. \mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{BIR}} \ B' \implies \\ (\forall S \ S'. B. \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{BIR}} \ B \wedge \mathbf{R} \ S \ B \wedge \mathbf{R} \ S' \ B' \\ \implies \mathbf{Q} \ S \ S')$$



Proof overview

1. $\forall S S'. \text{exec } S \text{ BIR_prog } S' \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall B B'. (B' = \text{BIR_exec BIR_prog } B \wedge \mathbf{R} S B) \implies \mathbf{R} S' B'$
2. Relation between S and B : $\mathbf{R} S B$
3. Injectivity: $\forall S. \exists B. \mathbf{R} S B$
4. $\forall B. (\exists S. \mathbf{R} S B \wedge \mathbf{P} S) \implies \mathbf{P}_{\text{BIR}} B$
5. $\{P_{\text{BIR}}\} \text{BIR program } \{Q_{\text{BIR}}\}$
6. $\forall B'. \mathbf{Q}_{\text{BIR}} B' \implies (\forall S S'. B. \mathbf{P}_{\text{BIR}} B \wedge \mathbf{R} S B \wedge \mathbf{R} S' B' \implies \mathbf{Q} S S')$



Proof overview - automate?

Theorem	Length of proof (LoC)	Ease to automate
1. $\text{def } S \rightarrow S' \ (a)$	–	<i>Hard? (lifter)</i>
2. $\text{def relation } (R)$	–	Easy
3. Injectivity	10	Very easy
4. $P \rightarrow P_{BIR} \ (b)$	4	Very easy
5. Hoare Triple (c)	151	<i>Medium? *2</i>
6. $Q_{BIR} \rightarrow S \ (d)$	48	Should be easy *1

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*1 Need 2 simple tactics

Proof overview - automate?

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6. $Q_{BIR} \rightarrow S \ (d)$	48	Should be easy *1

*1 Need 2 simple tactics

*2 Need smart tactics (multi-pass, goal aware)

Section 4

Conclusion

Conclusion

- Automation is feasible
- Can reduce proof lengths and complexity
- Trustworthy if proof-producing

Questions

References I

- [1] K. Zetter, “It’s insanely easy to hack hospital equipment.” [Online]. Available:
<https://www.wired.com/2014/04/hospital-equipment-vulnerable/>
- [2] A. Greenberg, “Hackers remotely kill a jeep on the highway—with me in it.” [Online]. Available:
<https://www.wired.com/2015/07/hackers-remotely-kill-jeep-highway/>
- [3] D. C. Miller and C. Valasek, “Remote exploitation of an unaltered passenger vehicle.”
- [4] What is proved and what is assumed | seL4. [Online]. Available:
<https://sel4.systems/Info/FAQ/proof.pml>
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- [7] T. Tuerk, “Interactive theorem proving (ITP) course.” [Online]. Available: <https://hol-theorem-prover.org/hol-course.pdf>

HolBA overview

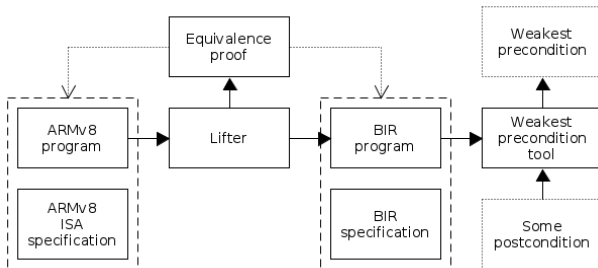


Figure: Overview of the HolBA framework (lifter and WP tool)

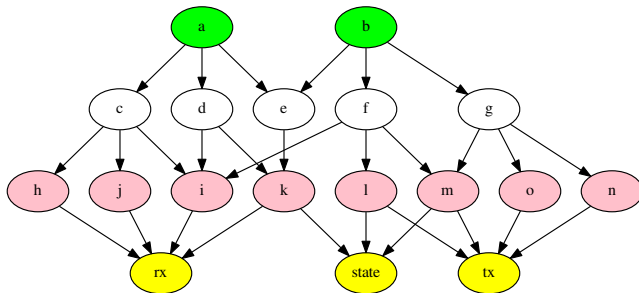


Figure: Fringe of an ideally-shaped proof

Pipeline public interface

```
val thm = prove_contract "cjmp"  
  cjmp_prog_def  
  (* Precondition *) (blabel_str "entry", btrue)  
  (* Postcondition *) (  
    [blabel_str "end"],  
    beq ((bden o bvarimm32) "y", bconst32 100)  
  )
```

BSL: BIR Simple Language

```
bite (  
  borl [  
    ble ((bden o bvarimm64) "x", bconst64 100),  
    bnot (ble (bplus ((bden o bvarimm64) "y", bconst64 1),  
                bconst64 10)),  
    ble (bplus ((bden o bvarimm64) "x",  
                (bden o bvarimm64) "y"),  
          bconst64 20)  
  ],  
  bmult ((bden o bvarimm64) "x", bconst64 2),  
  bplus (bmult ((bden o bvarimm64) "x", bconst64 3),  
          bconst64 1)  
)
```


BIR pretty-printer - disabled

```
BExp_IfThenElse
  (BExp_BinExp BIExp_Or
    (BExp_BinExp BIExp_Or
      (BExp_BinPred BIExp_LessOrEqual
        (BExp_Den (BVar "x" (BType_Imm Bit64))) (BExp_Const (Imm64 100w)))
      (BExp_UnaryExp BIExp_Not
        (BExp_BinPred BIExp_LessOrEqual
          (BExp_BinExp BIExp_Plus (BExp_Den (BVar "y" (BType_Imm Bit64)))
            (BExp_Const (Imm64 1w))) (BExp_Const (Imm64 10w))))))
    (BExp_BinPred BIExp_LessOrEqual
      (BExp_BinExp BIExp_Plus (BExp_Den (BVar "x" (BType_Imm Bit64)))
        (BExp_Den (BVar "y" (BType_Imm Bit64)))) (BExp_Const (Imm64 20w)))
    (BExp_BinExp BIExp_Mult (BExp_Den (BVar "x" (BType_Imm Bit64)))
      (BExp_Const (Imm64 2w)))
    (BExp_BinExp BIExp_Plus
      (BExp_BinExp BIExp_Mult (BExp_Den (BVar "x" (BType_Imm Bit64)))
        (BExp_Const (Imm64 3w))) (BExp_Const (Imm64 1w)))
```

BIR pretty-printer - enabled






```
BExp_If
  (BExp_Or
    (BExp_LessOrEqual
      (BExp_Den (BVar "x" (BType_Imm Bit64))) (BExp_Const (Imm64 100w)))
    (BExp_Not
      (BExp_LessOrEqual
        (BExp_Plus
          (BExp_Den (BVar "y" (BType_Imm Bit64))) (BExp_Const (Imm64 1w)))
          (BExp_Const (Imm64 10w))))
    (BExp_LessOrEqual
      (BExp_Plus
        (BExp_Den (BVar "x" (BType_Imm Bit64)))
        (BExp_Den (BVar "y" (BType_Imm Bit64))))
        (BExp_Const (Imm64 20w))))
  BExp_Then
    (BExp_Mult (BExp_Den (BVar "x" (BType_Imm Bit64))) (BExp_Const (Imm64 2w)))
  BExp_Else
    (BExp_Plus
      (BExp_Mult
        (BExp_Den (BVar "x" (BType_Imm Bit64))) (BExp_Const (Imm64 3w)))
      (BExp_Const (Imm64 1w)))
```

Exception pretty-printer and LogLib

```
[TRACE @ nic_helpersLib::prove_p_imp_wp] smt_ready_tm:
~(if (nic_dead = 0w) ^ (nic_init_state = 2w) then 1w else 0w) ||
~(if (nic_init_state = 1w then 1w else 0w) || if 1w = 0w then 1w else 0w) &&
((if (nic_init_state = 1w then 1w else 0w) ||
  ~(if (nic_init_state = 2w then 1w else 0w) || if (nic_dead = 0w then 1w else 0w) &&
    ((if (nic_init_state = 2w then 1w else 0w) ||
      ~(if (nic_init_state = 3w then 1w else 0w) || if 1w = 0w then 1w else 0w) &&
        ((if (nic_init_state = 3w then 1w else 0w) ||
          ~(if (nic_init_state = 4w then 1w else 0w) || if 1w = 0w then 1w else 0w) &&
            if (nic_init_state = 4w) v (1w = 0w) then 1w else 0w))) =
1w
Handled exception: [init_automaton_doesnt_die] Z3_ORACLE_PROVE failed
HOL_ERR:
- Structure: nic_helpersLib
- Function: prove_p_imp_wp
- Message: at Z3.Z3_SMT_Oracle:
Z3 not configured: set the HOL4_Z3_EXECUTABLE environment variable to point to the Z3 executable file.

[DEBUG @ nic_helpersLib::prove_p_imp_wp] Asking Z3 for a SAT model...
[DEBUG @ nic_helpersLib::prove_p_imp_wp] Failed to compute a SAT model. Ignoring.
error in quse /NOBACKUP/tholac/holba-reborn/examples/nic/test-early-wp.sml : HOL_ERR {message = "at Z3.Z3_SMT_Oracle:\nZ3 not configured: set the HOL4_Z3_EXECUTABLE environment variable to point to the Z3 executable file.", origin_function = "prove_p_imp_wp", origin_structure = "nic_helpersLib"}
error in load test-early-wp : HOL_ERR {message = "at Z3.Z3_SMT_Oracle:\nZ3 not configured: set the HOL4_Z3_EXECUTABLE environment variable to point to the Z3 executable file.", origin_function = "prove_p_imp_wp", origin_structure = "nic_helpersLib"}
Uncaught exception: HOL_ERR {message = "at Z3.Z3_SMT_Oracle:\nZ3 not configured: set the HOL4_Z3_EXECUTABLE environment variable to point to the Z3 executable file.", origin_function = "prove_p_imp_wp", origin_structure = "nic_helpersLib"}
```

Continuous Integration (CI) - tests

	All checks have passed 2 successful checks	Hide all checks
	 Travis CI - Branch Successful in 33m — Build Passed	Details
	 Travis CI - Pull Request Successful in 67m — Build Passed	Details

Continuous Integration (CI) - static analysis

holba-bot commented 5 days ago

Results of: `scripts/ci/static-analysis.sh`

Grep-cheat analysis:

- ▶ Found 23 occurrences of `cheat` in `src/` and 0 in `examples/`.

Grep-todo analysis:

- ▶ Found 52 occurrences of `TODO/FIXME` in `src/` and 0 in `examples/`.

Note: I'm a script, and I'm simple, so I may be missing something or show false positives. You can review the script [here](#).