Business rules

Below are listed the business rules that one would expect to be true in the data. Nevertheless, neither the processes nor the DBMS enforced them. Thus, they may have been violated giving rise to quality problems.

AMOS database

Identifiers:

- workPackageID is an identifier of WorkPackage.
- workOrderID is an identifier of WorkOrders/ForecastedOrders/TechnicalLogBookOrders.
- maintenanceID is an identifier of MaintenanceEvents/OperationInterruption.
- *file* is an identifier of *Attachments*.

References:

• event of an Attachement is a reference to maintenanceID of MaintenanceEvents.

Datatypes/Domains:

- subsystem of MaintenanceEvents should be a 4 digits ATA code¹
- delayCode of OperationInterruption should be a 2 digits IATA code²
- workPackageID/workOrderID/maintenanceID should be simply SERIAL numbers generated by an autoincrement³ mechanism.
- ReportKind values "PIREP" and "MAREP" refer to pilot and maintenance personnel as reporters, respectively.
- *MELCathegory* values *A,B,C,D* refer to *3,10,30,120* days of allowed delay in the repairing of the problem in the aircraft, respectively.
- airport in MaintenanceEvents must have a value.

Other business rules:

- In *OperationInterruption, departure* must coincide with the date of the *flightID* (see bellow how it is composed).
- The flight registered in *OperationInterruption*, must exist in the *Flights* of AIMS database, and be marked as "delayed" (i.e., delayCode is not null) with the same IATA delay code.
- In *MaintenanceEvents*, the events of kind *Maintenance* that correspond to a *Revision*, are those of the same aircraft whose interval is completely included in that of the Revision. For all of them, the airport must be the same.
 - o In *MaintenanceEvents*, the events of kind *Maintenance* cannot partially intersect that of a *Revision* of the same aircraft.
- In *MaintenanceEvents*, maintenance duration must have the expected length according to the kind of maintenance (*Delay* minutes, *Safety* undetermined/unlimited,

 *AircraftOnGround hours, Maintenance hours to max 1 day, Revision days to 1 month).

¹ ATA codes for commercial aircrafts: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ATA 100

² IATA delay codes: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IATA delay codes

³ https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.1/datatype-numeric.html#DATATYPE-NUMERIC-TABLE

AIMS database

Identifiers:

• *flightID* is an identifier of *Flights*.

Datatypes/Domains:

- *flightID* is derived by concatenating the following values:

 **Date-Origin-Destination-FlightNumber-AircraftRegistration* (lengths: 6+1+3+1+3+1+4+1+6=26).
- delayCode in OperationInterruption is a 2 digits IATA code²

Other business rules:

- In a Slot, scheduledArrival must be posterior to the scheduledDeparture.
- Two Slots of the same aircraft cannot overlap.
- In *Flights,* departure and arrival airports must be those in the *flightID* (unless this flight has been diverted).
- In a Flight, actualArrival is posterior to actualDeparture.
- In a *Maintenance*, the corresponding events must exist in AMOS inside the corresponding time interval.