mUSD: Building on Mezo Bitcoin

A Developer's Guide to CDP Integration

Objective: High-level system overview + code

integration patterns

What is mUSD?

- Stablecoin minted by creating loans against crypto collateral
- System Purpose:
 - Borrowing against collateral
 - Maintain mUSD peg as stablecoin
- Key User Actions:
 - Opening, adjusting, and closing troves
 - Liquidation
 - Redemption

Contracts Overview

Core Components

- MUSD: The stablecoin token contract
- BorrowerOperations: Basic borrower operations, interacts with
 TroveManager and asset pools
- TroveManager: Trove state + liquidations and redemptions logic
- StabilityPool: Handles liquidations

Supporting Infrastructure

Liquidation Economics

- Liquidator Incentives: \$200 MUSD gas compensation + 0.5% collateral profit
- Stability Pool Incentives: ~9% BTC discount on liquidations
- Risk Management: 110% liquidation threshold safety buffer
- Speed Matters: Fast liquidations prevent bad debt

Redemption Arbitrage

- Peg Maintenance: Buy cheap mUSD, redeem for \$1 BTC
- Market Pressure: Redemptions hit lowest-CR troves first

Risk Management Deep Dive

- Borrower Risks: Liquidation (10% loss), redemption (BTC upside loss), bad debt, depegging
- System Controls: minNetDebt (1800 MUSD minimum), Recovery Mode
- Stress Scenarios: Large liquidation rebalancing

Interest Rate Mechanics

- Simple vs Compound Interest: MUSD uses simple linear interest
- Rate Setting: Set at trove creation based on global rate, kept for trove lifetime
- Refinancing: Costs percentage of borrowing to get new rate and capacity

PCV Economics

- Bootstrap Loan: Why chosen over token incentives
- Fee Distribution with Active Loan:
 - Flow: fees → PCV → split (60% debt repayment, 40% fee recipient)
- Fee Distribution when Loan Repaid: 100% to fee recipient or stability pool
- distributeMUSD(): Manual governance process (weekly)
- Fee Splits: Governance controlled

Developer Deep Dive: Pending Rewards

Critical Concept for Integration

- What: Debt & collateral redistributed when Stability
 Pool insufficient
- When Applied: Next trove interaction (any borrower operation)
- Code Impact:
 - Wrong: getTroveDebt() (stored amounts only)
 - Right: getEntireDebtAndColl() (includes pending)

Developer Deep Dive: Hint Generation

Gas Optimization Essential

- Why Important: Troves in sorted list by CR, finding insertion point expensive
- Solution: Hints narrow search from O(n) to O(1) gas
- Implementation: HintHelpers with code examples
- Freshness: Always generate fresh hints before transactions

Developer Deep Dive: Integration Patterns & Best Practices

- Reading Trove Data correctly
- Event Monitoring patterns
- Error Handling: Common revert conditions

User Journey 1: Opening a Trove

Code Demo

- User Action: Deposit collateral, borrow mUSD
- openTrove Function:
 - debtAmount, assetAmount, collateralization ratio
 - ICR (Individual Collateralization Ratio), TCR (Total Collateralization Ratio)
 - upperHint and lowerHint for efficient trove placement
 - HintHelpers for hint generation
 - Gas compensation
 - Borrowing capacity

User Journey 2: Adjusting a Trove

Code Demo

- User Action: Adjust collateral, repay debt, increase borrowing
- Key Functions:
 - adjustTrove function
 - Convenience functions: addColl, withdrawColl, repayMUSD, withdrawMUSD
 - TroveManager functions for fetching data
 - Refinancing: Moving to new interest rates

User Journey 3: Closing a Trove

Code Demo

- User Action: Repay all debt, withdraw collateral, close trove
- closeTrove Function:
 - Collateral returned to user
 - Paid mUSD burned from balance
 - Gas compensation burned from gas pool

User Journey 4: Liquidation

Code Demo

- **User Experience**: Liquidation when undercollateralized
- liquidate Function
- Three Liquidation Scenarios:
 - Stability Pool absorption (normal)
 - Partial liquidation (insufficient SP)
 - Full redistribution (empty pool)
- StabilityPool:
 - Deposit to earn liquidation rewards proportional to stake

User Journey 5: Redemption

Code Demo

- User Action: Redeem mUSD for BTC collateral
- Redemption Process:
 - 1-1 mUSD exchange for collateral (minus fee)
 - Debt cancelled from active troves in ascending CR order
 - Collateral drawn from redeemed troves
- Fee Structure: 0.75% fee from collateral

Documentation Tour

- README: System overview, flow diagrams, economic model, liquidation scenarios
- **simpleInterest.md**: Interest calculation deep dive
- Function Reference: Contract interfaces
- Event Reference: Critical monitoring events
- **Test Files**: Integration examples

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Risk Management Tools You Can Build

- Liquidation risk dashboards with borrower warnings
- Redemption risk calculators
- System health monitoring (TCR, Recovery Mode alerts)

Liquidation & Monitoring Tools You Can Build

- Liquidation bots with profit calculations
- Trove health monitoring dashboards
- Mobile liquidation risk alerts
- MEV-resistant liquidation strategies

DeFi Integrations You Can Build

- mUSD yield farming interfaces
- Automated trove rebalancing
- Arbitrage opportunity scanners

Testing and Development Environment

- Local setup: Running contracts locally
- Test Networks: Available deployments
- Useful development commands

Q&A and Resources

Questions & Discussion

Summary: mUSD CDP system on Mezo Bitcoin with developer-friendly integration patterns

Resources:

Repository, documentation, Discord/community links

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Key Visuals Needed

- Architecture diagrams
- Economic flow diagrams (from README)
- Liquidation scenario flows
- Code examples for each user journey
- Integration pattern examples
- Documentation screenshots

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