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In [ ]:
                                TF-IDF Search Using Spark
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 In [ ]: # Working with the cricket text files folder
 In [3]: #importing the data from HDFS into Spark
         #mapping into a, b where a=text file name, b= content of the text file
         from pyspark.sql import SQLContext, Row
         cricket_text = sc.wholeTextFiles('/user/root/crc').map(lambda (a,b): Row(
         le =a.replace('hdfs://sandbox.hortonworks.com:8020',''), text=b) )
 In [5]: | number_of_docs = cricket_text.count()
         number of docs
         # output shows its dealing with 124 text files in the cricket folder
Out[5]: 124
In [28]: import re
         def tokenize(s):
           return re.split("\\W+", s.lower())
         # definition that splits each word of the document and also keeping trac
         k of the file name
In [13]: # Calculating frequency of each word per document.
         #Used flat map values function
         #Pass each value in the key-value pair RDD through a flatMap function wi
         thout changing the keys;
         #this also retains the original RDD's partitioning.
         term frequency = tokenized text.flatMapValues(lambda x:
         x).countByValue()
         term frequency.items()[:5]
Out[13]: [((u'/user/root/crc/067.txt', u'team'), 5),
          ((u'/user/root/crc/106.txt', u'taking'), 1),
          ((u'/user/root/crc/071.txt', u'ago'), 1),
          ((u'/user/root/crc/014.txt', u'now'), 1),
          ((u'/user/root/crc/103.txt', u'proved'), 1)]
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In [51]: document_frequency = tokenized_text.flatMapValues(lambda x: x).distinct()
         filter(lambda x: x[1] != '').map(lambda (title,word): (word,title)).coun
         tByKey()
         document_frequency.items()[:5]
         #Step 1: taking all the unique words in all the documents
         # Step 2: filtering / discarding any null values
         # Counting all the unique words in all the docs by creating dictionary
         # count by key()
         # the idea is is the any word's count is more than 1, it appeared in mor
         e than 1 doc
Out[51]: [(u'nudges', 1),
          (u'limited', 7),
          (u'devilliers', 1),
          (u'bidding', 1),
          (u'khalil', 9)]
In [52]:
         document_frequency['nudges']
Out[52]: 1
 In [ ]: # explaining the tf idf function
         Step 1: taking each element of term frequency which is in the format[((f
         ile,word),TF)]
         as a key value Pair
         Step2: assigining (filename, word) into list doc and term
         Step 3: collecting document frequency of each term of the docuemnt_frequ
         ency
         function already created
         Step4: calculating tf-idf for each word in each document, along with term
          frequncy
         Step 5: appending to result
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In [57]: # Calculating TF-IDF
         import numpy as np
         from __future__ import division
         def tf_idf(N, tf, df):
             result = []
             for key, value in tf.items():
                 doc = key[0]
                 term = key[1]
                 df = document_frequency[term]
                 if (df>0):
                    tf idf = float(value)*np.log(number of docs/df)
                 result.append({"doc":doc, "term":term, "score":tf_idf})
             return result
         tf_idf_output = tf_idf(number_of_docs, term_frequency, document_frequenc
         у)
         tf_idf_output[:4]
Out[57]: [{'doc': u'/user/root/crc/067.txt',
            'score': 3.2294714785469991,
           'term': u'team'},
          {'doc': u'/user/root/crc/106.txt',
            'score': 1.9299098077088723,
           'term': u'taking'},
          {'doc': u'/user/root/crc/071.txt',
            'score': 2.6230569882688175,
           'term': u'ago'},
          {'doc': u'/user/root/crc/014.txt',
            'score': 1.0590814499114745,
           'term': u'now'}]
 In [ ]: Defining a search function
         (1) Tokens= taking the query as string an splitting into words
         (2) Word search of the each word in the query in the rdd to create a jo
         ined rdd
         which gives word, no of times it appeared in that document and tf-idf sc
         ore
         (3) scount aggregates by key and returns sum of thidh based on query for
          each document
         (4) scores multiplies the sum multiplied with query doc existences in ea
         ch document / len(query)
         (5) Also does an inverted index
         finally returns top score and document name
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In [83]: tfidf_RDD = sc.parallelize(tf_idf_output).map(lambda x: (x['term'],(x['d
         oc'],x['score']) )) # the corpus with tfidf scores
         def search(query, topN):
           tokens = sc.parallelize(tokenize(query)).map(lambda x: (x,1) ).collect
         AsMap()
           bcTokens = sc.broadcast(tokens)
           joined tfidf = tfidf_RDD.map(lambda (k,v): (k,bcTokens.value.get(k,'-')
         ) ).filter(lambda (a,b,c): b != '-' )
           scount = joined_tfidf.map(lambda a: a[2]).aggregateByKey((0,0),
           (lambda acc, value: (acc[0] +value,acc[1]+1)),
           (lambda acc1,acc2: (acc1[0]+acc2[0],acc1[1]+acc2[1])) )
           scores = scount.map(lambda (k,v): (v[0]*v[1]/len(tokens), k)).top(to
         pN)
           return scores
In [84]: # returns the result in less than 5 seconds
         search('bangladesh win',5 )
Out[84]: [(19.454654995321306, u'/user/root/crc/115.txt'),
          (13.308703690412814, u'/user/root/crc/077.txt'),
          (8.1330195264573124, u'/user/root/crc/039.txt'),
          (7.3474990257663526, u'/user/root/crc/065.txt'),
          (6.9547387754208723, u'/user/root/crc/057.txt')]
In [85]: search('australia plays india',3)
Out[85]: [(11.36766318009561, u'/user/root/crc/045.txt'),
          (9.1542441822941516, u'/user/root/crc/044.txt'),
          (7.080891939236551, u'/user/root/crc/026.txt')]
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