```
1 #include "Polygon.hpp"
 3 std::set<Edge> Polygon::allEdges;
 4
 5 // Costruttori
 6 Polygon::Polygon(std::vector<Point2D>& v)
 7 | {
 8
       if(v.size() < 3) throw std::invalid argument("Error! Trying to create a polygon</pre>
  with less than three edges");
 9
       myEdges.reserve(v.size());
10
       for(size_t i = 0; i < v.size()-1; i++)</pre>
11
12
           myEdges.push_back(allEdges.emplace(v[i],v[i+1]).first);
13
       }
       myEdges.push back(allEdges.emplace(v.back(),v[0]).first);
14
15 }
16 Polygon::Polygon(std::vector<Edge>& v)
17 |{
18
       if(v.size() < 3) throw std::invalid argument("Error! Trying to create a polygon</pre>
  with less than three edges");
19
       myEdges.reserve(v.size());
20
       myEdges.push back(allEdges.insert(v[0]).first);
21
       for(size_t i = 0; i < v.size(); i++)</pre>
22
23
           if (!Edge::Connected(*myEdges.back(), v[i])) throw
   std::invalid argument("Error! Trying to create a non connected polygon");
24
           myEdges.push back(allEdges.insert(v[i]).first);
25
       }
26 }
27
28 // Distruttore
29 Polygon::~Polygon()
30 {
31
32 }
33
34 // Costruttore di copia
35 Polygon::Polygon(const Polygon& other) : myEdges(other.myEdges)
36 {
37
       std::cout << "Copio un Polygon\n";</pre>
38 }
39
40 Polygon& Polygon::operator=(const Polygon& other)
41 {
42
       std::cout << "Copio un Polygon tramite assignement operator\n";</pre>
43
       myEdges = other.myEdges;
44
       return *this:
45 }
46
47 // Metodi per l'accesso alle coordinate dei vertici
48 std::vector<Point2D> Polygon::Vertices()
49 {
```

```
50
        std::vector<Point2D> v;
51
        v.reserve(myEdges.size());
52
        v.push_back(myEdges[0]->getA());
53
        v.push_back(myEdges[0]->getB());
54
        for(size t i = 1; i < myEdges.size(); i++)</pre>
55
56
            Point2D A = myEdges[i]->getA();
57
            if(v.back() == A) v.push_back(myEdges[i]->getB());
58
            else v.push back(A);
59
        }
60
        return v;
61 }
62
63 // Metodo per l'accesso al numero dei lati
64 size_t Polygon::edgesNum()
65 {
66
        return myEdges.size();
67 }
68
69 // Metodo per l'accesso ai lati
70 std::vector<Edge> Polygon::Edges()
71 {
72
        std::vector<Edge> v;
73
        v.reserve(myEdges.size());
74
        for(size_t i = 0; i < myEdges.size(); i++)</pre>
75
        {
76
            v.push_back(*myEdges[i]);
77
        }
78
        return v;
79 }
81 // Metodo per il calcolo del perimetro
82 double Polygon::Perimeter()
83 {
84
        double p = 0.0;
85
        for(size_t i = 0; i < myEdges.size(); i++) p+=myEdges[i]->length();
86
        return p:
87 |}
88
89 // Metodo per il caloclo dell'area
90 double Polygon::Area()
91 {
        std::vector<Point2D> v = Vertices();
92
93
        double a = 0;
94
        for(size_t i = 0; i < v.size(); ++i)</pre>
95
            {
                    a += v[i].getX() * v[(i+1)%v.size()].getY();
96
97
                    a -= v[i].getY() * v[(i+1)%v.size()].getX();
98
99
            return 0.5*std::abs(a);
100 }
101
```