# Mobiquity Test Challenge

24th Febreuary 2019

## **GETTING STARTED**

These instructions will get you a copy of the project up and running on your local machine:

1. Clone the <u>project repository</u> from Github.

```
git clone https://github.com/mfathy/MobiqTest.git
```

- 2. Open **Android studio**, Select File | Open... and point to the project, wait until the project syncs and builds successfully.
- 3. Run the project using Android studio.

#### DISCUSSION

#### **Data Sources**

There is one level of data persistence:

Network with http caching.

The chosen fetch of data is simple:

- In every get products request:
  - Return remote copy.
  - Return cached copy:
    - If there is Internet, get the cache that was stored 5 seconds ago.
    - If there is no Internet, get the cache that was stored 7 days ago.

# **Dependency Injection**

I've used **dagger** for dependency injection, also I've added different component and modules for test layer.

# **Testing**

I have included the required Instrumentation, Unit and UI tests with the project:

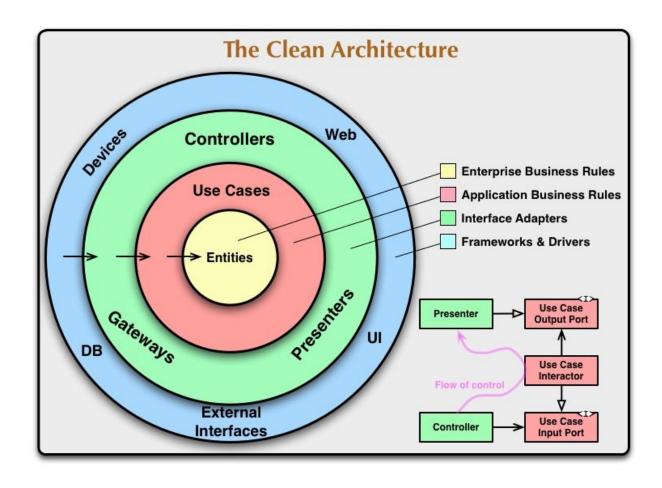
- Unit tests for most of the app classes.
- Integration tests for testing integration between layers components and the layer itself.
- Ui tests using Espresso:
  - For espresso testing I have use normal way of mocking the response using dagger injection >> check espresso tests on master branch.
  - Another way of testing using <u>Okhttp mock web server</u> to easily mock valid, invalid responses and server errors to show how the UI will acts at those situations >> check espresso tests on <u>espresso-tests-mockwebserver</u> branch.

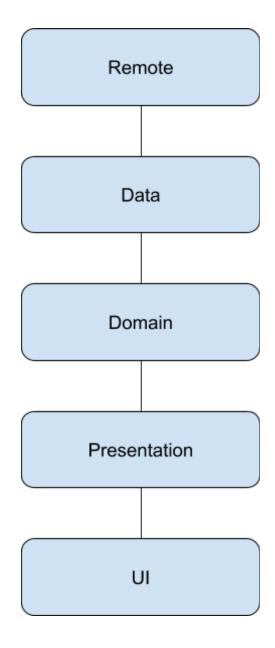
To run all test case at once look for the following test suites:

- UnitTestSuite
- InstrumentedTestSuite

## **Architecture**

Following <u>clean architecture</u> with **MVVM**, which has some of clean architecture principles except layer independence.





# Relation between layers:

- The UI layer contains views which observes to the presentation layer and listen for data changes.
- The Presentation layer receives UI layer calls and respond to domain layer interactors and run them.
- The Domain layer calls data layer.
- The Data layer manage which source should read from "in our case only remote", then serve the request back to the domain layer.

## MVVM

The MVVM architecture.

- **Model**: refers either to a domain model, or to the data access layer.
- View: refers to the UI.
- View model: is an abstraction of the view exposing public properties and commands. It
  has a binder, which automates communication between the view and its bound properties
  in the view model.

# A typical scenario:

- A user opens the app and activity created and starts listening for ViewModel data changes.
- 2. A call to fetch products in ViewModel is started from the starting activity.
- 3. ViewModel calls GetProducts use case to start fetching data.
- 4. GetProducts use case calls data repository asking for data.
- 5. Data repository determines which data store should read from. "In our case we have remote data store only with http caching to decrease server requests."
- 6. Remote data store request the data from the server and respond with **Success** otherwise **Error**.

#### Libraries

- <u>Common Android X libraries</u> AndroidX is the open-source project that the Android team
  uses to develop, test, package, version and release libraries within <u>Jetpack</u>.
- Mockito A mocking framework used to implement unit tests.
- <u>Dagger</u> for dependency Injection
- RxJava Reactive Extensions for the JVM a library for composing asynchronous and event-based programs using observable sequences for the Java VM.
- Okhttp An HTTP+HTTP/2 client for Android and Java applications.
- Hamcrest Junit Matchers
- MockWebServer A scriptable web server for testing HTTP clients.
- Retrofit A type-safe HTTP client for Android and Java.
- Gson a json serialize and deserialize library.
- <u>Android Architecture Components</u> LiveData, ViewModel.

#### Thank you.