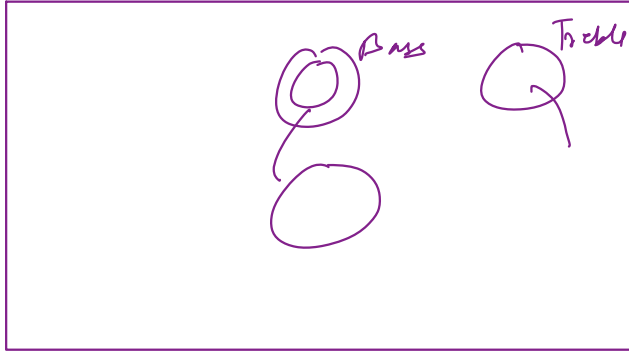


## \* How to increase NN performance

- 1) increase the no. of epochs
- 2) Regularization
- 3) Deeper NN
- 4) Batch normalization
- 5) Learning Rate  $\downarrow$
- 6) Dropout
- 7) choosing optimiser
- 8) Collection of Data

orthogonalization

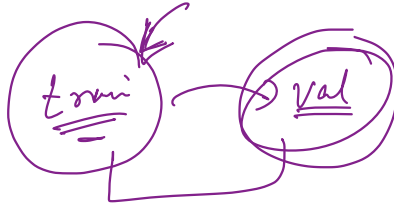


Q Bad training accuracy.

- ① Deep Network ✓
- ② epochs ↑
- ③ Optimizer
- ④ More data

Q Bad validation accuracy?

- ① Dropout
- ② Regularization
- ③ Batch Normalization
- ④ Simpler NN
- ⑤ Diverse training samples



Q test accuracy is bad

- Diverse
- Bigger validation set. / cross validation
- loss function.

y - prediction

Q Why getting more data should not be your first choice?

- ① Time consuming
- ② hard to get
- ③ expensive

Q What are those main hyperparameters while designing your NN?

Ans

LR ✓

Batch size ✓

epoch ✓

$\beta$

GD with momentum

Adam

RMS prop.

0.9

$$\frac{1}{1-0.9} \Rightarrow 10 \text{ days}$$

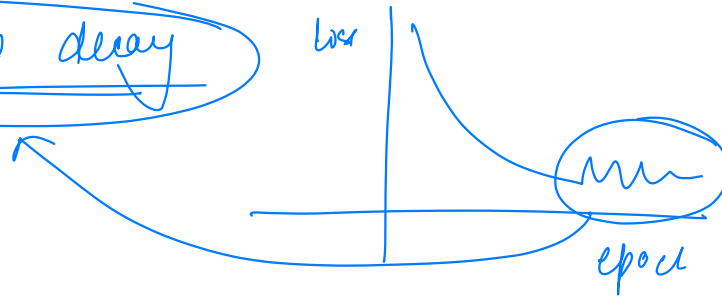
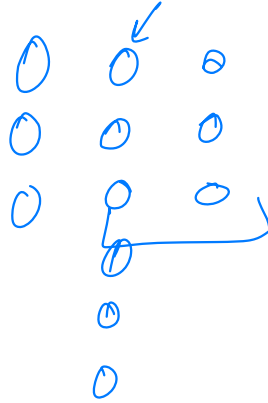
0.9

0.999

No. of layer ✓ → No. of neurons.  
Dropout ratio ✓

Q Tuning order of hyperparameters.

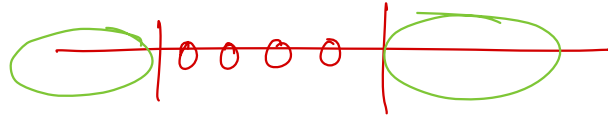
- 1) LR
- 2)  $\beta$  ✓
- 3) No. of neurons ✓
- 4) Batch size & epoch ✓
- 5) layers
- 6) learning rate decay



① How to find the values of hyperparameter.

Grid search  $\rightarrow$  All combination  $\rightarrow$  computationally expensive

GS, RS  $\rightarrow$  [4, 5, 6, 7]  $\rightarrow$

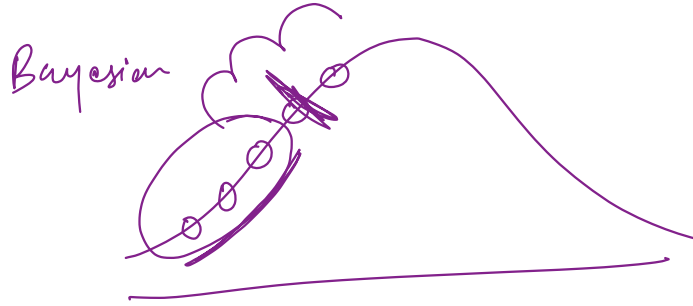


Discrete search

$lr = [0.01, 0.03, 0.04]$

0.01  $\rightarrow$  0.02  $\rightarrow$  0.03  $\rightarrow$  most valuable

# Bayesian optimization.



train error = 0.5% ✓

val error = 1.2% ✓

test = 2% ✓

↓ increasing

- ① Use drop out ✓
- ② Use a complex model
- ③ Increase LR

Precision ✓

Recall ✓

✓ Model A

68%

35%

✓ Model B

64%

40%

Can't say ✓

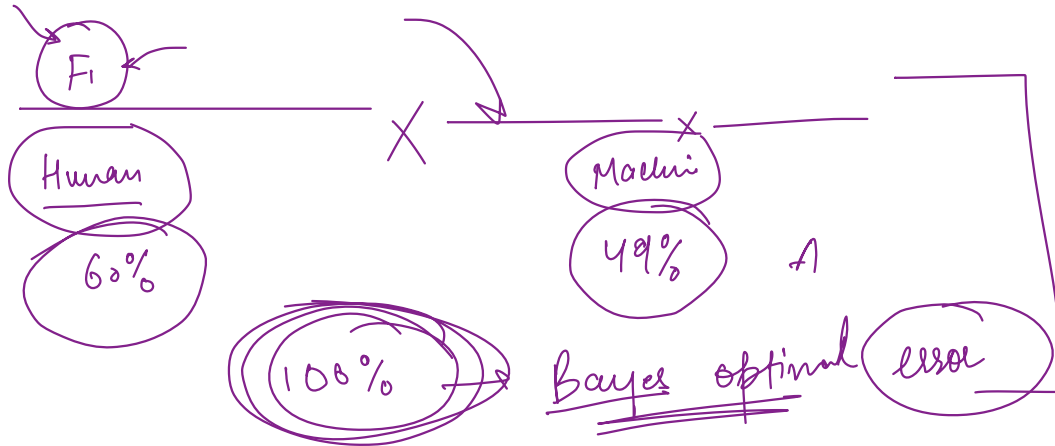
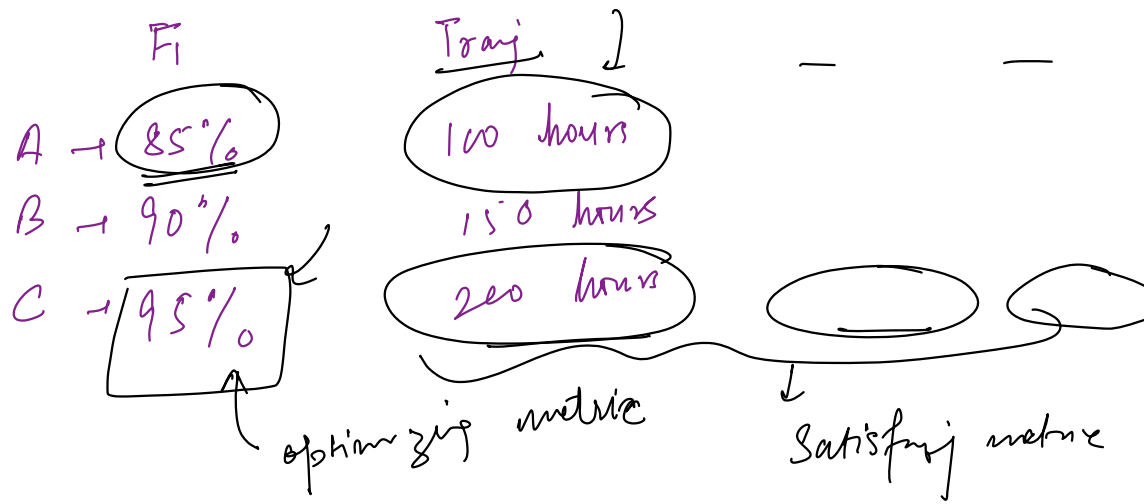
Single evaluation Method

$$\underline{\underline{F_1 \text{ Score}}} = 2 \frac{(\text{Prec} \times \text{Recall})}{\text{Prec} + \text{Recall}}$$

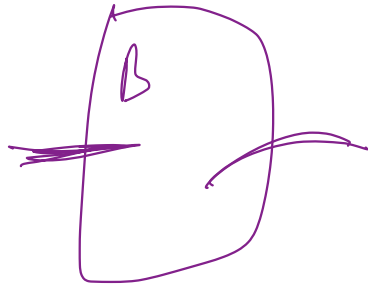
$$\text{Model A} = \frac{2 \times (0.68 \times 0.35)}{0.68 + 0.35}$$

$$\text{Model B} = \frac{2 \times (0.64 \times 0.4)}{0.64 + 0.4}$$





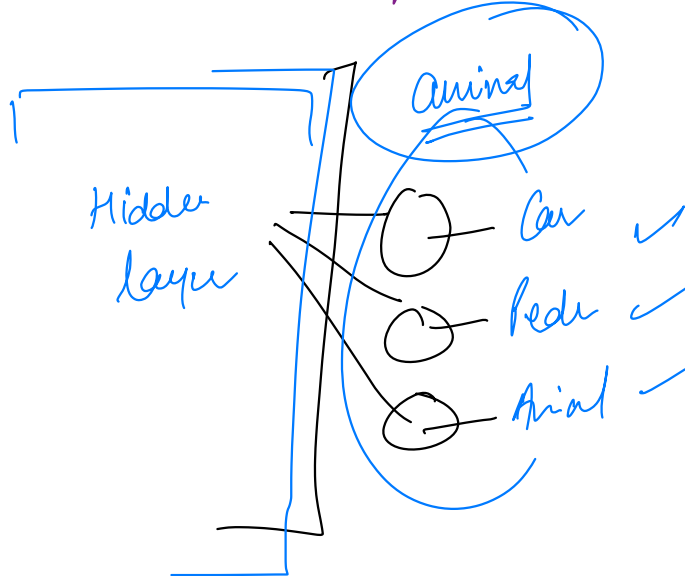
Human  $y_{\text{real}}$   $\neq$  Model  $y_{\text{pred}}$

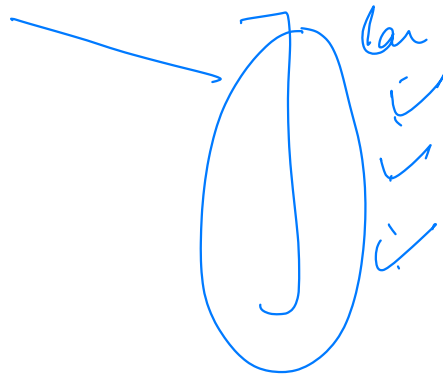


A

feature engineering

- 
- 
- 
- 
- 





Multi task lang

