```
import java.util.LinkedList;
public class CPUScheduler
   /**
   final static int TIMESLICE =200;
   final int RUN_WAIT = 1000;
   LinkedList<Integer> queue;
   int runningJob;
   int slice;
   /**
   CPUScheduler ()
   {
      queue = new LinkedList<Integer>();
      runningJob = -1;
      slice = TIMESLICE;
   }
   /**
    */
   /**
   * Returns the time remaining in slice for current job, checks against max
   * CPU time
   * @param jobID
                     jobID of job to be queried
    * @param currentSlice the jobs current slice time
    * @return
                      slice time for given job
   int getSlice(int jobID, int currentSlice)
   {
      if (JobTable.getTimeLeft(jobID) < currentSlice) {</pre>
         return JobTable.getTimeLeft(jobID);
      else {
         return currentSlice;
   }
    * PUBLIC METHODS*********************************
   */
   /**
   * Blocks currently running job by adding to blocked queue and
   * setting to unready in jobtable
   public void block ()
   {
      JobTable.setBlocked(runningJob);
      JobTable.unsetReady(runningJob);
```

```
runningJob = -1;
}
/**
* Gets the currently running (head of queue) jobID and returns
* If the queue is empty returns -1
* @return int jobID or -1 if no job running
public int current ()
{
    return runningJob;
}
* Sends next process to cpu by moving head element to end of queues
* Checks to see if currently running job needs to be terminated ( over max
* run time)or swapped from memory (over allowed time in memory)
* Then updates a, p to return to sos
*/
public int[] next (int[] a, int[] p)
{
    // Will
    int[] returnVars = {-1, -1}; // {freeMemory, swapOut}
    if (runningJob != -1) {
        // If time remains in slice, continue
        if (slice > 0) {
            slice = getSlice(runningJob, slice);
            // Running stays the same
            // System.out.println("-CPUScheduler resumes Job " + runningJob
            // + " with " + slice + " remaining");
        // Check to see if job has exceeded its max CPU time
        // If it has, then need to free it's memory and terminate it
        else if (JobTable.getTimeLeft(runningJob) <= 0) {</pre>
            // System.out.println("-CPUScheduler stops Job " + runningJob +
            // " (exceeds max CPU time)");
            returnVars[0] = runningJob;
            JobTable.terminate(runningJob);
            JobTable.unsetReady(runningJob);
            runningJob = -1;
        // If no time remains, check if job has exceeded max time in
        // memory. If it has, then need to lower its priority and return
        // to memManager for potential swapout
        else if ((os.currentTime - JobTable.getPriorityTime(runningJob))
            >= RUN WAIT) {
            if (!JobTable.doingIO(runningJob) && queue.size() > 4)
            {
                returnVars[1] = runningJob;
                //JobTable.lowerPriority(runningJob);
                JobTable.unsetReady(runningJob);
            }
            else {
                queue.add(runningJob);
                //queue.lowerPriority(runningJob);
```

```
runningJob = -1;
        // The job has no slice remaining and needs to be put at back of
        // queue
        else {
            queue.add(runningJob);
            runningJob = -1;
        }
    }
    // If there is no running job yet
    if (runningJob == -1 && !queue.isEmpty()) {
        runningJob = queue.remove();
        // System.out.println("Next job = " + runningJob);
        slice = getSlice(runningJob, TIMESLICE);
    }
    // If there is absolutely nothing in the queues
    if (runningJob == -1) {
        // Set CPU to idle
        a[0] = 1;
    }
    else {
        a[0] = 2;
        p[1] = runningJob;
        p[2] = JobTable.getAddress(runningJob);
        p[3] = JobTable.getSize(runningJob);
        p[4] = slice;
    return returnVars;
* Prints details of CPU Queues
public void print ()
{
    // System.out.println("-CPU Report");
    // System.out.println("--In CPU : " + runningJob);
    // System.out.println("");
/**
* Provides the size of the ready queue
* @return the size of the ready queue
*/
public int queueSize()
    return queue.size();
* Adds job to appropriate ready queue (will remove from blocked if not
 * a new job)
* @param jobID unique identifier for jobs
public void ready (int jobID)
```

}

}

}

{

```
// If the job is not blocked
    if(!JobTable.isBlocked(jobID) && !JobTable.isReady(jobID) &&
        !JobTable.isTerminated(jobID)) {
        // Then add to appropriate ready queue
        queue.add(jobID);
        JobTable.setReady(jobID);
        // System.out.println("-CPUScheduler readies job " + jobID);
    print();
}
* Terminates currently running job
* @return jobID of terminated job
public int terminate ()
    int killedJob = runningJob;
    runningJob = -1;
    // Sets to terminated in jobTable
    JobTable.terminate(killedJob);
    JobTable.unsetReady(killedJob);
    // System.out.println("-CPUScheduler terminates job " + killedJob);
    return killedJob;
}
* Updates current running jobs time
*/
public void update()
    int timeElapsed = os.currentTime - os.lastTime;
    // Increments interrupted job's time time & current slice
    if (runningJob != -1) {
        JobTable.incrementTime(runningJob, timeElapsed);
        slice = slice - timeElapsed;
    }
}
```

}