Modern Beamer Presentations with the **NEO** package

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1 Introduction

Beamer is an awesome way to make presentations with LaTeX, but its theme selection is surprisingly sparse. The stock themes share an aesthetic that can be a little cluttered, while the few distinctive custom themes available are often specialized for a particular corporate or institutional brand.

The goal of **NEO** is to provide a simple, modern Beamer theme suitable for anyone to use – it is based on the metropolis theme by Matthias Vogelgesang and many other of contributors. It tries to minimize noise and maximize space for content; the only visual flourish it offers is an (optional) progress bar added to each slide or to the section slides.

2 Getting Started

2.1 Installing from GitLab

If you want to use the cutting-edge development version of **NEO**, you can install it manually. Like any **ETFX** package, this involves four easy steps:

Download the source with a git clone of the **NEO** repository or as a zip archive of the latest development version.

Compile the style files by running make sty inside the downloaded directory. (Or run ETFX directly on source/neotheme.ins.)

Move the resulting *.sty files to the folder containing your presentation. To use NEO with many presentations, run make install or move the *.sty files to a folder in your T_FX path instead.

Use the theme for your presentation by declaring \usetheme{neo} in the preamble of your Beamer document.

NEO uses the Make build system to offer the following installation options for advanced users:

make sty builds the theme style files.

make doc builds this documentation manual.

make demo builds a demo presentation to test the features of NEO.

make all builds the theme and manual.

make clean removes the files generated by make all.

make install installs the theme into your local texmf folder.

make uninstall removes the theme from your local texmf folder.

2.2 A Minimal Example

The following code shows a minimal example of a Beamer presentation using **NEO**.

\documentclass{beamer}

2.3 Dependencies

NEO depends on the beamer class and the following standard packages:

```
tikzpgfoptscalcifxetexifluatex
```

For best results, we recommend installing the fonts Fira Sans and Fira Mono and compiling with **NEO** using XameX or LuaTeX. These are optional dependencies; **NEO** is compatible with (e.g.) pdfMeX and will fall back to standard fonts if Fira Sans or Fira Mono is not installed.

The packaged name of Fira Sans is Fira Sans OT in some Linux distributions; this case is automatically handled by **NEO**.

2.4 Pandoc

To use this theme with Pandoc-based presentations, you can run the following command

```
$ pandoc -t beamer --latex-engine=xelatex -V theme:neo -o
   output.pdf input.md
```

3 Customization

3.1 Package options

tion page.

The theme provides a number of options, which can be set using a key=value interface. The primary way to set options is to provide a comma-separated list of option-value pairs when loading **NEO** in the preamble:

\usetheme[option1=value1, option2=value2, ...]{neo} Options can be changed at any time - even mid-presentation! - with the \neoset macro. \neoset{option1=newvalue1, option2=newvalue2, ...} The list of options is structured as shown in the following example. option key list of possible values default A short description of the option. 3.1.1 Main theme titleformat regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps regular Changes the format of titles, subtitles, section titles, frame titles, and the text on "standout" frames. The available options produce Regular, SMALLCAPS, ALLS-MALLCAPS, or ALLCAPS titles. Please refer to Section 6.1 for known issues with these options. titleformat plain regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps regular Changes the format of "standout" frames (see titleformat, above). 3.1.2 Inner theme sectionpage none, simple, progressbar progressbar Adds a slide at the start of each section (simple) with an optional thin progress bar below the section title (progressbar). The none option disables the sec-

subsectionpage	none, simple, progressbar none
	Optionally adds a slide at the start of each subsection. If enabled with the simple or progressbar options, the style of the section page will be updated to match the style of the subsection page. Note that section slides and subsection slides can appear consecutively if both are enabled; you may want to use this option together with sectionpage=none depending on the section structure of your presentation.
	3.1.3 Outer theme
numbering	none, counter, fraction
	Controls whether the frame number at the bottom right of each slide is omitted (none), shown (counter) or displayed as a fraction of the total number of frames (fraction).
progressbar	none, head, frametitle, foot
	Optionally adds a progress bar to the top of each frame (head), the bottom of each frame (foot), or directly below each frame title (frametitle).
	3.1.4 Color theme
block	transparent, fill transparent
	Optionally adds a light grey background to block environments like theorem and example.
background	dark, light light
	Provides the option to have a dark background and light foreground instead of the reverse.
	3.1.5 Font theme
titleformat title	regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps regular
titleformat subtitle titleformat section titleformat frame	Individually controls the format of titles, subtitles, section titles, and frame titles (see titleformat, above).

3.2 Color Customization

The included **NEO** color theme is used by default, but its colors can be easily changed to suit your tastes. All of the theme's styles are defined in terms of three beamer colors:

- normal text (dark fg, light bg)
- alerted text (colored fg, should be visible against dark or light)
- example text (colored fg, should be visible against dark or light)

An easy way to customize the theme is to redefine these colors using

```
\setbeamercolor{ ... }{ fg= ... , bg= ... }
```

in your preamble. For greater customization, you can redefine any of the other stock beamer colors. In addition to the stock colors the theme defines a number of **NEO** specific colors, which can also be redefined to your liking.

```
\setbeamercolor{progress bar}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{title separator}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{progress bar in head/foot}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{progress bar in section page}{ ... }
```

3.3 Font Customization

The default font for **NEO** is Fira. This can be easily changed using the standard font selection commands of the fontspec package. So if you prefer, for example, the **Ubuntu** font family, just add the following two commands after loading the **NEO** theme.

```
\setsansfont{Ubuntu}
\setmonofont{Ubuntu Mono}
```

If you are expecting to present in a large room or with an underpowered pro-

jector, you may want to change the font to a heavier weight of Fira to maximize readability.

\setsansfont[BoldFont={Fira Sans SemiBold}]{Fira Sans Book}

3.3.1 Old style figures

The regular fontspec mechanism for changing glyph appearance applies also to this theme. If you want to have old style figures in the text but regular lined figures for math, you could add the following to your preamble:

3.4 Commands

3.4.1 Standout frames

The **NEO** inner theme offers a custom frame format with large, centered text and an inverted background — perfect for focusing attention on single sentence or image. To use it, add the key standout to the frame:

```
\begin{frame}[standout]
    Thank you!
\end{frame}
```

4 pgfplots integration

NEO comes with a set of pre-defined pgfplots styles and a color theme based on Paul Tol's color scheme.

4.1 Styles

Pass the following style keys to the axis environment to get the appropriate effect:

mlineplot Plot regular line charts with reduced axis frames, less intrusive legend and subdued grid.

mbarplot Plot vertical bar charts in a similar way as mlineplot but reduce grid usage.

horizontal mbarplot Plot horizontal bar charts.

disable thousands separator Helper style to remove thousands separator.

4.2 Paul Tol colors

A good presentation uses colors that are distinct from each other as much as possible as well as from black and white, can be discerned item under different lighting and display environments and by color-blind viewers, while matching well together.

In a technical note for SRON, Paul Tol proposed a palette of colors satisfying these constraints. The sub-package pgfplotsthemetol defines palettes for pgfplots charts based on Tol's work.

5 Tips & Tricks

5.1 Backup Slides

Speakers will often include extra slides at the end of their presentation to refer to during audience questions. One easy way to do this is to include the appendixnumberbeamer package in your preamble and call \appendix before your backup slides.

NEO will automatically turn off slide numbering and progress bars for slides in the appendix.

6 Known Issues

6.1 Title formats

Be aware that not every font supports small caps, so the smallcaps or allsmallcaps options may not work if you use a font other than Fira Sans. In particular, the Computer Modern sans-serif typeface, which is used when **NEO** is compiled with pdfET_FX, does not have a small-caps variant.

The title format options allsmallcaps and allcaps are quite nice from an aesthetic point of view, but their use of \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase can cause unexpected problems. For example:

- Some commands, like \\, do not work inside \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase. (See #125)
- Only alphabetic characters are affected by \MakeLowercase, so numerals and punctuation remain at full height. This can spoil some of the aesthetic benefits of allsmallcaps. (See #33)
- \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase apply to math mode and \scshape does not. This can easily introduce mathematical errors that are hard to catch.
- It is impossible to typeset symbols which are encoded as uppercase letters in a different font. In particular, \mathbb and \mathcal letters will be replaced by other math glyphs. (See #153)

The allsmallcaps and allcaps options are safe to use if your titles contain only alphabetic characters and do not require the expansion of any macros.

6.2 Interactions with other color themes

NEO can be used along with any other Beamer color theme, such as crane or seahorse. If you wish to do this, it is usually best to include the **NEO** subpackages individually so the **NEO** color theme is never loaded. This will prevent conflicts between the **NEO** color theme and your preferred theme.

For example, overriding the color theme as follows may not work as expected

because \usetheme {neo} loads the **NEO** color theme, which defines a relationship between the frametitle background and the primary palette of the theme. Since seahorse assumes a different relationship between its palettes, the result is a grey, rather than periwinkle, frametitle background.

```
\usetheme{neo}
\usecolortheme{seahorse}
```

The correct colors are chosen if the **NEO** outer, inner, and font themes are loaded seperately:

```
\useoutertheme{neo}
\useinnertheme{neo}
\usefonttheme{neo}
\usecolortheme{seahorse} % or your preferred color theme
```

Please note that **NEO** may not use all the colors defined in your favourite Beamer color theme. In particular, **NEO** does not set a background color for the title; this will cause issues when using color themes like whale which set a white foreground for the title.

6.3 Notes on second screen

If you use the [show notes on second screen] option built in to Beamer and compile with XgMTeX, text on slides following the first section slide may be rendered in white instead of the regular colour. This is due to a bug in Beamer or XgMTeX itself. You can work around it either by compiling with LuaTeX or by adding the following code to your preamble to reset the text color on each slide.

```
\makeatletter
\def\beamer@framenotesbegin{% at beginning of slide
   \usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}
   \gdef\beamer@noteitems{}%
```

```
\gdef\beamer@notes{}%
}
\makeatother
```

6.4 Standout frames with labels

Because the standout frame option creates a group to restrict the colour change to a single slide, labels defined after calling standout will stay local to the group. In other words, the following may result in a "label undefined" error.

```
\begin{frame}[standout, label=conclusion]{Conclusion}
  Awesome slide
\end{frame}
```

To fix this problem, change the order of the keys in the frame.

```
\begin{frame}[label=conclusion, standout]{Conclusion}
    Awesome slide
\end{frame}
```

This error can be unwittingly triggered if you export your slides from Emacs Org mode, which automatically adds labels after frame options. Alex Branham offers the following solution for Org mode users, using org-set-property.

```
* Start of a frame
    :PROPERTIES:
    :BEAMER_opt: label=conclusion,standout
    :END:
```

6.5 Standout frames with Pandoc

With Pandoc versions prior 1.17.2 it was not possible to create standout frames because Pandoc only supported a specific list of frame attributes thus ignoring additional attributes such as {.standout}.

7 License

NEO is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License. This means that if you change the theme and re-distribute it, you must retain the copyright notice header and license it under the same CC-BY-SA license. This does not affect any presentations that you create with the theme.

8 Implementation

8.1 NEO parent theme

The primary job of this package is to load the component sub-packages of the **NEO** theme and route the theme options accordingly. It also provides some custom commands and environments for the user.

8.1.1 Package dependencies

```
1 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
2 \RequirePackage{pgfpages}
3 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.1.2 Options

Most options are passed off to the component sub-packages.

```
4\pgfkeys{/neo/.cd,
5    .search also={
6     /neo/inner,
7     /neo/outer,
8     /neo/color,
9     /neo/font,
10 }
```

11 }

titleformat plain Controls the formatting of the text on standout "plain" frames.

```
12 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/titleformat plain/.cd,
      .is choice,
14
      regular/.code={%
15
        \let\neo@plaintitleformat\@empty%
16
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\normalfont}%
17
      },
18
      smallcaps/.code={%
19
        \let\neo@plaintitleformat\@empty%
20
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\scshape}%
21
      },
22
      allsmallcaps/.code={%
23
        \let\neo@plaintitleformat\MakeLowercase%
24
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\scshape}%
25
        \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
26
          Be aware that titleformat plain=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
27
        }
28
      },
29
      allcaps/.code={%
30
        \let\neo@plaintitleformat\MakeUppercase%
31
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\normalfont}%
32
        \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
33
          Be aware that titleformat plain=allcaps can lead to problems%
34
        }
35
36
      },
37 }
```

titleformat Sets a standard format for titles, subtitles, section titles, frame titles, and the text on standout "plain" frames.

```
38\pgfkeys{
39  /neo/titleformat/.code=\pgfkeysalso{
40    font/titleformat title=#1,
41    font/titleformat subtitle=#1,
42    font/titleformat section=#1,
43    font/titleformat frame=#1,
44    titleformat plain=#1,
```

```
45 }
46 }
```

59

60 }

Shortcut option names as aliases to the corresponding key=value options.

```
47 \pgfkeys{/neo/.cd,
   noslidenumbers/.code=\pgfkeysalso{outer/numbering=none},
   usetotalslideindicator/.code=\pgfkeysalso{outer/numbering=fraction},
    nosectionslide/.code=\pgfkeysalso{inner/sectionpage=none},
50
   darkcolors/.code=\pgfkeysalso{color/background=dark},
51
   blockbg/.code=\pgfkeysalso{color/block=fill, inner/block=fill},
52
   light/.code=\pgfkeysalso{font/style=light},
53
   book/.code=\pgfkeysalso{font/style=book},
   regular/.code=\pgfkeysalso{font/style=regular},
55
56 }
Set default values for options.
57 \newcommand{\neo@setdefaults}{
   \pgfkeys{/neo/.cd,
```

To avoid generating externalized figures of the progressbar we have to disable them with "tikzexternalenable" and "tikzexternaldisable". However, if the "external" libray is not loaded we would get undefined control sequence problems, hence we define them as no-ops if they are not defined yet.

```
62\providecommand{\tikzexternalenable}{}
63\providecommand{\tikzexternaldisable}{}
```

titleformat plain=regular,

8.1.3 Component sub-packages

Having processed the options, we can now load the component sub-packages of the theme.

```
64\useinnertheme{neo}
65\useoutertheme{neo}
66\usecolortheme{neo}
67\usefonttheme{neo}
```

The tol theme for pgfplots is only loaded if pgfplots is used, pdfpcnotes always

```
68 \AtEndPreamble{%
69 \RequirePackage{pdfpcnotes}
70 \@ifpackageloaded{pgfplots}{%
71 \RequirePackage{pgfplotsthemetol}
72 }{}
73}
```

8.1.4 Custom commands

The parent theme defines custom commands as their proper usage may depend on multiple sub-packages.

\neoset Allows the user to change options midway through a presentation.

```
74\newcommand{\neoset}[1]{\pgfkeys{/neo/.cd,#1}}
```

\plain Creates a plain frame with dark background, suitable for displaying images or a few words. The format of the text can be set with the titleformat plain option.

```
75\def\neo@plaintitleformat#1{#1}
76\newcommand{\plain}[2][]{%
77  \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
78   The syntax '\plain' may be deprecated in a future version of neo.
79   Please use a frame with [standout] instead.
80  }
81  \begin{frame}[standout]{#1}
82   \neo@plaintitleformat{#2}
83  \end{frame}
84}
```

\mreducelistspacing

85 \newcommand{\mreducelistspacing}{\vspace{-\topsep}}

8.1.5 Process package options

86 \neo@setdefaults

```
87 \ProcessPgfOptions{/neo}
```

8.2 NEO inner theme

A beamer inner theme dictates the style of the frame elements traditionally set in the "body" of each slide. These include:

- · title, part, and section pages;
- · itemize, enumerate, and description environments;
- · block environments including theorems and proofs;
- · figures and tables; and
- · footnotes and plain text.

8.2.1 Package dependencies

```
88 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
89 \RequirePackage{keyval}
90 \RequirePackage{calc}
91 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
92 \RequirePackage{pgfpages}
93 \RequirePackage{tikz}
```

8.2.2 Options

sectionpage Optionally add a slide marking the beginning of each section.

subsectionpage Optionally add a slide marking the beginning of each subsection.

```
103 \pgfkeys{
104    /neo/inner/subsectionpage/.cd,
105    .is choice,
106    none/.code=\neo@disablesubsectionpage,
```

```
simple/.code={\neo@enablesubsectionpage
107
                     \setbeamertemplate{section page}[simple]},
108
      progressbar/.code={\neo@enablesubsectionpage
109
                          \setbeamertemplate{section page}[progressbar]},
110
111 }
```

\neo@inner@setdefaults Set default values for inner theme options.

```
112 \newcommand{\neo@inner@setdefaults}{
    \pgfkeys{/neo/inner/.cd,
113
       sectionpage=progressbar,
114
       subsectionpage=none
115
    }
116
117 }
```

8.2.3 Title page

title page

Template for the title page. Each element is only typset if it is defined by the user. If \subtitle is empty, for example, it won't leave a blank space on the title slide.

```
118 \setbeamertemplate{title page}{
    \begin{minipage}[b][0.95\paperheight]{\textwidth}
      \vfill%
120
      \ifx\inserttitle\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{title}\fi
121
      \ifx\insertsubtitle\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{subtitle}\fi
122
      \usebeamertemplate*{title separator}
123
```

Beamer's definition of \insertauthor is always nonempty, so we have to test another macro initialized by $\operatorname{author}\{\ldots\}$ to see if the user has defined an author. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this Stack Exchange question.

```
\ifx\insertdate\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{date}\fi
124
      \ifx\beamer@shortauthor\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{author}\fi
125
      \ifx\insertinstitute\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{institute}\fi
126
127
      \vfill
      \begin{minipage}[b][0.25\paperheight][t]{\textwidth}
129% The lower part of the title page background contains a white area which
130% covers this whole minipage. Thus switch the text color back to normal
        \neo@colors@light%
131
```

Normal people should use \maketitle or \titlepage instead of using the title page beamer template directly. Beamer already defines these macros, but we patch them here to make the title page [plain] by default, remove \@thanks, and ensure the title frame number doesn't count. In addition, \maketitle used outside of a frame will load a predefined background image, which can be changed using the optional argument: \maketitle{extern} for images/titlepage-extern.pdf

\maketitle Inserts the title frame, or causes the current frame to use the title page \titlepage template.

```
137 \renewcommand {\maketitle}[1][extern]{%
     \ifbeamer@inframe
138
       \titlepage
139
    \else
140
141
         \usebackgroundtemplate{\includegraphics[width=\paperwidth]{images/titlepage-#
142
         \frame[plain,noframenumbering]{
143
           \neo@colors@dark
144
           \setbeamercolor{title separator}{
     fg=black!20,
146
     bg=normal text.fg
147
148 }
           \titlepage
149
         }
150
       }
151
    \fi
152
153 }
154 \def\titlepage{%
     \usebeamertemplate{title page}
156 }
```

title graphic Set the title graphic in a zero-height box, so it doesn't change the position of

```
other elements.
                  157 \setbeamertemplate{title graphic}{
                       \vbox to 0pt {
                  158
                         \vspace*{2em}
                  159
                         \inserttitlegraphic%
                  160
                  161
                       \nointerlineskip%
                  162
                  163 }
           title Set the title on the title page.
                  164\setbeamertemplate{title}{
                      \raggedright%
                       \linespread{1.0}%
                  166
                      \inserttitle%
                  167
                       \par%
                  168
                       \vspace*{0.5em}
                  169
                  170 }
       subtitle Set the subtitle on the title page.
                  171 \setbeamertemplate{subtitle}{
                       \raggedright%
                       \insertsubtitle%
                  173
                       \par%
                      \vspace*{0.5em}
                  176 }
title separator Template to set the title graphic in a zero-height box. (It won't change the po-
                  sition of other elements.)
                  177 \newlength{\neo@titleseparator@linewidth}
                  178\setlength{\neo@titleseparator@linewidth}{0.4pt}
```

\fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\textwidth, \neo@titleseparator@linewidth);

179 \setbeamertemplate{title separator}{

\tikzexternaldisable%

\begin{tikzpicture}

\end{tikzpicture}%

\tikzexternalenable%

180

181

182

183

184

185 186 } \par%

```
author Set the author on the title page.
```

```
187 \setbeamertemplate{author}{
                \vspace*{2em}
                \insertauthor%
           189
                \par%
           190
                \vspace*{0.25em}
           191
           192 }
     date Set the date on the title page.
           193 \setbeamertemplate{date}{
                \insertdate%
                \par%
           196 }
institute Set the institute on the title page.
           197 \setbeamertemplate{institute}{
                \vspace*{3mm}
                \insertinstitute%
           199
                \par%
           201 }
```

8.2.4 Section page

section page Template for the section title slide at the beginning of each section.

```
202 \defbeamertemplate{section page}{simple}{
    \begin{center}
203
      \usebeamercolor[fg]{section title}
204
      \usebeamerfont{section title}
205
      \insertsectionhead\par
206
      207
        \usebeamercolor[fg]{subsection title}
208
        \usebeamerfont{subsection title}
209
        \insertsubsectionhead
210
      \fi
211
    \end{center}
212
213 }
214 \defbeamertemplate{section page}{progressbar}{
```

```
\centering
215
     \begin{minipage}{22em}
216
       \raggedright
217
       \usebeamercolor[fg]{section title}
218
       \usebeamerfont{section title}
219
       \insertsectionhead\\[-1ex]
220
       \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in section page}
221
       \par
222
       \ifx\insertsubsectionhead\@empty\else%
223
         \usebeamercolor[fg]{subsection title}%
224
         \usebeamerfont{subsection title}%
225
         \insertsubsectionhead
226
       \fi
227
     \end{minipage}
228
     \par
229
     \vspace{\baselineskip}
230
231 }
232 \newcommand{\neo@disablesectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSection{
233
       % intentionally empty
234
    }
235
236 }
237 \newcommand{\neo@enablesectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSection{
238
       \ifbeamer@inframe
239
         \sectionpage
240
       \else
241
         \frame[plain,c,noframenumbering]{\sectionpage}
242
243
    }
244
245 }
```

subsection page Template for the subsection title slide that can optionally be added to at the beginning of each subsection.

```
246 \setbeamertemplate{subsection page}{%
247  \usebeamertemplate*{section page}
248 }
249 \newcommand{\neo@disablesubsectionpage}{
250  \AtBeginSubsection{
```

```
% intentionally empty
251
     }
252
253 }
254 \newcommand{\neo@enablesubsectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSubsection{
       \ifbeamer@inframe
256
         \subsectionpage
257
       \else
258
         \frame[plain,c,noframenumbering]{\subsectionpage}
       \fi
260
     }
261
262 }
```

rogress bar in section page

Template for the progress bar displayed by default on the section page. This code is duplicated in large part in the outer theme's template progress bar in head/foot.

```
263 \newlength{\neo@progressonsectionpage}
264\newlength{\neo@progressonsectionpage@linewidth}
265\setlength{\neo@progressonsectionpage@linewidth}{0.4pt}
266 \setbeamertemplate{progress bar in section page}{
    \setlength{\neo@progressonsectionpage}{%
      \textwidth * \ratio{\insertframenumber pt}{\inserttotalframenumber pt}%
268
    }%
269
    \tikzexternaldisable%
270
    \begin{tikzpicture}
271
272
      \fill[bg] (0,0) rectangle (\textwidth, \neo@progressonsectionpage@linewidth);
      \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\neo@progressonsectionpage, \neo@progressonsectionpa
273
    \end{tikzpicture}%
274
    \tikzexternalenable%
275
276 }
```

The above code assumes that \insertframenumber is less than or equal to \inserttotalframenumber. However, this is not true on the first compile; in the absence of an .aux file, \inserttotalframenumber defaults to 1. This behaviour could cause fatal errors for long presentations, as \neo@progressonsectionpage would exceed TeX's maximum length (16383.99999pt, roughly 5.75 metres or 18.9 feet). To avoid this, we increase the default value for \inserttotalframenumber; presentations with over 4000 slides will still break on first compile, but users in that situation likely have deeper problems

to solve.

277 \def\inserttotalframenumber{100}

8.2.5 Block environments

block The three different block environments differ only in their colours. Rather block alerted than repeat the essentially the same template three times, we use the auxilblock example iary macro \neo@block to define all three templates.

```
278 \newlength{\neo@blocksep}
279 \newlength{\neo@blockadjust}
280 \setlength{\neo@blocksep}{0.75ex}
281\setlength{\neo@blockadjust}{0.25ex}
282 \providecommand{\neo@strut}{%
    \vphantom{ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz()}%
284 }
285 \newcommand{\neo@block}[1]{
    \par\vskip\medskipamount%
    \setlength{\parskip}{0pt}
287
```

If a background color is defined for the block title or body, we need to add a little bit of padding to the corresponding box. Ideally, this would be accomplished by setting colsep=0.75ex, which is intended to add "color separation space" only when the box has a colored background. Unfortunately, colsep also adds this separation if the background color is inherited, even if the inherited color is actually empty. (The technical reason for this boils down to the fact that the \ifx directive does not expand macros.)

To achieve the correct spacing for alertblocks and exampleblocks as well as for normal blocks, we have to begin the beamercolorbox differently based on whether block title has an empty background.

If the block title background is empty, or the user has explicitly removed the background from (e.g.) block title alerted, we just need to set a rightskip for a nice ragged-right block title.

```
\ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block title#1}{%
288
      \begin{beamercolorbox}[rightskip=0pt plus 4em]{block title#1}}{%
289
    \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block title}{%
290
      \begin{beamercolorbox}[rightskip=0pt plus 4em]{block title#1}%
291
```

```
}%
292
293 %
       \end{macrocode}
294 %
       Otherwise, if the |block title| has a background, we set the padding based
295 %
       on |\neo@blockskip|. However, we have to visually compensate for
296 %
       the |\neo@strut| added to the block title (see below) by
297 %
       subtracting |\neo@blockadjust| from the top and bottom padding.
298 %
299 %
       \begin{macrocode}
300 %
     {%
301
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[
302
         sep=\dimexpr\neo@blocksep-\neo@blockadjust\relax,
303
         leftskip=\neo@blockadjust,
304
         rightskip=\dimexpr\neo@blockadjust plus 4em\relax
305
       ]{block title#1}%
306
     }}%
307
       \end{macrocode}
308 %
309 %
310 %
       We can now set the contents of the |block title|. The zero-width but
       positive-height box |\neo@strut| ensures that the block title box
311 %
       has a consistent height, even if it lacks punctuation, ascenders, or
312 %
313 %
       descenders.
314 %
       \begin{macrocode}
315 %
         \usebeamerfont*{block title#1}%
316
         \neo@strut%
317
         \insertblocktitle%
318
         \neo@strut%
319
     \end{beamercolorbox}%
320
       \end{macrocode}
321 %
322 %
       Next, we typeset the |block body|. This the code is similar to, but simpler
323 %
       than, the |block title| code since we don't need to adjust for any struts.
324 %
325 %
       \begin{macrocode}
326 %
     \nointerlineskip%
327
     \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block body#1}{%
328
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[vmode]{block body#1}}{
329
     \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block body}{%
330
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[vmode]{block body#1}%
331
```

```
332      }{%
333      \begin{beamercolorbox}[sep=\neo@blocksep, vmode]{block body#1}%
334      \vspace{-\neo@parskip}
335      }}%
336      \usebeamerfont{block body#1}%
337      \setlength{\parskip}{\neo@parskip}%
338 }
```

This concludes the auxiliary macro \neo@block. Finally, we define the block beamer templates using this macro.

```
339 \setbeamertemplate{block begin}{\neo@block{}}
340 \setbeamertemplate{block alerted begin}{\neo@block{ alerted}}
341 \setbeamertemplate{block example begin}{\neo@block{ example}}
342 \setbeamertemplate{block end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
343 \setbeamertemplate{block alerted end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
344 \setbeamertemplate{block example end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
```

8.2.6 Lists and floats

```
345\setbeamertemplate{itemize items}{\raise1pt\hbox{\vrule width 0.8ex height 0.8ex}}
346\setbeamertemplate{itemize subitem}{\raise1pt\hbox{\vrule width 0.5ex height 0.5ex}}
347\setbeamertemplate{itemize subsubitem}{\raise.5ex\hbox{\vrule width 1ex height 0.2e}}
348\defbeamertemplate{description item}{align left}{\insertdescriptionitem\hfill}}
349\setbeamertemplate{caption label separator}{:}
350\setbeamertemplate{caption}[numbered]
```

8.2.7 Footnotes

```
351 \setbeamertemplate{footnote}{%
352 \parindent 0em\noindent%
353 \raggedright
354 \usebeamercolor{footnote}\hbox to 0.8em{\hfil\insertfootnotemark}\hangindent=0.8e
355 }
```

8.2.8 Text and spacing settings

```
356 \newlength{\neo@parskip}
357 \setlength{\neo@parskip}{0.5em}
358 \setlength{\parskip}{\neo@parskip}
359 \linespread{1.15}
```

By default, Beamer frames offer the c option to almost vertically center the text, but the placement is a little too high. To fix this, we redefine the c option to equalize \beamer@frametopskip and \beamer@framebottomskip. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this Stack Exchange question.

```
360 \define@key{beamerframe}{c}[true]{% centered
361 \beamer@frametopskip=0pt plus 1fill\relax%
362 \beamer@framebottomskip=0pt plus 1fill\relax%
363 \beamer@frametopskipautobreak=0pt plus .4\paperheight\relax%
364 \beamer@framebottomskipautobreak=0pt plus .6\paperheight\relax%
365 \def\beamer@initfirstlineunskip{}%
366}
```

8.2.9 Standout frames

NEO offers a custom frame format with large, centered text and an inverted background. To use it, add the key standout to the frame: \begin{frame}[standout] ... \end{frame}

standout Optional arguments to Beamer's frames are implemented using \define@key from the keyval package, which will execute code when the defined option is called. For the standout option, we begin a group, change the colors and fonts, use a plain slide, and set a alignment.

```
367 \providebool{neo@standout}
368 \define@key{beamerframe}{standout}[true]{%
     \booltrue{neo@standout}
369
    \begingroup
370
       \setkeys{beamerframe}{c,plain}
371
       \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{palette primary}{
372
         \setbeamercolor{background canvas}{
373
           use=palette primary,
374
           bg=-palette primary.fg
375
         }
376
       }{
377
         \setbeamercolor{background canvas}{
378
           use=palette primary,
379
           bg=palette primary.bg
380
         }
381
       }
382
       \setbeamercolor{local structure}{
383
```

```
fg=palette primary.fg
384
385
       \usebeamercolor[fg]{palette primary}
386
       \makeatletter
387
       \def\beamer@framenotesbegin{% at beginning of slide
388
         \usebeamercolor[fg]{palette primary}
389
         \gdef\beamer@noteitems{}%
390
         \gdef\beamer@notes{}%
391
       }
392
       \makeatother
393
394 }
```

Then we just have to close the group after the standout slide is finished in order to restore the colours and fonts for the rest of the presentation.

Unfortunately, we cannot use or this (see

http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/226319/). Instead, we prepend the \endgroup to \beamer@reseteecodes, which is run exactly once at the end of each slide.

```
395 \pretocmd{\beamer@reseteecodes}{%
396 \ifbool{neo@standout}{
397 \endgroup
398 \boolfalse{neo@standout}
399 }{}
400 }{}{}
```

We set the fonts and the alignment on the inner content, in such a way that the speaker's note layout isn't affected by the custom formatting.

```
\AtBeginEnvironment{beamer@frameslide}{
401
       \makeatletter
402
       \usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}
403
       \gdef\beamer@noteitems{}%
404
       \gdef\beamer@notes{}%
405
       \makeatother
406
       \infbool{neo@standout}{}
407
         \centering
408
         \usebeamerfont{standout}
409
       }{}
410
    }
411
```

8.2.10 Process package options

```
412 \neo@inner@setdefaults
413 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/neo/inner}
```

8.3 NEO outer theme

A beamer outer theme dictates the style of the frame elements traditionally set outside the body of each slide: the head, footline, and frame title.

8.3.1 Package dependencies

```
414 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
415 \RequirePackage{calc}
416 \RequirePackage{pgfpages}
417 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.3.2 Options

icon Adds an icon to the frametitle on each slide.

```
418 \pgfkeys{
419    /neo/outer/frametitle icon/.cd,
420    .is choice,
421    none/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frametitle icon}[none],
422    i4/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frametitle icon}[i4],
423    fau/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frametitle icon}[fau],
424 }
```

numbering Adds slide numbers to the bottom right of each slide.

```
425 \pgfkeys{
426    /neo/outer/numbering/.cd,
427    .is choice,
428    none/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[none],
429    counter/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[counter],
430    fraction/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[fraction],
431}
```

notes Show notes in presentation

```
432 \pgfkeys{
433 /neo/outer/notes/.cd,
```

```
.is choice,
434
                 none/.code=\pgfkeysalso{notes=hide},
435
                 hide/.code=\setbeameroption{hide notes},
436
                 show/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show notes}},
437
                 only/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show only note
438
                 preview-left/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[default]\setbeameroption{show
439
                 preview-right/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[default]\setbeameroption{sho
440
                 preview-top/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[default]\setbeameroption{show
441
                 preview-bottom/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[default]\setbeameroption{sh
442
                 preview-left-big/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[preview-big]\setbeameropt
443
                 preview-right-big/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[preview-big]\setbeamerop
444
                 preview-top-big/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[preview-big]\setbeameropti
445
                 preview-bottom-big/.code={\tt \setbeamertemplate} \{note\ page\}[preview-big] \\ \verb|\setbeamero| | learned | l
446
                 left/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show notes on
447
                 right/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show notes on
448
                 top/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show notes on s
449
                 bottom/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show notes o
450
451 }
```

footer Adds additional presentation information to the footer

```
452 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/outer/footer/.cd,
453
       .is choice,
454
      none/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}[none],
455
      author/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}[author],
456
      author title/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}[author title],
457
      title/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}[title],
458
      title section/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}[title section],
459
460 }
```

footer style Footer background color

```
461 \providebool{neo@standoutfooter}
462 \pgfkeys{
463    /neo/outer/footer style/.cd,
464    .is choice,
465    plain/.code={\boolfalse{neo@standoutfooter}\setbeamertemplate{footline}[plain]}
466    standout/.code={\booltrue{neo@standoutfooter}\setbeamertemplate{footline}[stand
467 }
```

progressbar Adds a progress bar to the top, bottom, or frametitle of each slide. In case this is used in combination with footer style, it must be set afterwards (e.g. to have the progressbar on top of the footer styled with standout).

```
468 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/outer/progressbar/.cd,
469
       .is choice,
470
       none/.code={%
471
         \setbeamertemplate{headline}[plain]
472
         \setbeamertemplate{frametitle}[plain]
473
       },
474
       head/.code={\pgfkeys{/neo/outer/progressbar=none}
475
         \addtobeamertemplate{headline}{}{%
476
           \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foot}
477
         }
478
       },
479
       frametitle/.code={\pgfkeys{/neo/outer/progressbar=none}
480
         \addtobeamertemplate{frametitle}{}{%
481
           \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foot}
482
         }
483
       },
484
       foot/.code={\pgfkeys{/neo/outer/progressbar=none}
485
         \ifbool{neo@standoutfooter}{%
486
           \addtobeamertemplate{footline}{\usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foo
487
         }{%
488
           \addtobeamertemplate{footline}{}{\usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/f
489
         }
490
491
       },
492 }
```

\neo@outer@setdefaults Sets default values for outer theme options.

```
493 \newcommand{\neo@outer@setdefaults}{
     \pgfkeys{/neo/outer/.cd,
494
       frametitle icon=none,
495
       footer=none,
496
       footer style=plain,
497
       numbering=counter,
498
       progressbar=none,
499
    }
500
501 }
```

8.3.3 Head and footline

All good beamer presentations should already remove the navigation symbols, but **NEO** removes them automatically (just in case).

```
502\setbeamertemplate{navigation symbols}{}
```

frametitle icon Templates for the icon on the right of the frame title.

```
503 \defbeamertemplate{frametitle icon}{none}{}
504 \defbeamertemplate{frametitle icon}{i4}{ \hfill\raisebox{-.25\height}{\includegraph
505 \defbeamertemplate{frametitle icon}{fau}{ \hfill\raisebox{-.25\height}{\includegraph
```

frame numbering

Templates for the frame number. Can be omitted, shown or displayed as a fraction of the total frames.

```
506 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{none}{}
507 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{author}{
    \insertshortauthor%
508
510 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{author title}{
    \insertshortauthor%
511
    \hfill%
    \insertshorttitle%
    \hfill%
514
516 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{title}{
    \insertshorttitle%
517
518 }
519 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{title section}{
    \insertshorttitle%
    \hfill%
521
    \insertsection%
    \hfill%
523
524 }
525 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{custom}[1]{ #1 }
```

Add strut to ensure that frame numbers don't jump

```
526\newcommand{\neo@framenumberingstrut}{\vphantom{0123456789}}
527\defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{\none}{}
528\defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{counter}{\neo@framenumberingstrut\insertframenu
```

```
529 \defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{fraction}{
              \neo@framenumberingstrut\insertframenumber/\inserttotalframenumber
         531 }
         Templates for the head- and footline at the top and bottom of each frame.
headline
footline
         532 \defbeamertemplate{headline}{plain}{}
         533 \defbeamertemplate{footline}{plain}{%
              \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\textwidth, sep=1.3ex]{footline}%
         534
                \usebeamerfont{page number in head/foot}%
         535
                \usebeamertemplate*{frame footer}
         536
                \hfill%
         537
                \parbox{.1\framewidth}{\hfill\usebeamertemplate*{frame numbering}}
         538
              \end{beamercolorbox}%
         539
         540 }
         541 \defbeamertemplate{footline}{standout}{%
              \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\textwidth, sep=1.3ex]{palette primary}%
         542
                \usebeamerfont{page number in head/foot}%
         543
                \usebeamertemplate*{frame footer}
         544
                \hfill%
          545
                \parbox{.1\framewidth}{\hfill\usebeamertemplate*{frame numbering}}
              \end{beamercolorbox}%
         547
         548 }
```

8.3.4 Frametitle

frametitle Templates for the frame title, which is optionally underlined with a progress bar.

```
549 \newlength{\neo@frametitle@padding}
550 \setlength{\neo@frametitle@padding}{2.2ex}
551 \newcommand{\neo@frametitlestrut@start}{
    \rule{Opt}{\neo@frametitle@padding +%
552
      \totalheightof{%
553
        \footnotemat{\conframe} \
554
      }%
555
    }%
556
557 }
558 \newcommand{\neo@frametitlestrut@end}{
    \rule[-\neo@frametitle@padding]{Opt}{\neo@frametitle@padding}
560 }
```

```
561 \defbeamertemplate{frametitle}{plain}{%
    \nointerlineskip%
562
    \begin{beamercolorbox}[%
563
         wd=\paperwidth,%
564
         sep=0pt,%
565
         leftskip=\neo@frametitle@padding,%
566
         rightskip=\neo@frametitle@padding,%
567
       l{frametitle}%
568
    \neo@frametitlestrut@start%
569
    \insertframetitle%
570
    \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle icon}%
571
    \nolinebreak%
572
    \neo@frametitlestrut@end%
573
    \end{beamercolorbox}%
574
575 }
576\setbeamertemplate{frametitle continuation}{%
    \usebeamerfont{frametitle}
      {\normalfont (\insertcontinuationcount)}
578
579 }
```

progress bar in head/foot

Template for the progress bar optionally displayed below the frame title on each page. Much of this code is duplicated in the inner theme's template progress bar in section page.

```
580 \newlength{\neo@progressinheadfoot}
581 \newlength{\neo@progressinheadfoot@linewidth}
582 \setlength{\neo@progressinheadfoot@linewidth}{0.8pt}
583\setbeamertemplate{progress bar in head/foot}{
    \nointerlineskip
584
    \setlength{\neo@progressinheadfoot}{%
585
      \paperwidth * \ratio{\insertframenumber pt}{\inserttotalframenumber pt}%
586
    }%
587
    \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\paperwidth]{progress bar in head/foot}
588
      \tikzexternaldisable%
589
      \begin{tikzpicture}
590
        \fill[bg] (0,0) rectangle (\paperwidth, \neo@progressinheadfoot@linewidth);
591
        \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\neo@progressinheadfoot, \neo@progressinheadfoot@l
592
      \end{tikzpicture}%
593
      \tikzexternalenable%
594
    \end{beamercolorbox}
```

596 }

custom notes Templates for note pages

```
597 \defbeamertemplate{note page}{preview-big}
598 {%
           {%
599
                \scriptsize
600
                \usebeamerfont{note title}\usebeamercolor[fg]{note title}%
601
                \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{note title}{}{%
602
                     \insertvrule{.45\paperheight}{note title.bg}%
603
                     \vskip-.45\paperheight%
604
                     \nointerlineskip%
605
                }%
606
                \vbox{
607
                     \hfill\insertslideintonotes{0.45}\hskip-\Gm@rmargin\hskip0pt%
608
                     \vskip-0.45\paperheight%
609
                     \nointerlineskip
610
                     \begin{pgfpicture}{0cm}{0cm}{0cm}{0cm}
611
                         \begin{pgflowlevelscope}{\pgftransformrotate{90}}
612
                               {\pgftransformshift{\pgfpoint{-2cm}{0.2cm}}%
613
                               \pgftext[base,left]{\usebeamerfont{note date}\usebeamercolor[fg]{note dat
614
                          \end{pgflowlevelscope}
615
                     \end{pgfpicture}}
616
                \nointerlineskip
617
                \vbox to .45\paperheight{\vskip0.5em
618
                     \hbox{\insertshorttitle[width=8cm]}%
619
                     \setbox\beamer@tempbox=\hbox{\insertsection}%
620
                     \hbox{\ifdim\wd\beamer@tempbox>1pt{\hskip4pt\raise3pt\hbox{\vrule
621
                                   width0.4pt height7pt\vrule width 9pt
622
                                   \label{lem:height0.4pt} $$  height0.4pt} \hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{7.5cm}\def\breakhere{}} $$  \hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}} \ho
623
                     }%
624
                     \setbox\beamer@tempbox=\hbox{\insertsubsection}%
625
                     \hbox{\ifdim\wd\beamer@tempbox>1pt{\hskip17.4pt\raise3pt\hbox{\vrule
626
                                   width0.4pt height7pt\vrule width 9pt
627
                                   height0.4pt}}\hskip1pt\hbox{\begin{minipage}[t]{7.5cm}\def\breakhere{}\
628
                     }%
629
                     \setbox\beamer@tempbox=\hbox{\insertshortframetitle}%
630
                     \hbox{\ifdim\wd\beamer@tempbox>1pt{\hskip30.8pt\raise3pt\hbox{\vrule
631
                                   width0.4pt height7pt\vrule width 9pt
632
```

```
height0.4pt}}\hskip1pt\hbox{\insertshortframetitle[width=7cm]}\fi%
633
         }%
634
         \vfil}%
635
     }%
636
    \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{note page}{}{%
637
       \nointerlineskip%
638
       \insertvrule{.55\paperheight}{note page.bg}%
639
       \vskip-.55\paperheight%
640
    }%
641
    \vskip.25em
642
     \nointerlineskip
643
    \insertnote
644
645 }
646 \defbeamertemplate{note page}{print}
647 {%
     {%
648
     \nointerlineskip%
649
     \begin{beamercolorbox}[%
650
        wd=\paperwidth,%
651
        sep=0pt,%
652
        leftskip=\neo@frametitle@padding,%
653
        rightskip=\neo@frametitle@padding,%
654
     ]{note title}%
655
       \usebeamerfont{frametitle}%
656
       \neo@frametitlestrut@start%
657
       \insertframetitle%
658
       \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle icon}%
659
       \nolinebreak%
660
       \neo@frametitlestrut@end%
661
    \end{beamercolorbox}%
662
     }%
663
    \insertnote%
664
     \vfill%
665
     \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\paperwidth, sep=3ex]{footline}%
666
       \usebeamerfont{page number in head/foot}%
667
       \usebeamertemplate*{frame footer}
668
       \hfill%
669
       \usebeamertemplate*{frame numbering}
670
    \end{beamercolorbox}%
671
    \vskip4pt%
672
```

673 }

appendix Removes page numbering and per-slide progress bars when \appendix is called. This makes it easier to include additional "backup slides" at the end of the presentation, especially in conjunction with the package appendix number beamer.

8.3.5 Process package options

```
682 \neo@outer@setdefaults
683 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/neo/outer}
```

8.4 NEO font theme

A beamer font theme sets the style of the font used in the document.

8.4.1 Package dependencies

```
684 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
685 \RequirePackage{ifxetex}
686 \RequirePackage{ifluatex}
687 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.4.2 Load Fira fonts

If the presentation is compiled with XeMEX or LuaMEX, the fontspec package is loaded and we search for the Fira fonts.

```
\IfFileExists{FiraSans-Regular.otf}{
694
       \defaultfontfeatures{
695
             Scale
                        = 1.0,
696
             Extension = .otf
697
       }
698
    }{
699
       \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
700
         FiraSans font not found in path, therefore using system fonts. %
701
         Make sure you have the fonts installed.%
702
       }
703
704
     \setmonofont
705
       [ Numbers = {Monospaced, Lining},
706
         UprightFont
                         = *-Regular,
707
         ItalicFont
                         = *-Regular,
708
         BoldFont
                         = *-Medium ,
709
         BoldItalicFont = *-Medium ,
710
711
       {FiraMono}
712
     \newcommand{\neo@fontsave}{
713
       \let\firaneofamily\sfdefault
       \renewcommand*\familydefault{\firaneofamily}
715
716
     \newcommand{\neo@fontlight}{
717
       \setsansfont[
718
           Numbers = {OldStyle, Monospaced},
719
           UprightFont
                           = *-Light,
720
                           = *-LightItalic ,
           ItalicFont
721
           BoldFont
                           = *-Regular ,
722
           BoldItalicFont = *-RegularItalic ,
723
724
         ]{FiraSans}
       \neo@fontsave
725
726
     \newcommand{\neo@fontbook}{
727
       \setsansfont[
728
           Numbers = {OldStyle, Monospaced},
729
           UprightFont
                           = *-Book,
730
                           = *-BookItalic ,
           ItalicFont
731
           BoldFont
                           = *-Medium ,
732
           BoldItalicFont = *-MediumItalic ,
733
```

```
]{FiraSans}
734
       \neo@fontsave
735
736
     \newcommand{\neo@fontregular}{
737
       \setsansfont[
738
           Numbers = {OldStyle, Monospaced},
739
           UprightFont
                           = *-Regular ,
740
           ItalicFont
                           = *-RegularItalic ,
741
           BoldFont
                           = *-SemiBold ,
742
           BoldItalicFont = *-SemiBoldItalic ,
743
         ]{FiraSans}
744
       \neo@fontsave
745
     }
746
     \AtBeginEnvironment{tabular}{%
747
       \addfontfeature{Numbers={Monospaced}}%
748
    }
749
750 } {%
     \RequirePackage[utf8]{inputenc}
751
     \IfFileExists{FiraSans.sty}{
752
       \RequirePackage[T1]{fontenc}
753
       \RequirePackage[sfdefault]{FiraSans}
754
       \RequirePackage[nomap,lining]{FiraMono}
755
       \def\bfseries@tt{mb}
756
       \newcommand{\neo@fontsave}{
757
         \edef\familydefault{\sfdefault}
758
         \edef\seriesdefault{\mdseries@sf}
759
760
       \newcommand{\neo@fontlight}{
761
         \def\mdseries@sf{l}
762
         \def\bfseries@sf{m}
763
         \neo@fontsave
764
       }
765
       \newcommand{\neo@fontbook}{
766
         \def\bfseries@sf{mb}
767
         \neo@fontsave
768
       }
769
       \newcommand{\neo@fontregular}{
770
         \def\mdseries@sf{m}
771
         \def\bfseries@sf{sb}
772
         \neo@fontsave
773
```

This concludes the portion of the code which is only run when compiled with XeETEX or LuaETEX. The remainder of this package applies regardless of the compiling engine.

8.4.3 General font definitions

```
782\setbeamerfont{title}{size=\Large,%
                         series=\bfseries}
783
784\setbeamerfont{author}{size=\small}
785 \setbeamerfont{date}{size=\small}
786 \setbeamerfont{section title}{size=\Large,%
                                  series=\bfseries}
787
788 \setbeamerfont{block title}{size=\normalsize,%
                               series=\bfseries}
789
790\setbeamerfont{block title alerted}{size=\normalsize,%
                                        series=\bfseries}
792 \setbeamerfont*{subtitle}{size=\large}
793 \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{size=\large,%
                              series=\bfseries}
795 \setbeamerfont{caption}{size=\small}
796 \setbeamerfont{caption name}{series=\bfseries}
797 \setbeamerfont{description item}{series=\bfseries}
798\setbeamerfont{page number in head/foot}{size=\scriptsize}
799 \setbeamerfont{bibliography entry author}{size=\normalsize,%
                                              series=\normalfont}
800
801\setbeamerfont{bibliography entry title}{size=\normalsize,%
                                             series=\bfseries}
802
803\setbeamerfont{bibliography entry location}{size=\normalsize,%
                                                series=\normalfont}
804
805\setbeamerfont{bibliography entry note}{size=\small,%
                                            series=\normalfont}
```

8.4.4 Font style options

titleformat title Controls the overall font style.

```
809 \pgfkeys{
810  /neo/font/style/.cd,
811    .is choice,
812    light/.code={\neo@fontlight},
813    book/.code={\neo@fontbook},
814    regular/.code={\neo@fontregular},
815}
```

8.4.5 Title format options

titleformat title Controls the format of the title.

```
816 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/font/titleformat title/.cd,
       .is choice,
818
       regular/.code={%
819
         \let\neo@titleformat\@empty%
820
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\normalfont}%
821
822
       },
       smallcaps/.code={%
823
         \let\neo@titleformat\@empty%
824
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\scshape}%
825
       },
826
       allsmallcaps/.code={%
827
         \let\neo@titleformat\lowercase%
828
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\scshape}%
829
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
830
           Be aware that titleformat title=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
831
         }
832
       },
833
       allcaps/.code={%
834
         \let\neo@titleformat\uppercase%
835
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\normalfont}
836
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
837
```

```
}
                       839
                              },
                       840
                       841 }
titleformat subtitle Control the format of the subtitle.
                       842 \pgfkeys{
                            /neo/font/titleformat subtitle/.cd,
                       843
                              .is choice,
                       844
                              regular/.code={%
                       845
                                \let\neo@subtitleformat\@empty%
                       846
                                \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
                       847
                              },
                       848
                              smallcaps/.code={%
                       849
                                \let\neo@subtitleformat\@empty%
                       850
                                \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\scshape}%
                       851
                              },
                       852
                              allsmallcaps/.code={%
                       853
                                \let\neo@subtitleformat\lowercase%
                       854
                                \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\scshape}%
                       855
                                \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
                       856
                                  Be aware that titleformat subtitle=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
                       857
                                }
                       858
                              },
                       859
                              allcaps/.code={%
                       860
                                \let\neo@subtitleformat\uppercase%
                       861
                                \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
                       862
                                \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
                       863
                                  Be aware that titleformat subtitle=allcaps can lead to problems%
                       864
                                }
                       865
                              },
                       866
                       867 }
 titleformat section Controls the format of the section title.
                       868 \pgfkeys{
                            /neo/font/titleformat section/.cd,
                       869
                              .is choice,
                       870
                              regular/.code={%
                       871
```

838

Be aware that titleformat title=allcaps can lead to problems%

\let\neo@sectiontitleformat\@empty%

```
\setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\normalfont}%
873
       },
874
       smallcaps/.code={%
875
         \let\neo@sectiontitleformat\@empty%
876
         \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\scshape}%
877
       },
878
       allsmallcaps/.code={%
879
         \let\neo@sectiontitleformat\MakeLowercase%
880
         \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\scshape}%
881
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
882
           Be aware that titleformat section=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
883
         }
884
       },
885
       allcaps/.code={%
886
         \let\neo@sectiontitleformat\MakeUppercase%
887
         \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\normalfont}%
888
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
889
           Be aware that titleformat section=allcaps can lead to problems%
890
         }
891
       },
892
893 }
```

frametitleformat Control the format of the frame title.

```
894 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/font/titleformat frame/.cd,
895
       .is choice,
896
      regular/.code={%
897
         \let\neo@frametitleformat\@empty%
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
899
900
      smallcaps/.code={%
901
         \let\neo@frametitleformat\@empty%
902
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\scshape}%
903
      },
904
      allsmallcaps/.code={%
905
         \let\neo@frametitleformat\MakeLowercase%
906
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\scshape}%
907
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
908
           Be aware that titleformat frame=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
909
```

```
}
910
       },
911
       allcaps/.code={%
912
         \let\neo@frametitleformat\MakeUppercase%
913
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\normalfont}
914
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
915
           Be aware that titleformat frame=allcaps can lead to problems%
916
         }
917
       },
918
919 }
```

titleformat aliases Allows titleformat title et al. to be used in the \usetheme declaration, where LTFX automatically removes all spaces.

```
920 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/font/.cd,
    titleformattitle/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat title=#1},
    titleformatsubtitle/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat subtitle=#1},
923
    titleformatsection/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat section=#1},
    titleformatframe/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat frame=#1},
925
926 }
```

\neo@font@setdefaults Sets default values for font theme options.

```
927 \newcommand{\neo@font@setdefaults}{
     \pgfkeys{/neo/font/.cd,
928
       style=book,
929
       titleformat title=regular,
930
       titleformat subtitle=regular,
931
       titleformat section=regular,
       titleformat frame=regular,
933
    }
934
935 }
```

We first define hooks to change the case format of the titles.

```
936 \def\neo@titleformat#1{#1}
937 \def\neo@subtitleformat#1{#1}
938 \def\neo@sectiontitleformat#1{#1}
939 \def\neo@frametitleformat#1{#1}
```

To make the uppercase and lowercase macros work in the title, subtitle, etc., we have to patch the appropriate beamer commands that set their values. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this StackExchange question.

```
940 \patchcmd{\beamer@title}%
           {\def\inserttitle{#2}}%
           {\def\inserttitle{\neo@titleformat{#2}}}%
942
943
           {\PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching title failed}\@ehc}
945 \patchcmd{\beamer@subtitle}%
           {\def\insertsubtitle{#2}}%
           {\def\insertsubtitle{\neo@subtitleformat{#2}}}%
947
948
           {\PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching subtitle failed}\@ehc}
949
950 \patchcmd{\sectionentry}
           {\def\insertsectionhead{#2}}
           {\def\insertsectionhead{\neo@sectiontitleformat{#2}}}
952
953
           {\PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching section title failed}\@ehc}
955 \atempswafalse
956 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
            {\edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{\unexpanded{#
           {\edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
958
                \noexpand\neo@sectiontitleformat{\unexpanded{#1}}}}
959
           {\atempswatrue}
960
           {}
961
962 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
           {\def\insertsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{#1}}}
963
           {\def\insertsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
964
                \neo@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
965
           {\atempswatrue}
966
           {}
967
968 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
           {\edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{\unexpanded{#
           {\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\en
970
                \noexpand\neo@sectiontitleformat{\unexpanded{#1}}}}
971
           {\atempswatrue}
972
           {}
974 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
```

```
{\protected@edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{#1}
975
     {\protected@edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
976
       \noexpand\neo@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
977
     {\atempswatrue}
978
     {}
980 \if@tempswa\else
     \PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching section title failed}\@ehc
981
982\fi
983 \@tempswafalse
984 \patchcmd{\beamer@subsection}
     {\edef\insertsubsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
986
       \noexpand\neo@sectiontitleformat{\unexpanded{#1}}}}
987
     {\atempswatrue}
988
     {}
989
990 \patchcmd{\beamer@subsection}
     {\def\insertsubsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{#1}}}
991
     {\def\insertsubsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
992
       \neo@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
993
     {\atempswatrue}
994
     {}
995
996 \patchcmd{\beamer@subsection}
     {\protected@edef\insertsubsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{
997
     {\protected@edef\insertsubsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{
998
       \noexpand\neo@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
999
     {\atempswatrue}
     {}
1001
1002 \if@tempswa\else
     \PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching section title failed}\@ehc
1004\fi
 Similarly, to make the \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase macros work
 in the frame title we have to patch \beamer@@frametitle.
1005 \patchcmd{\beamer@@frametitle}
     {{%
1006
         \gdef\insertframetitle{{#2\ifnum\beamer@autobreakcount>0\relax{}\space%
1007
         \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle continuation}\fi}}%
1008
       \gdef\beamer@frametitle{#2}%
1009
       \gdef\beamer@shortframetitle{#1}%
1010
```

```
}}
1011
    {{%
1012
        1013
        \beamer@autobreakcount>0\relax{}\space%
1014
        \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle continuation}\fi}}%
1015
      \gdef\beamer@frametitle{#2}%
1016
      \gdef\beamer@shortframetitle{#1}%
1017
      }}
1018
    {}
1019
    {\PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching frame title failed}\@ehc}
1020
```

8.4.6 Process package options

```
1021 \neo@font@setdefaults
1022 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/neo/font}
```

8.5 NEO color theme

8.5.1 Package dependencies

1023 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}

8.5.2 Options

block Optionally adds a light grey background to block environments like theorem and example.

```
1024 \pgfkeys{
1025    /neo/color/block/.cd,
1026    .is choice,
1027    transparent/.code=\neo@block@transparent,
1028    fill/.code=\neo@block@fill,
1029 }
```

colors Provides the option to have a dark background and light foreground instead of the reverse.

```
1030 \pgfkeys{
1031  /neo/color/background/.cd,
1032  .is choice,
1033  dark/.code=\neo@colors@dark,
1034  light/.code=\neo@colors@light,
```

1035 }

\neo@color@setdefaults Sets default values for color theme options.

```
1036 \newcommand{\neo@color@setdefaults}{
1037 \pgfkeys{/neo/color/.cd,
1038 background=light,
1039 block=transparent,
1040 }
1041}
```

8.5.3 Base colors

```
1042
1043 \definecolor{nDarkGrey}{RGB}{152,164,174}
1044 \definecolor{nGrey}{RGB}{210,213,215}
1045 \definecolor{nLightGrey}{RGB}{235,236,238}
1046
1047 \definecolor{nDarkRed}{RGB}{141,20,41}
1048 \definecolor{nRed}{RGB}{201,169,147}
1049 \definecolor{nLightRed}{RGB}{237,231,222}
1050
1051 \definecolor{nDarkGreen}{RGB}{0,155,119}
1052 \definecolor{nGreen}{RGB}{170,207,189}
1053 \definecolor{nLightGreen}{RGB}{229,239,234}
1054
1055 \definecolor{nDarkBlue}{RGB}{0,56,101}
1056 \definecolor{nBlue}{RGB}{144,167,198}
1057 \definecolor{nLightBlue}{RGB}{221,229,240}
1059 \definecolor{nDarkCyan}{RGB}{0,177,235}
1060 \definecolor{nCyan}{RGB}{180,214,245}
1061 \definecolor{nLightCyan}{RGB}{234,243,252}
1062
1063 \definecolor{nDarkYellow}{RGB}{201,147,19}
1064 \definecolor{nYellow}{RGB}{217,198,137}
1065 \definecolor{nLightYellow}{RGB}{243,238,223}
1066
1067 \definecolor{nBlack}{HTML}{011F32}
1068 \definecolor{nWhite}{RGB}{250,250,250}
```

8.5.4 Alias colors

Support the colors provided by the old i4 beamer theme.

```
1069 \colorlet{i4red}{nDarkRed}
1070 \colorlet{i4green}{nDarkGreen}
1071 \colorlet{i4blue}{nDarkBlue}
1072 \colorlet{i4cyan}{nDarkCyan}
1073 \colorlet{i4cyellow}{nDarkYellow}
1074 \colorlet{i4grey}{nDarkGrey}
1075 \definecolor{darkred}{rgb}{0.8,0,0}
1076 \colorlet{beamergreen}{green!50!black}
```

8.5.5 Base styles

All colors in ${\it NEO}$ are derived from the definitions of normal text, alerted text, and example text.

```
1077 \newcommand{\neo@colors@dark}{
     \setbeamercolor{normal text}{%
1078
        fg=nWhite,
1079
        bg=nBlack
1080
     }
1081
     \setbeamercolor{normal item}{%
1082
        fg=nWhite,
1083
        bg=nDarkBlue
1084
1085
     \usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}
1086
1087 }
1088 \newcommand{\neo@colors@light}{
     \setbeamercolor{normal text}{%
1089
        fg=nBlack,
1090
        bg=nWhite
1091
1092
     \setbeamercolor{normal item}{%
1093
        fg=nDarkBlue,
1094
        bg=nWhite
1095
1096
1097 }
1098 \setbeamercolor{alerted text}{%
     fg=nDarkRed
```

```
1100 }
1101 \setbeamercolor{example text}{%
1102    fg=nDarkYellow
1103 }
1104 \setbeamercolor{note title}{%
1105    fg=nDarkBlue,
1106    bg=nGrey
1107 }
1108 \setbeamercolor{note page}{%
1109    fg=nBlack,
1110    bg=nLightGrey
1111 }
```

8.5.6 Derived colors

The titles and structural elements (e.g. itemize bullets) are set in the same color as normal text.and normal item. This would ideally done by setting normal text and normal item as a parent style, which we do to set titlelike, but this doesn't work for structure as its foreground is set explicitly in beamercolorthemedefault.sty.

```
1112\setbeamercolor{titlelike}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
1113\setbeamercolor{author}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
1114\setbeamercolor{date}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
1115\setbeamercolor{institute}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
1116\setbeamercolor{structure}{use=normal item, fg=normal item.fg}
```

The "primary" palette should be used for the most important navigational elements, and possibly of other elements. **NEO** uses it for frame titles and slides.

```
1117 \setbeamercolor{palette primary}{%
1118    use=normal text,
1119    fg=normal text.bg,
1120    bg=nDarkBlue
1121 }
1122 \setbeamercolor{frametitle}{%
1123    use=palette primary,
1124    parent=palette primary
1125 }
```

The **NEO** inner or outer themes optionally display progress bars in various loca-

tions. Their color is set by progress bar but the two different kinds can be customized separately. The horizontal rule on the title page is also set based on the progress bar color and can be customized with title separator.

```
1126\setbeamercolor{progress bar}{%
1127
     use=normal text,
     fg=nDarkBlue,
1128
     bg=nLightBlue
1129
1130 }
1131\setbeamercolor{title separator}{
     use=progress bar,
1132
     parent=progress bar
1133
1134 }
1135\setbeamercolor{progress bar in head/foot}{%
     use=normal text.fg,
     fg=nBlack,
1137
     parent=progress bar
1138
1139 }
1140\setbeamercolor{progress bar in section page}{
     use=progress bar,
     parent=progress bar
1142
1143 }
```

Block environments such as theorem and example have no background color by default. The option block=fill sets a background color based on the background and foreground of normal text. The option block=transparent reverts the block environments to an empty background, which can be useful if changing colors mid-presentation.

```
1144 \newcommand{\neo@block@transparent}{
     \setbeamercolor{block title}{%
1145
        use=normal text,
1146
1147
        fg=nDarkBlue,
        bg=
1148
1149
     \setbeamercolor{block title alerted}{%
1150
        use={block title, alerted text},
1151
        bg=block title.bg,
1152
        fg=alerted text.fg
1153
     }
1154
```

```
\setbeamercolor{block title example}{%
1155
       use={block title, example text},
1156
       bg=block title.bg,
1157
       fg=example text.fg
1158
1159
     \setbeamercolor{block body}{
1160
       bg=
1161
1162
     \setbeamercolor{block body alerted}{
1163
       use=block body,
1164
       parent=block body
1165
     }
1166
     \setbeamercolor{block body example}{
1167
       use=block body,
1168
       parent=block body
1169
     }
1170
1171 }
1172 \newcommand{\neo@block@fill}{
     \setbeamercolor{block title}{%
1173
       use=normal text,
1174
       fg=nDarkBlue,
1175
       bg=nGrey
1176
1177
     \setbeamercolor{block title alerted}{%
1178
       use={block title, alerted text},
1179
       bg=alerted text.fg,
1180
       fg=alerted text.bg
1181
1182
     \setbeamercolor{block title example}{%
1183
       use={block title, example text},
1184
1185
       bg=example text.fg,
       fg=example text.bg
1186
1187
     \setbeamercolor{block body}{
1188
       use={block title, normal text},
1189
       bg=nLightGrey
1190
1191
     \setbeamercolor{block body alerted}{
1192
       use=block body,
1193
       parent=block body,
1194
```

```
bg=nRed!50,
1195
     }
1196
     \setbeamercolor{block body example}{
1197
        use=block body,
1198
        parent=block body,
1199
        bg=nYellow!50
1200
1201
1202 }
1203
 Footnotes
1204\setbeamercolor{footnote}{fg=normal text.fg!90}
1205\setbeamercolor{footnote mark}{fg=.}
```

We also reset the bibliography colors in order to pick up the surrounding colors at the time of use. This prevents us having to set the correct color in normal and standout mode.

```
1206\setbeamercolor{bibliography entry author}{fg=, bg=}
1207\setbeamercolor{bibliography entry title}{fg=, bg=}
1208\setbeamercolor{bibliography entry location}{fg=, bg=}
1209\setbeamercolor{bibliography entry note}{fg=, bg=}
```

8.5.7 Process package options

```
1210\neo@color@setdefaults
1211\ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/neo/color}
1212\mode<all>
```

8.6 Tolpgfplots theme

Paul Tol's 12-color palette¹ is as follows:

```
1213 \definecolor{TolDarkPurple}{HTML}{332288}
1214 \definecolor{TolDarkBlue}{HTML}{6699CC}
1215 \definecolor{TolLightBlue}{HTML}{88CCEE}
1216 \definecolor{TolLightGreen}{HTML}{44AA99}
1217 \definecolor{TolDarkGreen}{HTML}{117733}
1218 \definecolor{TolDarkBrown}{HTML}{999933}
```

¹Tol actually describes several palettes; these colours are taken from the bottom row of Figure 3 in his technical note.

```
1219 \definecolor{TolLightBrown}{HTML}{DDCC77}
1220 \definecolor{TolDarkRed}{HTML}{661100}
1221 \definecolor{TolLightRed}{HTML}{CC6677}
1222 \definecolor{TolLightPink}{HTML}{AA4466}
1223 \definecolor{TolDarkPink}{HTML}{882255}
1224 \definecolor{TolLightPurple}{HTML}{AA4499}
```

To use these colors, we describe "cycle lists" from which PGF chooses styles for the different series in a chart.

mbarplot cycle Colors and styles intended for bar charts with up to 12 series.

```
1225 \pgfplotscreateplotcyclelist{mbarplot cycle}{%
     {draw=TolDarkBlue,
                             fill=TolDarkBlue!70},
1226
     {draw=TolLightBrown,
                            fill=TolLightBrown!70},
1227
     {draw=TolLightGreen,
                             fill=TolLightGreen!70},
1228
     {draw=TolDarkPink,
                             fill=TolDarkPink!70},
1229
     {draw=TolDarkPurple,
                            fill=TolDarkPurple!70},
1230
     {draw=TolDarkRed,
                             fill=TolDarkRed!70},
1231
     {draw=TolDarkBrown,
                             fill=TolDarkBrown!70},
1232
     {draw=TolLightRed,
                             fill=TolLightRed!70},
1233
     {draw=TolLightPink,
                             fill=TolLightPink!70},
1234
1235
     {draw=TolLightPurple, fill=TolLightPurple!70},
     {draw=TolLightBlue,
                             fill=TolLightBlue!70},
1236
     {draw=TolDarkGreen,
                             fill=TolDarkGreen!70},
1237
1238 }
```

mlineplot cycle Colors and styles intended for line charts with up to 4 series.

```
1239 \pgfplotscreateplotcyclelist{mlineplot cycle}{%
1240    {TolDarkBlue, mark=*, mark size=1.5pt},
1241    {TolLightBrown, mark=square*, mark size=1.3pt},
1242    {TolLightGreen, mark=triangle*, mark size=1.5pt},
1243    {TolDarkBrown, mark=diamond*, mark size=1.5pt},
1244}
```

However, the above cycle lists are not applied automatically. We still need to define styles — mlineplot and mbarplot — that the user can apply to the axis of a pgfplots chart to use the colors. We'll also take the opportunity to adjust the display of chart axes when these styles are used.

```
1245 \pgfplotsset{
1246 compat=1.9,
```

mlineplot A style to apply to the axis of a PGF line plot.

```
mlineplot/.style={
1247
       mbaseplot,
1248
        xmajorgrids=true,
1249
        ymajorgrids=true,
1250
        major grid style={dotted},
1251
        axis x line=bottom,
1252
        axis y line=left,
1253
       legend style={
1254
          cells={anchor=west},
1255
          draw=none
1256
        },
1257
        cycle list name=mlineplot cycle,
1258
     },
1259
```

mbarplot A style to apply to the axis of a PGF bar chart. mbarplot uses vertical horizontal mbarplot bars by default, while horizontal mbarplot has horizontal bars as the name implies. Their shared properties are factored out into the internal style mbarplot base.

```
mbarplot base/.style={
1260
       mbaseplot,
1261
        bar width=6pt,
1262
        axis y line*=none,
1263
     },
1264
     mbarplot/.style={
1265
        mbarplot base,
1266
        ybar,
1267
1268
        xmajorgrids=false,
        ymajorgrids=true,
1269
        area legend,
1270
        legend image code/.code={%
1271
          \draw[#1] (0cm,-0.1cm) rectangle (0.15cm,0.1cm);
1272
        },
1273
        cycle list name=mbarplot cycle,
1274
     },
1275
```

```
horizontal mbarplot/.style={
1276
        mbarplot base,
1277
        xmajorgrids=true,
1278
        ymajorgrids=false,
1279
        xbar stacked,
1280
        area legend,
1281
        legend image code/.code={%
1282
          \draw[#1] (0cm,-0.1cm) rectangle (0.15cm,0.1cm);
1283
        },
1284
        cycle list name=mbarplot cycle,
1285
     },
1286
```

mbaseplot Adjusts the appearance of the axes in a PGF chart.

```
mbaseplot/.style={
1287
1288
        legend style={
          draw=none,
1289
          fill=none,
1290
          cells={anchor=west},
1291
        },
1292
        x tick label style={
1293
          font=\footnotesize
1294
        },
1295
        y tick label style={
1296
          font=\footnotesize
1297
        },
1298
        legend style={
1299
          font=\footnotesize
1300
        },
1301
        major grid style={
1302
          dotted,
1303
        },
1304
        axis x line*=bottom,
1305
1306
     disable thousands separator/.style={
1307
        /pgf/number format/.cd,
1308
          1000 sep={}
1309
     },
1310
1311 }
```