Modern Beamer Presentations with the **NEO** package

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Contents

1	Intro	oduction	3						
2	Gett	Getting Started							
	2.1	Installing from GitLab	4						
	2.2	A Minimal Example	4						
	2.3	Dependencies	5						
	2.4	Pandoc	5						
3	Cust	omization	6						
	3.1	Package options	6						
		3.1.1 Main theme	6						
		3.1.2 Inner theme	7						
		3.1.3 Outer theme	7						
		3.1.4 Color theme	7						
		3.1.5 Font theme	8						
	3.2	Color Customization	8						
	3.3	Font Customization	8						
		3.3.1 Old style figures	9						
	3.4	Commands	9						
		3.4.1 Standout frames	9						
4	pgf	plots integration	10						
	4.1	Styles	10						

	4.2	Paul To	ol colors	•	10					
5	Tips	& Trick	ks		11					
	5.1	Backu	p Slides		11					
6	Knov	Known Issues 1:								
	6.1		ormats		11					
	6.2	Interac	ctions with other color themes		12					
	6.3		on second screen		12					
	6.4	Stando	out frames with labels		13					
	6.5	Stando	out frames with Pandoc	•	14					
7	Lice	nse			14					
8	Impl	lementa	ation		14					
	8.1	NEO pa	arent theme		14					
		8.1.1	Package dependencies		14					
		8.1.2	Options		14					
		8.1.3	Component sub-packages		17					
		8.1.4	Custom commands		17					
		8.1.5	Process package options		18					
	8.2	NEO in	nner theme		18					
		8.2.1	Package dependencies		18					
		8.2.2	Options		18					
		8.2.3	Title page		19					
		8.2.4	Section page		23					
		8.2.5	Block environments		25					
		8.2.6	Lists and floats		28					
		8.2.7	Footnotes		28					
		8.2.8	Text and spacing settings		28					
		8.2.9	Standout frames		28					
		8.2.10	Process package options		30					
	8.3	NEO OL	uter theme		30					
		8.3.1	Package dependencies		30					
		8.3.2	Options		31					
		8.3.3	Head and footline		33					
		8.3.4	Frametitle		35					
		8.3.5	Process package options		39					

8.4	NEO font theme				
	8.4.1	Package dependencies	39		
	8.4.2	Load Fira fonts	39		
	8.4.3	General font definitions	42		
	8.4.4	Font style options	42		
	8.4.5	Title format options	43		
	8.4.6	Process package options	49		
8.5	NEO color theme				
	8.5.1	Package dependencies	49		
	8.5.2	Options	49		
	8.5.3	Base colors	50		
	8.5.4	Alias colors	50		
	8.5.5	Base styles	51		
	8.5.6	Derived colors	52		
	8.5.7	Process package options	55		
8.6	Tol pg	fplots theme	56		

1 Introduction

Beamer is an awesome way to make presentations with LaTeX, but its theme selection is surprisingly sparse. The stock themes share an aesthetic that can be a little cluttered, while the few distinctive custom themes available are often specialized for a particular corporate or institutional brand.

The goal of **NEO** is to provide a simple, modern Beamer theme suitable for anyone to use – it is based on the metropolis theme by Matthias Vogelgesang and many other of contributors. It tries to minimize noise and maximize space for content; the only visual flourish it offers is an (optional) progress bar added to each slide or to the section slides.

By default, **NEO** uses Fira Sans, a gorgeous typeface commissioned by Mozilla and designed by Carrois. For best results, you should use the Fira typeface distributed by this package and use X₃M_EX to typeset your slides. However, **NEO** can also be used with other typefaces and M_EX build systems.

2 Getting Started

2.1 Installing from GitLab

If you want to use the cutting-edge development version of **NEO**, you can install it manually. Like any **MFX** package, this involves four easy steps:

Download the source with a git clone of the **NEO** repository or as a zip archive of the latest development version.

Compile the style files by running make sty inside the downloaded directory. (Or run ETFX directly on source/neotheme.ins.)

Move the resulting *.sty files to the folder containing your presentation. To use NEO with many presentations, run make install or move the *.sty files to a folder in your T_EX path instead.

Use the theme for your presentation by declaring \usetheme{neo} in the preamble of your Beamer document.

NEO uses the Make build system to offer the following installation options for advanced users:

make sty builds the theme style files.

make doc builds this documentation manual.

make demo builds a demo presentation to test the features of **NEO**.

make all builds the theme and manual.

make clean removes the files generated by make all.

make install installs the theme into your local texmf folder.

make uninstall removes the theme from your local texmf folder.

2.2 A Minimal Example

The following code shows a minimal example of a Beamer presentation using **NEO**.

\documentclass{beamer}

2.3 Dependencies

NEO depends on the beamer class and the following standard packages:

tikzpgfoptscalcifxetexifluatex

For best results, we recommend installing the fonts Fira Sans and Fira Mono and compiling with **NEO** using X₃MEX or LuaTEX. These are optional dependencies; **NEO** is compatible with (e.g.) pdfMEX and will fall back to standard fonts if Fira Sans or Fira Mono is not installed.

The packaged name of Fira Sans is Fira Sans OT in some Linux distributions; this case is automatically handled by **NEO**.

2.4 Pandoc

To use this theme with Pandoc-based presentations, you can run the following command

```
$ pandoc -t beamer --latex-engine=xelatex -V theme:neo -o
   output.pdf input.md
```

3 Customization

3.1 Package options

The theme provides a number of options, which can be set using a key=value interface. The primary way to set options is to provide a comma-separated list of option-value pairs when loading **NEO** in the preamble:

\usetheme[option1=value1, option2=value2, ...]{neo} Options can be changed at any time — even mid-presentation! — with the \neoset macro. \neoset{option1=newvalue1, option2=newvalue2, ...} The list of options is structured as shown in the following example. option key list of possible values default A short description of the option. 3.1.1 Main theme titleformat *regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps* regular Changes the format of titles, subtitles, section titles, frame titles, and the text on "standout" frames. The available options produce Regular, SMALLCAPS, ALLS-MALLCAPS, or ALLCAPS titles. Please refer to Section 6.1 for known issues with these options. titleformat plain regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps regular Changes the format of "standout" frames (see titleformat, above).

3.1.2 Inner theme

sectionpage	none, simple, progressbar progressbar
	Adds a slide at the start of each section (simple) with an optional thin progress bar below the section title (progressbar). The none option disables the section page.
subsectionpage	none, simple, progressbar none
	Optionally adds a slide at the start of each subsection. If enabled with the simple or progressbar options, the style of the section page will be updated to match the style of the subsection page. Note that section slides and subsection slides can appear consecutively if both are enabled; you may want to use this option together with sectionpage=none depending on the section structure of your presentation.
	3.1.3 Outer theme
numbering	none, counter, fraction
	Controls whether the frame number at the bottom right of each slide is omitted (none), shown (counter) or displayed as a fraction of the total number of frames (fraction).
progressbar	none, head, frametitle, foot none
	Optionally adds a progress bar to the top of each frame (head), the bottom of each frame (foot), or directly below each frame title (frametitle).
	3.1.4 Color theme
block	transparent, fill transparent
	Optionally adds a light grey background to block environments like theorem and example.
background	dark, light, white light
	Provides the option to have a dark background and light foreground instead of the reverse. White is similar to light but uses a pure white background.

3.1.5 Font theme

titleformat title titleformat subtitle titleformat section titleformat frame

```
regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps . . . . . . . . . regular
```

Individually controls the format of titles, subtitles, section titles, and frame titles (see titleformat, above).

3.2 Color Customization

The included **NEO** color theme is used by default, but its colors can be easily changed to suit your tastes. All of the theme's styles are defined in terms of three beamer colors:

- normal text (dark fg, light bg)
- alerted text (colored fg, should be visible against dark or light)
- example text (colored fg, should be visible against dark or light)

An easy way to customize the theme is to redefine these colors using

```
\setbeamercolor{ \ldots } { fg= \ldots , bg= \ldots }
```

in your preamble. For greater customization, you can redefine any of the other stock beamer colors. In addition to the stock colors the theme defines a number of **NEO** specific colors, which can also be redefined to your liking.

```
\setbeamercolor{progress bar}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{title separator}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{progress bar in head/foot}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{progress bar in section page}{ ... }
```

3.3 Font Customization

The default font for **NEO** is Fira. This can be easily changed using the standard font selection commands of the fontspec package. So if you prefer, for example,

the **Ubuntu** font family, just add the following two commands after loading the **NEO** theme.

```
\setsansfont{Ubuntu}
\setmonofont{Ubuntu Mono}
```

If you are expecting to present in a large room or with an underpowered projector, you may want to change the font to a heavier weight of Fira to maximize readability.

\setsansfont[BoldFont={Fira Sans SemiBold}]{Fira Sans Book}

3.3.1 Old style figures

The regular fontspec mechanism for changing glyph appearance applies also to this theme. If you want to have old style figures in the text but regular lined figures for math, you could add the following to your preamble:

3.4 Commands

3.4.1 Standout frames

The **NEO** inner theme offers a custom frame format with large, centered text and an inverted background — perfect for focusing attention on single sentence or image. To use it, add the key standout to the frame:

```
\begin{frame}[standout]
    Thank you!
\end{frame}
```

4 pgfplots integration

NEO comes with a set of pre-defined pgfplots styles and a color theme based on Paul Tol's color scheme.

4.1 Styles

Pass the following style keys to the axis environment to get the appropriate effect:

mlineplot Plot regular line charts with reduced axis frames, less intrusive legend and subdued grid.

mbarplot Plot vertical bar charts in a similar way as mlineplot but reduce grid usage.

horizontal mbarplot Plot horizontal bar charts.

disable thousands separator Helper style to remove thousands separator.

4.2 Paul Tol colors

A good presentation uses colors that are distinct from each other as much as possible as well as from black and white, can be discerned item under different lighting and display environments and by color-blind viewers, while matching well together.

In a technical note for SRON, Paul Tol proposed a palette of colors satisfying these constraints. The sub-package pgfplotsthemetol defines palettes for pgfplots charts based on Tol's work.

5 Tips & Tricks

5.1 Backup Slides

Speakers will often include extra slides at the end of their presentation to refer to during audience questions. One easy way to do this is to include the appendixnumberbeamer package in your preamble and call \appendix before your backup slides.

NEO will automatically turn off slide numbering and progress bars for slides in the appendix.

6 Known Issues

6.1 Title formats

Be aware that not every font supports small caps, so the smallcaps or allsmallcaps options may not work if you use a font other than Fira Sans. In particular, the Computer Modern sans-serif typeface, which is used when **NEO** is compiled with pdfMFX, does not have a small-caps variant.

The title format options allsmallcaps and allcaps are quite nice from an aesthetic point of view, but their use of \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase can cause unexpected problems. For example:

- Some commands, like \\, do not work inside \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase. (See #125)
- Only alphabetic characters are affected by \MakeLowercase, so numerals and punctuation remain at full height. This can spoil some of the aesthetic benefits of allsmallcaps. (See #33)
- \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase apply to math mode and \scshape does not. This can easily introduce mathematical errors that are hard to catch.
- It is impossible to typeset symbols which are encoded as uppercase letters in a different font. In particular, \mathbb and \mathcal letters will be replaced by other math glyphs. (See #153)

The allsmallcaps and allcaps options are safe to use if your titles contain only alphabetic characters and do not require the expansion of any macros.

6.2 Interactions with other color themes

NEO can be used along with any other Beamer color theme, such as crane or seahorse. If you wish to do this, it is usually best to include the **NEO** subpackages individually so the **NEO** color theme is never loaded. This will prevent conflicts between the **NEO** color theme and your preferred theme.

For example, overriding the color theme as follows may not work as expected because \usetheme{neo} loads the **NEO** color theme, which defines a relationship between the frametitle background and the primary palette of the theme. Since seahorse assumes a different relationship between its palettes, the result is a grey, rather than periwinkle, frametitle background.

```
\usetheme{neo}
\usecolortheme{seahorse}
```

The correct colors are chosen if the **NEO** outer, inner, and font themes are loaded seperately:

```
\useoutertheme{neo}
\useinnertheme{neo}
\usefonttheme{neo}
\usecolortheme{seahorse} % or your preferred color theme
```

Please note that **NEO** may not use all the colors defined in your favourite Beamer color theme. In particular, **NEO** does not set a background color for the title; this will cause issues when using color themes like whale which set a white foreground for the title.

6.3 Notes on second screen

If you use the [show notes on second screen] option built in to Beamer and compile with X₂M_EX, text on slides following the first section slide may be

rendered in white instead of the regular colour. This is due to a bug in Beamer or XameX itself. You can work around it either by compiling with LuaTeX or by adding the following code to your preamble to reset the text color on each slide.

```
\makeatletter
\def\beamer@framenotesbegin{% at beginning of slide
    \usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}
    \gdef\beamer@noteitems{}%
    \gdef\beamer@notes{}%
}
\makeatother
```

6.4 Standout frames with labels

Because the standout frame option creates a group to restrict the colour change to a single slide, labels defined after calling standout will stay local to the group. In other words, the following may result in a "label undefined" error.

```
\begin{frame}[standout, label=conclusion]{Conclusion}
  Awesome slide
\end{frame}
```

To fix this problem, change the order of the keys in the frame.

```
\begin{frame}[label=conclusion, standout]{Conclusion}
    Awesome slide
\end{frame}
```

This error can be unwittingly triggered if you export your slides from Emacs Org mode, which automatically adds labels after frame options. Alex Branham offers the following solution for Org mode users, using org-set-property.

```
* Start of a frame
    :PROPERTIES:
    :BEAMER_opt: label=conclusion,standout
    :END:
```

6.5 Standout frames with Pandoc

With Pandoc versions prior 1.17.2 it was not possible to create standout frames because Pandoc only supported a specific list of frame attributes thus ignoring additional attributes such as {.standout}.

7 License

NEO is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License. This means that if you change the theme and re-distribute it, you must retain the copyright notice header and license it under the same CC-BY-SA license. This does not affect any presentations that you create with the theme.

8 Implementation

8.1 NEO parent theme

The primary job of this package is to load the component sub-packages of the **NEO** theme and route the theme options accordingly. It also provides some custom commands and environments for the user.

8.1.1 Package dependencies

```
1 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
2 \RequirePackage{pgfpages}
3 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.1.2 Options

Most options are passed off to the component sub-packages.

```
4\pgfkeys{/neo/.cd,
5    .search also={
6     /neo/inner,
```

```
7  /neo/outer,
8  /neo/color,
9  /neo/font,
10  }
11 }
```

titleformat plain Controls the formatting of the text on standout "plain" frames.

```
12 \pgfkeys{
   /neo/titleformat plain/.cd,
      .is choice,
      regular/.code={%
15
        \let\neo@plaintitleformat\@empty%
16
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\normalfont}%
17
      },
18
      smallcaps/.code={%
19
        \let\neo@plaintitleformat\@empty%
20
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\scshape}%
21
      },
22
      allsmallcaps/.code={%
23
        \let\neo@plaintitleformat\MakeLowercase%
24
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\scshape}%
25
        \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
26
          Be aware that titleformat plain=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
27
        }
28
      },
29
      allcaps/.code={%
30
        \let\neo@plaintitleformat\MakeUppercase%
31
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\normalfont}%
32
        \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
33
          Be aware that titleformat plain=allcaps can lead to problems%
34
        }
35
      },
36
37 }
```

titleformat Sets a standard format for titles, subtitles, section titles, frame titles, and the text on standout "plain" frames.

```
38\pgfkeys{
39 /neo/titleformat/.code=\pgfkeysalso{
40 font/titleformat title=#1,
```

```
font/titleformat subtitle=#1,
font/titleformat section=#1,
font/titleformat frame=#1,
titleformat plain=#1,
}
```

Shortcut option names as aliases to the corresponding key=value options.

```
47 \pgfkeys{/neo/.cd,
   noslidenumbers/.code=\pgfkeysalso{outer/numbering=none},
   usetotalslideindicator/.code=\pgfkeysalso{outer/numbering=fraction},
49
   nosectionslide/.code=\pgfkeysalso{inner/sectionpage=none},
   darkcolors/.code=\pgfkeysalso{color/background=dark},
51
   whitebg/.code=\pgfkeysalso{color/background=white},
52
   blockbg/.code=\pgfkeysalso{color/block=fill, inner/block=fill},
53
   light/.code=\pgfkeysalso{font/style=light},
   book/.code=\pgfkeysalso{font/style=book},
   regular/.code=\pgfkeysalso{font/style=regular},
56
57 }
```

Set default values for options.

```
58 \newcommand{\neo@setdefaults}{
59 \pgfkeys{/neo/.cd,
60 titleformat plain=regular,
61 }
62 }
```

To avoid generating externalized figures of the progressbar we have to disable them with "tikzexternalenable" and "tikzexternaldisable". However, if the "external" libray is not loaded we would get undefined control sequence problems, hence we define them as no-ops if they are not defined yet.

```
63\providecommand{\tikzexternalenable}{}
64\providecommand{\tikzexternaldisable}{}
```

8.1.3 Component sub-packages

Having processed the options, we can now load the component sub-packages of the theme.

```
65\useinnertheme{neo}
66\useoutertheme{neo}
67\usecolortheme{neo}
68\usefonttheme{neo}
```

The tol theme for pgfplots is only loaded if pgfplots is used, pdfpcnotes always

```
69 \AtEndPreamble{%
70 \RequirePackage{pdfpcnotes}
71 \@ifpackageloaded{pgfplots}{%
72 \RequirePackage{pgfplotsthemetol}
73 }{}
74}
```

8.1.4 Custom commands

The parent theme defines custom commands as their proper usage may depend on multiple sub-packages.

\neoset Allows the user to change options midway through a presentation.

```
75 \newcommand{\neoset}[1]{\pgfkeys{/neo/.cd,#1}}
```

\plain Creates a plain frame with dark background, suitable for displaying images or a few words. The format of the text can be set with the titleformat plain option.

```
76\def\neo@plaintitleformat#1{#1}
77\newcommand{\plain}[2][]{%
78 \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
79 The syntax '\plain' may be deprecated in a future version of neo.
80 Please use a frame with [standout] instead.
81 }
82 \begin{frame}[standout]{#1}
```

```
83 \neo@plaintitleformat{#2}
84 \end{frame}
85}
```

\mreducelistspacing

86 \newcommand{\mreducelistspacing}{\vspace{-\topsep}}

8.1.5 Process package options

```
87 \neo@setdefaults
88 \ProcessPgfOptions{/neo}
```

8.2 NEO inner theme

A beamer inner theme dictates the style of the frame elements traditionally set in the "body" of each slide. These include:

- · title, part, and section pages;
- · itemize, enumerate, and description environments;
- · block environments including theorems and proofs;
- · figures and tables; and
- · footnotes and plain text.

8.2.1 Package dependencies

```
89 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
90 \RequirePackage{keyval}
91 \RequirePackage{calc}
92 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
93 \RequirePackage{pgfpages}
94 \RequirePackage{tikz}
```

8.2.2 Options

sectionpage Optionally add a slide marking the beginning of each section.

```
95\pgfkeys{
96 /neo/inner/sectionpage/.cd,
97 .is choice,
```

```
none/.code=\neo@disablesectionpage,
simple/.code={\neo@enablesectionpage
loo \setbeamertemplate{section page}[simple]},
progressbar/.code={\neo@enablesectionpage
loo \setbeamertemplate{section page}[progressbar]},
loo look
```

subsectionpage Optionally add a slide marking the beginning of each subsection.

```
104 \pgfkeys{
     /neo/inner/subsectionpage/.cd,
105
       .is choice,
106
       none/.code=\neo@disablesubsectionpage,
107
       simple/.code={\neo@enablesubsectionpage
108
                      \setbeamertemplate{section page}[simple]},
109
       progressbar/.code={\neo@enablesubsectionpage
110
                           \setbeamertemplate{section page}[progressbar]},
111
112 }
```

\neo@inner@setdefaults Set default values for inner theme options.

```
113 \newcommand{\neo@inner@setdefaults}{
114 \pgfkeys{/neo/inner/.cd,
115 sectionpage=progressbar,
116 subsectionpage=none
117 }
118 }
```

8.2.3 Title page

title page Template for the title page. Each element is only typset if it is defined by the user. If \subtitle is empty, for example, it won't leave a blank space on the title slide.

```
119 \setbeamertemplate{title page}{
120 \begin{minipage}[b][0.95\paperheight]{\textwidth}
121 \vfill%
122 \ifx\inserttitle\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{title}\fi
123 \ifx\insertsubtitle\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{subtitle}\fi
124 \usebeamertemplate*{title separator}
```

Beamer's definition of \insertauthor is always nonempty, so we have to test another macro initialized by \author{...} to see if the user has defined an author. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this Stack Exchange question.

```
\ifx\insertdate\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{date}\fi
125
      \ifx\beamer@shortauthor\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{author}\fi
126
      \ifx\insertinstitute\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{institute}\fi
127
      \vfill
128
      \begin{minipage}[b][0.25\paperheight][t]{\textwidth}
129
130% The lower part of the title page background contains a white area which
131% covers this whole minipage. Thus switch the text color back to normal
         \neo@colors@light%
132
         \usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}%
133
        \ifx\inserttitlegraphic\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{title graphic}\fi
13/
      \end{minipage}
135
    \end{minipage}
136
137 }
```

Normal people should use \maketitle or \titlepage instead of using the title page beamer template directly. Beamer already defines these macros, but we patch them here to make the title page [plain] by default, remove \@thanks, and ensure the title frame number doesn't count. In addition, \maketitle used outside of a frame will load a predefined background image, which can be changed using the optional argument: \maketitle{extern} for images/titlepage-extern.pdf

\maketitle Inserts the title frame, or causes the current frame to use the title page \titlepage template.

```
138 \renewcommand { \maketitle } [1] [extern] {%
    \ifbeamer@inframe
139
       \titlepage
140
    \else
141
       {
142
         \usebackgroundtemplate{
143
           \tikzexternaldisable%
144
           \begin{tikzpicture}
145
             \node[anchor=north west,inner sep=0,outer sep=0] at (0, \paperheight) {\i
146
             \fill[nWhite] (0,0) rectangle (\paperwidth, 0.3\paperheight);
147
```

```
\end{tikzpicture}%
148
           \tikzexternalenable%
149
         }
150
         \frame[plain,noframenumbering]{
151
           \neo@colors@dark
152
           \setbeamercolor{title separator}{
153
              fg=black!20,
154
              bg=normal text.fg
155
           }
156
           \titlepage
157
158
159
    \fi
160
161 }
162 \def\titlepage{%
    \usebeamertemplate{title page}
164 }
```

title graphic Set the title graphic in a zero-height box, so it doesn't change the position of other elements.

```
165 \setbeamertemplate{title graphic}{
166  \vbox to 0pt {
167   \vspace*{2em}
168   \inserttitlegraphic%
169  }%
170  \nointerlineskip%
171 }
```

title Set the title on the title page.

```
172 \setbeamertemplate{title}{
173  \raggedright%
174  \linespread{1.0}%
175  \inserttitle%
176  \par%
177  \vspace*{0.5em}
178 }
```

subtitle Set the subtitle on the title page.

```
179 \setbeamertemplate{subtitle}{
                      \raggedright%
                      \insertsubtitle%
                 181
                      \par%
                 182
                      \vspace*{0.5em}
                 183
                 184 }
title separator Template to set the title graphic in a zero-height box. (It won't change the po-
                  sition of other elements.)
                 185 \newlength{\neo@titleseparator@linewidth}
                 186 \setlength{\neo@titleseparator@linewidth}{0.4pt}
                 187 \setbeamertemplate{title separator}{
                 188
                      \tikzexternaldisable%
                      \begin{tikzpicture}
                 189
                        \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\textwidth, \neo@titleseparator@linewidth);
                 190
                      \end{tikzpicture}%
                 191
                      \tikzexternalenable%
                 192
                      \par%
                 193
                 194 }
         author Set the author on the title page.
                 195\setbeamertemplate{author}{
                      \vspace*{2em}
                     \insertauthor%
                 197
                      \par%
                      \vspace*{0.25em}
                 199
                 200 }
           date Set the date on the title page.
                 201 \setbeamertemplate{date}{
                 202 \insertdate%
                      \par%
                 203
                 204 }
      institute Set the institute on the title page.
                 205\setbeamertemplate{institute}{
                 vspace*{3mm}
```

```
207 \insertinstitute%
208 \par%
209 }
```

8.2.4 Section page

section page Template for the section title slide at the beginning of each section.

```
210 \defbeamertemplate{section page}{simple}{
    \begin{center}
211
       \usebeamercolor[fg]{section title}
212
       \usebeamerfont{section title}
       \insertsectionhead\par
214
       \ifx\insertsubsectionhead\@empty\else
215
         \usebeamercolor[fg]{subsection title}
216
         \usebeamerfont{subsection title}
217
         \insertsubsectionhead
218
       \fi
219
    \end{center}
220
221 }
222 \defbeamertemplate{section page}{progressbar}{
223
    \centering
    \begin{minipage}{22em}
224
       \raggedright
225
       \usebeamercolor[fg]{section title}
226
       \usebeamerfont{section title}
227
       \insertsectionhead \ [-1ex]
228
       \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in section page}
229
230
       \ifx\insertsubsectionhead\@empty\else%
231
         \usebeamercolor[fg]{subsection title}%
232
         \usebeamerfont{subsection title}%
233
         \insertsubsectionhead
234
       \fi
235
    \end{minipage}
236
    \par
237
    \vspace{\baselineskip}
238
240 \newcommand{\neo@disablesectionpage}{
```

```
\AtBeginSection{
241
       % intentionally empty
242
243
244 }
245 \newcommand{\neo@enablesectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSection{
       \ifbeamer@inframe
247
         \sectionpage
248
       \else
249
         \frame[plain,c,noframenumbering]{\sectionpage}
250
251
       \fi
     }
252
253 }
```

subsection page

Template for the subsection title slide that can optionally be added to at the beginning of each subsection.

```
254\setbeamertemplate{subsection page}{%
     \usebeamertemplate*{section page}
256 }
257 \newcommand{\neo@disablesubsectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSubsection{
258
       % intentionally empty
259
     }
260
261 }
262 \newcommand{\neo@enablesubsectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSubsection{
263
       \ifbeamer@inframe
264
         \subsectionpage
265
       \else
266
         \frame[plain,c,noframenumbering]{\subsectionpage}
267
       \fi
268
     }
269
270 }
```

rogress bar in section page

Template for the progress bar displayed by default on the section page. This code is duplicated in large part in the outer theme's template progress bar in head/foot.

```
271 \newlength{\neo@progressonsectionpage}
272 \newlength{\neo@progressonsectionpage@linewidth}
273 \setlength{\neo@progressonsectionpage@linewidth}{0.4pt}
```

```
274\setbeamertemplate{progress bar in section page}{
    \setlength{\neo@progressonsectionpage}{%
       \textwidth * \ratio{\insertframenumber pt}{\inserttotalframenumber pt}%
276
    }%
277
    \tikzexternaldisable%
278
    \begin{tikzpicture}
279
       \fill[bg] (0,0) rectangle (\textwidth, \neo@progressonsectionpage@linewidth);
280
       \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\neo@progressonsectionpage, \neo@progressonsectionpa
281
    \end{tikzpicture}%
282
    \tikzexternalenable%
283
284 }
```

The above code assumes that \insertframenumber is less than or equal to \inserttotalframenumber. However, this is not true on the first compile; in the absence of an .aux file, \inserttotalframenumber defaults to 1. This behaviour could cause fatal errors for long presentations, as \neo@progressonsectionpage would exceed T_FX's maximum length (16383.99999pt, roughly 5.75 metres or 18.9 feet). To avoid this, we increase the default value for \inserttotalframenumber; presentations with over 4000 slides will still break on first compile, but users in that situation likely have deeper problems to solve.

285 \def\inserttotalframenumber{100}

8.2.5 Block environments

block The three different block environments differ only in their colours. Rather block alerted than repeat the essentially the same template three times, we use the auxilblock example iary macro \neo@block to define all three templates.

```
286 \newlength{\neo@blocksep}
287 \newlength{\neo@blockadjust}
288 \setlength{\neo@blocksep}{0.75ex}
289 \setlength{\neo@blockadjust}{0.25ex}
290 \providecommand{\neo@strut}{%
    \vphantom{ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz()}%
292 }
_{293} \newcommand{\neo@block}[1]{
    \par\vskip\medskipamount%
```

```
295 \setlength{\parskip}{Opt}
```

If a background color is defined for the block title or body, we need to add a little bit of padding to the corresponding box. Ideally, this would be accomplished by setting colsep=0.75ex, which is intended to add "color separation space" only when the box has a colored background. Unfortunately, colsep also adds this separation if the background color is inherited, even if the inherited color is actually empty. (The technical reason for this boils down to the fact that the \ifx directive does not expand macros.)

To achieve the correct spacing for alertblocks and exampleblocks as well as for normal blocks, we have to begin the beamercolorbox differently based on whether block title has an empty background.

If the block title background is empty, or the user has explicitly removed the background from (e.g.) block title alerted, we just need to set a right-skip for a nice ragged-right block title.

```
\ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block title#1}{%
296
      \begin{beamercolorbox}[rightskip=0pt plus 4em]{block title#1}}{%
297
    \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block title}{%
298
      \begin{beamercolorbox}[rightskip=0pt plus 4em]{block title#1}%
299
    }%
300
      \end{macrocode}
301 %
302 %
      Otherwise, if the |block title| has a background, we set the padding based
303 %
      on |\neo@blockskip|. However, we have to visually compensate for
304 %
      the |\neo@strut| added to the block title (see below) by
305 %
      subtracting |\neo@blockadjust| from the top and bottom padding.
306 %
307 %
308 %
      \begin{macrocode}
    {%
309
      \begin{beamercolorbox}[
310
         sep=\dimexpr\neo@blocksep-\neo@blockadjust\relax,
311
         leftskip=\neo@blockadjust,
312
         rightskip=\dimexpr\neo@blockadjust plus 4em\relax
313
      ]{block title#1}%
314
    }}%
315
      \end{macrocode}
316 %
317 %
      We can now set the contents of the |block title|. The zero-width but
318 %
```

```
positive-height box |\neo@strut| ensures that the block title box
319 %
320 %
      has a consistent height, even if it lacks punctuation, ascenders, or
      descenders.
321 %
322 %
      \begin{macrocode}
323 %
         \usebeamerfont*{block title#1}%
324
         \neo@strut%
325
         \insertblocktitle%
326
         \neo@strut%
327
     \end{beamercolorbox}%
328
      \end{macrocode}
329 %
330 %
      Next, we typeset the |block body|. This the code is similar to, but simpler
331 %
      than, the |block title| code since we don't need to adjust for any struts.
332 %
333 %
      \begin{macrocode}
334 %
    \nointerlineskip%
335
    \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block body#1}{%
336
      \begin{beamercolorbox}[vmode]{block body#1}}{
337
    \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block body}{%
338
      \begin{beamercolorbox}[vmode]{block body#1}%
339
    }{%
340
      \begin{beamercolorbox}[sep=\neo@blocksep, vmode]{block body#1}%
341
      \vspace{-\neo@parskip}
342
    }}%
343
         \usebeamerfont{block body#1}%
344
         \setlength{\parskip}{\neo@parskip}%
345
346 }
This concludes the auxiliary macro \neo@block. Finally, we define the block
beamer templates using this macro.
347\setbeamertemplate{block begin}{\neo@block{}}
348\setbeamertemplate{block alerted begin}{\neo@block{ alerted}}
349\setbeamertemplate{block example begin}{\neo@block{ example}}
350\setbeamertemplate{block end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
351\setbeamertemplate{block alerted end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
```

352\setbeamertemplate{block example end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}

8.2.6 Lists and floats

```
353\setbeamertemplate{itemize items}{\raise1pt\hbox{\vrule width 0.8ex height 0.8ex}}
354\setbeamertemplate{itemize subitem}{\raise1pt\hbox{\vrule width 0.5ex height 0.5ex}}
355\setbeamertemplate{itemize subsubitem}{\raise.5ex\hbox{\vrule width 1ex height 0.2e}}
356\defbeamertemplate{description item}{align left}{\insertdescriptionitem\hfill}}
357\setbeamertemplate{caption label separator}{:}
358\setbeamertemplate{caption}[numbered]
```

8.2.7 Footnotes

```
359 \setbeamertemplate{footnote}{%
360 \parindent 0em\noindent%
361 \raggedright
362 \usebeamercolor{footnote}\hbox to 0.8em{\hfil\insertfootnotemark}\hangindent=0.8e
363 }
```

8.2.8 Text and spacing settings

```
364\newlength{\neo@parskip}
365\setlength{\neo@parskip}{0.5em}
366\setlength{\parskip}{\neo@parskip}
367\linespread{1.15}
```

By default, Beamer frames offer the c option to *almost* vertically center the text, but the placement is a little too high. To fix this, we redefine the c option to equalize \beamer@frametopskip and \beamer@framebottomskip. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this Stack Exchange question.

```
368 \define@key{beamerframe}{c}[true]{% centered
369  \beamer@frametopskip=0pt plus 1fill\relax%
370  \beamer@framebottomskip=0pt plus 1fill\relax%
371  \beamer@frametopskipautobreak=0pt plus .4\paperheight\relax%
372  \beamer@framebottomskipautobreak=0pt plus .6\paperheight\relax%
373  \def\beamer@initfirstlineunskip{}%
374 }
```

8.2.9 Standout frames

NEO offers a custom frame format with large, centered text and an inverted background. To use it, add the key standout to the frame: \begin{frame}[standout] ... \end{frame}

standout Optional arguments to Beamer's frames are implemented using \define@key from the keyval package, which will execute code when the defined option is called. For the standout option, we begin a group, change the colors and fonts, use a plain slide, and set a alignment.

```
375 \providebool{neo@standout}
376 \define@key{beamerframe}{standout}[true]{%
     \booltrue{neo@standout}
     \begingroup
378
       \setkeys{beamerframe}{c,plain}
379
       \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{palette primary}{
380
         \setbeamercolor{background canvas}{
381
           use=palette primary,
382
           bg=-palette primary.fg
383
         }
384
       }{
385
         \setbeamercolor{background canvas}{
386
           use=palette primary,
387
           bg=palette primary.bg
388
         }
389
       }
390
       \setbeamercolor{local structure}{
391
         fg=palette primary.fg
392
       }
393
       \usebeamercolor[fg]{palette primary}
394
       \makeatletter
395
       \def\beamer@framenotesbegin{% at beginning of slide
396
         \usebeamercolor[fg]{palette primary}
397
         \gdef\beamer@noteitems{}%
398
         \gdef\beamer@notes{}%
399
400
       \makeatother
401
402 }
```

Then we just have to close the group after the standout slide is finished in order to restore the colours and fonts for the rest of the presentation.

Unfortunately, we cannot use or this (see

http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/226319/). Instead, we prepend the \endgroup to \beamer@reseteecodes, which is run exactly

once at the end of each slide.

```
403 \pretocmd{\beamer@reseteecodes}{%
404 \ifbool{neo@standout}{
405 \endgroup
406 \boolfalse{neo@standout}
407 }{}
408 }{}{}
```

We set the fonts and the alignment on the inner content, in such a way that the speaker's note layout isn't affected by the custom formatting.

```
\AtBeginEnvironment{beamer@frameslide}{
409
       \makeatletter
410
       \usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}
411
       \gdef\beamer@noteitems{}%
412
       \gdef\beamer@notes{}%
413
       \makeatother
414
       \ifbool{neo@standout}{
415
         \centering
416
         \usebeamerfont{standout}
417
       }{}
418
    }
419
```

8.2.10 Process package options

```
420\neo@inner@setdefaults
421\ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/neo/inner}
```

8.3 NEO outer theme

A beamer outer theme dictates the style of the frame elements traditionally set outside the body of each slide: the head, footline, and frame title.

8.3.1 Package dependencies

```
422 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
423 \RequirePackage{calc}
424 \RequirePackage{pgfpages}
425 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.3.2 Options

454

455

456

icon Adds an icon to the frametitle on each slide.

```
426 \pgfkeys{
               /neo/outer/frametitle icon/.cd,
                 .is choice,
          428
                 none/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frametitle icon}[none],
          429
                 i4/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frametitle icon}[i4],
          430
                 fau/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frametitle icon}[fau],
          431
          432 }
numbering Adds slide numbers to the bottom right of each slide.
          433 \pgfkeys{
               /neo/outer/numbering/.cd,
          434
                  .is choice,
          435
                 none/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[none],
          436
                 counter/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[counter],
          437
                 fraction/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[fraction],
          438
          439 }
    notes Show notes in presentation
          440 \pgfkeys{
               /neo/outer/notes/.cd,
          441
                 .is choice,
          442
                 none/.code=\pgfkeysalso{notes=hide},
          443
                 hide/.code=\setbeameroption{hide notes},
          444
                 show/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show notes}},
          445
                 only/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show only note
          446
                 preview-left/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[default]\setbeameroption{show
          447
                 preview-right/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[default]\setbeameroption{sho
          448
                 preview-top/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[default]\setbeameroption{show
          449
                 preview-bottom/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[default]\setbeameroption{sh
          450
                 preview-left-big/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[preview-big]\setbeameropt
          451
                 preview-right-big/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[preview-big]\setbeamerop
          452
                 preview-top-big/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[preview-big]\setbeameropti
          453
```

preview-bottom-big/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[preview-big]\setbeamero

left/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show notes on

right/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show notes on

```
top/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show notes on s
457
      bottom/.code={\setbeamertemplate{note page}[print]\setbeameroption{show notes o
458
459 }
```

footer Adds additional presentation information to the footer

```
460 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/outer/footer/.cd,
461
       .is choice,
462
      none/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}[none],
463
      author/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}[author],
464
      author title/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}[author title],
465
      title/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}[title],
466
      title section/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}[title section],
467
468 }
```

footer style Footer background color

```
469 \providebool{neo@standoutfooter}
470 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/outer/footer style/.cd,
       .is choice,
       plain/.code={\boolfalse{neo@standoutfooter}\setbeamertemplate{footline}[plain]}
473
       standout/.code={\booltrue{neo@standoutfooter}\setbeamertemplate{footline}[stand
474
475 }
```

progressbar Adds a progress bar to the top, bottom, or frametitle of each slide. In case this is used in combination with footer style, it must be set afterwards (e.g. to have the progressbar on top of the footer styled with standout).

```
476 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/outer/progressbar/.cd,
477
       .is choice,
478
       none/.code={%
479
         \setbeamertemplate{headline}[plain]
480
         \setbeamertemplate{frametitle}[plain]
481
       },
482
       head/.code={\pgfkeys{/neo/outer/progressbar=none}
483
         \addtobeamertemplate{headline}{}{%
484
           \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foot}
485
         }
486
```

```
},
487
       frametitle/.code={\pgfkeys{/neo/outer/progressbar=none}
488
         \addtobeamertemplate{frametitle}{}{%
489
           \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foot}
         }
491
       },
492
       foot/.code={\pgfkeys{/neo/outer/progressbar=none}
493
         \ifbool{neo@standoutfooter}{%
494
           \addtobeamertemplate{footline}{\usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foo
495
         }{%
496
           \addtobeamertemplate{footline}{}{\usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/f
497
498
      },
499
500 }
```

\neo@outer@setdefaults Sets default values for outer theme options.

```
501 \newcommand{\neo@outer@setdefaults}{
502 \pgfkeys{/neo/outer/.cd,
503 frametitle icon=none,
504 footer=none,
505 footer style=plain,
506 numbering=counter,
507 progressbar=none,
508 }
509 }
```

8.3.3 Head and footline

All good beamer presentations should already remove the navigation symbols, but **NEO** removes them automatically (just in case).

```
510\setbeamertemplate{navigation symbols}{}
```

frametitle icon Templates for the icon on the right of the frame title.

frame numbering Templates for the frame number. Can be omitted, shown or displayed as a fraction of the total frames.

```
514 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{none}{}
         515 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{author}{
              \insertshortauthor%
         517 }
         518 \defbeamertemplate { frame footer } { author title } {
              \insertshortauthor%
              \hfill%
              \insertshorttitle%
         521
              \hfill%
         522
         523 }
         524 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{title}{
              \insertshorttitle%
         525
         526 }
         527 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{title section}{
              \insertshorttitle%
         528
              \hfill%
              \insertsection%
         530
              \hfill%
         531
         533 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{custom}[1]{ #1 }
          Add strut to ensure that frame numbers don't jump
         534 \moderand {\neo@framenumberingstrut} {\vphantom{0123456789}}
         535 \defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{none}{}
         536 \defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{counter}{\neo@framenumberingstrut\insertframenu
         537 \defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{fraction}{
              \neo@framenumberingstrut\insertframenumber/\inserttotalframenumber
         539 }
         Templates for the head- and footline at the top and bottom of each frame.
headline
footline
         540 \defbeamertemplate{headline}{plain}{}
         541 \defbeamertemplate{footline}{plain}{%
              \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\textwidth, sep=1.3ex]{footline}%
                \usebeamerfont{page number in head/foot}%
         543
                \usebeamertemplate*{frame footer}
                \hfill%
         545
```

```
\parbox{.1\framewidth}{\hfill\usebeamertemplate*{frame numbering}}
546
    \end{beamercolorbox}%
547
548 }
549 \defbeamertemplate{footline}{standout}{%
    \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\textwidth, sep=1.3ex]{palette primary}%
550
      \usebeamerfont{page number in head/foot}%
551
      \usebeamertemplate*{frame footer}
552
      \hfill%
553
      \parbox{.1\framewidth}{\hfill\usebeamertemplate*{frame numbering}}
    \end{beamercolorbox}%
555
556 }
```

8.3.4 Frametitle

frametitle Templates for the frame title, which is optionally underlined with a progress

```
557 \newlength{\neo@frametitle@padding}
558 \setlength{\neo@frametitle@padding}{2.2ex}
559 \newcommand{\neo@frametitlestrut@start}{
    \rule{Opt}{\neo@frametitle@padding +%
560
      \totalheightof{%
561
        \footnotemat{\conframe} \
562
      }%
563
    }%
564
565 }
566 \newcommand{\neo@frametitlestrut@end}{
    \rule[-\neo@frametitle@padding]{Opt}{\neo@frametitle@padding}
567
568 }
569 \defbeamertemplate{frametitle}{plain}{%
    \nointerlineskip%
570
571
    \begin{beamercolorbox}[%
        wd=\paperwidth,%
572
        sep=0pt,%
573
        leftskip=\neo@frametitle@padding,%
574
        rightskip=\neo@frametitle@padding,%
575
      ]{frametitle}%
576
    \neo@frametitlestrut@start%
577
    \insertframetitle%
```

```
\end{beamercolorbox}%
                            582
                           583 }
                           584\setbeamertemplate{frametitle continuation}{%
                                \usebeamerfont{frametitle}
                           585
                                 {\normalfont (\insertcontinuationcount)}
                           586
                            587 }
                            Template for the progress bar optionally displayed below the frame title on
progress bar in head/foot
                            each page. Much of this code is duplicated in the inner theme's template
                            progress bar in section page.
                           588 \newlength{\neo@progressinheadfoot}
                           589 \newlength{\neo@progressinheadfoot@linewidth}
                           590 \setlength{\neo@progressinheadfoot@linewidth}{0.8pt}
                           591\setbeamertemplate{progress bar in head/foot}{
                                \nointerlineskip
                           592
                                \setlength{\neo@progressinheadfoot}{%
                           593
                                  \paperwidth * \ratio{\insertframenumber pt}{\inserttotalframenumber pt}%
                           594
                            595
                                \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\paperwidth]{progress bar in head/foot}
                           596
                                  \tikzexternaldisable%
                           597
                                  \begin{tikzpicture}
                           598
                                    \fill[bg] (0,0) rectangle (\paperwidth, \neo@progressinheadfoot@linewidth);
                           599
                                    \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\neo@progressinheadfoot, \neo@progressinheadfoot@l
                           600
                                  \end{tikzpicture}%
                           601
                                  \tikzexternalenable%
                                \end{beamercolorbox}
                           603
                           604 }
             custom notes Templates for note pages
                           605 \defbeamertemplate{note page}{preview-big}
                           606 {%
                                {%
                           607
                                  \scriptsize
                           608
                                  \usebeamerfont{note title}\usebeamercolor[fg]{note title}%
                           609
                                  \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{note title}{}{%
                           610
                                    \insertvrule{.45\paperheight}{note title.bg}%
```

\usebeamertemplate*{frametitle icon}%

579

580

581

\nolinebreak%

\neo@frametitlestrut@end%

```
\vskip-.45\paperheight%
612
                    \nointerlineskip%
613
                }%
614
                \vbox{
615
                    \hfill\insertslideintonotes{0.45}\hskip-\Gm@rmargin\hskip0pt%
616
                    \vskip-0.45\paperheight%
617
                    \nointerlineskip
618
                    \begin{pgfpicture}{0cm}{0cm}{0cm}{0cm}
619
                          \begin{pgflowlevelscope}{\pgftransformrotate{90}}
620
                               {\pgftransformshift{\pgfpoint{-2cm}{0.2cm}}%
621
                               \pgftext[base,left]{\usebeamerfont{note date}\usebeamercolor[fg]{note dat
622
                          \end{pgflowlevelscope}
623
                     \end{pgfpicture}}
624
                \nointerlineskip
625
                \vbox to .45\paperheight{\vskip0.5em
626
                    \hbox{\insertshorttitle[width=8cm]}%
627
                     \setbox\beamer@tempbox=\hbox{\insertsection}%
628
                    \hbox{\ifdim\wd\beamer@tempbox>1pt{\hskip4pt\raise3pt\hbox{\vrule
629
                                   width0.4pt height7pt\vrule width 9pt
630
                                   height0.4pt}}\hskip1pt\hbox{\begin{minipage}[t]{7.5cm}\def\breakhere{}\
631
                    }%
632
                     \setbox\beamer@tempbox=\hbox{\insertsubsection}%
633
                     \hbox{\ifdim\wd\beamer@tempbox>1pt{\hskip17.4pt\raise3pt\hbox{\vrule
634
                                   width0.4pt height7pt\vrule width 9pt
635
                                   \label{lem:height0.4pt} $$  height0.4pt} \hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{7.5cm}\def\breakhere{}} $$  \hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\breakhere{}} $$  \hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\breakhere{}} $$  \hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5cm}\def\hox{\begin{minipage}[t]{0.5
636
                    }%
637
                     \setbox\beamer@tempbox=\hbox{\insertshortframetitle}%
638
                    \hbox{\ifdim\wd\beamer@tempbox>1pt{\hskip30.8pt\raise3pt\hbox{\vrule
639
                                   width0.4pt height7pt\vrule width 9pt
640
                                   height0.4pt}}\hskip1pt\hbox{\insertshortframetitle[width=7cm]}\fi%
641
                    }%
642
                    \vfil}%
643
644
           \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{note page}{}{%
645
                \nointerlineskip%
646
                \insertvrule{.55\paperheight}{note page.bg}%
                \vskip-.55\paperheight%
648
           }%
649
          \vskip.25em
650
```

\nointerlineskip

651

```
\insertnote
652
653 }
654 \defbeamertemplate{note page}{print}
655 {%
    {%
656
     \nointerlineskip%
657
     \begin{beamercolorbox}[%
658
        wd=\paperwidth,%
659
        sep=0pt,%
660
        leftskip=\neo@frametitle@padding,%
661
        rightskip=\neo@frametitle@padding,%
662
     ]{note title}%
663
       \usebeamerfont{frametitle}%
664
       \neo@frametitlestrut@start%
665
       \insertframetitle%
666
       \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle icon}%
667
       \nolinebreak%
668
       \neo@frametitlestrut@end%
669
    \end{beamercolorbox}%
670
    }%
671
     \insertnote%
672
    \vfill%
673
     \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\paperwidth, sep=3ex]{footline}%
674
       \usebeamerfont{page number in head/foot}%
675
       \usebeamertemplate*{frame footer}
676
       \hfill%
677
       \usebeamertemplate*{frame numbering}
678
     \end{beamercolorbox}%
679
     \vskip4pt%
680
681 }
```

appendix Removes page numbering and per-slide progress bars when \appendix is called. This makes it easier to include additional "backup slides" at the end of the presentation, especially in conjunction with the package appendix number beamer.

```
682 \AtBeginDocument{%
683 \apptocmd{\appendix}{%
684 \pgfkeys{%
685 /neo/outer/.cd,
686 numbering=none,
```

```
687 progressbar=none}
688 }{}{}
689}
```

8.3.5 Process package options

```
690 \neo@outer@setdefaults
691 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/neo/outer}
```

8.4 NEO font theme

A beamer font theme sets the style of the font used in the document.

8.4.1 Package dependencies

```
692 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
693 \RequirePackage{ifxetex}
694 \RequirePackage{ifluatex}
695 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.4.2 Load Fira fonts

If the presentation is compiled with XeETEX or LuaETEX, the fontspec package is loaded and we search for the Fira fonts.

```
696\ifboolexpr{bool {xetex} or bool {luatex}}{
    \@ifpackageloaded{fontspec}{
697
       \PassOptionsToPackage{no-math}{fontspec}
698
699
       \RequirePackage[no-math]{fontspec}
700
    }
701
    \IfFileExists{FiraSans-Regular.otf}{
702
       \defaultfontfeatures{
703
             Scale
                       = 1.0,
704
             Extension = .otf
705
       }
706
    }{
707
       \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
708
         FiraSans font not found in path, therefore using system fonts. %
709
```

```
Make sure you have the fonts installed.%
710
       }
711
    }
712
     \setmonofont
713
       [ Numbers = {Monospaced, Lining},
714
         UprightFont
                         = *-Regular,
715
         ItalicFont
                         = *-Regular,
716
         BoldFont
                         = *-Medium ,
717
         BoldItalicFont = *-Medium ,
718
       ]
719
       {FiraMono}
720
     \newcommand{\neo@fontsave}{
721
       \let\firaneofamily\sfdefault
722
       \renewcommand*\familydefault{\firaneofamily}
723
    }
724
     \newcommand{\neo@fontlight}{
725
       \setsansfont[
726
           Numbers = {OldStyle, Monospaced},
727
                           = *-Light ,
           UprightFont
728
           ItalicFont
                           = *-LightItalic ,
729
           BoldFont
                           = *-Regular,
730
           BoldItalicFont = *-RegularItalic ,
731
         []{FiraSans}
732
       \neo@fontsave
733
    }
734
     \newcommand{\neo@fontbook}{
735
       \setsansfont[
736
           Numbers = {OldStyle, Monospaced},
737
           UprightFont
                           = *-Book,
738
           ItalicFont
                           = *-BookItalic ,
739
                           = *-Medium ,
740
           BoldFont
           BoldItalicFont = *-MediumItalic ,
741
         ]{FiraSans}
742
       \neo@fontsave
743
     }
744
     \newcommand{\neo@fontregular}{
745
       \setsansfont[
746
           Numbers = {OldStyle, Monospaced},
747
           UprightFont
                           = *-Regular ,
748
           ItalicFont
                           = *-RegularItalic ,
749
```

```
= *-SemiBold ,
           BoldFont
750
           BoldItalicFont = *-SemiBoldItalic ,
751
         ]{FiraSans}
752
       \neo@fontsave
753
     }
754
     \AtBeginEnvironment{tabular}{%
755
       \addfontfeature{Numbers={Monospaced}}%
756
     }
757
758 } {%
     \RequirePackage[utf8]{inputenc}
759
     \IfFileExists{FiraSans.sty}{
760
       \RequirePackage[T1]{fontenc}
761
       \RequirePackage[sfdefault]{FiraSans}
762
       \RequirePackage[nomap,lining]{FiraMono}
763
       \def\bfseries@tt{mb}
764
       \newcommand{\neo@fontsave}{
765
         \edef\familydefault{\sfdefault}
766
         \edef\seriesdefault{\mdseries@sf}
767
       }
768
       \newcommand{\neo@fontlight}{
769
         \def\mdseries@sf{l}
         \def\bfseries@sf{m}
771
         \neo@fontsave
772
       }
773
       \newcommand{\neo@fontbook}{
774
         \def\bfseries@sf{mb}
775
         \neo@fontsave
776
       }
777
       \newcommand{\neo@fontregular}{
778
         \def\mdseries@sf{m}
779
         \def\bfseries@sf{sb}
780
         \neo@fontsave
781
       }
782
    }{
783
       \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
784
         You need to install the Fira Fonts package or compile with XeLaTeX or %
785
         LuaLaTeX to use the included Fira fonts%
786
       }
787
     }
788
789 }
```

This concludes the portion of the code which is only run when compiled with Xemax or Luamax. The remainder of this package applies regardless of the compiling engine.

8.4.3 General font definitions

```
790\setbeamerfont{title}{size=\Large,%
                         series=\bfseries}
791
792 \setbeamerfont{author}{size=\small}
793 \setbeamerfont{date}{size=\small}
794\setbeamerfont{section title}{size=\Large,%
                                 series=\bfseries}
796 \setbeamerfont{block title}{size=\normalsize,%
                               series=\bfseries}
798\setbeamerfont{block title alerted}{size=\normalsize,%
                                        series=\bfseries}
799
800 \setbeamerfont*{subtitle}{size=\large}
801\setbeamerfont{frametitle}{size=\large,%
802
                              series=\bfseries}
803 \setbeamerfont{caption}{size=\small}
804\setbeamerfont{caption name}{series=\bfseries}
805\setbeamerfont{description item}{series=\bfseries}
806\setbeamerfont{page number in head/foot}{size=\scriptsize}
807\setbeamerfont{bibliography entry author}{size=\normalsize,%
                                              series=\normalfont}
808
809\setbeamerfont{bibliography entry title}{size=\normalsize,%
                                             series=\bfseries}
811 \setbeamerfont{bibliography entry location}{size=\normalsize,%
                                                series=\normalfont}
813\setbeamerfont{bibliography entry note}{size=\small,%
                                            series=\normalfont}
815 \setbeamerfont{standout}{size=\Large,%
                            series=\bfseries}
816
```

8.4.4 Font style options

```
titleformat title Controls the overall font style.

817 \pgfkeys{
818 /neo/font/style/.cd,
```

```
.is choice,
light/.code={\neo@fontlight},
book/.code={\neo@fontbook},
regular/.code={\neo@fontregular},
}
```

8.4.5 Title format options

titleformat title Controls the format of the title.

```
824 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/font/titleformat title/.cd,
825
       .is choice,
826
       regular/.code={%
827
         \let\neo@titleformat\@empty%
828
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\normalfont}%
829
       },
830
       smallcaps/.code={%
831
         \let\neo@titleformat\@empty%
832
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\scshape}%
833
       },
834
835
       allsmallcaps/.code={%
         \let\neo@titleformat\lowercase%
836
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\scshape}%
837
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
838
           Be aware that titleformat title=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
839
         }
840
841
       },
       allcaps/.code={%
842
         \let\neo@titleformat\uppercase%
843
         \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\normalfont}
844
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
845
           Be aware that titleformat title=allcaps can lead to problems%
846
         }
847
       },
848
849 }
```

titleformat subtitle Control the format of the subtitle.

```
850 \pgfkeys{
```

```
/neo/font/titleformat subtitle/.cd,
851
       .is choice,
852
       regular/.code={%
853
         \let\neo@subtitleformat\@empty%
854
         \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
855
       },
856
       smallcaps/.code={%
857
         \let\neo@subtitleformat\@empty%
858
         \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\scshape}%
859
       },
860
       allsmallcaps/.code={%
861
         \let\neo@subtitleformat\lowercase%
862
         \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\scshape}%
863
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
864
           Be aware that titleformat subtitle=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
865
         }
866
       },
867
       allcaps/.code={%
868
         \let\neo@subtitleformat\uppercase%
869
         \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
870
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
871
           Be aware that titleformat subtitle=allcaps can lead to problems%
872
         }
873
       },
874
875 }
```

titleformat section Controls the format of the section title.

```
876 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/font/titleformat section/.cd,
       .is choice,
878
       regular/.code={%
879
         \let\neo@sectiontitleformat\@empty%
880
         \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\normalfont}%
881
       },
882
       smallcaps/.code={%
883
         \let\neo@sectiontitleformat\@empty%
884
         \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\scshape}%
885
       },
886
       allsmallcaps/.code={%
887
```

```
\let\neo@sectiontitleformat\MakeLowercase%
888
         \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\scshape}%
889
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
890
           Be aware that titleformat section=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
891
         }
892
      },
893
      allcaps/.code={%
894
         \let\neo@sectiontitleformat\MakeUppercase%
895
         \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\normalfont}%
896
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
897
           Be aware that titleformat section=allcaps can lead to problems%
898
         }
899
      },
900
901 }
```

frametitleformat Control the format of the frame title.

```
902 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/font/titleformat frame/.cd,
903
       .is choice,
904
      regular/.code={%
905
         \let\neo@frametitleformat\@empty%
906
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
907
      },
908
      smallcaps/.code={%
909
         \let\neo@frametitleformat\@empty%
910
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\scshape}%
911
      },
912
      allsmallcaps/.code={%
913
         \let\neo@frametitleformat\MakeLowercase%
914
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\scshape}%
915
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
916
           Be aware that titleformat frame=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
917
         }
918
      },
919
      allcaps/.code={%
920
         \let\neo@frametitleformat\MakeUppercase%
921
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\normalfont}
922
         \PackageWarning{beamerthemeneo}{%
923
           Be aware that titleformat frame=allcaps can lead to problems%
924
```

```
925
         },
926
927 }
```

titleformat aliases Allows titleformat title et al. to be used in the \usetheme declaration, where **ETFX** automatically removes all spaces.

```
928 \pgfkeys{
    /neo/font/.cd,
929
    titleformattitle/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat title=#1},
    titleformatsubtitle/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat subtitle=#1},
931
    titleformatsection/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat section=#1},
932
    titleformatframe/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat frame=#1},
933
934 }
```

\neo@font@setdefaults Sets default values for font theme options.

```
935 \newcommand{\neo@font@setdefaults}{
    \pgfkeys{/neo/font/.cd,
       style=book,
937
       titleformat title=regular,
938
       titleformat subtitle=regular,
939
      titleformat section=regular,
940
       titleformat frame=regular,
941
    }
942
943 }
```

We first define hooks to change the case format of the titles.

```
944 \def\neo@titleformat#1{#1}
945 \def\neo@subtitleformat#1{#1}
946 \def\neo@sectiontitleformat#1{#1}
947 \def\neo@frametitleformat#1{#1}
```

To make the uppercase and lowercase macros work in the title, subtitle, etc., we have to patch the appropriate beamer commands that set their values. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this StackExchange question.

```
948 \patchcmd{\beamer@title}%
949 {\def\inserttitle{#2}}%
```

```
{\def\inserttitle{\neo@titleformat{#2}}}%
950
951
          {\PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching title failed}\@ehc}
952
953 \patchcmd{\beamer@subtitle}%
          {\def\insertsubtitle{#2}}%
          {\def\insertsubtitle{\neo@subtitleformat{#2}}}%
955
956
          {\PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching subtitle failed}\@ehc}
957
958 \patchcmd{\sectionentry}
          {\def\insertsectionhead{#2}}
959
          {\def\insertsectionhead{\neo@sectiontitleformat{#2}}}
960
961
          {\PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching section title failed}\@ehc}
962
963 \atempswafalse
964 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
          {\edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{\unexpanded{#
          {\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\en
966
               \noexpand\neo@sectiontitleformat{\unexpanded{#1}}}}
967
          {\atempswatrue}
968
          {}
969
970 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
          {\def\insertsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{#1}}}
          {\def\insertsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
972
               \neo@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
973
          {\atempswatrue}
974
          {}
975
976 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
          {\edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{\unexpanded{#
977
          {\edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
978
               \noexpand\neo@sectiontitleformat{\unexpanded{#1}}}}
979
980
          {\atempswatrue}
          {}
981
982 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
          {\protected@edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{#1}
983
          {\protected@edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
984
               \noexpand\neo@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
985
          {\@tempswatrue}
986
          {}
987
988 \if@tempswa\else
         \PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching section title failed}\@ehc
```

```
990\fi
991 \atempswafalse
992 \patchcmd{\beamer@subsection}
     {\edef\insertsubsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{\unexpande
     994
       \noexpand\neo@sectiontitleformat{\unexpanded{#1}}}}
995
     {\atempswatrue}
996
     {}
997
998 \patchcmd{\beamer@subsection}
     {\def\insertsubsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{#1}}}
999
     {\def\insertsubsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
1000
       \neo@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
1001
     {\atempswatrue}
1002
     {}
1003
1004 \patchcmd{\beamer@subsection}
     {\protected@edef\insertsubsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{
1005
     {\protected@edef\insertsubsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{
1006
       \noexpand\neo@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
1007
     {\atempswatrue}
1008
     {}
1009
1010 \if@tempswa\else
     \PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching section title failed}\@ehc
1012 \fi
 Similarly, to make the \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase macros work
 in the frame title we have to patch \beamer@@frametitle.
1013 \patchcmd{\beamer@@frametitle}
     {{%
1014
         \gdef\insertframetitle{{#2\ifnum\beamer@autobreakcount>0\relax{}\space%
1015
         \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle continuation}\fi}}%
1016
       \gdef\beamer@frametitle{#2}%
1017
       \gdef\beamer@shortframetitle{#1}%
1018
       }}
1019
     {{%
1020
         \gdef\insertframetitle{{\neo@frametitleformat{#2}\ifnum%
1021
         \beamer@autobreakcount>0\relax{}\space%
1022
         \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle continuation}\fi}}%
1023
       \gdef\beamer@frametitle{#2}%
```

\gdef\beamer@shortframetitle{#1}%

1024

1025

```
1026    }}
1027    {}
1028    {\PackageError{beamerfontthemeneo}{Patching frame title failed}\@ehc}
```

8.4.6 Process package options

```
1029 \neo@font@setdefaults
1030 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/neo/font}
```

8.5 NEO color theme

8.5.1 Package dependencies

1031 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}

8.5.2 Options

block Optionally adds a light grey background to block environments like theorem and example.

```
1032 \pgfkeys{
1033    /neo/color/block/.cd,
1034    .is choice,
1035    transparent/.code=\neo@block@transparent,
1036    fill/.code=\neo@block@fill,
1037 }
```

colors Provides the option to have a dark background and light foreground instead of the reverse.

```
1038 \pgfkeys{
1039    /neo/color/background/.cd,
1040    .is choice,
1041    dark/.code=\neo@colors@dark,
1042    light/.code=\neo@colors@light,
1043    white/.code=\neo@colors@white,
1044 }
```

\neo@color@setdefaults Sets default values for color theme options.

1045 \newcommand{\neo@color@setdefaults}{

```
pgfkeys{/neo/color/.cd,
background=light,
block=transparent,
}
```

8.5.3 Base colors

```
1051
1052 \definecolor{nDarkGrey}{RGB}{152,164,174}
1053 \definecolor{nGrey}{RGB}{210,213,215}
1054 \definecolor{nLightGrey}{RGB}{235,236,238}
1055
1056 \definecolor{nDarkRed}{RGB}{141,20,41}
1057 \definecolor{nRed}{RGB}{201,169,147}
1058 \definecolor{nLightRed}{RGB}{237,231,222}
1060 \definecolor{nDarkGreen}{RGB}{0,155,119}
1061 \definecolor{nGreen}{RGB}{170,207,189}
1062 \definecolor{nLightGreen}{RGB}{229,239,234}
1063
1064 \definecolor{nDarkBlue}{RGB}{0,56,101}
1065 \definecolor{nBlue}{RGB}{144,167,198}
1066 \definecolor{nLightBlue}{RGB}{221,229,240}
1067
1068 \definecolor{nDarkCyan}{RGB}{0,177,235}
1069 \definecolor{nCyan}{RGB}{180,214,245}
1070 \definecolor{nLightCyan}{RGB}{234,243,252}
1072 \definecolor{nDarkYellow}{RGB}{201,147,19}
1073 \definecolor{nYellow}{RGB}{217,198,137}
1074\definecolor{nLightYellow}{RGB}{243,238,223}
1075
1076 \definecolor{nBlack}{HTML}{011F32}
1077 \definecolor{nWhite}{RGB}{250,250,250}
```

8.5.4 Alias colors

Support the colors provided by the old i4 beamer theme.

```
1078 \colorlet{i4red}{nDarkRed}
1079 \colorlet{i4green}{nDarkGreen}
1080 \colorlet{i4blue}{nDarkBlue}
1081 \colorlet{i4cyan}{nDarkCyan}
1082 \colorlet{i4yellow}{nDarkYellow}
1083 \colorlet{i4grey}{nDarkGrey}
1084 \definecolor{darkred}{rgb}{0.8,0,0}
1085 \colorlet{beamergreen}{green!50!black}
```

8.5.5 Base styles

All colors in ${\it NEO}$ are derived from the definitions of normal text, alerted text, and example text.

```
1086 \newcommand{\neo@colors@dark}{
     \setbeamercolor{normal text}{%
1087
1088
        fg=nWhite,
        bg=nBlack
1089
     }
1090
     \setbeamercolor{normal item}{%
1091
        fg=nWhite,
1092
        bg=nDarkBlue
1093
1094
     \usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}
1095
1096 }
1097 \newcommand{\neo@colors@light}{
     \setbeamercolor{normal text}{%
1098
        fg=nBlack,
1099
        bg=nWhite
1100
     }
1101
     \setbeamercolor{normal item}{%
1102
        fg=nDarkBlue,
1103
        bg=nWhite
1104
1105
     }
1106 }
1107 \newcommand{\neo@colors@white}{
     \setbeamercolor{normal text}{%
1108
        fg=nBlack,
1109
        bg=white
1110
```

```
1111
     \setbeamercolor{normal item}{%
1112
        fg=nDarkBlue,
1113
        bg=white
1114
     }
1115
1116 }
1117 \setbeamercolor{alerted text}{%
     fg=nDarkRed
1118
1119 }
1120\setbeamercolor{example text}{%
      fg=nDarkYellow
1122 }
1123\setbeamercolor{note title}{%
     fg=nDarkBlue,
1124
     bg=nGrey
1125
1126 }
1127 \setbeamercolor{note page}{%
     fg=nBlack,
1128
     bg=nLightGrey
1129
1130 }
```

8.5.6 Derived colors

The titles and structural elements (e.g. itemize bullets) are set in the same color as normal text.and normal item. This would ideally done by setting normal text and normal item as a parent style, which we do to set titlelike, but this doesn't work for structure as its foreground is set explicitly in beamercolorthemedefault.sty.

```
1131\setbeamercolor{titlelike}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
1132\setbeamercolor{author}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
1133\setbeamercolor{date}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
1134\setbeamercolor{institute}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}
1135\setbeamercolor{structure}{use=normal item, fg=normal item.fg}
```

The "primary" palette should be used for the most important navigational elements, and possibly of other elements. **NEO** uses it for frame titles and slides.

```
1136\setbeamercolor{palette primary}{%
1137 use=normal text,
```

```
1138 fg=normal text.bg,
1139 bg=nDarkBlue
1140 }
1141 \setbeamercolor{frametitle}{%
1142 use=palette primary,
1143 parent=palette primary
1144 }
```

The **NEO** inner or outer themes optionally display progress bars in various locations. Their color is set by progress bar but the two different kinds can be customized separately. The horizontal rule on the title page is also set based on the progress bar color and can be customized with title separator.

```
1145\setbeamercolor{progress bar}{%
1146
     use=normal text,
     fg=nDarkBlue,
1147
     bg=nLightBlue
1148
1149 }
1150\setbeamercolor{title separator}{
     use=progress bar,
1151
     parent=progress bar
1152
1154\setbeamercolor{progress bar in head/foot}{%
     use=normal text.fg,
1155
     fg=nBlack,
1156
     parent=progress bar
1157
1158 }
1159\setbeamercolor{progress bar in section page}{
1160
     use=progress bar,
     parent=progress bar
1161
1162 }
```

Block environments such as theorem and example have no background color by default. The option block=fill sets a background color based on the background and foreground of normal text. The option block=transparent reverts the block environments to an empty background, which can be useful if changing colors mid-presentation.

```
1163 \newcommand{\neo@block@transparent}{
1164 \setbeamercolor{block title}{%
1165 use=normal text,
```

```
fg=nDarkBlue,
1166
        bg=
1167
     }
1168
     \setbeamercolor{block title alerted}{%
1169
        use={block title, alerted text},
1170
        bg=block title.bg,
1171
        fg=alerted text.fg
1172
1173
     \setbeamercolor{block title example}{%
1174
        use={block title, example text},
1175
        bg=block title.bg,
1176
        fg=example text.fg
1177
1178
     \setbeamercolor{block body}{
1179
        bg=
1180
1181
     \setbeamercolor{block body alerted}{
1182
        use=block body,
1183
        parent=block body
1184
1185
     \setbeamercolor{block body example}{
1186
1187
        use=block body,
        parent=block body
1188
     }
1189
1190 }
1191 \newcommand{\neo@block@fill}{
     \setbeamercolor{block title}{%
1192
        use=normal text,
1193
        fg=nDarkBlue,
1194
        bg=nGrey
1195
     }
1196
     \setbeamercolor{block title alerted}{%
1197
        use={block title, alerted text},
1198
        bg=alerted text.fg,
1199
        fg=alerted text.bg
1200
     }
1201
     \setbeamercolor{block title example}{%
1202
        use={block title, example text},
1203
        bg=example text.fg,
120/
        fg=example text.bg
1205
```

```
1206
     \setbeamercolor{block body}{
1207
        use={block title, normal text},
1208
        bg=nLightGrey
1209
     }
1210
      \setbeamercolor{block body alerted}{
1211
        use=block body,
1212
        parent=block body,
1213
        bg=nRed!50,
1214
1215
     \setbeamercolor{block body example}{
1216
        use=block body,
1217
        parent=block body,
1218
        bg=nYellow!50
1219
     }
1220
1221 }
1222
 Footnotes
```

```
1223 \setbeamercolor{footnote} \{fg=normal\ text.fg!90\}
1224 \setbeamercolor{footnote mark} \{fg=.\}
```

We also reset the bibliography colors in order to pick up the surrounding colors at the time of use. This prevents us having to set the correct color in normal and standout mode.

```
1225\setbeamercolor{bibliography entry author}{fg=, bg=}
1226\setbeamercolor{bibliography entry title}{fg=, bg=}
1227\setbeamercolor{bibliography entry location}{fg=, bg=}
1228\setbeamercolor{bibliography entry note}{fg=, bg=}
```

8.5.7 Process package options

```
1229 \neo@color@setdefaults
1230 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/neo/color}
1231 \mode<all>
```

8.6 Tolpgfplots theme

Paul Tol's 12-color palette¹ is as follows:

```
1232 \definecolor{TolDarkPurple}{HTML}{332288}
1233 \definecolor{TolDarkBlue}{HTML}{6699CC}
1234 \definecolor{TolLightBlue}{HTML}{88CCEE}
1235 \definecolor{TolLightGreen}{HTML}{44AA99}
1236 \definecolor{TolDarkGreen}{HTML}{117733}
1237 \definecolor{TolDarkBrown}{HTML}{999933}
1238 \definecolor{TolLightBrown}{HTML}{DDCC77}
1239 \definecolor{TolDarkRed}{HTML}{661100}
1240 \definecolor{TolLightRed}{HTML}{CC6677}
1241 \definecolor{TolLightPink}{HTML}{AA4466}
1242 \definecolor{TolDarkPink}{HTML}{882255}
1243 \definecolor{TolLightPurple}{HTML}{AA4499}
```

To use these colors, we describe "cycle lists" from which PGF chooses styles for the different series in a chart.

mbarplot cycle Colors and styles intended for bar charts with up to 12 series.

```
1244\pgfplotscreateplotcyclelist{mbarplot cycle}{%
     {draw=TolDarkBlue,
                             fill=TolDarkBlue!70},
1245
     {draw=TolLightBrown,
                            fill=TolLightBrown!70},
1246
                            fill=TolLightGreen!70},
     {draw=TolLightGreen,
1247
     {draw=TolDarkPink,
                             fill=TolDarkPink!70},
1248
     {draw=TolDarkPurple,
                            fill=TolDarkPurple!70},
1249
     {draw=TolDarkRed,
                             fill=TolDarkRed!70},
1250
     {draw=TolDarkBrown,
                             fill=TolDarkBrown!70},
1251
                             fill=TolLightRed!70},
     {draw=TolLightRed,
1252
     {draw=TolLightPink,
                             fill=TolLightPink!70},
1253
     {draw=TolLightPurple, fill=TolLightPurple!70},
1254
     {draw=TolLightBlue,
                             fill=TolLightBlue!70},
1255
     {draw=TolDarkGreen,
                             fill=TolDarkGreen!70},
1256
```

mlineplot cycle Colors and styles intended for line charts with up to 4 series.

¹Tol actually describes several palettes; these colours are taken from the bottom row of Figure 3 in his technical note.

```
1258 \pgfplotscreateplotcyclelist{mlineplot cycle}{%
     {TolDarkBlue, mark=*, mark size=1.5pt},
1259
     {TolLightBrown, mark=square*, mark size=1.3pt},
1260
     {TolLightGreen, mark=triangle*, mark size=1.5pt},
1261
     {TolDarkBrown, mark=diamond*, mark size=1.5pt},
1262
1263 }
```

However, the above cycle lists are not applied automatically. We still need to define styles — mlineplot and mbarplot — that the user can apply to the axis of a pgfplots chart to use the colors. We'll also take the opportunity to adjust the display of chart axes when these styles are used.

```
1264 \pgfplotsset{
1265 compat=1.9,
```

mlineplot A style to apply to the axis of a PGF line plot.

```
mlineplot/.style={
1266
        mbaseplot,
1267
        xmajorgrids=true,
1268
        ymajorgrids=true,
1269
        major grid style={dotted},
1270
        axis x line=bottom,
1271
        axis y line=left,
1272
        legend style={
1273
          cells={anchor=west},
1274
          draw=none
1275
        },
1276
        cycle list name=mlineplot cycle,
1277
     },
1278
```

mbarplot A style to apply to the axis of a PGF bar chart. mbarplot uses vertical horizontal mbarplot bars by default, while horizontal mbarplot has horizontal bars as the name implies. Their shared properties are factored out into the internal style mbarplot base.

```
mbarplot base/.style={
1279
        mbaseplot,
1280
        bar width=6pt,
1281
        axis y line*=none,
1282
```

```
},
                mbarplot/.style={
          1284
                   mbarplot base,
          1285
                   ybar,
          1286
                   xmajorgrids=false,
          1287
                   ymajorgrids=true,
          1288
                   area legend,
          1289
                   legend image code/.code={%
          1290
                     \draw[#1] (0cm,-0.1cm) rectangle (0.15cm,0.1cm);
          1291
                   },
          1292
                   cycle list name=mbarplot cycle,
          1293
                },
          1294
                horizontal mbarplot/.style={
          1295
                   mbarplot base,
          1296
                   xmajorgrids=true,
          1297
                   ymajorgrids=false,
          1298
                   xbar stacked,
          1299
                   area legend,
          1300
                   legend image code/.code={%
          1301
                     \draw[#1] (0cm,-0.1cm) rectangle (0.15cm,0.1cm);
          1302
                   },
          1303
                   cycle list name=mbarplot cycle,
          1304
          1305
                },
mbaseplot Adjusts the appearance of the axes in a PGF chart.
                mbaseplot/.style={
          1306
                   legend style={
          1307
                     draw=none,
          1308
                     fill=none,
          1309
                     cells={anchor=west},
          1310
                   },
          1311
                   x tick label style={
          1312
                     font=\footnotesize
          1313
                   },
          1314
                   y tick label style={
          1315
                     font=\footnotesize
          1316
                   },
          1317
                   legend style={
          1318
                     font=\footnotesize
          1319
```

1283

```
},
1320
       major grid style={
1321
          dotted,
1322
        },
1323
       axis x line*=bottom,
1324
1325
     disable thousands separator/.style={
1326
       /pgf/number format/.cd,
1327
          1000 sep={}
1328
     },
1329
1330 }
```