```
function [State] = runCompressor(State, Parameter, Constant, Data)
%runCompressor
% COMPRESSOR MODEL DEFINITION
Nu_c = 0.87;
             % Isentropic efficiency
CPR = 30;
             % Pressure ratio
% STATE CONDITIONS AND CONSTANTS
%_____
% Pass variables from input State structure
n2 = State(2,2); % Flow rate in kmol/s
p2 = State(2,3);
t2 = State(2,4);
h2 = State(2,5);
v2 = State(2,6);
gamma = Constant.gamma;
% COMPRESSOR CALCULATIONS
n3 = n2; % No change in flow rate
p3 = p2 * CPR; % New pressure defined by compressor pressure ratio
% Calculate specific heat at constant pressure
cp =
0.8*findProperty(Data.02,t2,'cp')+0.2*findProperty(Data.N2,t2,'cp');
% Calculate total work done by compressor (defined by isentropic
efficiency)
% Find the resulting enthalpy at stage 4
w23 = n3 * cp * t2 * (1-CPR^{((gamma-1)/gamma))/Nu c; % Work in (neg)
h3 = h2 - w23;
% Calculate new temperature by using work done equals change in
enthalpy
t3 = t2 - w23/cp/n3;
% CHECKS
% Use findProperties to see if enthalpy is reasonable
h3_meas = n3*findProperty(Data.O2,t3,'Dh');
```

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Margin = h3-h3_meas;
if abs(Margin) < abs(w23)*0.1</pre>
    fprintf('Compressor successful\r');
    fprintf('\tCalculated and tabulated enthalpy margin is %d kJ\r',
Margin');
    fprintf('\tCompressor work done %d kJ\r\n',w23);
else
    fprintf('Compressor calculated and tabulated enthalpy at Stage3
 inconsistent, margin %d\r\n',Margin);
end
State(3,1) = 3;
State(3,2) = n3;
State(3,3) = p3;
State(3,4) = t3;
State(3,5) = h3;
State(3,6) = 8315*t3*n3/p3/10^5;
end
```

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