1 Overview

Problem: Using Coq, verify Timsort, python's preferred sorting algorithm! [Improve motivation? Possibly include discussion of failures of implementations of Timsort in languages other than Python 3.x.] Timsort is a hybrid of insertion sort and mergesort, plus some heuristics about memory management and other optimizations. Our simplified version will include a reduced version of these heuristics.

Solution sketch: We will take an incremental approach (and all of our algorithms will be functional, using persistent data structures). We're going to start with a simplified version of Timsort, hybridizing mergesort and insertion sort with a small subset of the heuristics used by Timsort in full. At first, all of these components of this simplified Timsort will be independently verified; the combined algorithm implementation will be thoroughly unit-tested. For short, call this algorithm Simsort. Implementing Simsort will be the conclusion of our core functionality.

Next, we will implement heaps and a verified heapsort; by replacing insertion sort with heapsort in Simsort, we should get a constant-factor time improvement. Then, our primary goal beyond core functionality will be verification of Simsort. From there, we will implement extra extensions, as discussed below, possibly adding more heuristics to Simsort, approaching verification of Timsort in full.

Goals: Primarily, we'd like to verify Timsort (i.e., Simsort) as a way to learn more about Coq and certified programming.

2 Prioritized Feature List

Note: All algorithms and data structures used in this project will be functional; in particular, we'll use persistent data structures.

Core Features

- **Fundamentals.** Booleans, natural numbers (defined inductively), polymorphic lists, stacks (for very basic representations of memory needed within Timsort heuristics).
- Verified insertion sort. Verified insertion sort of lists of natural numbers.
- Verified merge sort. Verified merge sort of lists of natural numbers.
- Simsort. Fully tested implementation of Simsort (our hybridization of verified merge sort, verified insertion sort, and a modified subset of the heuristics used in Timsort). [talk about what the heuristics might be]

Cool Extensions

- **Heaps.** Polymorphic priority queues. If it provides an advantage in asymptotics, we will use heaps to re-implement stacks.
- **Heap Sort.** Verified heap sort of heaps of natural numbers. This will operate on lists of natural numbers, represented perhaps as trees or priority queues.
- **Augmenting Simsort with heapsort.** Fully tested implementation of Simsort, with heapsort replacing insertion sort, for a slight improvement in asymptotics.
- **Verified Simsort.** This is our main goal beyond core functionality. We will improve the fully tested Simsort to a rigorously verified Simsort (using Coq).

- Passing foreign tests. We have come across a few known to be broken implementations of Timsort in certain languages (e.g., Java's clone of Timsort, early versions of Python 2.x's Timsort). For this cool extension, we would take some of the failing test cases for those other implementations, adapt them to use the same heuristic assumptions that we've used with Simsort, and show that our verified Simsort passes those tests.
- Adding more heuristics. If we make it this far, we will add more heuristics to Simsort, showing that each addition passes verification and doesn't break invariants, working our way gradually to a verified, functional Timsort in full.

3 Technical Specification

3.1 Interfaces.

References to code written thus far are included throughout this section. chicken is the root directory of our github repository, located at https://github.com/mfount/chicken.

Also, all libraries originating from SF [2] (which we've populated with exercise solutions), will eventually be refactored into neater, application-specific libraries once we have a clearer picture of how we will refactor code to optimize proofs.

Data Structures, related methods, and proofs of them.

- Booleans. Our code for bools so far is contained in chicken/coq/Basics.v, a library provided with SF [2], which we have filled out with solutions to the relevant exercises. This includes axioms and definitions pertaining to bools (e.g. not false = true), proofs of simple lemmas (primarily done using the destruct tactic to prove by case exhaustion) familiar binary operations, and proofs of them.
- Natural numbers. There is code for nats in chicken/coq/Basics.v and chicken/coq/Induction.v, another SF library that we have supplemented with solutions to relevant exercises. Nats are defined inductively using a unary representation (as Peano naturals). Most of the lemmas pertaining to nats are proven using the induction tactic.
 - For our purposes, the set of natural numbers is most usefully structured as an ordered set, so we've verified (or made progress toawrd verifying) the order properties of the natural numbers as comparison methods, for example ble_nat (<= for nats).
- Polymorphic lists. We will be sorting objects of the type list nat (informally, "natlists") throughout this project. Also, we will use lists of lists, list (list nat) in Simsort. Definitions of polymorphic lists are found in chicken/coq/Poly.v and chicken/coq/Lists.v other SF libraries modified as described above. (The former defines polymorphic lists, and the latter defines, specifically, lists of nats.)
- Stack. We're going to implement this using polymorphic lists. [Methods will include...]
- Heap. [Pseudocode here!]

Algorithms and proofs of them.

- Fundamental methods and proofs relevant to all sorting algorithms.
- Mergesort.
- Insertion sort.
- Heap sort.
- Simsort.

4 Timeline

Remainder of this week.

• foo

Week of April 20.

• foo

[flesh this out]

5 Progress

References

- [1] Chlipala, Adam. Certified Programming with Dependent Types.
- [2] Pierce, Benjamin, et al. Software Foundations.