

GENEALOGY
OF THE
SIBLEY FAMILY.

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Genealogy
of the Generations of
John Sibley,

who emigrated from England to North America in - 1640 or 1641.-

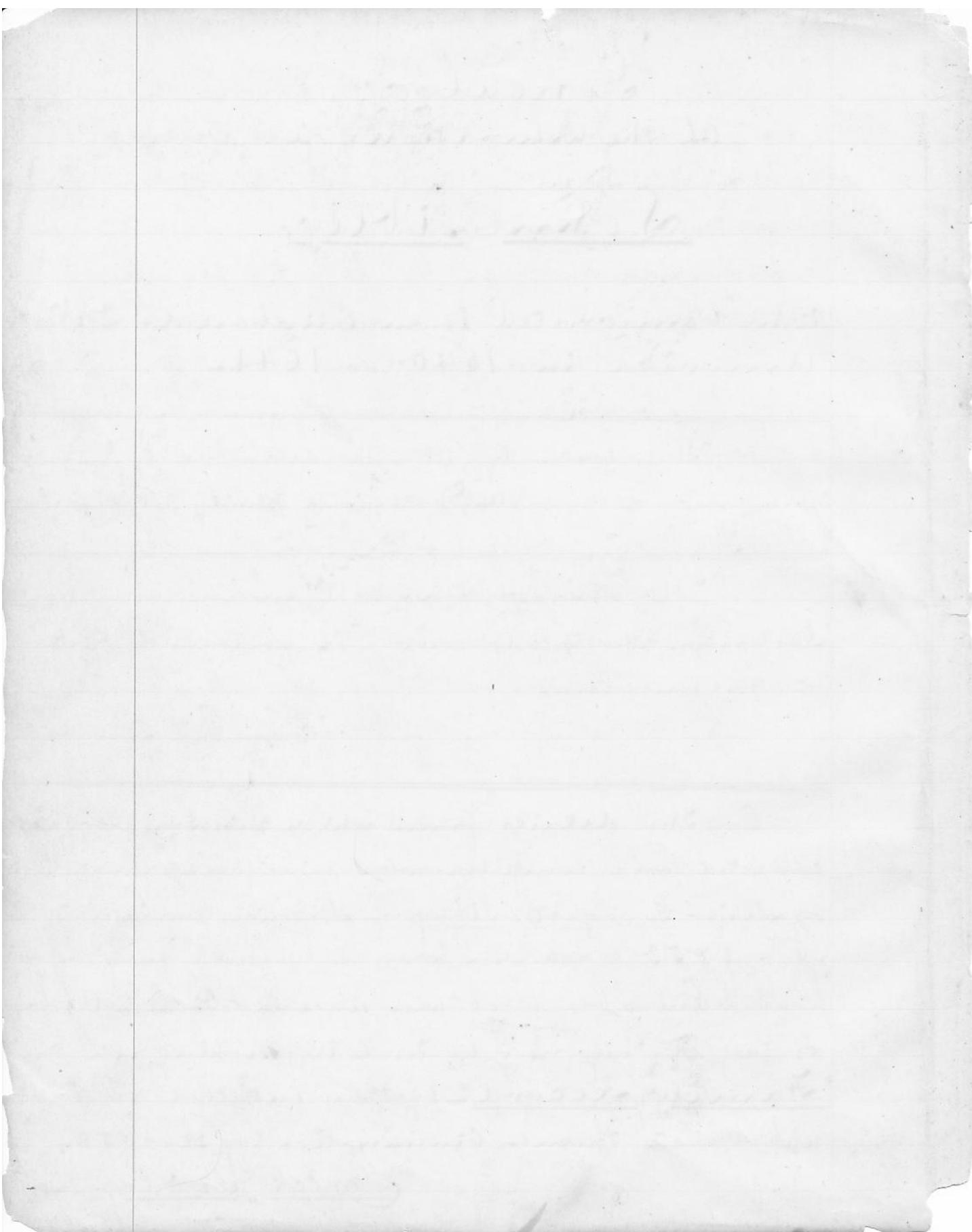
"It is certainly fit and desirable to know something of our Ancestors and Family Relations."-

"He only deserves to be remembered by posterity, who treasures up and preserves the history of his ancestors."

"Edmund Burke."

The details from which this Genealogy was collected and compiled were principally furnished by Major George C. Sibley of Missouri, previous to the year 1853. to which I have added such facts as I have been able to obtain, since that time.- As far as they go, they may be used in making up the Family Record,- by those entitled so to appropriate them.- Cincinnati, May 22. 1858.-

Serick "Sibley".-



History relates that in the year 1637, John Hampden, Oliver Cromwell and John Pym, with many others, who were then termed Puritans in England, having become weary of the despotic tyranny of King Charles the 1st and archbishop Laud, resolved to leave England in a body, and settle as a free community in North America, after the example of those of their brethren who landed on Plymouth Rock from the "May Flower," December 20. 1620.

King Charles, in an evil hour, detained and forbid the enterprise, and it was abandoned.—The effect of this arbitrary Edict of the King was most momentous, both as regarded his own life, and the future destiny of England.—Had Oliver Cromwell and his associates been permitted to emigrate to America, the Political History of England, from that day to the present, would have been written in different language—and Charles, instead of having his head decapitated by the Public Executioner, would have been able to have been able to have kept it upon his shoulders till old age or disease would have terminated his voluptuous life—

Among the many young men who were thus balked in their purpose of escaping, with those distinguished leaders, from Civil and Religious oppression, were John and Ebenezer Sibley, two brothers, natives of the County of Middlesex, near London.

Sometime in 1640 or 1641, these brothers, with several others, found means to escape from England, and arrived safely in that part of America, then known as North Virginia, now better known as "New England."

John and Ebenezer located themselves in the then new settlement of Salem, now in Essex County, Massachusetts, occupying the site of the ancient Indian town of Naumkeag. They were both young and unmarried when they left their native land. John, the eldest, it is believed, was not over twenty seven years of age, if so old as that. What were their pursuits—their position in society—their ancestry, &c. can only be conjectural, now it appears, however, that they were—"in good repute,—not deficient in education—and of an active and enterprising spirit."

From the circumstance of their adherence and attachment to Cromwell,

Hampden and Pym, it may be fairly inferred that they belonged to the "Liberty Party" in England, and not improbably in the Military Service of the Parliament, under the command of Cromwell.—It is recorded of them, that in their new home, they became "tillers of the ground!"—

John, whose line we are now to trace down, is supposed to have been born in the year 1614, and as it is well authenticated that he lived to the great age of Ninety-five years, we place his death somewhere in the year 1710.—

His marriage took place late in life, in the year 1657, at which time he was about forty three years of age.—Nothing is known in regard to his wife, not even her name. Some years before his death, he removed with his family from Salem to Sutton, in the County of Worcester, Massachusetts, at which place he died.—

He left Seven Children—five Sons and two Daughters.—We have the names of the Sons only.—They are John, Joseph, William, Samuel and Benjamin.—The dates of their several births, not known.—John, the eldest, we reasonably conjecture, was born in 1659.—One of the daughters, it is well known, was married to the famous

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Freegrace Marble, the ancestor of all the Sutton Marbles.—The descendants of the first John are now "very numerous in the land" and are found in every State in the Union— in Canada, and in Mexico.—

Of Ebenezer, his younger brother, nothing has been yet traced reliably.—Whether he married and left a family, or died unmarried, or returned to England, we are without any recorded or traditional facts, to warrant any definite conclusion in regard to him.—

2^d. John, the eldest Son of first John, was born in Salem in 1659.— He was married in Salem in 1692, but had no issue by his first wife.—He was again married in Salem in 1713.—The maiden name of his second wife was Zeruiah, but of what family, we know not.—He died in Sutton in 1754, in the 95th year of his age.—He was always called "Captain John!"—The children of John and Zeruiah were six.—Their names, as of record, are,

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- 1.- John, born in Salem, Nov. 13. 1714
 - 2.- Ebenezer, " " Feb. 28. 1717.
 - 3.- Stephen, " " October 1. 1720.
 - 4.- Betherah, " " Sutton, October 2. 1724.
 - 5.- Timothy, " " November 2. 1727.
 - 6.- Mary, " " February. 1730.

Our lineage now descends through Timothy, the 5th Son of the 2^d John. - We have no recorded account of the four brothers of John, or of his four eldest Sons, and not a word as to their families or descendants. - Of Mary, the only daughter of the 2^d John, the record says, - "She married Captain Samuel Trask, of Sutton, and by him had Twenty one Children." If the four Brothers and four eldest Sons of 2^d John, proved any thing like as fruitful and prolific as his two youngest Children, Timothy and Mary, who had thirty six children, it is no wonder that the Record should state that "The Sibley increase has been quite large in the land." -

Timothy, the youngest Son of

2^d John Sibley — grandson of John from England — whose line we are now to trace, was born in Sutton, 2^d November, 1727, and died in Sutton, in 1819, aged 92 years.

On the 28th of May, 1752, he was married to Mary Wood, daughter of Col. Ezekiel Wood of Uxbridge, Worcester County, Massachusetts. She died in July following, about two months after her marriage.

On the 16th of October, 1753, he married Anne Waite, of Ipswich, Essex County, Massachusetts, daughter of Colonel Benjamin Waite. She was born 14th of October, 1733 — was baptized seven days after her birth, and died in Sutton, 12th of March, 1794, at the age of sixty one years. This excellent lady was long a pious and exemplary member of the Congregational Church, and died in unwavering faith in the true and pure religion of Jesus Christ.

About the year 1799, Colonel Timothy Sibley was again married, in Boston to — "The widow Amelia," of whom

we know nothing only that she had received a very superior education, for that period, and that her daughter, by her first husband, married Jonathan Russell, a Gentleman of some celebrity, as one of the "Ghent Commissioners," who negotiated the treaty which terminated the war with Great Britain, declared in 1812.—No issue by this last marriage.—

The following sketch of Colonel Timothy Sibley, of Sutton, as he was always called, was furnished by one of his numerous Grand Sons, who knew him intimately.—

"He was literally a Gentleman of the Old School.—He always wore a Cocked Hat, and under that a ^{large} Wig, carefully rimped, powdered and prepared by the Barber, with large curls behind, and three rows of smaller ones under each ear.—In doors, he usually wore a very fine bright scarlet Worsted Cap, with a Silk Top knot, laying aside the Wig.—His Coat, in its cut, was much as is worn by the better sort of Quakers.—The Vest was cut with circular flaps, falling below the pockets.—He always wore Small Clothes terminating at the

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knees, and fastened there with Silver Buckles, kept
highly polished.—Shirts, always ruffled, and on
extraordinary occasions, he wore ruffles at the
wrist as well as in the bosom.—Shoes, with
broad straps fastened with heavy Silver Buckles,
richly ornamented with raised figures, and
carefully kept bright and shining.—When he
rode out, he wore white, or Buffet Top Boots,
with bright Silver Plated Spurs.—Such his
costume!"

"In person, he was somewhat above
the average size of men—not corpulent, but
in height nearly six feet."

"If we were to divide mankind
into four classes—as to mental ability, no one
who knew him well, would hesitate to place
him in the first class.—He possessed uncommonly
fine colloquial powers, and was very sociable
and communicative.—His language was well
chosen, and he had the faculty, in an eminent degree,
of saying much in few words."

"In appearance, he was grave, bordering
on austerity,—I never heard him laugh, and
have seldom seen him smile,—and yet he was,
by all classes, always esteemed pleasant."

"company.— Young people appeared to be particularly fond of his society."

"When any two of his neighbours had any disagreement, it was customary to refer the matter to him, and when—"The Colonel"— had given his opinion, that was the "end of the law."

"Important Public Interests were often committed to his disposal."

Colonel Timothy Sibley and Anne Waite, his second wife, had fifteen children, all born in Sutton, Wis:-

- 1.— Timothy, born 19th July, 1754.
- 2.— Dorinda. 16th November, 1755.
- 3.— John
- 4.— Stephen {^{Twins} " 19th May, 1757.
- 5.— Stephen, 2^d " 10th November, 1759.
- 6.— Ebenezer, " 7th April, 1761.
- 7.— Anne, " 15th December, 1762.
- 8.— Asa, (E.O. Hall's grandfather) 29th March, 1764.
- 9.— Jonathan, " 8th May, 1766.
- 10.— Benjamin, " 29th April, 1768.
- 11.— Solomon, " 17th November, 1769.
- 12.— Polly, " 4th December, 1771.
- 13.— Artemas, " 9th July, 1773.

- 14.—Nathaniel, born 11th September, 1775.
15.—Sally, " 6th June, 1779.

We will now, in the order of their birth, notice the fifteen children of Colonel Timothy Sibley and Anne Waite, his wife, and their descendants, as far as our information extends.—

Timothy, the first child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, was born 19th of July 1754.—He died in 1829, in Thompson, Connecticut.—

In 1778, he married Mary Barstow, daughter of Rev. Jeremiah Barstow, of Great Barrington, Berkshire Co. Massachusetts.—She was born 1st of June, 1756.—Died about 1813.—A pious woman—good wife and mother.—

The children of Timothy and Mary Sibley were ten, viz:—

- 1.—Timothy Willard, born 11th September, 1779.
- 2.—Mary, " 5th December, 1780.
- 3.—Anne, " 15th January, 1782.
- 4.—Cyrus, " 6th January, 1784.

5.— Artemas,	born 4 th April, 1786.
6.— Salome,	" 13 th September, 1788.
7.— Ben. Franklin.	"
8.— Susan	" 16 th July, 1793.
9.— Ben. Franklin, 2 ^d	" 17 th January, 1795.
10.— Origen.	" 25 th June, 1798.

all the above were born in
Sutton, except Origen, who was born in Thompson,
Connecticut.

Timothy Willard, the first
child of Timothy and Mary Sibley, died on
the 11th of March, 1820.

Mary, the second child of
Timothy and Mary Sibley, died on the 1st
of October, 1821.

She was married to Nehemiah
Scarborough, of Providence, Rhode Island.—They
had one child—Mary Elizabeth, born on the
12th of October, 1815.

Anne, the third child of
Timothy and Mary Sibley, was married, on
the 17th of January, 1810, to Stephen Wilmarth of

Rhode Island.—They had two children—Nancy and John both dead.—Nancy was married to a Mr Angell, by whom she had one son.—She died in 1832, in her 22^d year.—Her son, John W. Angell, is now in 1858 Cashier of the Lime Rock Bank, in Providence, Rhode Island.—Stephen Wilmarth has been dead many years.—Anne, his widow, is still living in Providence, R. I. in 1858 in easy circumstances.—

Cyrus, the fourth child of Timothy and Mary Sibley, was married 12th June, 1827, to Elizabeth Humphries, of Baldwin County, Alabama, where they now reside, in, or near Blakely.—Their children, in 1840, were six, viz:—

- 1.—Artemas Origen, born 9th March, 1829.
- 2.—Artemesia Ann, " 31st July, 1830.
- 3.—Salome Lane, " 19th December, 1832.
- 4.—Willard Franklin, " 18th April, 1835.
- 5.—Cyrus Blue, " 12th May, 1837.
- 6.—Helena Lane, " 28th May, 1839.

Salome Lane, died in Alabama, 12th April, 1835.—We have no further advices, in relation to the family of Cyrus.—

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Artemas, the fifth child of Timothy and Mary Sibley, was killed in Detroit, 12th August 1812, by a Cannon Shot fired from the British Garrison in Sandwich, Upper Canada.— He was an Officer in the United States Army at the time, under General Hull. — He was never married.—

Salome, the 6th child of Timothy and Mary Sibley, was married to Elijah Dewart, of Thompson, Connecticut, on the 14th of September 1814. — He was born in 1782, and died on the 1st of September 1830. — They had five children, viz:—

- 1.— Maria Louisa, born 20th December 1815.
- 2.— John Franklin, " 12th February, 1818.
- 3.— Origen Sibley, " 5th April, 1820.
- 4.— Mary Ann Elizabeth, " 28th October, 1823.
- 5.— Susan Rebecca, " 14th September, 1826.

Maria Louisa, their 1st child, died 25th November, 1816, and Susan Rebecca, their 5th child, died 23^d July, 1827.—

Benjamin Franklin, the seventh child of Timothy and Mary Sibley died in his infancy.—

Susan, the 8th child of Timothy and Mary Sibley was married in 1822, to Nehemiah Scarborough, the former husband of her sister Mary. Their children in 1840, were two, viz:-

- | | | |
|--------------|---------|-------|
| 1.—Nehemiah, | born in | 1823. |
| 2.—Lyndus, | " " | 1827. |

Ben. Franklin, 2^d the 9th child of Timothy and Mary Sibley resides in Mississippi. He has a family, but we are without any further particulars in relation to him.-

Origen, the 10th and last child of Timothy and Mary Sibley, was married in Alabama, on the 14th of Nov. 1833, to Elizabeth Barlow. She was born on the 8th of May 1815, in Baldwin County, Alabama, and in January 1852, they had eight children, viz:-

- | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| 1.—Josephine, | born 2 ^d July, | 1835. |
| 2.—Salome Elizabeth, | " 9 th August, | 1837. |
| 3.—Origen Cyrus, | " 6 th February, | 1840. |
| 4.—Laura, | " 11 th April, | 1842. |
| 5.—Franklin | " 27 th November, | 1844. |
| 6.—Helen, | " 15 th December, | 1846. |
| 7.—Charles Sweet, | " 25 th January, | 1849. |
| 8.—Eugene, | " 16 th September, | 1851. |

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Joshua, the 2^d child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, died 29th September, 1774, of a scrofulous disease, called "Kings Evil." He was never married.-

John, the 3^d child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, was born 19th May, 1757, and died at Natchitoches, in the State of Louisiana, 8th April, 1837.- In 1780, he married Elizabeth Hopkins, daughter of Rev. Samuel Hopkins, D. D., late of Newport, Rhode Island. They were married at Great Barrington, Berkshire County, Massachusetts. She was born in Great Barrington, date not known. Died in Fayetteville, North Carolina, 25th October, 1790.-

As a just tribute to her memory, especially due from her first born child, who has been principally instrumental in compiling this Record, the following Obituary is copied from the Fayetteville Gazette, of the 25th October, 1790.-

"Died, this morning, Mrs. Elizabeth Sibley, the wife of Doctor John Sibley, and

daughter of the Rev. Samuel Hopkins, of Newport, Rhode Island.—She has left a husband and two little children to lament her death.—As a wife, a Christian and Friend, she was excelled by few—as a Mother, by none."

"An intimate Christian female friend, thus writes of her—

"She was eminently pious, and was an exemplary member of her Father's Church.—Elegant in her person—amiable in her disposition—accomplished in her education and manners, and engaging in all her deportment."

Of her father, Doctor Hopkins, it is recorded in the "History of Berkshire County" page 229—"He was born in Waterbury, Conn. and was a direct lineal descendant of Stephen Hopkins, one of the blessed men who landed at Plymouth in December, 1620.—He was graduated at Yale College in 1744, and read Theology with the eldest President Edwards."

[The following Obituary is copied from the Natchitoches Herald, of 13th April, 1837.]

"Died in this town, on the 8th inst.
in the 80th year of his age, Doctor John Sibley, a
native of the County of Worcester, Massachusetts, and
for many years, a citizen of Natchitoches!—

"Above, we have discharged the
painful duty of announcing the death of the
venerable Doctor Sibley, for many years, a citizen
of this town, and one of its chief ornaments.—
We are unwilling that a Gentleman who
has been so long and so favorably known in our
community, should be consigned to the grave,
without a passing notice of those virtues and
services, which, during his life-time, won for
him the respect, admiration and esteem of
his numerous friends here and elsewhere!—

"Doctor Sibley was born in Sutton,
Massachusetts, 19th May, 1757.—At an early age,
he entered into the service of his Country, as
a Surgeon in the Revolutionary Army, in which
capacity he served with unflinching zeal, during
the whole of that eventful struggle, which
resulted in the Independence of our Country.—

"Soon after the termination of that
War, Doctor Sibley settled in Fayetteville,
North Carolina, where he continued to

"reside till the acquisition of Louisiana.—
"In 1801, he removed to this place, where
"he passed the remainder of his life in the
"exemplary discharge of all his duties, as the
"head of a family, a citizen and a Gentleman.—
"In all these relations, he gained not only
"the admiration and confidence, but the esteem
"and friendship of an extensive circle of
"acquaintance!—

"At different periods of his life,
"Factor Sibly was entrusted, (unsolicited
"by him,) with delicate and important
"duties, by the General and State Governments,
"and by the votes of the Senatorial District in
"which he resided, and never have we heard
"the least dissatisfaction expressed, as to the
"discharge of those duties."—

"His death will be long and deeply
"lamented, for by it we have sustained an
"irreparable bereavement.— Our town has lost
"its chief ornament.— The aged have lost a
"cheerful companion.— The young, an excellent
"example of what a Gentleman should be— and
"the poor a friend whose ear was never shut
"against a tale of distress.— His sympathies were

"ever awake to the sufferings, and his purse
was ever open to relieve the destitute".

"In private life, Doctor Sibley was
a devoted husband—a tender Parent and
a warm Friend.—Of unblemished integrity,
and of a truly benevolent disposition.—
Of lofty and honorable sentiments, and
charitably viewing the frailties of others,—
affable in his manners, and easy of access
to those who sought his advice or assistance".

"He was gifted with great colloquial
powers, and with a mind enriched with
the experience, observation, and carefully
hived learning of a long and well-spent
life, he was enabled to give zest to the
pleasures of national, social conversation,
as well as to impart much curious and
valuable knowledge, not to be derived from
any other source".

"His remains were attended to
the grave by the members of the Masonic
Lodge—the Natchitoches Guards—and
the largest collection of Citizens we have ever
seen assembled in this place—truly testifying the
great estimation in which he was held".

The descendants of the first marriage of John, the third son of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, his wife, were two, viz:—

1. George Champlin.
 2. Samuel Hopkins.—
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George Champlin, was born in Great Barrington, in the County of Berkshire, Massachusetts, on the 1st of April, 1782. He was married at St. Louis, Missouri, 19th August, 1815, to Mary D. Easton, daughter of Hon. Rufus Easton, of St. Louis. She was born in Rome, Oneida County, New York, on the 26th January, 1800. She was baptized and received into the Presbyterian Church, of St. Charles, Missouri, 25th March, 1832. He was baptized in infancy, by his grandfather, Factor Hopkins, and by his mother, solemnly dedicated to God the Savior. On the 30th of January, 1836, he was received on confession, into the same Presbyterian Church of St. Charles. In 1853, they resided at Linden Wood, in sight of the City of St. Charles, where they have resided since the year 1830.—

George Champlin Sibley and Mary
C. his wife, have never had any offspring.-

Samuel Hopkins Sibley, the 2d.

Child of Doctor John Sibley and the last
child of Elisabeth Sibley, his first wife,
was born in Newport, Rhode Island, on
the 16th April, 1784, and was baptized a few
weeks after his birth, by Doctor Hopkins. He died
17th November, 1823, at Natchitoches, Louisiana.-

Samuel Hopkins Sibley was
married at Wilmington, in the State of
North Carolina, on the 22^d of June, 1809,
to Margaret Lane McDonald.-

Margaret Lane McDonald
was born on the 22^d of December, in the year
1792, in the City of Falmouth, in the Island
of Jamaica, West Indies.-

The children of Samuel
Hopkins Sibley, and Margaret Lane, his
wife, are four viz:-

- 1.— Ann Hopkins, born at Wilmington, N.C. 11th Apr. 1810.
- 2.— Elisabeth " " " Natchitoches, 22^d Dec. 1811.
- 3.— John George " " " 21st March, 1814.
- 4.— Henry Hopkins " " " 25th May, 1816.

Ann Hopkins Sibley, the first child of Samuel H. and Margaret Jane Sibley was married at Linden Wood, on the 24th of March, 1831, to Robert Levier of the United States Army.—He was born in Greenville, Tennessee, 13th October, 1807.—Both in 1851, were members of the O. S. Presbyterian Church.—Their children two, viz:—

- 1.—Charles, born at Fort Leavenworth, 30th Sept. 1832.
- 2.—Isabel " " " 21st April 1841.

Isabel died 22^d April, 1850.—

Ann Hopkins Levier, died at Richmond, Missouri, 20th January, 1852.—

Elizabeth, the 2^d child of Samuel Hopkins and Margaret Jane Sibley, was married at Natchitoches, on the 30th November, 1825, to Francis Lee, of the United States Army.—He was born in Chester County, Pennsylvania, 13th April, 1803.—They have had five children, viz:—

- 1.—George Sibley, born 1st January, 1829.
- 2.—Margaret Mary " 13th December 1831.
- 3.—Francis Henry, " 3^d September, 1834.

4. Alice Henry Hopkins, born 3^d February, 1839.-

5. Henry Hopkins. " 14th October, 1842.-

George S. died 28th December, 1852.-

Margaret Mary died 19th November, 1850.- leaving an infant Son, by her marriage with Alexander Chauvier.

Francis Henry died 26th August, 1844.-

[Francis Lee commanded the 4th Regiment of U.S. Infantry, as Major, in the Mexican War. He was twice brevetted for gallant services, in two battles. He commanded at Fort Snelling, as Colonel in 1853. His Son, Henry Hopkins, above mentioned, was appointed by the President of the United States, as one of the ten appointments at large, to the Military School at West Point in March 1859.]

Col. Francis Lee died previous to 1859. The time of his death, not known.-

John George, the 3^d Child of Samuel Hopkins and Margaret Jane Sibley, died in Louisiana in 1852.- He was married and left an infant Son.-

Henry Hopkins, the 4th and last Child of Samuel Hopkins and Margaret

Jane Sibley, has been married several years, and has several children.—How many and their names, not known.—He was graduated at West Point—appointed to the Dragoon Service, and in 1853, ranked as Major in the U.S. Army.—He was brevetted for gallant services in the Mexican War, under General Scott.—

The foregoing are the descendants of John and Elizabeth Sibley, his first wife.—

John, the 3^d. Son of Colonel Timothy Sibley and Anne Waite, his wife, was again married in Fayetteville, North Carolina, on the 10th of November, 1791, to Mary, the widow of Edward Winslow.—Her maiden name was White.—No issue by her first marriage.—She was an accomplished and excellent lady.—The fruits of this marriage were two,—one son and one daughter,—both born in Fayetteville, in the State of North Carolina viz:—

- 1.—Henry Robert, born 21st August 1792.—
- 2.—Ann Eliza " 16 August 1796.—

Henry Robert, first child
of John and Mary Sibley, was married
in Alexandria, Louisiana, to Mary Wells.
The fruits of this marriage were eleven children,
viz:-

- 1.- John Hopkins, born 11th July, 1822.-
- 2.- Eliza Johnston " 22^d July, 1823.-
- 3.- Ann Harris " 30th October, 1825.-
- 4.- Samuel Hopkins, " 15th September, 1827.-
- 5.- Martha Lane, " 26th December, 1829.-
- 6.- Alannah " 23^d September, 1831.-
- 7.- Mary White " 28th November, 1832.-
- 8.- Caroline Melissa " 3rd October, 1834.-
- 9.- Louisiana Johnston " 1st January, 1837.-
- 10.- Helene " 4th March, 1839.-
- 11.- Robert Henry " 24th August, 1842.-

John Hopkins died 23^d August 1832.-

Eliza Johnston " 5th October, 1839.-

Martha Lane " 6th December, 1839.-

Alannah " 14th October, 1831.-

Caroline Melissa " 12th September, 1836.-

Louisiana Johnston " 14th June, 1846.-

Robert Henry " 29th June, 1846.-

Henry Robert Sibley was residing, in 1853.
at Alexandria, Louisiana.-

Ann Eliza, the 2^d Child of John and Mary Sibley, was married at Natchitoches, Louisiana, 14th April, 1813, to Soriah Todd and Johnston. He perished 19th May, 1833, in the Steamer Lioness, blown up with powder on Red River. At the time of his death, he held the office of Senator in Congress from Louisiana.

They had a Son born in January 1814, who died seven days after his birth, not named. In 1815, their second Child was born, named William Shaler Johnston. He died at Alexandria, Louisiana, on the 20th September, 1839, leaving a Widow and Infant Son, both living in 1853.

Ann Eliza is now the wife of Hon. Henry C. Gilpin, of Philadelphia. He was Attorney General of the United States, during the administration of Martin Van Buren.

John, the 3^d Son of Colonel Timothy and Anne Wait Sibley, was again married to his third wife, on the 10th of February, 1813. Her name was Ullelette Malize. She was a native of Natchitoches, of French

descent. She was still living in 1853.

The children of this last marriage were five - two daughters and three sons - all born in Natchitoches, Louisiana, viz:-

1. Henrietta, born 23 ^d July,	1815.-
2. Hellenae, " 27 th August,	1817.-
3. Horatio, " 29 th January,	1821.-
4. Rufus, " 22 ^d May,	1822.-
5. Samuel Hopkins, " 15 th July.	1827.-

Henrietta, the first child Doctor John Sibley and Ulolette, his third wife, was married to B. F. Chapman, 5th June 1834. He died. She was again married in January 1843, to Doctor Rayburn. She died in October, 1846. No children.

Hellenae, the 2^d child of Doctor John Sibley and Ulolette his wife, was married in September, 1836, to Captain Philip F. Kimball. He died in New Orleans, in October, 1847. She died at Louisville, Kentucky, on the 28th of January, 1850. Never had any children. Her disorder was a Bronchial affection of long standing.

Horatio, the 3^d child of Doctor John Sibley and Ulolette, his wife died in July, 1851. - Never married. -

Rufus, the 4th child of Doctor John Sibley and Ulolette, his wife is married and has children. Lives in Texas. Nothing further is known in regard to him. -

Samuel Hopkins, unmarried in 1853. - Lives in Louisiana. Surveyor. -

Stephen, the 4th child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, his wife was born 19th May, 1757. - Died 20th June, 1759. - He was twin brother of John, the 3^d child. -

Stephen, 2^d. - the fifth child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, his wife, was born 10th November, 1759. - He was married in Great Barrington, 23^d February, 1791, to Lemina Hopkins, a cousin of his brother John's first wife. - She was born in Great Barrington in 1757. - She died in Grafton, Ohio, 1st of January, 1835. - He died

at the same place, 10th April, 1829.— Their Children were six, viz:-

1.— John,	born 15 th March.	1792.-
2.— Giles,	" 6 th March	1793.-
3.— George	" 20 th August	1794.-
4.— Mark Hopkins,	" 6 th November	1796.-
5.— Nancy,	" 16 th October	1798.-
6.— Mary,	" 28 th July.	1801.-

John, the 1st child of Stephen and Demina Sibley, was married, 10th January, 1815, to Rhuba Boynton, of West Stockbridge, Massachusetts.— Four children were the fruit of this marriage, viz:-

- 1.— Henry,
- 2.— Mary,
- 3.— Charles,
- 4.— William.

Rhuba died 14th March, 1827, and in April 1828, John was again married to Clarissa Kilburn of Great Barrington, by whom he had three children, viz:-

- 1.— Robert Kilburn,
- 2.— Stephen.
- 3.— Sarah Ann.-

In 1852, John was a farmer in McHenry County, in the State of Illinois.-

Giles, the 2^d child of Stephen and Lemimia Sibley, was married to Lydia Stumpson, of La Grange County, Ohio, in November, 1839.- They reside at La Grange. They have no children.-

George, the 3^d child of Stephen and Lemimia Sibley, was married, January 10, 1817, to Rhoda Boynton, of West Stockbridge, Massachusetts. ^{a sister to} They were both, at that time, twenty-three years of age.- They have had five children, viz:-

- 1.- Mark Sumner
- 2.- Frances M.
- 3.- Elbert M.
- 4.- Thaddeus.
- 5.- George.- All born in Grafton.-

Mark Sumner is married, and in 1852, had three children.-

Frances M. is also married and has three children.-

Elbert M. married Mary A.
Wheeler of Grafton.—
of Thaddeus we have no further
account.—

George died at Grafton, 15th October
1848.—The number and names of his children,
not known.—

Mark Hopkins, the 4th Child
of Stephen and Fennina Sibley, was
married in Canandaigua, New York, 29th
November, 1821, to Maria Green Clark,
she being then eighteen years of age.—
They had three children, viz:—

- 1.—Mary Hopkins, born 19th September, 1822.—
- 2.—John Clark Sibley " 6th May, 1824.—
- 3.—Emily Ward, " 20th October 1829.—

Mary Hopkins Sibley, was married
20th September, 1844, to John Garrison, a Lawyer residing
in Buffalo, N. Y.—They had one child in 1851.—a Son named
John Clark Sibley Garrison.—

John Clark Sibley, was a Lawyer
in 1856. residing in Buffalo.—

Emily Ward Sibley died at Buffalo, in 1856.—Never married.—

Mark Hopkins Sibley died at Canandaigua in 1852.—He was an eminent Lawyer, and at the time of his death, he was Presiding Judge of the Court in the Judicial District in which he resided.—He had been a Member of the State Legislature, both in the Assembly and Senate, and had also been a Member of the Congress of the United States.—His decease has caused a vacancy not easily to be supplied.—

Nancy, the 5th child of Stephen and Semina Sibley, married 12th October, 1826, to Rev. C. P. Bronson, of Norwalk, Ohio.—She died 5th September 1827.—They had no children.—

Mary, the 6th and last child of Stephen and Semina Sibley, was married at Grafton, Ohio, 20th September 1824, to Hon. Franklin Wells, of Greenfield, Massachusetts.—

He died 13th October, 1845, leaving three children. In 1849, Mary was again married to S. B. Badger, a farmer of Montville, Ohio, at which place she was living in 1851, with all her children.

Ebenezer, the 6th child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, removed in early life from Sutton to Westford, in Chittenden County, Vermont. The maiden name of his wife was Beach. In 1832, he was living on the farm he originally purchased in Westford, and then had ten children. In 1856, he and his wife had been dead many years. Two of his Sons—John and Timothy—were then living in Westford, both respectable farmers. They had each six children. Warren, another Son of Ebenezer, has three children, and in 1858, resided in Monroe County, New York. Sovica was the only daughter of Ebenezer. She has been dead many years. She married the Son of Colonel Wales, of Westford, by whom

she had one son — Derry E. Wales, Esquire.— In 1856, he resided in Burlington, Vermont, where he then held the office of District Attorney.

Anne, the 7th child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, died at Sutton, 7th of April, 1784, and was never married.

Asa, the 8th child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, was married on the 10th January, 1787, to Irene Carpenter, of Woodstock, Windham County, Connecticut. She was born, July 31, 1766, and died in the City of Rochester, New York, on the 5th of October, 1846.— Asa Sibley also died at the same place, on the 25th February, 1829.— Their children were six, viz:—

1.—Derrick, born 22 ^d May,	1788.—
E.O. Hall's mother 2.— <u>Sophia</u> " 5 th of October, 1790.—	Died Nov 12, in Cincinnati, O. 1875.
3.—Lucy " 21 st July.	1792.—
4.—Levi Waite " 4 th March.	1801.—
5.—Mary Ann " 18 th December	1804.—
6.—George Ainsworth " 9 th April,	1809.—

The three first above named were born in Woodstock, Connecticut, and the three last named were born in Rochester, New York.

Derrick Sibley, the 1st child of Asa and Irene C. Sibley, was married, June 9, 1812, to Abby Risley, of Hartford, Connecticut. They had five children, three of whom died in infancy. - The two remaining children were:-

1. James Whitelaw, born 20th February, 1816, at Montpelier, Vermont. - In 1858, he had been ten years a Merchant in Cincinnati, Ohio. -
2. Sarah Ann, born 2^d December, 1818, at Rochester, New York, and died at the same place, in July, 1849. - She was married to Lewis H. Alling, of Rochester, in 1841, and left two daughters, at the time of her decease. -

Derrick Sibley was again married to Rachel Roberts, at Canandaigua, New York, on the 7th of July, 1828. - They had two children, one of whom died in infancy. - The other Caroline, born March 28, 1833, was married April 7, 1851, at Cincinnati, Ohio, to William L. Evans. - They have one child. - Annie Belle Sibley.

born 27th January 1852. at Granville, Licking County, Ohio.—They are now—(1858.)—all living at Cincinnati, Ohio.—

Perick Sibley removed from Montpelier, Vermont in 1817. to what was then a small village on the Genesee River, seven miles from Lake Ontario, but what is now the City of Rochester, containing, in 1858, forty two thousand inhabitants.—Here he continued to reside till 1846.—He laid out over three hundred of the City Lots, and gave names to many of the Streets of the City.—He represented the City and County in the State Legislature more times than any other individual has ever done up to the present time (1858)—Since 1846, he has resided in the City of Cincinnati, Ohio.—

James Whitelaw Sibley
was married on the 9th of September, 1840.
to Mary A. Hastings of Clinton, Oneida County, New York.—They have had three children, viz:-

- 1.- James Heartings, born 19th August 1841.
 2.- Mary, " 29th July, 1845.
 3.- Frank, " 9th October, 1847.
 4.- Florence ~~May~~, " 3 December 1860?

~~5- Charles H. N.~~ ^{20 April 1869 died May 1866}

Sophia, the 2^d child of Asa and Irene Sibley, was married to Owen Hall of Walpole, New Hampshire, in 1808. They had three children, viz:-

- 1.- Sophia Edna, born April 1st, 1809.
 2.- Edwin Oscar " October 21st, 1810
 3.- Asa Sibley " April 28th, 1818

Sophia Edna married Edwin Thompson. They had two sons. She now (1858) resides in Brooklyn, New York.

Edwin Oscar married in the City of New York, ^{Mar. 3d} about the year 1834, and removed to the Island of ^{Oahu, city of} Honolulu, where he ^{was till 1849} ~~was~~, for many years, attached to the Sandwich Island Mission. He had, at our last information, ⁶⁴ children. (See page 49.)

Asa S. died in Michigan in 1849, from disease contracted during the Mexican War. Never married.

Owen Hall died in Canandaigua, New York, ^{Dec.} about the year 1829.

Sophia Hall was again married, in 1823, to Joseph W. Seymour, and they had three children, viz:-

1.- Owen.

2.- Mary

3.- Theodore.

all living in 1856.-

Sophia Seymour died in Rochester in 1841.-

Lucy, the 3^d child of Asa and Irene Sibley, died at the age of three years.-

Levi Waite, the 4th child of Asa and Irene Sibley, was married to Nancy Remington, of New-Hartford, N. Y. in 1824. He died at Rochester, 13th August, 1844. The children of Levi Waite and Nancy Sibley, were six, viz:-

1.- Augustus Herbert,

2.- Amanda Maria,

3.- William Wisner,

4.- Harrietta, - Died in 1840.-

5.- George Airworth, - Died in 1850.-

6.- Levi Waite.

Mary Ann, the 5th Child of Asa and Irene Sibley, married Edwin Scranton. They had ten children, five of whom died in infancy and childhood.

George Brewster, the 6th and last child of Asa and Irene Sibley, married Martha Hubbard, of Rutherford. No offspring. He died on the 1st of January, 1836. She died in 1856.

Benjamin, the 10th Child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, married at Charlton, Massachusetts, to Zilpha Davis. No date given. They had four children, viz.:

1. Samuel,
2. Patty,
3. Zilpha.
4. Hiram.

The two daughters, Patty and Zilpha, died in infancy.

Samuel, the 1st Child of Benjamin and Zilpha Sibley, was married to Lucinda

Hobbrook.—They had three children.—Lucinda died and Samuel was again married to Almira Dickron of Honeyoye Falls, N. Y. and they have had five children.—In 1856, three only of the eight children of this family were living.—Samuel himself died at Honeyoye Falls in 1857.—

Hiram, the 4th and last child of Benjamin and Eliza Sibley, was born 7th of February, 1807, at North Adams, Berkshire County, Massachusetts.—On the 24th January, 1833, he was married to Elizabeth M. Tucker, of North Adams.—In 1851, in 1855-6, they had two children.—Louisa, aged 17, and in telegraph Hiram aged 6 years.—They reside in Rochester, N. Y. where he has served as Sheriff of the County.—He has been very efficient in the management of Rail Roads and Telegraph Companies.

Louisa Sibley was married in 1855, to Robert Ford Atkinson of Rochester.

Benjamin Sibley died at West Mendon, N. Y. 2^d October, 1829.—

We are without any further advices in regard to his descendants.

Jonathan, the 9th child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, died 19th February, 1826, in the State of Maine.— His wife was a sister of the wife of his brother Benjamin.— The Christian name of the eldest son of Jonathan, was Davis.— A letter written from Alabama, in 1852, says,—

"Miss Caroline Fisher Sibley,
"a daughter of Davis Sibley, and grand-daughter
"of Jonathan Sibley, is here to seek restoration,
"if possible, from that scourge of New England,
"consumption.— She is a native of Maine though
"educated in Boston.— She is a young lady of
"good education— graceful and accomplished
"manners.— Her father left a very considerable
"estate."

This is all we know, in 1853, of Jonathan Sibley and his descendants.—

Solomon, the 11th child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, was living, in 1856, with his wife, on the same farm where they had resided over sixty years, in the town of Ward, in Worcester County, Massachusetts.— The place

is now called Auburn. They have had ten children.

In 1856, Solomon was the last surviving child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley. Two of his sons reside in the same town with their father, and two of his daughters are settled in the same County.

We have no further particulars in regard to the rest of his descendants.

Polly, the 12th Child of Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley, died many years ago. She was twice married. The name of her first husband was Abner Cummings of Topsfield, near Salem, Massachusetts. After his death, she was married to Reuben Waters. By him she was the mother of several children.

One of her sons, the late Captain Waters, died some years ago, at Sulphur Springs near St. Louis, Missouri. He left a widow, and a number of fine promising children.

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Artemas, the 13th child of
Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley,
died on the 10th of August, 1777, aged four
years.-

Nathaniel, the 14th Child of
Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley,
died 12th September, 1796, the day after he
was twenty one years of age. - He was a
young man who was held in high estimation.
Never married.-

Sally, the 15th and last Child of
Colonel Timothy and Anne Waite Sibley,
married Amosa Cummings, the brother of her
sisters first husband. - They settled in Ward, near
to her brother Solomon. - He died about two years
after their marriage. - She died 21st March, 1833. -
They had one Son, Nathaniel Sibley Cummings. -
In his youth, he emigrated to Columbia, South
Carolina, at which place he resided for a
considerable time. - The last intelligence
we have from him, he was in South America,
and it is not known at this time - 1856 -
whether he is yet living:-

In 1851, a man calling himself John Langdon Sibley, of Union, in the State of Maine, published a Book, entitled - "A History of Union" - a neat volume of 540 pages. - He occupies eleven pages of this book with what he calls - "The Sibley Record" giving many curious details. - There is nothing in it, however, which has any direct reference to our line from Colonel Timothy Sibley of Sutton, or to his father. - He says - "It appears from Felt's Annals of Salem - Vol. I - Page 172 - that the first of the Sibleys in this Country came to Salem in the fleet of 1629."

"John Sibley with Sarah his wife, was admitted to the Church in Charles Town, Mass. on the 21st day of 12th month, 1634, Old Style."

"John Sibley, who took the Freeman's Oath, September 3^d 1634, is the 16th person, on the list of the First Church in Salem. - In 1636, he was - Select Man - of Salem".

Now, was this John the grandfather of our grandfather, Colonel Timothy Sibley? -

We have no documents in our possession to prove that our ancestors arrived in Salem previous to 1640, but "Felt's Annual"

would place the settlement of the
"First of the Sibleys" in Salem, at a period as
early as 1629.

As it is known that "John Sibley
from England", who settled in Salem, was the
Grandfather of our Grandfather, Colonel Timothy
Sibley, and from the fact that the name of the
first Sibley, mentioned in our "Records" - as having
settled in Salem was "John" and that the
first Sibley mentioned in "Felt's Annuals," - as
having settled in Salem, was "John" - and
also from the additional fact that all the
Sibleys, known in America, up to the year 1800,
could trace their ancestry back to Dutton
and to Salem, we infer that John Sibley,
our ancestor was the same John Sibley
mentioned in "Felt's Annual," - as having taken
the "Freeman's Oath" - and as being "Select Man." -
in Salem in 1636.

The term "Freeman's Oath" -
arose from an early custom in New-England
of administering an oath to every person
"of good moral character, 21 years old
and upwards," - stating that in giving his vote
at any public election, he would do it

in such a manner as he believed would best promote the interest and welfare of the State. This was called "making him a Freeman!"

The term "Select Men," arose from a practice in New-England, which is continued up to the present day, of choosing annually, in Public Town Meeting, three "Select Men," whose official duties are somewhat similar to those of a "Supervisor," in the State of New-York, or to those of "Town Trustee," in the State of Ohio.-

Edwin Oscar Hall, son of Sophia Sibley, and grandson of Asa Sibley, 8th child of Asa and Anne Waite Sibley, was married in the city of New York, Nov. 3d, 1834, to Sarah Lyon Williams, and sailed on the 5th of Dec. of the same year for the Sandwich Islands, where they arrived on the 6th of June, 1835. They had four children, as follows:-

<u>Sophia Elizabeth</u>	born July 4th,	1836.	in Honolulu,
<u>Caroline Alice</u>	" Nov. 5th,	1839.	in Oregon.
<u>William Whistler</u>	" June 1st,	1841.	in Honolulu.
<u>Cornelia</u>	" Aug. 25,	1842.	in Honolulu

April 19th

Sophia Elizabeth, was married in May 1860, to William White, of Brooklyn, N.Y. And died in Santa Cruz, California, in May 1863. They had two children, viz:-
Lucy, born in Honolulu, in March, 1861.

Edwin Oscar, born in Santa Cruz, Cal., in May, 1863. These two children, on the death of their mother, were brought to Honolulu, and lived with their grandparents.

Caroline Alice Hall never married. With her parents she visited the United States in 1865, and returned with them in the latter part of the same year.

William Wissner Hall, visited the United States and Europe in 1864-5, and was married in Dec. 26th, 1865, in Honolulu, to Miss Elizabeth Archer Van Cleve, daughter of Gen. Van Cleve, of Minnesota, U.S. There were seven children born to them.

William Sibley born Jan'y 30 1867
died October 19th 1869

Horatio Van Cleve born Jan'y 15 1871
died at Minneapolis Minn. Aug. 20th 1889

Born at Minneapolis Charlotte Van Cleve born July 31st 1876
Theodore Seymour .. Feb. 16th 1888

Edwin Oscar .. " May 30th 1881

Florence .. " May 18th 1884

Philip Cushman .. Dec 11th 1886

Born in Honolulu
Born in Honolulu
Born at Minneapolis

May 12

Cornelia Hall was married ~~in Jan.~~ 1862,
to Peter Cushman Jones, of Boston
Mass. now (1863) a merchant of Honolulu.

Edwin Austin Jones was born May 11, 1863, in Hon.

Ada Jones was born in Honolulu Oct. 28, 1869

Alice Hall Jones was born in Hon. Jan. 2, 1880

Forefathers' Day.

From the Daily Bulletin, December 22d.

It has, since the breaking up of the rebellion, come to be a favorite pastime with the old Copperhead press to give vent to their disappointment at the result of the war, by flinging at the loyalists of the country the term "Puritan." The "Puritans" are responsible for the defeat of the Virginia "chivalry." The "Puritans" are responsible for the public debt. Above all, the "Puritans" are responsible for the extinction of slavery from the land. They who think they cast a slur upon Union men by styling them "Puritans" should know that by so doing they make themselves the laughing-stock of those they intend to insult. Every full-blooded or partial-blooded Puritan in the country, with the exception of a very few, who may, through strange circumstances, have found their way into the ranks of treason or Copperheadism, is proud of the ~~estate~~ of his ancestry. The stock is to-day distributed through every State in the Union; and it is high praise, not insult, to say that the influence of the stock is in every section of the country felt and acknowledged. It is glory enough to it to have it said that through its teachings the Republic has been saved, and slavery wiped out from its broad acres. Not that we acknowledge that the result has been educed entirely from such cause. Very far from it. But if our old political enemies, the Copperheads, think fit to say so, we must repeat that they give the descendants of the Puritans the highest praise that they or any should desire.

The Puritans originated with Wickliffe in the fourteenth century. They formed a large body of the established Church of England during several reigns from the time of Henry VIII. In the sixth year of the reign of James I., A. D. 1608, many of them fled from England to Holland to escape religious persecution. August 2, 1620, a number embarked on board the *Speedwell*, at Delft Haven, in Holland, for the New Continent, by the way of Southampton, England. At Southampton the *Mayflower* was prepared to accompany her. On the 16th of August the two vessels set sail. A short distance out the *Speedwell* sprung a leak and was forced to put back. At the expiration of eight days the two vessels started again, but it was soon discovered that the *Speedwell* was over-masted and must be abandoned. Her passengers were put on board the *Mayflower*, which proceeded on her uncertain and perilous voyage alone. One of the number died on the way and one child was born. They tried to reach Hudson river, but were carried further north. On the 20th November, 65 days out, they descried the long, low line of land. November 24th, 16 men, headed by Miles Standish, went ashore, and commenced exploring. November 26th, they saw five or six savages with a large dog. Traveling inward, they discovered corn that had been concealed, and graves. The corn, 12 bushels in all, they packed up and took with them for seed, intending, as the chronicler of the expedition said, to pay the owners for it when they could be found. They fulfilled their intention subsequently to Massasoit. On their explorations they also killed several fat geese and ducks, which put them in ex-

cellent humor with the country. Their small boat, in the meantime, had been seriously damaged, and it took several days to repair it. On the 17th of December, Carver, Bradford, Winslow and Standish, with 10 others, set out to find a suitable place for settlement. The weather was extremely severe, and the master of the *Mayflower*, Capt. Jones, was becoming anxious to return to the old country. The party traveled through a tempest of snow and sleet 15 leagues, but found no spot available for their purpose. Returning to their boat on the 19th of December, they were attacked by Indians, who, however were repulsed by the pilgrims under the military guidance of Miles Standish; 18 arrows were picked up on the battle-field and sent back by Capt. Jones, to England. The party embarked again, and on the 20th December, one of the masts of the little craft gave way. Two days after, on the 22d, they found a harbor and landed. This is the anniversary of that day. On the 5th of January, 1621, they commenced building their first house.

Before landing, they entered into and signed a compact which, as a historian well says, "was the birth of popular constitutional liberty." The compact is as follows:

In the name of God, amen. We whose names are underwritten, the loyal subjects of our dread Sovereign, King James, by the grace of God, etc., having undertaken, for the glory of God and advancement of the Christian faith, and honor of our King and country, a voyage to plant the first colony in the northern parts of Virginia, do by these presents solemnly and mutually, in the presence of God and of one another, covenant and combine ourselves tog: they into a civil body politic, for our better ordering and preservation and furtherance of the ends aforesaid; and by virtue hereof, to enact, constitute and frame such just and equal laws, ordinances, acts, constitutions and offices, from time to time, as shall be thought most meet and convenient for the general good of the colony, unto which we promise all due submission and obedience.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names at Cape Cod, the 11th November, in the year of the reign of our Sovereign lord, King James of England, France and Ireland, the Eighteenth, and of Scotland the fiftie-fourth, Anno Domini, 1620.

The date of the instrument, November 11th, would be the 22d, New Style. The compact was signed by 41 men, who, with their families, numbered in all 102.

The predominant stock of the United States, and even of New England, is not Puritan; but the Puritan stock is liberally and influentially infused in the veins of our population all over the country. The reigning race in the United States is the Anglo-Saxon. In 1620 its estimated number was but 6,000,000. England, Wales and Scotland numbered fewer inhabitants at that time than New York and Pennsylvania do to-day. Now the race numbers some 75,000,000, scattered everywhere over the face of the globe. There are not less than 25,000,000 in this country alone. Every year our German and Irish population is becoming, to some extent, Saxonized. It is the race that, as a race, rules and will continue to rule this country; and it is absurd to give undue importance to the influence exercised by the original elements of which it was composed on these American shores. Puritan and Cavalier have each had their day; but the race composed of the Celt, the Saxon, the Scandinavian and the Norman, called the Anglo-Saxon, of which Puritans and Cavaliers were but transient elements, will continue to survive to the end.

