#### **NAME**

evaluator3 – on-the-fly model checking of MCL v3 formulas

#### **SYNOPSIS**

```
bcg_open [bcg_opt] spec[.bcg] [cc_opt] evaluator3 [evaluator_opt] prop[.mcl]
or:
exp.open [exp_opt] spec[.exp] [cc_opt] evaluator3 [evaluator_opt] prop[.mcl]
or:
fsp.open [fsp_opt] spec[.lts] [cc_opt] evaluator3 [evaluator_opt] prop[.mcl]
or:
lnt.open [lnt_opt] spec[.lnt] [cc_opt] evaluator3 [evaluator_opt] prop[.mcl]
or:
lotos.open [lotos_opt] spec[.lotos] [cc_opt] evaluator3 [evaluator_opt] prop[.mcl]
or:
seq.open [seq_opt] spec[.seq] [cc_opt] evaluator3 [evaluator_opt] prop[.mcl]
```

## DESCRIPTION

evaluator3 takes two different inputs:

- A Labelled Transition System, expressed either as a BCG graph *spec.*bcg, a composition expression *spec.*exp, an FSP program *spec.*lts, an LNT program *spec.*lnt, a LOTOS program *spec.*lotos, or a sequence file *spec.*seq.
- A temporal logic property, contained in the file *prop*[.mcl], expressed as a *MCL* version 3 formula (i.e., a formula of the regular alternation-free mu-calculus). See the mcl3(LOCAL) manual page for a complete definition of *MCL* version 3.

**evaluator3** performs an on-the-fly verification of the temporal property on the given Labelled Transition System (LTS for short). The result of this verification (TRUE or FALSE) is displayed on the standard output, possibly accompanied by a diagnostic (see OPTIONS below).

Note: The verification method underlying the current version of **evaluator3** is based upon a translation of the model checking problem into the resolution of a Boolean Equation System (BES), which is performed on-the-fly using the algorithms provided by the **caesar\_solve\_1**(LOCAL) library of OPEN/CAESAR (see the corresponding manual page and the article [Mat06] for details). Complete descriptions of regular alternation-free mu-calculus and of the verification method are available in [MS03] (the reference article for version 3.0 of EVALUATOR) and in [Mat06] (the reference article for versions 3.5 and 3.6 of EVALUATOR).

A newer version of the model checker is also available as **evaluator4**(LOCAL) (see the corresponding manual page for details).

#### **OPTIONS**

The options *bcg\_opt*, if any, are passed to **bcg\_lib**(LOCAL).

The options *exp\_opt*, if any, are passed to **exp.open**(LOCAL).

The options *fsp\_opt*, if any, are passed to **fsp.open**(LOCAL).

The options *lnt opt*, if any, are passed to **lnt.open**(LOCAL).

The options *lotos\_opt*, if any, are passed to **caesar**(LOCAL) and to **caesar.adt**(LOCAL).

The options *seq\_opt*, if any, are passed to **seq.open**(LOCAL).

The options *cc\_opt*, if any, are passed to the C compiler.

The following options *evaluator opt* are currently available:

## **-bes** [ *file*[.**bes**[.*ext*]] ]

Print in *file*[.bes] or, if the file name argument is missing, in file evaluator.bes, a textual description of the BES corresponding to the evaluation of the formula on the LTS. If present, the extension .ext must correspond to a known file compression format (e.g., .Z, .gz, .bz2, etc.). In this case, the file containing the BES is compressed according to the corresponding format. The list of currently supported extensions and compression formats is given by the \$CADP/src/com/cadp\_zip shell-script. This option does not influence the evaluation of the formula. Not a default option.

**-block** Assume that the property is specified as a system of modal equations in a file *file*[.blk] that must be given as argument to **evaluator3** instead of *prop*[.mcl]. This option is mainly intended for debugging purposes. The format of the input file is undocumented and subject to future changes. Not a default option.

# -acyclic

Evaluate the formula on the LTS using an algorithm optimized for acyclic graphs. If option **-dfs** is present (which is the case by default), the tool checks during verification whether the LTS contains cycles; if this is the case, an error message is displayed and the execution is aborted. If option **-bfs** is present, the tool may not always detect the presence of cycles in the LTS, and hence it may enter an infinite loop; in this case, it is the user's responsibility to ensure that the LTS is acyclic. If the formula is unguarded (see Section STATE FORMULAS of the **mcl3**(LOCAL) manual page), which may yield a BES with cyclic dependencies between variables even if the LTS is acyclic, an error message is displayed and the execution is aborted. Not a default option.

- **-bfs** Evaluate the formula on the LTS using a breadth-first search algorithm. Compared to **-dfs**, this option is generally slower, but produces diagnostics of smaller depth. If option **-acyclic** is present, the breadth-first search algorithm is optimized for reducing memory consumption: in particular, if the LTS is a sequence, the memory used for verification is bounded by the size of the formula (number of operators) and independent of the length of the sequence (number of transitions). Not a default option.
- **-dfs** Evaluate the formula on the LTS using a depth-first search algorithm. Compared to **-bfs**, this option produces diagnostics of greater depth, but is generally faster and consumes less memory for certain classes of formulas (such as those shown in Section EXAMPLES OF TEMPORAL PROPERTIES in the **mcl3**(LOCAL) manual page). Default option.

## -diag [ diag[.bcg] ]

Generate a diagnostic in BCG format (see the bcg(LOCAL) manual page for details) explaining

the truth value of the formula. The diagnostic is generated in the file diag[.bcg] or, if the file name argument is missing, in the file evaluator.bcg. The BCG files containing diagnostics can be visualized using the evaluator.bcg. The BCG files containing diagnostics can be visualized using the evaluator.bcg. The BCG files containing diagnostics can be visualized using the evaluator.bcg. Diagnostics are (usually small) portions of the LTS on which the formula yields the same result as when it is evaluated on the whole LTS. If the diagnostic is a sequence of LTS transitions, it will also be displayed on standard output using the SEQ format (see the evaluator.bcg) manual page for the definition of this format). Not a default option.

### -depend

Display the list of library files included (directly or transitively) in the file *prop*[.mcl] and stop. This list may be incomplete if the formula is syntactically incorrect. If present, this option has precedence over all the other options. Not a default option.

## -expand

Expand the macro definitions and the source files included as libraries in the file *prop*[.mcl], producing as output a file *prop*.xm, and stop. This option is useful for debugging purposes. Not a default option.

-silent Execute silently. Opposite of -verbose. Default option.

## -source file:line

Change the file name and line number displayed in error messages as if the formula was contained in file *file* starting at line *line* (instead of starting at line 1 in file *prop*[.mcl]). This option has effect only on the messages triggered by the errors occurring in the top-level file *prop*[.mcl]. The messages triggered by the errors occurring in the included libraries (if any) are left unchanged.

**-stat** Display statistical information about the resolution of the BES corresponding to the evaluation of the formula on the LTS. Not a default option.

## -tauconfluence

Reduce the LTS on-the-fly modulo tau-confluence (a form of partial order reduction that preserves branching equivalence) while evaluating the formula. This option can be safely used only for verifying formulas adequate w.r.t. branching equivalence, i.e., whose evaluation yields the same result on all branching equivalent LTSs. For example, formulas belonging to the fragment ACTL-X (i.e., ACTL without the next time operators) are adequate w.r.t. branching equivalence [DV90]. In some cases, this option may improve speed and memory consumption significantly. Not a default option.

#### -verbose

Animate the user's screen, telling what is going on. Opposite of **-silent**. Default option is **-silent**.

### -version

Display the current version number of the tool and stop. To be effective, this option should occur as the first argument on the command line. Subsequent options and/or arguments, if any, will be discarded. Not a default option.

## **EXIT STATUS**

Exit status is 0 if everything is alright, 1 otherwise.

#### DIAGNOSTICS

When the source file *prop*[.mcl] is erroneous, error messages are issued.

## **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- [DV90] R. De Nicola and F. W. Vaandrager. "Action versus State based Logics for Transition Systems." Proceedings Ecole de Printemps on Semantics of Concurrency, LNCS v. 469, p. 407-419, 1990.
- [Mat06] R. Mateescu. "CAESAR\_SOLVE: A Generic Library for On-the-Fly Resolution of Alternation-Free Boolean Equation Systems." Springer International Journal on Software Tools for Technology Transfer (STTT), v. 8, no. 1, p. 37-56, 2006. Full version available as INRIA Research Report RR-5948. Available from http://cadp.inria.fr/publications/Mateescu-06-a.html
- [MS03] R. Mateescu and M. Sighireanu. "Efficient On-the-Fly Model-Checking for Regular Alternation-Free Mu-Calculus." Science of Computer Programming, v. 46, no. 3, p. 255-281, 2003. Available from http://cadp.inria.fr/publications/Mateescu-Sighireanu-03.html

#### **AUTHORS**

See the AUTHORS section of the **evaluator**(LOCAL) manual page.

#### **OPERANDS**

spec.bcg	BCG graph (input)
spec.exp	network of communicating LTSs (input)
spec.lts	FSP specification (input)
spec.lnt	LNT specification (input)
spec.lotos	LOTOS specification (input)
spec.seq	sequence file (input)
prop.mcl	regular mu-calculus formula (input)
diag.bcg	diagnostic in BCG format (output)
file.bes	BES in textual format (output)

## FILES

**\$CADP/src/xtl/\***.mcl predefined libraries (input)

### SEE ALSO

 $\label{eq:condition} \begin{array}{lll} bcg(LOCAL), & bcg\_open(LOCAL), & caesar\_adt(LOCAL), & caesar\_graph(LOCAL), & caesar\_solve\_1(LOCAL), & caesar(LOCAL), & evaluator(LOCAL), & evaluator_4(LOCAL), & exhibitor(LOCAL), & exp(LOCAL), & exp.open(LOCAL), & lotos(LOCAL), & lotos(LOCAL), & lotos.open(LOCAL), & lotos(LOCAL), & lotos$ 

Additional information is available from the CADP Web page located at http://cadp.inria.fr

Directives for installation are given in files \$CADP/INSTALLATION\_\*.

Recent changes and improvements to this software are reported and commented in file \$CADP/HISTORY.

## BUGS

Please report bugs to Radu.Mateescu@inria.fr