NAME

aldebaran - minimization and comparison of labelled transitions systems

IMPORTANT NOTICE

As of July 2008, **aldebaran** is a deprecated tool of CADP. Instead of **aldebaran** it is highly recommended to invoke the following tools of CADP (either directly or indirectly using SVL):

- **bcg_cmp**(LOCAL)
- bcg_info(LOCAL)
- bcg_io(LOCAL)
- **bcg_labels**(LOCAL)
- bcg_min(LOCAL)
- **bcg_open**(LOCAL)
- **bisimulator**(LOCAL)
- caesar_hide_1(LOCAL)
- caesar_rename_1(LOCAL)
- evaluator(LOCAL)
- **exp.open**(LOCAL)
- **exhibitor**(LOCAL)
- generator(LOCAL)
- reductor(LOCAL)

From version 1.0 (January 1990) to version 6.6 (October 2005), **aldebaran** has been a binary executable (located in "\$CADP/bin.'arch'/aldebaran" and later in "\$CADP/bin.'arch'/aldebaran.old"). It performed minimizations and comparisons of labelled transition systems, using the Paige & Tarjan algorithm, the Fernandez & Mounier on-the-fly algorithm, the Minimal Model Generation algorithm, and algorithms based on Binary Decision Diagrams (BDD for short). Because **aldebaran** was no longer maintained by its authors and was known to contain bugs (including false verdicts about equivalence or preorder comparisons), it was marked as deprecated in CADP 2006. In July 2008, it was eventually removed from CADP because it would no longer compile using gcc/g++ 3.4.* and no one volunteered to port it to 64-bit platforms.

Version 7.* of **aldebaran** is a shell-script (located in file "\$CADP/com/aldebaran") that has been introduced in October 2005. This shell-script invokes the CADP tools mentioned above and does not rely on **aldebaran** 6.6. It provides extensive backward compatibility with previous versions of **aldebaran** by supporting all their commands/options but **-dequ**. It also removes many limitations that existed in the previous versions of **aldebaran**.

SYNOPSIS

```
aldebaran command [options]
aldebaran command [options] filename1
aldebaran command [options] filename1 filename2
```

where *filename* can be either a file in Aldebaran format (with suffix .aut), a file in BCG format (with suffix .bcg), or a file describing a system of communicating automata (with suffix .exp).

DESCRIPTION

aldebaran allows the minimization or comparison of Labelled Transitions Systems (LTS for short) with respect to various equivalence and preorder relations. It can be applied:

- either to completely generated LTSs, which are usually contained in files with the .aut or .bcg suffix. See the aut(LOCAL) and bcg(LOCAL) manual pages for a description of the .aut and .bcg formats. aldebaran also accepts other LTSs formats (such as .fc2 or .seq files): in such case, the bcg_io tool is used to perform silently the translation of these other formats into the BCG format.
- or to networks of communicating LTSs, which are contained in files with the **.exp** suffix. See the **exp**(LOCAL) manual page for a description of this format.

COMMANDS

The followings *commands* are currently available:

-dead

Print the set of deadlock states (sinks) for a LTS or a network of communicating LTSs.

-det Determinize a LTS and display the result as a new LTS.

-help

Display the help file and stop.

-info

Print various graph structure information for the LTS contained in *filename1*.(aut,bcg) or the network of communicating LTSs contained in *filename1*.exp. See also the bcg_info(LOCAL) tool, which provides more complete structure information on a BCG graph.

-live

Check whether there are livelock states (tau circuits) in the LTS or network of communicating LTSs stored in *filename1*.(aut,bcg,exp). If so, generate in file aldebaran.bcg a diagnostic, which is a subgraph of *filename1* that exhibits both a livelock and a path to the livelock, starting from the initial state.

-output filename[.aut|.bcg]

Specify the name (either *filename*.aut or *filename*.bcg) and the format (either ALDEBARAN format or BCG format) of the output file in which aldebaran will display its results (for those aldebaran commands that produce an LTS). By default, if no -output command is given, the result is printed on the standard output in ALDEBARAN format.

-path nb

Compute in a LTS a path from the initial state to the state nb. Display the result on the standard output as an LTS encoded in the seq(LOCAL) format (see the DIAGNOSTICS section below).

-sort

Sort the LTS. Sorting is done with the source state of transitions as primary key, and the label as secondary key. The LTS descriptor remains at the beginning of the file.

-version

Display the current version number of the software and stop.

The remaining commands have the following syntax:

-<relation><action>

where $\langle relation \rangle$ is a one-character string, either **b**, **i**, **o**, **p**, or **s**:

- * 'b': use the strong bisimulation equivalence [Park-81] or the corresponding preorder
- * 'i' : use the tau*.a bisimulation [Fernandez-Mounier-90] or the corresponding preorder (tau is written i in LOTOS)
- * **'o'**: use the observational relation [Milner-80]
- * 'p': use the branching bisimulation [R.J. Van Glabbeek and W.P. Weijland]
- * 's': use the safety relation [Rodriguez-88] [Bouajjani-Fernandez-Graf-Rodriguez-Sifakis-91] or the corresponding preorder

and where *<action>* is a character string, either **min**, **cla**, **equ** or **ord**:

- * 'min': minimize the LTS contained in *filename1*.(aut,bcg), or the network of communicating LTSs represented by *filename1*.exp, with respect to < relation > and display the minimized LTS
- * 'cla': same as above, but display the equivalence classes on the standard output (instead of the reduced LTS)
- * 'equ': compare both LTSs contained in *filename1*.(aut,bcg) and *filename2*.(aut,bcg), or the network of communicating LTSs *filename1*.exp to the LTS *filename2*.(aut,bcg), or the network of communicating LTSs *filename2*.exp to LTS *filename1*.(aut,bcg), with respect to <*relation>*, using *algorithm*. The result can be either TRUE (both LTSs are equivalent) or FALSE; in the latter case, aldebaran issues a diagnostic consisting either of a set of discriminating sequences displayed on standard output (see the DIAGNOSTICS section below), or of an acyclic BCG graph stored in file aldebaran.bcg (see the -diag options of bcg_cmp(LOCAL) and bisimulator(LOCAL) for details about diagnostics in the BCG format).
- * 'ord': same as equ, but use a preorder relation instead of the equivalence relation

In version 7.* of **aldebaran**, the method is selected automatically as follows:

- As regards tau*.a and safety minimizations (-imin, -icla, -pmin, and -pcla options), the LTS is first pre-reduced on the fly using **reductor**, then minimized modulo strong bisimulation following the standard method using **bcg_min**.
- As regards strong and branching minimizations (**-bmin**, **-bcla**, **-pmin**, **-pcla**), the LTS is first generated (if needed) using **generator** and then minimized following the standard method using **bcg_min**.
- As regards comparisons modulo strong, branching, observational, tau*.a, and safety equivalences (-bequ, -bord, -pequ, -pord, -oequ, -oord, -iequ, -iord, -sequ, and -sord options), they are performed using bcg_cmp or, if not possible, using bisimulator.

Note: options **-iord** and **-sord** are identical, since both compute the same preorder relation.

OPTIONS

The following *options* are currently available:

-stat

Print various statistics.

-hide filename

Use the hiding rules defined in filename to hide the labels contained in files

filename1.(aut,bcg,exp) and possibly filename2.(aut,bcg,exp). See the caesar_hide_1(LOCAL) manual page for a detailed description of the appropriate format for filename. There is no required extension for filename; however, extensions ".hid" or ".hide" are recommended for using the SVL compiler and the EUCALYPTUS graphical user-interface.

-rename *filename*

Use the renaming rules defined in *filename* to rename the labels contained in files *filename1*.(aut,bcg,exp) and possibly *filename2*.(aut,bcg,exp). See the caesar_rename_1(LOCAL) manual page for a description of the appropriate format for *filename*. There is no required extension for *filename*; however, extensions ".ren" or ".rename" are recommended for using the SVL compiler and the EUCALYPTUS graphical user-interface.

Renaming and hiding patterns are applied in the order in which they occur on the command line.

DIAGNOSTICS

aldebaran produces diagnostics to explain why two LTSs are not related (**equ** or **ord** commands). In the general case, these diagnostics are directed acyclic subgraphs (encoded in the BCG format) containing all sequences that, when executed simultaneously in the two LTSs, lead to non-equivalent states. In the particular case where diagnostics are just a single sequence, **aldebaran** displays this sequence using the **seq**(LOCAL) format, in the same way as **bcg_cmp**(LOCAL) and **bisimulator**(LOCAL) do.

EXIT STATUS

When the source is erroneous, error messages are issued. Exit status is 0 if everything is alright, 1 otherwise.

AUTHORS

Versions up to 6.6 of **aldebaran** have been developed by Jean-Claude Fernandez, Laurent Mounier, Alain Kerbrat, and Aline Senart (IMAG), with various bug fixes by Marc Herbert, Hubert Garavel, and Frederic Lang (INRIA Rhone-Alpes).

Version 7.* of aldebaran was developed by Frederic Lang (INRIA Rhone-Alpes).

OPERANDS

filename.aut
filename.bcg

filename.exp
filename.hide

LTS in the Aldebaran format (input or output)

LTS in the BCG format (input or output)

network of communicating LTSs (input)

list of labels to hide (input)

filename.hide list of labels to hide (input)
filename.rename list of labels to rename (input)

FILES

\$CADP/LICENSE license file

\$CADP/com/aldebaran shell-script (version 7.*)

aldebaran.bcg diagnostic file

SEE ALSO

 $ALDEBARAN\ Reference\ Manual,\ aut(LOCAL),\ bcg(LOCAL),\ bcg_cmp(LOCAL),\ bcg_info(LOCAL),\ bcg_info$

Additional information is available from the CADP Web page located at http://cadp.inria.fr Directives for installation are given in files **\$CADP/INSTALLATION_***.

Recent changes and improvements to this software are reported and commented in file \$CADP/HISTORY.

BUGS

Please report any bug to cadp@inria.fr