

NAME

caesar_hash – the “hash” library of OPEN/CAESAR

PURPOSE

The “hash” library provides primitives for computing various hashing functions on byte strings, states and labels.

USAGE

The “hash” library consists of:

- a predefined header file **caesar_hash.h**;
- the precompiled library file **libcaesar.a**, which implements the features described in **caesar_hash.h**.

Note: The “hash” library is a software layer built above the primitives offered by the “standard” library and by the *OPEN/CAESAR* graph module.

FEATURES

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CAESAR_PRIME_HASH

```
CAESAR_TYPE_BOOLEAN CAESAR_PRIME_HASH (CAESAR_I)
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_I;
{ ... }
```

This function returns a value different from 0 if **CAESAR_I** is a prime number, or 0 otherwise.

.....

CAESAR_0_HASH

```
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_0_HASH (CAESAR_P, CAESAR_SIZE, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_TYPE_POINTER CAESAR_P;
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_SIZE;
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
{ ... }
```

This function computes a hash-value for the byte string of length **CAESAR_SIZE** pointed to by **CAESAR_P**, and returns this value, which is in the range 0..**(CAESAR_MODULUS-1)**. If either **CAESAR_SIZE** or **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

Note: The string is exactly **CAESAR_SIZE** bytes long, starting from **CAESAR_P** [0] to **CAESAR_P** [**CAESAR_SIZE** - 1]. It is not required that the byte string is terminated by a null byte (which is not the case of character strings in C). The same remark applies to the other functions defined below.

.....

CAESAR_1_HASH

```
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_1_HASH (CAESAR_P, CAESAR_SIZE, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_TYPE_POINTER CAESAR_P;
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_SIZE;
```

```

CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
{ ... }

```

This function computes a hash-value for the byte string of length **CAESAR_SIZE** pointed to by **CAESAR_P**, and returns this value, which is in the range 0..(**CAESAR_MODULUS**-1). If either **CAESAR_SIZE** or **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

Note: This function is derived from the hash function **s_hash()** formerly used in the SPIN validation system (see Gerard Holzmann's book "Design and Validation of Computer Protocols", 1991, page 307). The result of **s_hash()** is also the same as the one returned in global variable **J1** by the other hash function **d_hash()**. The **CAESAR_1_HASH()** function is more general than **s_hash()** since it was extended to 64-bit machines and since it does not assume that **CAESAR_SIZE** is a power of four and that **CAESAR_MODULUS** is a power of two. It also attempts to solve portability issues that occur in **s_hash()**. Yet, it may be slower than **s_hash()**.

Note: The result returned by this function may differ accross different machines, since it depends on machine endianness.

CAESAR_2_HASH

```

CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_2_HASH (CAESAR_P, CAESAR_SIZE, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_TYPE_POINTER CAESAR_P;
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_SIZE;
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
{ ... }

```

This function computes a hash-value for the byte string of length **CAESAR_SIZE** pointed to by **CAESAR_P**, and returns this value, which is in the range 0..(**CAESAR_MODULUS**-1). If either **CAESAR_SIZE** or **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

Note: This function is derived from the hash function **d_hash()** formerly used in the SPIN validation system (see Gerard Holzmann's book "Design and Validation of Computer Protocols", 1991, page 307) with respect to the result returned in global variable **J2**. The **CAESAR_2_HASH()** function is more general than **d_hash()** since it was extended to 64-bit machines and since it does not assume that **CAESAR_SIZE** is a power of four and that **CAESAR_MODULUS** is a power of two. It also attempts to solve portability issues that occur in **d_hash()**. Yet, it may be slower than **d_hash()**.

Note: The result returned by this function may differ accross different machines, since it depends on machine endianness.

CAESAR_3_HASH

```

CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_3_HASH (CAESAR_P, CAESAR_SIZE, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_TYPE_POINTER CAESAR_P;
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_SIZE;
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
{ ... }

```

This function computes a hash-value for the byte string of length **CAESAR_SIZE** pointed to by **CAESAR_P**, and returns this value, which is in the range 0..(**CAESAR_MODULUS**-1). If either **CAESAR_SIZE**

or **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

CAESAR_4_HASH

```
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_4_HASH (CAESAR_P, CAESAR_SIZE, CAESAR_MODULUS)
    CAESAR_TYPE_POINTER CAESAR_P;
    CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_SIZE;
    CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
    { ... }
```

This function computes a hash-value for the byte string of length **CAESAR_SIZE** pointed to by **CAESAR_P**, and returns this value, which is in the range 0..**(CAESAR_MODULUS-1)**. If either **CAESAR_SIZE** or **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

Note: This function is derived from the PJW algorithm given in "Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools" by Alfred V. Aho, Ravi Sethi, and Jeffrey D. Ullman, [pp. 434-438], which was used primarily for compressing character strings. The **CAESAR_4_HASH()** function removes a limitation of the original PJW algorithm, which always returns a hash value on 24 bits only. If **CAESAR_MODULUS** is larger than 24 bits, the result of **CAESAR_4_HASH()** might be also larger than 24 bits.

CAESAR_5_HASH

```
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_5_HASH (CAESAR_P, CAESAR_SIZE, CAESAR_MODULUS)
    CAESAR_TYPE_POINTER CAESAR_P;
    CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_SIZE;
    CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
    { ... }
```

This function computes a hash-value for the byte string of length **CAESAR_SIZE** pointed to by **CAESAR_P**, and returns this value, which is in the range 0..**(CAESAR_MODULUS-1)**. If either **CAESAR_SIZE** or **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

Note: This function performs simple computations based upon XOR operations and bit shifts.

CAESAR_6_HASH

```
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_6_HASH (CAESAR_P, CAESAR_SIZE, CAESAR_MODULUS)
    CAESAR_TYPE_POINTER CAESAR_P;
    CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_SIZE;
    CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
    { ... }
```

This function computes a hash-value for the byte string of length **CAESAR_SIZE** pointed to by **CAESAR_P**, and returns this value, which is in the range 0..**(CAESAR_MODULUS-1)**. If either **CAESAR_SIZE** or **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

.....

CAESAR_7_HASH

```
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_7_HASH (CAESAR_P, CAESAR_SIZE, CAESAR_MODULUS)
  CAESAR_TYPE_POINTER CAESAR_P;
  CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_SIZE;
  CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
  { ... }
```

This function computes a hash-value for the byte string of length **CAESAR_SIZE** pointed to by **CAESAR_P**, and returns this value, which is in the range $0..(\text{CAESAR_MODULUS}-1)$. If either **CAESAR_SIZE** or **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

Note: This function is derived from the hash functions proposed by Bob Jenkins, namely **lookup2 ()** for 32-bit machines and **lookup8 ()** for 64-bit machines.

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CAESAR_STATE_0_HASH

```
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_STATE_0_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)
  CAESAR_TYPE_STATE CAESAR_S;
  CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
  { ... }
```

This function computes a hash-value for the state pointed to by **CAESAR_S** and returns this value, which is in the range $0..(\text{CAESAR_MODULUS}-1)$. If **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

This function is defined by the following equality:

$$\text{CAESAR_STATE_0_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)} = \text{CAESAR_HASH_STATE (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)}$$

where **CAESAR_HASH_STATE ()** is the hashing function exported by the graph module.

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CAESAR_STATE_1_HASH

```
CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_STATE_1_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)
  CAESAR_TYPE_STATE CAESAR_S;
  CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
  { ... }
```

This function computes a hash-value for the state pointed to by **CAESAR_S** and returns this value, which is in the range $0..(\text{CAESAR_MODULUS}-1)$. If **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

This function is defined by the following equality:

$$\text{CAESAR_STATE_1_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)} = \text{CAESAR_1_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_HASH_SIZE_STATE (), CAESAR_MODULUS)}$$

Additional functions

```
CAESAR_STATE_2_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_STATE_3_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_STATE_4_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_STATE_5_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_STATE_6_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_STATE_7_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)
```

are defined in the same way as **CAESAR_STATE_1_HASH()**.

```
.....
CAESAR_LABEL_0_HASH

CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_LABEL_0_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS)
  CAESAR_TYPE_LABEL CAESAR_L;
  CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
  { ... }
```

This function computes a hash-value for the label pointed to by **CAESAR_L** and returns this value, which is in the range $0..(\text{CAESAR_MODULUS}-1)$. If **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

This function is defined by the following equality:

```
CAESAR_LABEL_0_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS) =
CAESAR_HASH_LABEL (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS)
```

where **CAESAR_HASH_LABEL()** is the hashing function exported by the graph module.

```
.....
CAESAR_LABEL_1_HASH

CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_LABEL_1_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS)
  CAESAR_TYPE_LABEL CAESAR_L;
  CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
  { ... }
```

This function computes a hash-value for the label pointed to by **CAESAR_L** and returns this value, which is in the range $0..(\text{CAESAR_MODULUS}-1)$. If **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

This function is defined by the following equality:

```
CAESAR_LABEL_1_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS) =
CAESAR_1_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_HASH_SIZE_LABEL (), CAESAR_MODULUS)
```

Additional functions

```
CAESAR_LABEL_2_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS)
```

```

CAESAR_LABEL_3_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_LABEL_4_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_LABEL_5_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_LABEL_6_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS)
CAESAR_LABEL_7_HASH (CAESAR_L, CAESAR_MODULUS)

```

are defined in the same way as **CAESAR_LABEL_1_HASH()**.

.....

CAESAR_STRING_0_HASH

```

CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_STRING_0_HASH (CAESAR_S, CAESAR_MODULUS)
  CAESAR_TYPE_STRING CAESAR_S;
  CAESAR_TYPE_NATURAL CAESAR_MODULUS;
  { ... }

```

This function computes a hash-value for the (variable-length, null-terminated) character string pointed to by **CAESAR_S** and returns this value, which is in the range 0..(**CAESAR_MODULUS**-1). If **CAESAR_MODULUS** is equal to 0, the result is undefined.

AUTHOR(S)

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FILES

\$CADP/incl/caesar_graph.h	interface of the graph module
\$CADP/incl/caesar_*.h	interfaces of the storage module
\$CADP/bin.'arch'/libcaesar.a	object code of the storage module
\$CADP/src/open_caesar/*.c	source code of various exploration modules
\$CADP/com/lotos.open	shell script to run OPEN/CAESAR

SEE ALSO

Reference Manuals of OPEN/CAESAR, CAESAR, and CAESAR.ADT, **lotos.open(LOCAL)**, **caesar(LOCAL)**, **caesar.adt(LOCAL)**

Additional information is available from the CADP Web page located at <http://cadp.inria.fr>

Directives for installation are given in files **\$CADP/INSTALLATION_***.

Recent changes and improvements to this software are reported and commented in file **\$CADP/HISTORY**.

BUGS

Known bugs are described in the Reference Manual of OPEN/CAESAR. Please report new bugs to cadp@inria.fr